**CSE438** 

**Section: 01** 

Lab: 02 Report

Topic: Contrast stretching, bit plane slicing, using Logarithmic Transformation and Power-law Transformation.

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### Q1. Use contrast stretching on the image from Figure 1.

#### **CODE:**

```
import cv2
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
fig 01 path = '/kaggle/input/lab-02/Lab 02/Picture1.png'
fig 01 = cv2.imread(fig 01 path,cv2.IMREAD GRAYSCALE)
def show_image(fig_01_path, title = "", cmap='gray'):
  plt.imshow(fig 01 path, cmap = cmap)
  plt.title (title)
  plt.axis ('off')
  plt.show
show image(fig 01,"Figure 01")
import os
output dir = '/kaggle/working/img'
output path = os.path.join(output dir, 'comparison contrast stretching.png')
os.makedirs(output dir, exist ok=True)
def contrast stretching(fig 01):
  min val = np.min(fig 01)
  \max \text{ val} = \text{np.max}(\text{fig } 01)
  stretched = ((fig 01 - min val) / (max val - min val)) * 255
  return stretched.astype(np.uint8)
stretched image = contrast stretching(fig 01)
fig, axs = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(10, 5), dpi=300)
axs[0].imshow(fig 01, cmap='gray')
axs[0].set title('Original Image')
axs[0].axis('off')
axs[1].imshow(stretched image, cmap='gray')
axs[1].set title('Contrast Stretched')
axs[1].axis('off')
plt.tight layout()
plt.savefig(output path, dpi=300, bbox inches='tight', pad inches=0)
plt.show()
plt.close()
print(f"Comparison image saved successfully to: {output path}")
```

Original Image



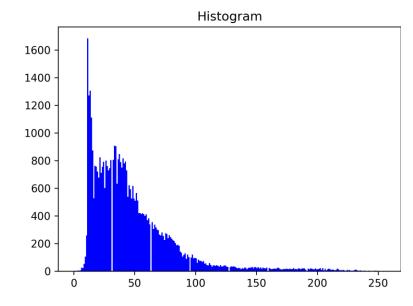




```
output dir = '/kaggle/working/img'
output path = os.path.join(output_dir, 'histogram_contrast_stretching.png')
def show image and hist(img, title):
  fig, axs = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(10, 4))
  # Display image
  axs[0].imshow(img, cmap='gray')
  axs[0].set title(title)
  axs[0].axis('off')
  # Display histogram
  axs[1].hist(img.ravel(), bins=256, range=(0, 256), color='blue')
  axs[1].set title('Histogram')
  plt.tight layout()
  plt.savefig(output_path, dpi=300, bbox_inches='tight', pad_inches=0)
  plt.show()
stretched img = contrast stretching(fig 01)
show image and hist(fig 01,"Orginal Figure 01")
show image and hist(stretched img,"Contrast Stretched Figure 01")
```

### Contrast Stretched Figure\_01





### Q2. Apply bit plane slicing on the image 1

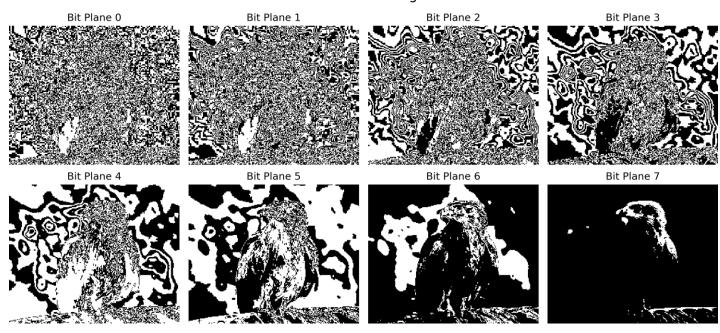
### **CODE**

```
output dir = '/kaggle/working/img'
output path = os.path.join(output dir, 'bit plane slicing on the image.png')
# Extract bit planes
bit planes = []
for i in range(8):
  bit plane = (fig 01 >> i) & 1
  bit planes.append(bit plane * 255)
fig, axs = plt.subplots(2, 4, figsize=(12, 6), dpi=300)
fig.suptitle('Bit Plane Slicing', fontsize=16)
for i in range(8):
  row = i // 4
  col = i \% 4
  axs[row, col].imshow(bit_planes[i], cmap='gray')
  axs[row, col].set title(fBit Plane {i}')
  axs[row, col].axis('off')
plt.tight layout(rect=[0, 0, 1, 1])
plt.savefig(output path, dpi=300, bbox inches='tight', pad inches=0)
plt.show()
```

# plt.close()

print(f"Bit plane slicing image saved to: {output\_path}")

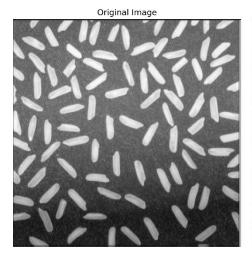
# Bit Plane Slicing



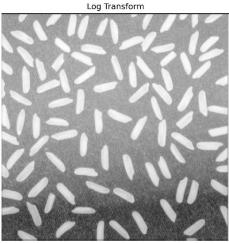
### Q3. Change the contrast of the image using Logarithmic Transformation and Power-law Transformation.

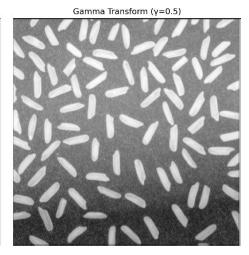
#### **CODE**

```
def log transform(img):
  img float = img.astype(np.float32)
  c = 255 / np.log(1 + np.max(img float))
  log image = c * np.log(1 + img float)
  return np.uint8(np.clip(log image, 0, 255))
def gamma transform(img, gamma=0.5):
  img normalized = img / 255.0
  gamma corrected = np.power(img normalized, gamma)
  return np.uint8(np.clip(gamma corrected * 255, 0, 255))
log img = log transform(fig 02)
gamma img = gamma transform(fig 02, gamma=0.5)
titles = ['Original Image', 'Log Transform', 'Gamma Transform (\gamma=0.5)']
images = [fig 02, log img, gamma img]
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 5), dpi=300)
for i in range(3):
  plt.subplot(1, 3, i+1)
  plt.imshow(images[i], cmap='gray')
  plt.title(titles[i])
  plt.axis('off')
plt.tight layout()
output dir = '/kaggle/working/img'
os.makedirs(output dir, exist ok=True)
output path = os.path.join(output dir, 'figure02 log gamma transform.png')
plt.savefig(output path, dpi=300, bbox inches='tight', pad inches=0)
plt.show()
print(f"Transformed image saved to: {output path}")
```



for i in range(3):





fig, axs = plt.subplots(3, 2, figsize=(12, 12), dpi=300) fig.suptitle('Image and Histogram Comparison', fontsize=16)

```
axs[i, 0].imshow(images[i], cmap='blue')
axs[i, 0].set_title(titles[i])
axs[i, 0].axis('off')

axs[i, 1].hist(images[i].ravel(), bins=256, range=(0, 256), color='gray')
axs[i, 1].set_title(f'Histogram of {titles[i]}')
axs[i, 1].set_xlim([0, 255])

plt.tight_layout(rect=[0, 0, 1, 0.96])
```

```
output_dir = '/kaggle/working/img'
os.makedirs(output_dir, exist_ok=True)
output_path = os.path.join(output_dir, 'figure02_log_gamma_hist_comparison.png')
plt.savefig(output_path, dpi=300, bbox_inches='tight', pad_inches=0)
plt.show()
print(f"Image and histogram comparison saved to: {output_path}")
```

# Image and Histogram Comparison

