CSE477

Section: 02

Lab: 01 Report

Topic: Exploratory Data Analysis on YouTube Data Submitted By:

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PART 1: Getting Ready (Tools, Setup, and Verified References)

A. Install Python: I already have Python, and the version is Python 3.11.9

Command: python --version

```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19045.3803]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
C:\Users\Admin>python --version
Python 3.11.9
```

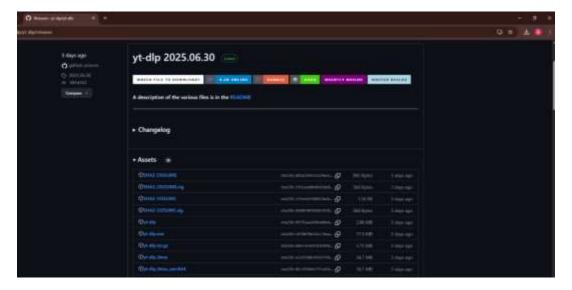
B. Install yt-dlp (Both Methods, All Verified):

Method 1 (Install with pip): I already have yt-dlp on my computer environment.

Command: pip install yt-dlp

```
C:\Users\Admin>pip install yt-dlp
Defaulting to user installation because normal site-packages is not writeable
Requirement already satisfied: yt-dlp in c:\users\admin\appdata\local\packages\pythonsoftwarefoundation.python.3
```

Method 2: Download Standalone Executable: Download **yt-dlp.exe** from the official GitHub Releases page: https://github.com/yt-dlp/yt-dlp/releases



→ Download it to a particular workable folder.



C. Install Python Libraries: Change to the particular folder disk path, which is D:

Command: pip install pandas matplotlib webvtt-py

```
:\Users\Admin>D:
D:\>cd \CSE 477\Lab_01
 :\CSE 477\Lab_01>C:
 :\Users\Admin>pip install pandas matplotlib webvtt-py
efaulting to user installation because normal site-packages is not writeable
 equirement already satisfied: pandas in c:\users\admin\appdata\local\packages\pythomsoftwarefoundation.python.3.12_qbz5n2kfra8
 equirement already satisfied: matplotlib in c:\users\admin\appdata\local\packages\pythonsoftwarefoundation.python.3.12_qbz5n2k
 equirement already satisfied: webvtt-py in c:\users\admin\appdata\local\packages\pythonsoftwarefoundation.python.3.12_qbz5n2kf
equirement already satisfied: numpy<2,>=1.26.0 in c:\users\admin\appdata\local\packages\pythonsoftwarefoundation.python.3.12_q
 equirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.8.2 in c:\users\admin\appdata\local\packages\pythonsoftwarefoundation.python
 equirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in c:\users\admin\appdata\local\packages\pythonsoftwarefoundation.python.3.12 qbz5r
 equirement already satisfied: tzdata>=2022.1 in c:\users\admin\appdata\local\packages\pythonsoftwarefoundation.python.3.1Z_qbz
 equirement already satisfied: contourpy>=1.0.1 in c:\users\admin\appdata\local\packages\pythonsoftwarefoundation.python.3.12
 equirement already satisfied: cycler>=0.10 in c:\users\admin\appdata\local\packages\pythonsoftwarefoundation.python.3.12_qbz5r
 equirement already satisfied: fonttools>=4.22.0 in <:\users\admin\appdata\local\packages\pythonsoftwarefoundation.python.3.12
 equirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.3.1 in c:\users\admin\appdata\local\packages\pythonsoftwarefoundation.python.
 equirement already satisfied: packaging>=20.0 in c:\users\admin\appdata\local\packages\pythonsoftwarefoundation.python.3.12_qb
 equirement already satisfied: pillow>=8 in c:\users\admin\appdata\local\packages\pythonsoftwarefoundation.python.3.12_qbz5n2kf
 equirement already satisfied: pyparsing>=2.3.1 in c:\users\admin\appdata\local\packages\pythonsoftwarefoundation.python.3.12_q
 equirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in c:\users\admin\appdata\local\packages\pythonsoftwarefoundation.python.3.12_qbz5n2kfi
```

PART 2: Data Collection & Selection (Channels, Ethics, and Procedures)

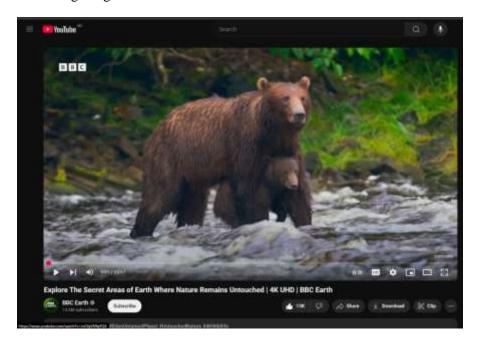
A. Selecting a YouTube Channel/Video (All Channels Verified Neutral) Criteria: I chose a video, and it is from BBC Earth

YouTube link: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=T7oExc711xE

Video Description:

"Explore The Secret Areas of Earth Where Nature Remains Untouched | 4K UHD | BBC Earth"

- 1. Time length is 15.57 mins
- 2. 258 comments
- 3. CC English generated



B. Download Captions (Subtitles) Using yt-dlp:

<u>Command</u>: yt-dlp --write-auto-subs --sub-lang en --skip-download <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=T7oExc711xE</u>

→ A VTT file is downloaded. Which I named captions.VTT



C. Downloading Comments Using a Script:

Commands: pip install youtube-comment-downloader

PART 3: Data Processing & Experiments (Python

Skeletons & amp; Analysis)

A. Loading Comments and Captions in Python:

Comments:

import json

def load_json_comments(filepath='comments.json'):

```
comments = []
```

```
with open(filepath, 'r', encoding='utf-8') as f:
    for line in f:
        try:
        obj = json.loads(line)
            comments.append(obj['text']) # You can also access other fields like obj['time']
        except json.JSONDecodeError:
            continue # Skip lines that aren't valid JSON
    return comments
# Load and print
raw_comments = load_json_comments()
print(f"Loaded {len(raw_comments)} comment lines.")
```

```
d no or bear on it we have not be

articles of the processor (figure 'nementalyon');

by an articles (figure 'nementalyon');

articles of the processor (figure
```

Comments Output:

```
The Differentiation Chairs after 3, 3, 400 per depth of the purpose of the purpos
```

Captions:

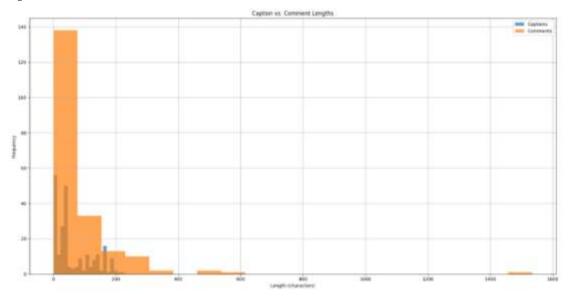
```
def load_vtt_captions(filepath='captions.vtt'):
    captions = []
```

```
with open(filepath, 'r', encoding='utf-8') as f:
    for line in f:
       line = line.strip()
       # Ignore metadata and timestamps
       if '-->' not in line and line and not line.isdigit() and 'WEBVTT' not in line:
         captions.append(line)
  return captions
# Load and print
raw_captions = load_vtt_captions()
print(f"Loaded {len(raw_captions)} caption lines.")
print(raw_captions[:5])
Captions Output:
B. Required Lab Experiments
1. Histogram of Lengths (Captions vs. Comments):
import json
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# -----
# Load captions from .vtt file
# -----
def load_vtt_captions(filepath='captions.vtt'):
  captions = []
  with open(filepath, 'r', encoding='utf-8') as f:
    for line in f:
```

```
line = line.strip()
       # Ignore metadata and timestamps
      if '-->' not in line and line and not line.isdigit() and 'WEBVTT' not in line:
         captions.append(line)
  return captions
# -----
# Load comments from .json file
# -----
def load_json_comments(filepath='comments.json'):
  comments = []
  with open(filepath, 'r', encoding='utf-8') as f:
    for line in f:
       try:
         obj = json.loads(line)
         comments.append(obj['text'])
       except json.JSONDecodeError:
         continue
  return comments
# Load data
raw_captions = load_vtt_captions()
raw_comments = load_json_comments()
# Print previews
print(f"Loaded {len(raw_captions)} caption lines.")
```

```
print(raw_captions[:5])
print(f"Loaded {len(raw_comments)} comment lines.")
print(raw_comments[:5])
# Plot Histogram of Lengths
caption\_lengths = [len(x) for x in raw\_captions]
comment\_lengths = [len(x) for x in raw\_comments]
plt.hist(caption_lengths, bins=20, alpha=0.7, label='Captions')
plt.hist(comment_lengths, bins=20, alpha=0.7, label='Comments')
plt.legend()
plt.xlabel('Length (characters)')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.title('Caption vs. Comment Lengths')
plt.grid(True)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

Output:



2. Vocabulary Diversity (Type-Token Ratio):

```
def type_token_ratio(lines):
    words = [word.lower() for line in lines for word in line.split()]
    unique = set(words)
    return len(unique) / len(words) if words else 0
# Print TTR for captions and comments
print("Caption TTR:", type_token_ratio(raw_captions))
print("Comment TTR:", type_token_ratio(raw_comments))
print("Total Captions:", len(raw_captions))
```

Output:

```
I service of vit n evidence of
```

3. Top-N Word Frequency (After Stopword Removal):

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.bar(['Captions', 'Comments'], [len(raw_captions), len(raw_comments)], color=['skyblue', 'orange'])
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.title('Number of Captions vs Comments')
plt.show()
# Print first few captions and comments
import pandas as pd
df_caps = pd.DataFrame({'text': raw_captions})
df_caps['length'] = df_caps['text'].apply(len)
print(df_caps.describe())
plt.hist(df_caps['length'], bins=20, alpha=0.7, label='Caption Lengths')
plt.xlabel('Caption Length (characters)')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.title('Caption Length Distribution')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
# Assuming you've extracted timestamps already
df_caps['timestamp'] = [...] # e.g., in seconds or minutes
plt.scatter(df_caps['timestamp'], df_caps['length'])
plt.xlabel('Time (sec)')
plt.ylabel('Caption Length')
plt.title('Caption Length vs Timestamp')
plt.show()
# Example: parsing comment JSON into a DataFrame
```

```
import json
comments = []
with open('comments.json', 'r', encoding='utf-8') as f:
  for line in f:
     obj = json.loads(line)
     comments.append({
       'text': obj['text'],
       'likes': obj.get('likes', 0),
       'length': len(obj['text'])
     })
df_comments = pd.DataFrame(comments)
plt.scatter(df_comments['length'], df_comments['likes'])
plt.xlabel('Comment Length')
plt.ylabel('Likes')
plt.title('Comment Length vs Likes')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
plt.scatter(df_caps['timestamp'], df_caps['length'])
plt.title('Caption Lengths Over Time')
plt.xlabel('Time (sec)')
plt.ylabel('Length')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
plt.hist(df_comments['length'], bins=30, color='orange')
```

```
plt.title('Comment Length Distribution')
plt.xlabel('Comment Length')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
# Assuming `df_comments['minute']` is the parsed minute mark
df_by_minute = df_comments.groupby('minute').size()
df_by_minute.plot(kind='line')
plt.xlabel('Minute')
plt.ylabel('Number of Comments')
plt.title('Comments per Minute')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```

Output:

