	Masopamopue posome 1 Bapiaum 18
	Sabganne 1.
	Ocninsku nopregor pozkuagy npegwemit was
	3 navenus, ompunyens A3 = 720
	B-96: 720
	3abganne 2.
	Babons major C30 C3 = 246 480 anocosis
	8-96: 246 480
	30 bganne 3.
	101 + 991
	$\frac{101! + 99!}{991} = 101.100 + 1 = 10101$
	B-96: 10101
T	1. [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [
	Sabganne 4.
	A ⁴
1	$\frac{A_{x+u}^{4}}{(x+2)!} < \frac{15}{(x-0)!} \iff \frac{(x+u)!}{x!(x+2)!} < \frac{15}{(x-i)!}, x \ge 1$
110	(x+2)! $(x+2)!$ $(x+2)!$
	Ochinory (x-1)! 3abrega Sinsul myne npu x € N
	140 c, 140; (x+4); (x-i);
	$\frac{(x+4)!(x-1)!}{x!(x+2)!} < 15$
	36 ègau: (x+4)(x+3) - 15x <0
	$\begin{array}{c} x^2 - 8x + 12 \\ x \\ x \in (-\infty, 0) \cup (2, 6) \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} (x - 6)(x - 2) \\ x \\ x \in (-\infty, 0) \cup (2, 6) \end{array}$
10	10 => (V-0)(V-5) <0 mm Quino>

Ochinory x >1 matus: $\begin{cases} x \in [1] + \infty \\ x \in (-\infty, 0) \cup (2, 6) \end{cases} \Rightarrow x \in (2, 6)$ B-96: X = 3, 4,5 - 9AR XEN Rpuminika: $\Gamma(s) = \tilde{S}e^{t} t^{s-1} dt = (s-1)!$ Togi nanpukuag $\Gamma(\frac{1}{2}) = (-\frac{1}{2})! = \sqrt{\pi}$ Tamma pyrkyja kobuznancje nume upy 5 = {0, -1, -2, ...} Immerpan Fayer: $\int e^{x^2} dx = \sqrt{\pi}$ Monce dymy Gjemun repez nogbiúnum інтеграй, а маконо вирансений перез Гашна ф-ю Therefore, a marker supername apply authorized $\Phi = \int e^{x^2} dx \Rightarrow \Phi = 2 \int e^{x^2} dx$ Mexai: $I = \int e^{x^2} dx$ $I = \int e^{$ $\int x = r \omega_3 \varphi \Rightarrow x^2 + y^2 = n^2$ $y \in r \sin \varphi \Rightarrow x^2 + y^2 = n^2$ 36 igcu $I^2 = \int d\phi \int v e^{v^2} dv = \frac{\pi}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2}$ $\Rightarrow I = \sqrt{\pi}$ Nobephenisce go zaminy $\Phi = 2I = \sqrt{\pi}$ i. $2\int_0^2 e^{-x^2} dx = 2\int_0^2 e^{-x^2} \frac{dx^2}{2x} = \int_0^2 e^{-t} t^{-\frac{t}{2}+1-1} dt = \Gamma(\frac{t}{2})$

3abganne 5.

B-96:
$$5! = 120$$

3abganne 6.

 A_{10}^{6} : $\frac{706}{A_{10}^{6}} = \frac{100}{x} \Rightarrow x = 15/12$

B-96: $15/1200$ usurepib i bigns bigns comanobumb

 $15/12'/6$

3abganne 7.

 $C_{10}^{2} + C_{10}^{3} + ... + C_{10}^{10} = \sum_{m=2}^{10} C_{10}^{m} = 2^{10-11} = 1013$

3a divoniants nuropeus $\sum_{m=0}^{10} C_{m}^{m} = 2^{n}$

B-96: 1013

3abganne 8.

 $P(A) = \frac{m}{n} \Rightarrow m = C_{3}^{3}C_{7}^{2} \Rightarrow m = C_{10}^{3}$
 $P(A) = \frac{C_{3}^{3}C_{7}^{2}}{C_{10}^{3}} = \frac{21}{40} = 0,525$

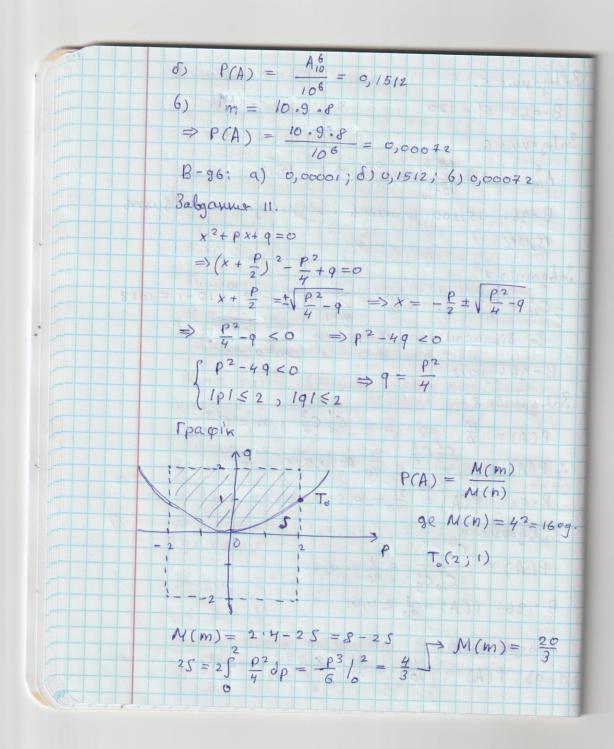
B-96: $P(A) = \frac{21}{40} = 0,525$

3abganne 9.

 $P(A) = \frac{1}{C_{10}^{3}C_{9}^{3}} = \frac{1}{20} \approx 0,01$

B-96: $P(A) = \frac{1}{20} = \frac{1}{20} \approx 0,01$

3abganne 10.



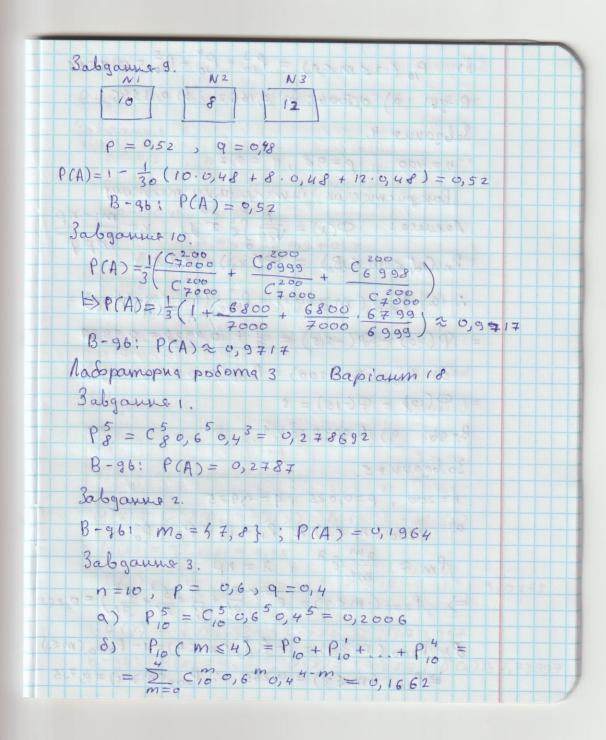
 $P(A) = \frac{20}{3} = \frac{20}{48} = \frac{5}{12} \approx 0,416$ B-96: P(A) = 0,416 Na Sopamopue posome 2 Bapianin 18 3abgarne 1. Oducuumi: 2A28 + C18 + A9 B-96: \$ 74135476880 3abganna 2. $P(A) = \frac{C_1' C_4'}{C_3^2} = \frac{3}{5}$ B-96: P(A) = 3 = 0,6 3 abganne 3. p=0,3, q=0,7 P(A) = 1-P(A) = 1-0,73=0,657 B-96: P(A) = 0,657 3abgarner 4. $P(A_1) = \frac{20}{25}$; $P(A_2) = \frac{15}{18}$; $P(A_3) = \frac{14}{16}$. $P(A) = \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{20}{25} + \frac{15}{18} + \frac{14}{16} \right) = \frac{301}{360} 20,8361$ B-96: P(A) = 301 20,8361

```
Babganna 5
        (0,8) I : P = 0,99, q = 0,01
        (0,2) II : P=0,96, 9=0,04
        i) p(A) = 0,8.0,99+0,2.0,96 = 0,984
         2) P(A) = 0,8.0,01+0,2.0,04 = 0,016
       3) a) P_{A}(B_{1}) = \frac{0.8 \cdot 0.01}{0.016} = 0.5

8) P_{A}(B_{2}) = \frac{0.2 \cdot 0.04}{0.016} = 0.5

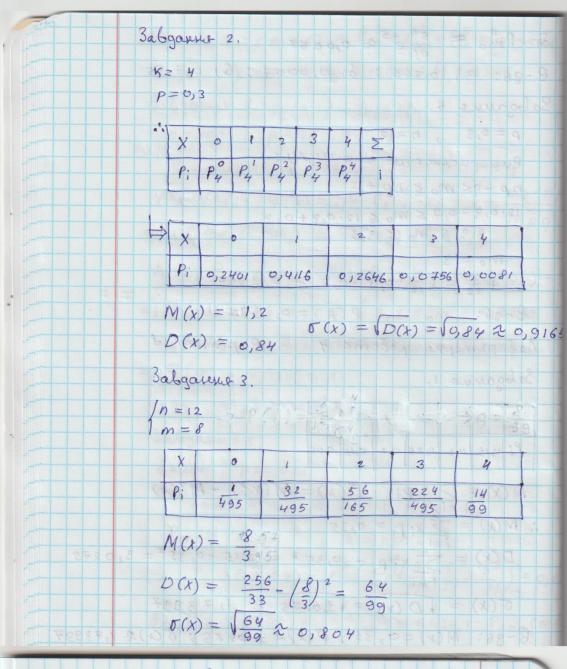
8-96: 1) 0,984; 2) 0,016; 3) a)0,5;
      Babganne 6
               P1 = 0,06
                 P2 = 0,08 => P(A) = 0,06.0,08.0,2 = 0,00096
                   P3 = 0,12 icust mors, up you mpu
                                                                                                     блоки приниметь роботу
              B-96: P(A) = 0,000 96
          3 abgarne 7.
               m = C_g^6 , n = C_{36}^6

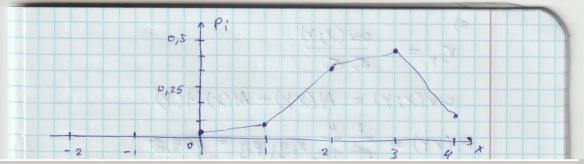
P(A) = \frac{C_g^6}{C_{36}^6} + \frac{C_g^6}{C_{36}^6} + \frac{C_g^6}{C_{36}^6} = \frac{C_g^6}{C_{
B-96: PCA) = 5797 20,0002
      3abganne 8.
    \begin{cases} P_1 = 0, 4 \\ P_2 = 0, 5 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} P_1 = 0, 6 \\ P_2 = 0, 5 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} P_2 = 0, 5 \\ P_3 = 0, 6 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} P_3 = 0, 4 \end{cases} \Rightarrow P(A) = P_1 P_2 P_3 + P_1 P_2 P_3
                 B-96: P(A) = 0,2
```

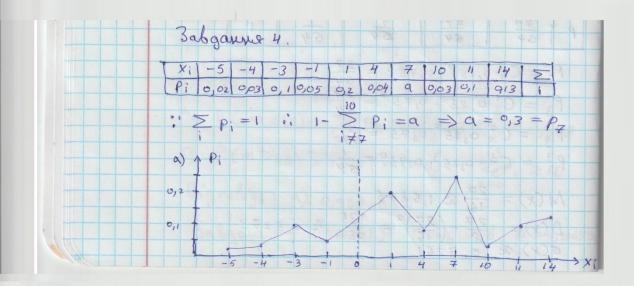


P10 (35 m55) = P13 + P4 + P5 = 0,3546 B-96: 9) 0,2006; 8) 0,1662; 6) 0,3546 3abganne 4. n=400 , p=0,8 , 9 =0,2 Buxopuema e us inmerpanting meopening $\Phi(x) = \sqrt{2\pi} \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{t^{2}}{2}} dt, x = \frac{m_{i} - n_{i}}{\sqrt{npq}}$ $P_n(m_1 \leq m \leq m_2) = \mathcal{P}(x_2) - \mathcal{P}(x_1)$:. a) P400 (m>300) = P400 (300 < m < 400) = $= \varphi(10) - \varphi(-2,5) = \frac{1}{2} + 0,4938 = 0,9938$ S) P400 (m7,200) = P400 (200 5 m 5 400) = = P(10) - P(-15) = 1 B-96: 9) 0,9938; 8) 1 3abganne 5 n = 200 , p=0,025 a) P200 (m < 3) 2 P, + P2 + P3 + P0 Pm = mie 2 , 2 = np $= \frac{5}{200} \left(\frac{5}{200} \right) = \frac{5}{2} \left(\frac{5}{0!} + \frac{5}{1!} + \frac{5}{2!} + \frac{5}{3!} \right) = 0,2$ 8) P200 (M > 4) = 1- P200 (M < 4) = 1- P200 (M S ⇒ P200 (m ≤3) = 0,265 : P200 (m >4) = 0,735

```
\delta_1 P_{200} \approx \frac{5^{\circ}}{0!} e^{\frac{5}{2}} \approx 0,0067
  B-96: 9) 0,265; 8) 0,0067; 6,0,735
 Babgarene 6.
    \rho = 6,3, h = 12
    Buxopucmaçus populyry:
    np-9≤ mo ≤ np+p
    12.0,3-0,7 < mo < 12.0,3+0,3
      2,9 5 Mo 5 3,9
     mo = 3
   p_{12}^3 = C_{12}^3 \cdot 0, 3^3 \cdot 0, 7^9 = 0, 2397
   B-96: mo=3, P(A)=0,2397
  Лабораторна робота 4 Варіантів
  3abganne 1.
  Xi -2 -1 6 1 3 4
  Pi 0,15 0,2 0,25 0,2 0,15 0,05
\dot{M}(x) = \sum_{i \in \mathbb{N}} x_i p_i = D(x) = M(x^2) - M^2(x)
\vdots M(x) = \sum_{i=1}^{6} x_i p_i = 0.35
D(x) = \sum_{i=1}^{6} x_i^2 p_i - 0.35^2 = 3.15 - 0.35^2 = 3.0275
 \sigma(x) = \sqrt{D(x)} = \sqrt{3,0275} \approx 1,73997
 B-96: M(x) =0, 35; D(x)=3, 02 +5; 5(x) 2 1,73997
```







5)
$$\begin{pmatrix} c, & x \leq -5 \\ c, & 0 \geq 2, & -5 \leq x \leq -4 \\ o, & 0 \leq 5, & -4 \leq x \leq -3 \\ o, & 0 \leq 5, & -4 \leq x \leq -3 \\ o, & 0 \leq 5, & -3 \leq x \leq -1 \\ o, & 0 \leq 7, & -1 \leq x \leq 1 \\ o, & 0 \leq 7, & -1 \leq x \leq$$

$$A_{s} = -0.0262$$

$$A_{s} = \frac{M_{4}}{\delta_{4}} - 3 = \frac{1}{\delta_{4}} (V_{4} - 4V_{1}V_{3} + 6V_{1}^{2}V_{2} - 3V_{1}^{4}) = 3$$

$$E_{s} = -1.077$$

1					F						100	10				1									
X	1	T	9	1	14	18	19		42	2	4	10													
, all		ne	311		LIE		N.E.	E.	7		T	7			1			2							
0		0,0	52	0,	098	C	0,12	22	0,	0	58						CV.	te	w	1					
11 11	0	0,0	278	0,	092	0,	06	8	0	,06	52		7				13		Y	1					
13	3	0,	082	0,0	028	0,	14:	2	0	,11	8	17			3			15		- 1	7				
			H				-		N. A.	3		15			23	1			9						
(X		9		11		13	3		1	-	10	9	0		11	7		10		VA	2	4			
Pi	8	0,32	3	0,3	9	0,3	7	0	K	j	9	,21	2	C	2,2	18	C	7,3	32	0	,2:	38			
M	(x) =	- 60	2.6	11,0	8			01						B				3	Ty.					
D	(x)) =	1	1()	(2)	100	A	1-	(1)	=	27	12	5	,5	6	Gara	11,	0	8	2 =	2	7	9	36
					793																				
					32												9	51	7	21	1				
		') =														,									

Se Laj 1	2) COV (X:Y)
	$V_{XY} = \frac{cov(X,Y)}{\sigma_X \sigma_Y}$
	cov(X;Y) = M(XY) - M(X)M(Y)
	$M(XY) = \sum_{i=1}^{3} \sum_{j=1}^{4} x_i y_j p_{ij} = 159,8$
	.: cov(x; Y) = 159,8 - 11,08 · 16,326 = -21,0
	$\Rightarrow V_{XY} = \frac{-21,09208}{33,951724.5,82268} \approx -0,1067$
	Ocninera 1 /2, 1 51 benneury zvanigers
	$Y = 24 \Rightarrow P = 0.058 + 0.062 + 0.118 = 0.112$
	X1Y=24 9 14 13
	P: 129 31 59 57 57
	M(x)Y=24)=24,02
	$Y X=9 \Rightarrow p = 0,052+0,098+0,122+0,058=0,$
	VIX=9 9 11 19 24 P. 26 49 81 29
	165 165 165 165
	M(Y/X=9) = 15,93
	325 5 2 A TITE 28 V = (Y) 0