# **Access Apple**

```
In [1]:
# The imports
import numpy as np
import cvxpy as cp
```

## Info

Space required to store (in cubic feet)

1 iPod cover: 40 / 1000
1 iPhone cover: 45 / 1000
1 iPad cover: 210 / 1000

#### Minimum Demand (per week)

iPods (say d1): 5 000
iPhones (say d2): 0
iPads (say d3): 4 000

## Maximum Demand (per week)

iPods (say mD1): 10 000
iPhones (say mD2): 15 000
iPads (say mD3): 8 000

#### In [2]:

```
# Some given data

space_for_one = np.array([40/1000, 45/1000, 210/1000])
max_space = 6000

max_production = np.array([6000, 5000, 3000])

min_demand = np.array([5000, 0, 4000])
max_demand = np.array([10000, 15000, 8000])
profits = np.array([4, 6, 10])
```

# (a) Problem 1 (Proportion of Time Spent)

In the current section, our decision variables will be the Proportions of time spent in making the 3 items.

### The decision variables x1, x2 and x3 are defined as follows

- x1 : Proportion of time (per day) for iPod cover production.
- x2 : Proportion of time (per day) for iPhone cover production.
- x3: Proportion of time (per day) for iPad cover production.

### The number of

- iPods produced per day n1: x1 \* 6000
- iPhones produced per day n2: x2 \* 5000

• iPads produced per day n3: x3 \* 3000

### Space required to store (in cubic feet)

```
x1 iPod covers: (x1 * 6000) * 40 / 1000
x2 iPhone covers: (x2 * 5000) * 45 / 1000
x3 iPad covers: (x3 * 3000) * 210 / 1000
```

## **Profit (to Maximize)**

```
profit = 5 * ((x1 * 6000)*4 + (x2 * 5000)*6 + (x3 * 3000)*10)
```

## Now, we're ready to write the constraints

### Does not exceed the max production per day

• x1 + x2 + x3 <= 1

#### Does not exceed the max space

```
• (x1 * 6000) * 40/1000 + (x2 * 5000) * 45/1000 + (x3 * 3000) * 210/1000 <= 6000
```

### Satisfy the Min demand

- $d1 \le 5 * (x1 * 6000)$
- $d2 \le 5 * (x2 * 5000)$
- $d3 \le 5 * (x3 * 3000)$

#### **Does not exceed the Max Demand**

- 5 \* (x1 \* 6000) <= mD1
- 5 \* (x2 \* 5000) <= mD2
- 5 \* (x3 \* 3000) <= mD3

## Now, we have a LP to maximize profit subject to the above-mentioned constraints

# (b) Problem 2 (Number producted per week)

In the current section, our decision variables will be the number of items produced per week

#### The number of

- iPods produced per week: y1
- iPhones produced per week: y2
- iPads produced per week: y3

#### Space required to store (in cubic feet)

x1 iPod covers: (y1/5) \* 40 / 1000
x2 iPhone covers: (y2/5) \* 45 / 1000
x3 iPad covers: (y3/5) \* 210 / 1000

## **Profit (to Maximize)**

```
profit = (y1*4 + y2*6 + y3*10)
```

## Now, we're ready to write the constraints

## Does not exceed the max production per day

• (y1/5)/6000 + (y2/5)/5000 + (y3/5)/3000 <= 1

### Does not exceed the max space

```
• (y1/5) * 40/1000 + (y2/5) * 45/1000 + (y3/5) * 210/1000 <= 6000
```

### Satisfy the Min demand

- d1 <= y1
- d2 <= y2
- d3 <= y3

#### **Does not exceed the Max Demand**

- y1 <= mD1
- y2 <= mD2
- y3 <= mD3

# Now, we have a LP to maximize profit subject to the above-mentioned constraints

# (c) Problem 3 (Number of Hours used for production per week)

#### The decision variables z1, z2 and z3 are defined as follows

- z1: The number of hours devoted for iPod production (in one week)
- z2: The number of hours devoted for iPhone production (in one week)
- z3: The number of hours devoted for iPad production (in one week)

#### The number of

- iPods produced per day n1: (z1/40) \* 6000
- iPhones produced per day n2: (z2/40) \* 5000
- iPads produced per day n3: (z3/40) \* 3000

## Space required to store (in cubic feet)

- n1 iPod covers: ((z1/40) \* 6000) \* 40 / 1000
- **n2 iPhone covers :** ((z2/40) \* 5000) \* 45 / 1000
- **n3 iPad covers :** ((z3/40) \* 3000) \* 210 / 1000

## **Profit (to Maximize)**

## Now, we're ready to write the constraints

### Does not exceed the max production per day

• z1 + z2 + z3 **<=** 8

### Does not exceed the max space

• ((z1/40) \* 6000) \* 40/1000 + ((z2/40) \* 5000) \* 45/1000 + ((z3/40) \* 3000) \* 210/1000 <= 6000

### Satisfy the Min demand

- $d1 \le 5 * ((z1/40) * 6000)$
- $d2 \le 5 * ((z2/40) * 5000)$
- $d3 \le 5 * ((z3/40) * 3000)$

#### **Does not exceed the Max Demand**

- 5 \* ((z1/40) \* 6000) <= mD1
- 5 \*  $((z2/40) * 5000) \le mD2$
- 5 \*  $((z3/40) * 3000) \le mD3$

# (d) Relation between x1, x2, x3 amd z1, z2, z3

## Recalling,

#### The decision variables x1, x2 and x3 are defined as follows

- x1 : Proportion of time (per day) for iPod cover production.
- x2 : Proportion of time (per day) for iPhone cover production.
- x3: Proportion of time (per day) for iPad cover production.

#### The decision variables z1, z2 and z3 are defined as follows

- z1: The number of hours devoted for iPod production (in one week)
- z2: The number of hours devoted for iPhone production (in one week)
- z3: The number of hours devoted for iPad production (in one week)

#### Equating the dialy production, we get

- $\bullet$  n1 = n1
- x1 \* 6000 = (z1/40) \* 6000
- $\bullet \quad x1 = z1/40$

## Similarly,

- $\bullet \quad x1 = z1/40$
- x2 = z2/40
- x3 = z3/40

# (e) Implementation

In [3]:

```
def problem():
    # The proportions
    X = cp.Variable(3)
    # The number sold per day
    N = cp.multiply(X, max production)
    # The profit, to be maximized (the objective)
    profit = cp.Maximize (5 * cp.sum(cp.multiply(N, profits)))
    # Constraints
    constraints = [
                   cp.sum(X) <= 1, # max production per day</pre>
                   cp.sum(cp.multiply(N, space for one)) <= max space,</pre>
                   min demand <= 5 * N,
                   5 * N \le max demand,
    ]
    # Formulating the problem and solving it
    prob = cp.Problem(profit, constraints)
    result = prob.solve()
   print ("The proportion of time per day devoted for iPods, iPhones and iPads respective
ly")
    print("Optimum Solution:", X.value)
    print()
    print("The number of iPods, iPhones and iPads produced per week")
    print("Optimal Solution:", 5 * cp.multiply(X.value, max production).value)
    print()
    print("Optimum Value:", result)
problem()
The proportion of time per day devoted for iPods, iPhones and iPads respectively
Optimum Solution: [0.16666667 0.31415449 0.51917884]
The number of iPods, iPhones and iPads produced per week
Optimal Solution: [5000.00000573 7853.86236644 7787.68257875]
Optimum Value: 145000.0000091098
```