

Company No: 00146575

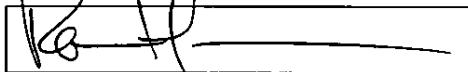
**SPECIAL RESOLUTIONS
OF
EXPERIAN FINANCE PLC**

Experian Finance plc hereby gives notice that at an extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on 29 October 2008, the following resolutions were passed as Special Resolutions -

- 1 THAT the Articles of Association in the form produced to the meeting be adopted in substitution for and to the exclusion of the existing Articles of Association of the Company with immediate effect
- 2 THAT with effect from the passing of this resolution, three authorised but unissued ordinary shares of the Company be reclassified as Income Access Shares of 29 3/43p each, such Income Access Shares to have the rights set out in the Articles of Association as adopted pursuant to Resolution 1 above

I hereby certify that the above particulars are correct

Signed



Date

7/11/2008

(a director / secretary / administrator / administrative receiver / receiver manager / receiver)

WEDNESDAY



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19/11/2008

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COMPANIES HOUSE

No 146575

The Companies Act 1908

The Companies Acts 1948 – 1980

The Companies Act 2006

**MEMORANDUM
AND
ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION**

of

Experian Finance plc

Company No: 146575

THE COMPANIES ACT 1908

AND

THE COMPANIES ACTS 1948 - 1980

A PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

of

EXPERIAN FINANCE plc

(As altered by Special Resolutions passed on 6th January 1949, 29th October 1959, 25th October 1996, 24th July 2002 and 19th July 2006; and by a resolution of the Board of Directors, pursuant to Section 8 of the Companies Act 1980, passed on 10th December, 1981)

- 1 The name of the Company is "Experian Finance plc" ¹
- 2 The Company is to be a public company ²
- 3 The Registered Office of the Company will be situate in England and Wales.
- 4 The objects for which the Company is established are -

¹ Incorporated as "The Universal Stores (Manchester) Limited" Name changed with effect from 28th February, 1930 Following the passing of a Special Resolution of the Company on 25 July 2001, the name of the Company was changed from "The Great Universal Stores Public Limited Company" to "GUS plc" Following the passing of a Special Resolution of the Company on 11 December 2006, the name of the Company was changed from "GUS plc" to "Experian Finance plc"

² Became a public limited company pursuant to a Board Resolution passed on 10th December, 1981

- (A) To acquire and take over and carry on the business of a general merchant now carried on by Abraham Harris Rosenson (trading under the style or firm of The Universal Stores at Manchester in the County of Lancaster) together with the whole of the property and assets of the proprietor of the said business used in connection therewith or belonging thereto and the liabilities thereof and with a view thereto to enter into and carry into effect (either with or without modifications) an Agreement which has already been prepared and engrossed and is expressed to be made between the said Abraham Harris Rosenson of the one part and Baron Bernstein of the other part a copy whereof has for the purposes of identification been subscribed by Mr John Robert Hardstaff Cottrill, a Solicitor of the Supreme Court.
- (B) To carry on as a Joint Stock Company Limited the business referred to in the said agreement as the same has heretofore been carried on by the said Abraham Harris Rosenson and such other business in connection with the above-mentioned business as is customarily or usually carried on in connection therewith or is naturally incident thereto.
- (C) To carry on in connection with the said business or as distinct and separate businesses the business or businesses of dealers, factors and general merchants, selling and disposing of watches, clocks, and every kind and description of jewellery and fancy goods, ladies' and gentlemen's clothing, waterproof garments, boots, shoes, gloves, hats and every description of hosiery, drapery and kindred sundries connected with the drapery trade, bags, trunks, cases constructed of leather, wood, cane, fibre or any other materials, household furniture, household utensils, ironmongery, bedding, carpets, rugs, linoleum, pictures, cutlery, crockery, musical instruments, ornaments and household linen, sports outfits, games, toys, children's carriages, office and warehouse furniture, dress pieces and woollen cloths, or any other business which may seem to the Company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the above or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render more profitable any of the Company's property
- (D) To purchase or by any other means acquire any freehold, leasehold, or other property for any estate or interest whatever, and any options, rights, privileges, or easements over or in respect of any land or property, and any buildings, factories, mills, works, wharves, roads, railways, tramways, machinery, engines, rolling stock, plant, live and dead stock, barges, vessels or things, and any real or personal property or rights whatsoever which may be necessary for, or may be conveniently used with, or may enhance the value of any other property of the Company
- (E) To build, construct, maintain, alter, enlarge, pull down, and remove or replace any buildings, factories, mills, offices, works, shops, wharves, roads, railways, tramways, machinery, engines, walls, fences, banks, dams, sluices or watercourses, and to clear sites for the same, or to join with any person, firm or company in doing any of the things aforesaid, and to work, manage, and control the same, or join with others in so doing

- (F) To acquire and undertake the whole or any part of the business, goodwill and assets of any person, firm or company carrying on or proposing to carry on any of the businesses which this Company is authorised to carry on, and, as part of the consideration for such acquisition, to undertake all or any of the liabilities of such person, firm or company or to acquire an interest in, amalgamate with, or enter into any arrangement for sharing profits, or for co-operation, or for limiting competition, or for mutual assistance with any such person, firm or company, and to give or accept, by way of consideration for any of the acts or things aforesaid or property acquired, any shares, debentures, debenture stock or securities that may be agreed upon, and to hold and retain, or sell, mortgage, and deal with any shares, debentures, debenture stock or securities so received.
- (G) To apply for purchase or by other means acquire, and protect, prolong and renew, whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere, any patents, patent rights, brevets d'invention, licences, protections and concessions, and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive right to use any secret or information which may appear likely to be advantageous or useful to the Company, and to use and turn to account and to manufacture under or grant licences or privileges in respect of the same, and to expend money in experimenting upon and testing and in improving or seeking to improve any patents, inventions, or rights which the Company may acquire or propose to acquire
- (H) To improve, manage, cultivate, develop, exchange, let on lease or otherwise, mortgage, sell, dispose of, turn to account, transfer, grant or otherwise deal with, all or any part of the property, rights or options of the Company.
- (I) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required in such manner as may be from time to time determined
- (J) To lend and advance money or give credit to such persons and on such terms as may seem expedient, and in particular to customers and others having dealings with the Company
- (JJ) To guarantee the performance of any contract or obligation of, and the payment of money by, any person, firm or company whatsoever and to guarantee the capital and principal of, and dividends and interest on, any shares, debentures, debenture stock or securities of any company and generally to give any guarantees that may be deemed expedient.³

³ Added by Special Resolution of 6th January, 1949

- (K) To borrow or raise money in such manner as the Company shall think fit, and in particular by the issue of debentures or debenture stock, perpetual or otherwise, and to secure the repayment of any money borrowed, raised, or owing by mortgage, charge, or lien upon the whole or any part of the Company's property or assets (whether present or future), including its uncalled Capital, and also by a similar mortgage, charge, or lien to secure and guarantee the performance by the Company of any obligation or liability it may undertake
- (L) To subscribe for, take, purchase, or otherwise acquire and hold shares or other interest in or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this Company, or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this Company
- (M) To draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, execute, and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants, debentures and other negotiable or transferable instruments
- (N) To enter into any arrangements with any Governments or authorities (supreme, municipal, local or otherwise), or any corporations, companies, or persons that may seem conducive to the Company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such Government, authority, corporation, company or person, any charters, contracts, decrees, rights, privileges and concessions which the Company may think desirable, and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such charters, contracts, decrees, rights, privileges and concessions
- (O) To procure the Company to be registered or recognised in any Colony or Dependency and in any foreign country or place
- (P) To act as agents or brokers and as trustees for any person, firm or company, and to undertake and perform sub-contracts, and also to act in any of the businesses of the Company through or by means of agents, brokers, sub-contractors or others
- (Q) To remunerate any person, firm or company rendering services to this Company, whether by cash payment or by the allotment to him or them of shares or securities of the Company credited as paid up in full or in part, or otherwise
- (R) To pay all or any expenses incurred in connection with the formation, promotion, and incorporation of the Company, or to contract with any person, firm or company to pay the same, and to pay commissions to brokers and others for underwriting, placing, selling or guaranteeing the subscription of any shares, debentures, debenture stock or securities of this Company

- (S) To promote any other company for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property and undertaking any of the liabilities of this Company, or of undertaking any business or operations which may appear likely to assist or benefit this Company, or to enhance the value of any property or business of this Company, and to place or guarantee the placing of, underwrite, subscribe for, or otherwise acquire all or any part of the shares or securities of any such company as aforesaid
- (T) To sell or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the undertaking of the Company, either together or in portions, for such consideration as the Company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, or securities of any company purchasing the same
- (U) To distribute among the Members of the Company in kind any property of the Company, and in particular any shares, debentures, or securities of other companies belonging to this Company, or of which this Company may have the power of disposing
- (V)
 - (a) To purchase and maintain insurance for the benefit of any person who is or was a director, officer, employee or auditor of the Company or of any other company which is its holding company or in which the Company or such holding company has any interest whether direct or indirect, or of any subsidiary undertaking of the Company or of any such other company or who is or was at any time trustee of any retirement benefits scheme or any other trust in which employees of the Company or any such other company or subsidiary undertaking are interested, including (but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing) insurance indemnifying such persons against liability for negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust or any other liabilities which may lawfully be insured against, for the purposes of this sub-clause "holding company" and "subsidiary undertaking" shall have the meanings respectively ascribed to them in the Companies Act 1985 (as amended by the Companies Act 1989),⁴
 - (b) Otherwise to indemnify any such person against or from any such liability, and
 - (c) (i) to provide a director with funds to meet expenditure incurred or to be incurred by him in defending any criminal or civil proceedings or in connection with any application under those provisions of the Companies Act 1985 referred to in Section 337A(2) of that Act and (ii) to do anything to enable a director to avoid incurring such expenditure⁵

⁴ As altered by a Special Resolution of the Company passed on 25th October, 1996

⁵ As altered by a Special Resolution of the Company passed on 19th July, 2006

- (W) To make donations to EU political organisations and to incur EU political expenditure (within the meaning of Part XA of the Companies Act 1985, as amended by the Political Parties, Elections and Referendums Act 2000) ⁶
- (X) To do all such other things as may be deemed incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them
5. The Liability of the Members is Limited
6. The Capital of the Company is £1,000, divided into 1,000 shares of £1 each ⁷ The Company has power from time to time to increase or reduce its Capital, and to issue any shares in the original or increased Capital with preferred, deferred, or other special rights, or such restrictions, whether in regard to dividend, voting, return of Capital, or otherwise, as the Company may from time to time by Special Resolution determine

⁶ As altered by a Special Resolution of the Company passed on 24th July, 2002

⁷ As altered pursuant to Scheme of Arrangement dated 3rd October, 1959, becoming effective on 1st January, 1960, and pursuant to a Scheme of Arrangement dated 10th October, 1968, becoming effective on 2nd October, 1968

On the 2nd day of December, 1968, the Capital of the Company was £56,250,000, made up as follows -

4½% Redeemable "A" Pre-Preference Stock	£22,599 00
7% Cumulative "B" Preference Stock	£1,006,093 00
4½% Cumulative "C" Preference Stock	£638,638 00
Ordinary Stock	£1,360,513 00
Ordinary Shares of 5/- each	£639,487 00
15/- "A" Ordinary Stock	£38,866,687 75
"A" Ordinary Shares of 5/- each	<u>£13,715,982 25</u>
	£56,250,000.00

By a Special Resolution passed on the 12th day of November, 1971, the Capital of the Company was increased from £56,250,000 to £66,250,000 by the creation of 40,000,000 new "A" Ordinary Shares of 25p each, all of which when issued and fully paid up were to be converted into "A" Ordinary Stock

By a Special Resolution of the Company passed on the 6th day of January, 1989, the authorised share capital of the Company was reduced by the cancellation and extinction of £1,006,093 in nominal amount of the 7% Cumulative "B" Preference Stock and £638,638 in nominal value of the 4% Cumulative "C" Preference Stock

By a Special Resolution of the Company passed on the 28th day of September, 1993, each Unclassified Share of £1 in the capital of the Company was sub-divided into 4 Unclassified Shares of 25p each, immediately following such sub-division, each Unclassified Share of 25p each was redesignated as 1 Ordinary Share of 25p in the capital of the Company having attached thereto the rights and privileges and being subject to the limitations and restrictions set forth in the Articles of Association of the Company, each Ordinary Stock unit of 25p and each "A" Ordinary Stock unit of 25p in the capital of the Company was re-converted into 1 Ordinary Share of 25p and 1 Ordinary Share of 25p respectively, the authorised share capital of the Company was increased from £64,605,269 to £312,500,000 by the creation of 991,578,924 new Ordinary Shares of 25p each having attached thereto the rights and privileges and being subject to the limitations and restrictions set forth in the Articles of Association of the Company, and each "A" Ordinary Share of 25p in the capital of the Company was re-designated as 1 Ordinary Share of 25p, ranking pari passu in all respects with the existing Ordinary Shares of 25p in the capital of the Company

Pursuant to a Special Resolution of the Company passed on 12 December 2005, the authorised share capital of the Company was altered to £312,500,000 divided into 1,075,000,000 Ordinary Shares of 29 $\frac{3}{4}$ p each Pursuant to a Special Resolution of the Company passed on 29 August 2006, one authorised but unissued Ordinary Share of 29 $\frac{3}{4}$ p was reclassified as a Deferred Ordinary Share of 29 3/4p Pursuant to a Special Resolution of the Company passed on 6 October 2006, one authorised but unissued Ordinary Share of 29 $\frac{3}{4}$ p each was reclassified as an Income Access Share of 29 3/4p

Pursuant to a Special Resolution of the Company passed on 29 October 2008 three authorised but unissued Ordinary Share of 29 $\frac{3}{4}$ p each were reclassified as an Income Access Share of 29 3/4 p each

WE, the several persons whose names, addresses and descriptions are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names

NAMES, ADDRESSES AND DESCRIPTIONS OF SUBSCRIBERS	Number of Shares taken by each Subscriber
CHARLES WILCOX, 2, Daimler Street, Cheetham, Manchester, Manager	One
ALEXANDER THOMAS BUCK, 9, Turner Street, Rusholme, Manchester, Book-keeper	One
ABRAHAM HARRIS ROSENSON, 21, Cannon Street, Manchester, General Merchant	One.
ESTHER ROSENSON, 312, Lower Broughton Road, Salford, Manchester, Married Woman .	One.

Dated the 8th day of March, 1917

Witness to the above Signatures -

J R H COTTRILL,
Solicitor,
MANCHESTER

No 00146575

The Companies Act 2006

Company Limited by Shares

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

adopted by Special Resolution passed on 29 October 2008

of

EXPERIAN FINANCE PLC

(Incorporated as a limited liability company on 16 March 1917 and re-registered as a public company
on 21 December 1981)

Linklaters

Linklaters LLP
One Silk Street
London EC2Y 8HQ

Telephone (44-20) 7456 2000
Facsimile (44-20) 7456 2222

Preliminary

1 Table A not to apply

The regulations in Table A in The Companies (Tables A to F) Regulations 1985 and in any Table A applicable to the Company under any former enactment relating to companies shall not apply to the Company

2 Interpretation

In these Articles (if not inconsistent with the subject or context) the words and expressions set out in the first column below shall bear the meanings set opposite to them respectively

"in writing"	Written or produced by any substitute for writing (including anything in electronic form) or partly one and partly another
"month"	Calendar month
"Office"	The registered office of the Company for the time being
"paid"	Paid or credited as paid
"Register"	The register of members of the Company
"Seal"	The Common Seal of the Company
"Securities Seal"	An official seal kept by the Company for sealing securities issued by the Company, or for sealing documents creating or evidencing securities so issued, as permitted by the Companies Acts
"Statutes"	The Companies Acts and every other enactment for the time being in force concerning companies and affecting the Company
"these Articles"	These Articles of Association as from time to time altered
"Transfer Office"	The place where the Register is situate for the time being
"Trustee Company"	A company which is or was at any time appointed as the trustee of any pension scheme in which employees of any Relevant Company (as defined in Article 138 2) are interested
"United Kingdom"	The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
"year"	Calendar year

The expression **"address"** shall include any number or address used for the purposes of sending or receiving notices, documents or information by electronic means and/or by means of a website

The expression **"Companies Acts"** shall have the meaning given thereto by Section 2 of the Companies Act 2006 but shall only extend to provisions which are in force at the relevant date

The expression "**Company Communications Provisions**" shall have the same meaning as in the Companies Acts

The expressions "**debenture**" and "**debenture holder**" shall respectively include "debenture stock" and "debenture stockholder"

The expressions "**hard copy form**", "**electronic form**" and "**electronic means**" shall have the same respective meanings as in the Company Communications Provisions

The expression "**officer**" shall include a Director, manager and the Secretary, but shall not include an auditor

The expression "**Secretary**" shall include any person appointed by the Directors to perform any of the duties of the Secretary including, but not limited to, a joint, assistant or deputy Secretary

All such of the provisions of these Articles as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock, and the words "**share**" and "**shareholder**" shall be construed accordingly

The expression "**shareholders' meeting**" shall include both a General Meeting and a meeting of the holders of any class of shares of the Company. The expression "**General Meeting**" shall include any general meeting of the Company, including any general meeting held as the Company's annual general meeting in accordance with Section 360 of the Companies Act 2006 ("**Annual General Meeting**")

Except where the context otherwise requires, any reference to issued shares of any class (whether of the Company or of any other company) shall not include any shares of that class held as treasury shares

Words denoting the singular shall include the plural and vice versa. Words denoting the masculine shall include the feminine. Words denoting persons shall include bodies corporate and unincorporated associations

References to any statute or statutory provision shall be construed as relating to any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force (whether coming into force before or after the adoption of these Articles)

A Special Resolution shall be effective for any purpose for which an Ordinary Resolution is expressed to be required under any provision of these Articles

Except as provided above any words or expressions defined in the Companies Acts shall (if not inconsistent with the subject or context) bear the same meanings in these Articles

Share Capital

3 Amount of share capital

The share capital of the Company at the date of the adoption of these Articles is £312,500,000 divided into

- (a) 1,074,999,995 Ordinary Shares of 29 $\frac{3}{4}$ p each,
- (b) one Deferred Share of 29 $\frac{3}{4}$ p having the rights set out in Article 9, and
- (c) four Income Access Shares of 29 $\frac{3}{4}$ p having the rights set out in Article 10

4 Increase of share capital

The Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution increase its capital by such sum to be divided into shares of such amounts as the resolution shall prescribe. All new shares shall be subject to the provisions of the Statutes and of these Articles with reference to allotment, payment of calls, lien, transfer, transmission, forfeiture and otherwise.

5 Consolidation, subdivision and cancellation

5.1 The Company may by Ordinary Resolution

- (a) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares;
- (b) cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken, or agreed to be taken, by any person and diminish the amount of its capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled, and
- (c) subdivide its shares, or any of them, into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the Memorandum of Association or these Articles (subject, nevertheless, to the provisions of the Statutes), and so that the resolution whereby any share is subdivided may determine that, as between the holders of the shares resulting from such subdivision, one or more of the shares may, as compared with the others, have any such preferred, deferred or other special rights, or be subject to any such restrictions, as the Company has power to attach to unissued or new shares

5.2 Whenever as a result of a consolidation or subdivision of shares any members would become entitled to fractions of a share, the Directors may, on behalf of those members, sell the shares representing the fractions for the best price reasonably obtainable to any person (including, subject to the provisions of the Act, the Company) and distribute the net proceeds of sale in due proportion among those members, and the Directors may authorise some person to transfer the shares to, or in accordance with the directions of, the purchaser. The transferee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale

6 Purchase of own shares

6.1 Subject to the provisions of the Statutes, the Company may purchase, or may enter into a contract under which it will or may purchase, any of its own shares of any class (including any redeemable shares) but so that if there shall be in issue any shares convertible into equity share capital of the Company of the class proposed to be purchased, then the Company shall not purchase, or enter into a contract under which it will or may purchase, such equity shares unless either

- (a) the terms of issue of such convertible shares include provisions permitting the Company to purchase its own equity shares or providing for adjustment to the conversion terms upon such a purchase, or
- (b) the purchase, or the contract, has first been approved by a Special Resolution passed at a separate meeting of the holders of such convertible shares

- 6.2** The Company may not exercise any right in respect of treasury shares held by it, including any right to attend or vote at meetings, to participate in any offer by the Company to shareholders or to receive any distribution (including in a winding-up), but without prejudice to its right to sell the treasury shares, to transfer the shares for the purposes of or pursuant to an employees' share scheme, to receive an allotment of shares as fully paid bonus shares in respect of the treasury shares or to receive any amount payable on redemption of any redeemable treasury shares

7 Reduction of capital

Subject to the provisions of the Companies Acts, the Company may by Special Resolution reduce its share capital, share premium account, capital redemption reserve or other undistributable reserve in any way

Shares

8 Rights attaching to shares on issue

- 8.1** Without prejudice to any special rights previously conferred on the holders of any shares or class of shares for the time being issued, any share in the Company may be issued with such preferred, deferred or other special rights, or subject to such restrictions, whether as regards dividend, return of capital, voting or otherwise, as the Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution determine (or, in the absence of any such determination, as the Directors may determine)
- 8.2** Subject to the provisions of the Statutes the Company may issue any shares which are, or at the option of the Company or the holder are liable, to be redeemed

9 Rights of Deferred Share

The Deferred Share so designated by Special Resolution of the Company passed on 29 August 2006 shall have all the rights of an Ordinary Share as set out in these Articles, save that

- (a) the holder of the Deferred Share shall not be entitled to receive a dividend or other distribution or to have any other right to participate in the profits of the Company,
- (b) the holder of the Deferred Share shall have no right to attend or vote at any General Meeting of the Company, and
- (c) on a return of capital or winding up of the Company, the holder of the Deferred Share shall be entitled, subject to the payment to the holders of all other classes of shares of the amount paid up or credited as paid up on such shares, to repayment of the amounts paid up or credited as paid up on the Deferred Share, but shall have no further or other right to participate in the assets of the Company

10 Rights of Income Access Shares

- 10.1** The Income Access Shares so designated by Special Resolutions of the Company passed on 9 October 2006 and 29 October 2008 shall rank equally and *pari passu* in all respects

with the Ordinary Shares of the Company and shall have all the rights of such Ordinary Shares as set out in these Articles, save that

- (a) the holders of the Income Access Shares shall only be entitled to a dividend out of the distributable profits of the Company in such sum as may from time to time be determined by the directors in their discretion and irrespective of whether or not, and to what extent (if any) any dividends are paid in respect of any other class of share (including a sum to be determined in accordance with a formula prescribed by the directors), to be paid in such form and at such time as the directors may decide and shall have no right to any dividend solely by virtue of a dividend being announced by the Company on the Ordinary Shares,
- (b) on a winding up of the Company, the holders of the Income Access Shares shall be entitled to a return of the paid-up capital of the Income Access Shares in preference to the return of paid-up capital of any other class of share, but shall not be entitled to any portion of any surplus distributable to shareholders on any such winding up,
- (c) the Income Access Shares shall be redeemable at any time at the instance of the Company, provided that the Company has given not less than 10 days' written notice to the holders of the Income Access Shares of such redemption, in which event the redemption price shall be a sum equal to the paid-up capital of the Income Access Shares and the redemption price shall be payable on or after the expiry of the 10 day notice period against surrender of the certificates representing the Income Access Shares,
- (d) the Income Access Shares shall not be redeemed otherwise than out of distributable profits or the proceeds of a fresh issue of shares made for the purposes of the redemption or out of capital to the extent permitted by the Statutes, and
- (e) the Income Access Shares shall not be transferable except with the prior written approval of Experian plc, a company incorporated in Jersey with registered number 93905 and whose registered office is at 22 Grenville Street, St Helier, Jersey JE4 8PX, Channel Islands

10 2 Notwithstanding Article 10 1 above, the rights attached to the Income Access Shares may be varied if such variation is approved either in writing by the holders of three-fourths in nominal value of the issued Ordinary Shares of the Company or by a Special Resolution passed at a separate General Meeting of the holders of such issued Ordinary Shares and, for the avoidance of doubt, any variation to the rights attached to the Income Access Shares so approved shall not require the approval of the holders of the Income Access Shares

11 Directors' power to allot securities

Pursuant to and in accordance with Section 80 of the Companies Act 1985, the Directors shall be generally and unconditionally authorised to exercise all powers of the Company to allot relevant securities (as such expression is defined in Section 80 of the Companies Act 1985) up to a maximum aggregate of the number of authorised but unissued relevant securities in the capital of the Company (whether forming part of the original or any increased capital) but this authority shall not extend beyond such date as

shall be five years from the date of adoption of these Articles provided always that the Directors shall have power, notwithstanding that the date aforesaid shall have expired, to allot relevant securities in pursuance of an offer or agreement made before the expiry of such date as aforesaid as if the authority conferred hereby had not expired Section 89 of the Companies Act 1985 is hereby excluded in its application in relation to all allotments by the Company of equity securities as defined for the purposes of that Section

12 Commissions on issue of shares

The Company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by the Statutes to the full extent thereby permitted The Company may also on any issue of shares pay such brokerage as may be lawful

13 Renunciation of allotment

The Directors may at any time after the allotment of any share but before any person has been entered in the Register as the holder

- (a) recognise a renunciation thereof by the allottee in favour of some other person and accord to any allottee of a share a right to effect such renunciation, and/or
- (b) allow the rights represented thereby to be one or more participating securities,

in each case upon and subject to such terms and conditions as the Directors may think fit to impose

14 Trust etc. interests not recognised

Except as required by law or these Articles, no person shall be recognised by the Company as holding any share upon any trust, and the Company shall not be bound by or compelled in any way to recognise any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share, or any interest in any fractional part of a share, or (except only as by these Articles or by law otherwise provided) any other right in respect of any share, except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the holder

Share Certificates

15 Issue of share certificates

Every person (except a person to whom the Company is not required by law to issue a certificate) whose name is entered in the Register shall upon the issue or transfer to him of such shares be entitled without payment to a certificate therefor (in the case of issue) within one month (or such longer period as the terms of issue shall provide) after allotment or (in the case of a transfer of fully-paid shares) within five business days after lodgement of the transfer or (in the case of a transfer of partly-paid shares) within two months after lodgement of the transfer (or in the case of the surrender of a share warrant for cancellation) within two months of the surrender of the warrant

16 Form of share certificate

Every share certificate shall be executed by the Company in such manner as the Directors may decide (which may include use of the Seal or the Securities Seal (or, in the case of shares on a branch register, an official seal for use in the relevant territory) and/or manual or facsimile signatures by one or more Directors) and shall specify the number and class of shares to which it relates and the amount paid up thereon. No certificate shall be issued representing shares of more than one class.

17 Joint holders

In the case of a share held jointly by several persons the Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate therefor and delivery of a certificate to one of the joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all.

18 Replacement of share certificates

- 18.1** Any two or more certificates representing shares of any one class held by any member may at his request be cancelled and a single new certificate for such shares issued in lieu without charge
- 18.2** If any member shall surrender for cancellation a share certificate representing shares held by him and request the Company to issue in lieu two or more share certificates representing such shares in such proportions as he may specify, the Directors may, if they think fit, comply with such request
- 18.3** If a share certificate shall be damaged or defaced or alleged to have been lost, stolen or destroyed, a new certificate representing the same shares may be issued to the holder upon request subject to delivery up of the old certificate or (if alleged to have been lost, stolen or destroyed) compliance with such conditions as to evidence and indemnity and the payment of any exceptional out-of-pocket expenses of the Company in connection with the request as the Directors may think fit
- 18.4** In the case of shares held jointly by several persons any such request may be made by any one of the joint holders

Calls on Shares

19 Power to make calls

The Directors may from time to time make calls upon the members in respect of any moneys unpaid on their shares (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or, when permitted, by way of premium) but subject always to the terms of allotment of such shares. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorising the call was passed and may be made payable by instalments.

20 Liability for calls

Each member shall (subject to being given at least 14 days' notice in writing specifying the time or times and place of payment) pay to the Company at the time or times and place so

specified the amount called on his shares. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof. A call may be wholly or partly revoked or postponed as the Directors may determine.

21 Interest on overdue amounts

If a sum called in respect of a share is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment thereof, the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest on the sum from the day appointed for payment thereof to the time of actual payment at such rate (not exceeding 15 per cent per annum) as the Directors determine but the Directors shall be at liberty in any case or cases to waive payment of such interest wholly or in part.

22 Other sums due on shares

Any sum (whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium) which by the terms of allotment of a share becomes payable upon allotment or at any fixed date shall for all the purposes of these Articles be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date on which by the terms of allotment the same becomes payable. In case of non-payment all the relevant provisions of these Articles as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as if such sum had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

23 Power to differentiate between holders

The Directors may on the allotment of shares differentiate between the holders as to the amount of calls to be paid and the times of payment.

24 Payment of calls in advance

The Directors may if they think fit receive from any member willing to advance the same all or any part of the moneys (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium) uncalled and unpaid upon the shares held by him and such payment in advance of calls shall extinguish *pro tanto* the liability upon the shares in respect of which it is made and upon the money so received (until and to the extent that the same would but for such advance become payable) the Company may pay interest at such rate as the member paying such sum and the Directors may agree.

Forfeiture and Lien

25 Notice on failure to pay a call

- 25.1** If a member fails to pay in full any call or instalment of a call on or before the due date for payment thereof, the Directors may at any time thereafter serve a notice in writing on him requiring payment of so much of the call or instalment as is unpaid together with any interest which may have accrued thereon and any expenses incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.
- 25.2** The notice shall name a further day (not being less than seven days from the date of service of the notice) on or before which and the place where the payment required by the

notice is to be made, and shall state that in the event of non-payment in accordance therewith the shares on which the call has been made will be liable to be forfeited

26 Forfeiture for non-compliance

If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of all calls and interest and expenses due in respect thereof has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Directors to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends declared in respect of the forfeited share and not actually paid before forfeiture. The Directors may accept a surrender of any share liable to be forfeited hereunder

27 Disposal of forfeited shares

A share so forfeited or surrendered shall become the property of the Company and may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of either to the person who was before such forfeiture or surrender the holder thereof or entitled thereto or to any other person upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit and at any time before a sale, re-allotment or disposal the forfeiture or surrender may be cancelled on such terms as the Directors think fit. The Directors may, if necessary, authorise some person to transfer a forfeited or surrendered share to any such other person as aforesaid

28 Holder to remain liable despite forfeiture

A person whose shares have been forfeited or surrendered shall cease to be a member in respect of the shares. He shall surrender to the Company for cancellation the certificate for such shares. He shall nevertheless remain liable to pay to the Company all moneys which at the date of forfeiture or surrender were presently payable by him to the Company in respect of the shares with interest thereon at 15 per cent per annum (or such lower rate as the Directors may determine) from the date of forfeiture or surrender until payment. The Directors may at their absolute discretion enforce payment without any allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture or surrender or for any consideration received on their disposal. They may also waive payment in whole or in part

29 Lien on partly-paid shares

The Company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share (not being a fully-paid share) for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such share and the Directors may waive any lien which has arisen and may resolve that any share shall for some limited period be exempt wholly or partially from the provisions of this Article

30 Sale of shares subject to lien

The Company may sell in such manner as the Directors think fit any share on which the Company has a lien, but no sale shall be made unless some sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable nor until the expiration of 14 days after a notice in writing demanding payment of the sum presently payable and giving notice of intention to sell the share in default of payment shall have been given to the holder for the time being of the

share or the person entitled thereto by reason of his death or bankruptcy or otherwise by operation of law

31 Proceeds of sale of shares subject to lien

The net proceeds of such sale after payment of the costs of such sale shall be applied in or towards payment or satisfaction of the amount in respect whereof the lien exists so far as the same is then payable and any residue shall, upon surrender to the Company for cancellation of the certificate for the shares sold and subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the shares prior to the sale, be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the time of the sale. For the purpose of giving effect to any such sale the Directors may authorise some person to transfer the shares sold to, or in accordance with the directions of, the purchaser

32 Evidence of forfeiture

A statutory declaration that the declarant is a Director or the Secretary and that a share has been duly forfeited or surrendered or sold to satisfy a lien of the Company on a date stated in the declaration shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share. Such declaration shall (subject to the relevant share transfer being made, if the same be required) constitute a good title to the share. The person to whom the share is sold, re-allotted or disposed of shall not be bound to see to the application of the consideration (if any). The title of such person to the share shall not be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings relating to the forfeiture, surrender, sale, re-allotment or disposal of the share

Variation of Rights

33 Manner of variation of rights

33.1 Whenever the share capital of the Company is divided into different classes of shares, all or any of the special rights attached to any class may, subject to the provisions of the Statutes, be varied or abrogated

- (a) in such manner (if any) as may be provided by such special rights,
- (b) with the consent in writing of the holders of three-quarters in nominal value of the issued shares of the class, or
- (c) with the sanction of a Special Resolution passed at a separate meeting of the holders of the shares of the class,

and may be so varied or abrogated either whilst the Company is a going concern or during or in contemplation of a winding-up

33.2 To every such separate meeting all the provisions of these Articles relating to General Meetings and to the proceedings thereat shall *mutatis mutandis* apply, except that

- (a) the necessary quorum at such separate meeting shall be one person holding or representing by proxy shares of the class,

- (b) any holder of shares of the class present in person or by proxy may demand a poll, and
 - (c) every such holder shall on a poll have one vote for every share of the class held by him
- 33.3** The foregoing provisions of this Article shall apply to the variation or abrogation of the special rights attached to some only of the shares of any class as if each group of shares of the class differently treated formed a separate class the special rights whereof are to be varied

34 Matters not constituting variation of rights

The special rights attached to any class of shares shall not unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue thereof be deemed to be varied by

- (a) the creation or issue of further shares ranking *pari passu* therewith but in no respect in priority thereto, or
- (b) the purchase or redemption by the Company of any of its own shares

Transfer of Shares

35 Form of transfer

All transfers of shares may be effected by transfer in writing in any usual or common form or in any other form acceptable to the Directors and may be under hand only. The instrument of transfer shall be signed by or on behalf of the transferor and (except in the case of fully-paid shares) by or on behalf of the transferee. The transferor shall remain the holder of the shares concerned until the name of the transferee is entered in the Register in respect thereof. All instruments of transfer which are registered may be retained by the Company.

36 Balance certificate

Where some only of the shares comprised in a share certificate are transferred the old certificate shall be cancelled and a new certificate for the balance of such shares issued in lieu without charge.

37 Right to refuse registration

37.1 The Directors may decline to recognise any instrument of transfer unless

- (a) it is in respect of only one class of share,
- (b) it is lodged (duly stamped if required) at the Transfer Office accompanied by the relevant share certificate(s), and
- (c) when lodged it is accompanied by such other evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer or, if the instrument of transfer is executed by some other person on his behalf, the authority of that person to do so

- 37.2** The Directors may in their absolute discretion refuse to register any transfer of shares (not being fully-paid shares)
- 37.3** The Directors may also refuse to register an allotment or transfer of shares (whether fully-paid or not) in favour of more than four persons jointly
- 37.4** If the Directors refuse to register an allotment or transfer of shares they shall as soon as practicable and in any event within two months after the date on which the letter of allotment or instrument of transfer was lodged with the Company send to the allottee or transferee notice in writing of the refusal giving reasons for the refusal

38 No fee on registration

No fee will be charged by the Company in respect of the registration of any transfer or other document relating to or affecting the title to any shares or otherwise for making any entry in the Register affecting the title to any shares

Transmission of Shares

39 Persons entitled on death

In case of the death of a member, the survivors or survivor where the deceased was a joint holder, and the executors or administrators of the deceased where he was a sole or only surviving holder, shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to his interest in the shares, but nothing in this Article shall release the estate of a deceased member (whether sole or joint) from any liability in respect of any share held by him

40 Election by persons entitled by transmission

A person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member or otherwise by operation of law may (subject as hereinafter provided) upon supplying to the Company such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show his title to the share either be registered himself as holder of the share upon giving to the Company notice in writing to that effect or transfer such share to some other person. All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these Articles relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the notice or transfer were a transfer made by the member registered as the holder of any such share

41 Rights of persons entitled by transmission

Save as otherwise provided by or in accordance with these Articles, a person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member or otherwise by operation of law (upon supplying to the Company such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show his title to the share) shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages as those to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share except that he shall not be entitled in respect thereof (except with the authority of the Directors) to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to

shareholders' meetings until he shall have been registered as a member in respect of the share

Untraced Shareholders

42 Untraced Shareholders

42.1 The Company shall be entitled to sell at the best price reasonably obtainable at the time of sale the shares of a member or the shares to which a person is entitled by virtue of transmission on death or bankruptcy or otherwise by operation of law if and provided that

- (a) during the period of 12 years prior to the date of the publication of the advertisements referred to in paragraph 42.1(b) below (or, if published on different dates, the first thereof) at least three dividends in respect of the shares have become payable and no dividend in respect of those shares has been claimed,
- (b) the Company shall on expiry of such period of 12 years have inserted advertisements in both a national newspaper and in a newspaper circulating in the area in which the last known postal address of the member or the postal address at which service of notices may be effected under these Articles is located giving notice of its intention to sell the said shares, and
- (c) during the period of three months following the publication of such advertisements the Company shall have received no communication from such member or person

42.2 To give effect to any such sale the Company may appoint any person to transfer, as transferor, the said shares and such transfer shall be as effective as if it had been carried out by the registered holder of or person entitled by transmission to such shares and the title of the transferee shall not be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings relating thereto. The net proceeds of sale shall belong to the Company which shall be obliged to account to the former member or other person previously entitled as aforesaid for an amount equal to such proceeds and shall enter the name of such former member or other person in the books of the Company as a creditor for such amount which shall be a permanent debt of the Company. No trust shall be created in respect of the debt, no interest shall be payable in respect of the same and the Company shall not be required to account for any money earned on the net proceeds, which may be employed in the business of the Company or invested in such investments (other than shares of the Company or its holding company if any) as the Directors may from time to time think fit

General Meetings

43 Annual General Meetings

An Annual General Meeting shall be held in each period of 6 months beginning with the day following the Company's accounting reference date, at such place, date and time as may be determined by the Directors

44 Convening of General Meetings

The Directors may whenever they think fit, and shall on requisition in accordance with the Statutes, proceed to convene a General Meeting

Notice of General Meetings

45 Notice of General Meetings

- 45.1** An Annual General Meeting shall be called by notice of at least 21 days
- 45.2** Any other General Meeting shall be called by notice of at least 14 days
- 45.3** The period of notice shall in either case be exclusive of the day on which it is served or deemed to be served and of the day on which the meeting is to be held
- 45.4** Notice shall be given to all members other than such as are not, under the provisions of these Articles or the terms of issue of the shares they hold, entitled to receive such notices from the Company. The Directors may determine that only those persons entered on the Register at the close of business on a day determined by them, such day being no more than 21 days before the day that notice of the meeting is sent, shall be entitled to receive such a notice
- 45.5** A General Meeting, notwithstanding that it has been called by a shorter notice than that specified above, shall be deemed to have been duly called if it is so agreed
 - (a) in the case of an Annual General Meeting, by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat, and
 - (b) in the case of any other General Meeting, by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote thereat, being a majority together holding not less than 95 per cent of the total voting rights of the members who have that right

46 Contents of notice of General Meetings

- 46.1** Every notice calling a General Meeting shall specify the place, date and time of the meeting
- 46.2** There shall appear with reasonable prominence in every such notice a statement that
 - (a) a member is entitled to appoint another person as his proxy to exercise all or any of his rights to attend and to speak and vote, and
 - (b) that a proxy need not be a member of the Company
- 46.3** The notice shall specify the general nature of the business to be transacted at the meeting, and if any resolution is to be proposed as a Special Resolution, the notice shall contain a statement to that effect
- 46.4** In the case of an Annual General Meeting, the notice shall also specify the meeting as such
- 46.5** For the purposes of determining which persons are entitled to attend or vote at a meeting, and how many votes such persons may cast, the Company may specify in the notice of the meeting a time, not more than 48 hours before the time fixed for the meeting, by which a

person must be entered on the Register in order to have the right to attend or vote at the meeting

Proceedings at General Meetings

47 Chairman

At any General Meeting the Chairman of the Directors, failing whom a Deputy Chairman, failing whom any Director present and willing to act and, if more than one, chosen by the Directors present at the meeting, shall preside as chairman. If no Director is present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting and willing to act as chairman, a member may be elected to be the chairman by a resolution of the Company passed at the meeting

48 Quorum

No business other than the appointment of a chairman shall be transacted at any General Meeting unless a quorum is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business. Except as otherwise provided by these Articles one holder of one or more Ordinary Shares present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote shall be a quorum for all purposes

49 Lack of quorum

If within five minutes from the time appointed for a General Meeting (or such longer interval as the chairman of the meeting may think fit to allow) a quorum is not present, or if during the meeting a quorum ceases to be present, the meeting, if convened on the requisition of members, shall be dissolved. In any other case it shall stand adjourned to such day, time and place as may have been specified for the purpose in the notice convening the meeting or (if not so specified) as the chairman of the meeting may determine

50 Adjournment

The chairman of any General Meeting at which a quorum is present may with the consent of the meeting (and shall if so directed by the meeting) adjourn the meeting from time to time (or *sine die*) and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting except business which might lawfully have been transacted at the meeting from which the adjournment took place. Where a meeting is adjourned *sine die*, the time and place for the adjourned meeting shall be fixed by the Directors

51 Notice of adjourned meeting

When a meeting is adjourned for 30 days or more or *sine die*, not less than seven days' notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given in accordance, *mutatis mutandis*, with Articles 45 and 46. Otherwise it shall not be necessary to give any such notice

52 Amendments to resolutions

If an amendment shall be proposed to any resolution under consideration but shall in good faith be ruled out of order by the chairman of the meeting the proceedings on the substantive resolution shall not be invalidated by any error in such ruling. In the case of a resolution duly proposed as a Special Resolution, no amendment thereto (other than a mere clerical amendment to correct a patent error) may in any event be considered or voted upon.

Polls

53 Demand for poll

53.1 At any General Meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is (before the resolution is put to the vote on a show of hands, or on the declaration of the result of, the show of hands) demanded by

- (a) the chairman of the meeting, or
- (b) not less than three members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote, or
- (c) a member or members present in person or by proxy and representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting, or
- (d) a member or members present in person or by proxy and holding shares in the Company conferring a right to vote at the meeting being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one-tenth of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right

53.2 A demand for a poll may, before the poll is taken, be withdrawn but only with the consent of the chairman. A demand so withdrawn shall not be taken to have invalidated the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made.

54 Procedure on a poll

A poll shall be taken in such manner (including by use of ballot or voting papers or electronic means, or any combination thereof) as the chairman of the meeting may direct, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded. The chairman of the meeting may (and if so directed by the meeting shall) appoint scrutineers (who need not be members) and may adjourn the meeting to some place and time fixed by him for the purpose of declaring the result of the poll.

55 Voting on a poll

On a poll votes may be given either personally or by proxy and a person entitled to more than one vote need not use all his votes or cast all the votes he uses in the same way.

56 Timing of poll

A poll demanded on the choice of a chairman or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken either immediately or at such subsequent time (not being more than 30 days from the date of the meeting) and place as the chairman may direct. No notice need be given of a poll not taken immediately. The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of the meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll has been demanded.

Votes of Members

57 Votes attaching to shares

Subject to Articles 46 and 60 and to any special rights or restrictions as to voting attached by or in accordance with these Articles to any class of shares

- (a) on a show of hands every member who is present in person and every proxy present who has been duly appointed by a member entitled to vote on the resolution shall have one vote, and
- (b) on a poll every member who is present in person or by proxy shall have one vote for every share of which he is the holder

58 Votes of joint holders

In the case of joint holders of a share the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders and for this purpose seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the Register in respect of the share

59 Restriction on voting in particular circumstances

- 59.1** No member shall, unless the Directors otherwise determine, be entitled in respect of any share held by him to vote either personally or by proxy at a shareholders' meeting or to exercise any other right conferred by membership in relation to shareholders' meetings if any call or other sum presently payable by him to the Company in respect of that share remains unpaid
- 59.2** If any member, or any other person appearing to be interested in shares (within the meaning of Part 22 of the Companies Act 2006) held by such member, has been duly served with a notice under Section 793 of the Companies Act 2006 and is in default for a period of 14 days in supplying to the Company the information thereby required, then (unless the Directors otherwise determine) in respect of
 - (a) the shares comprising the shareholding account in the Register which comprises or includes the shares in relation to which the default occurred (all or the relevant number as appropriate of such shares being the "default shares", which expression shall include any further shares which are issued in respect of such shares), and
 - (b) any other shares held by the member,

the member shall not (for so long as the default continues) nor shall any transferee to whom any of such shares are transferred (other than pursuant to an approved transfer or pursuant to paragraph 59 3(b) below) be entitled to attend or vote either personally or by proxy at a shareholders' meeting or to exercise any other right conferred by membership in relation to shareholders' meetings

59.3 Where the default shares represent 0.25 per cent or more of the issued shares of the class in question, the Directors may in their absolute discretion by notice in writing (a "direction notice") to such member direct that

- (a) any dividend or part thereof or other money which would otherwise be payable in respect of the default shares shall be retained by the Company without any liability to pay interest thereon when such dividend or other money is finally paid to the member and the member shall not be entitled to elect to receive shares in lieu of dividend, and/or
- (b) no transfer of any of the shares held by such member shall be registered unless the transfer is an approved transfer or
 - (i) the member is not himself in default as regards supplying the information required, and
 - (ii) the transfer is of part only of the member's holding and, when presented for registration, is accompanied by a certificate by the member in a form satisfactory to the Directors to the effect that after due and careful enquiry the member is satisfied that none of the shares the subject of the transfer are default shares

Upon the giving of a direction notice its terms shall apply accordingly

59.4 The Company shall send to each other person appearing to be interested in the shares the subject of any direction notice a copy of the notice, but the failure or omission by the Company to do so shall not invalidate such notice

59.5 Save as herein provided any direction notice shall have effect in accordance with its terms for so long as the default in respect of which the direction notice was issued continues and shall cease to have effect thereafter upon the Directors so determining (such determination to be made within a period of one week of the default being duly remedied, with notice in writing thereof being given to the member forthwith)

59.6 Any direction notice shall cease to have effect in relation to any shares which are transferred by such member by means of an approved transfer or in accordance with paragraph 59 3(b) above

59.7 For the purposes of this Article

- (a) a person shall be treated as appearing to be interested in any shares if the member holding such shares has been served with a notice under the said Section 793 and either (i) the member has named such person as being so interested or (ii) (after taking into account the response of the member to the said notice and any other relevant information) the Company knows or has reasonable cause to believe that the person in question is or may be interested in the shares, and
- (b) a transfer of shares is an "approved transfer" if

- (i) it is a transfer of shares to an offeror by way or in pursuance of acceptance of a takeover offer (as defined in Section 974 of the Companies Act 2006), or
- (ii) the Directors are satisfied that the transfer is made pursuant to a bona fide sale of the whole of the beneficial ownership of the shares to a party unconnected with the member or with any person appearing to be interested in such shares. For the purposes of this sub-paragraph any associate (as that term is defined in Section 435 of the Insolvency Act 1986) shall be included amongst the persons who are connected with the member or any person appearing to be interested in such shares

59.8 The provisions of this Article are in addition and without prejudice to the provisions of the Companies Acts

60 Voting by guardian

Where in England or elsewhere a guardian, receiver or other person (by whatever name called) has been appointed by any court claiming jurisdiction in that behalf to exercise powers with respect to the property or affairs of any member on the ground (however formulated) of mental disorder, the Directors may in their absolute discretion, upon or subject to production of such evidence of the appointment as the Directors may require, permit such guardian, receiver or other person on behalf of such member to vote in person or by proxy at any shareholders' meeting or to exercise any other right conferred by membership in relation to shareholders' meetings

61 Validity and result of vote

- 61.1** No objection shall be raised as to the qualification of any voter or the admissibility of any vote except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote is tendered. Every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes. Any such objection shall be referred to the chairman of the meeting, whose decision shall be final and conclusive
- 61.2** On a vote on a resolution at a meeting on a show of hands, a declaration by the Chairman that the resolution

- (a) has or has not been passed, or
- (b) passed with a particular majority,

is conclusive evidence of that fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the resolution. An entry in respect of such a declaration in minutes of the meeting recorded in accordance with the Companies Acts is also conclusive evidence of that fact without such proof. This Article does not have effect if a poll is demanded in respect of the resolution (and the demand is not subsequently withdrawn)

Proxies and Corporate Representatives

62 Appointment of proxies

- 62.1** A member is entitled to appoint a proxy or (subject to Article 62.3) proxies to exercise all or any of his rights to attend and to speak and vote at a meeting of the Company
- 62.2** A proxy need not be a member of the Company
- 62.3** A member may appoint more than one proxy in relation to a meeting provided that each proxy is appointed to exercise the rights attached to a different share or shares held by him

63 Form of proxy

The appointment of a proxy must be in writing in any usual or common form or in any other form which the Directors may approve and

- (a) in the case of an individual must either be signed by the appointor or his attorney or authenticated in accordance with Article 132, and
- (b) in the case of a corporation must be either given under its common seal or be signed on its behalf by an attorney or a duly authorised officer of the corporation or authenticated in accordance with Article 132

Any signature on or authentication of such appointment need not be witnessed. Where an appointment of a proxy is signed or authenticated in accordance with Article 132 on behalf of the appointor by an attorney, the power of attorney or a copy thereof certified notarially or in some other way approved by the Directors must (failing previous registration with the Company) be submitted to the Company, failing which the appointment may be treated as invalid

64 Deposit of form of proxy

- 64.1** The appointment of a proxy (together with any supporting documentation required under Article 64) must be received at the address or one of the addresses (if any) specified for that purpose in, or by way of note to, or in any document accompanying, the notice convening the meeting (or if no address is so specified, at the Transfer Office)

- (a) in the case of a meeting or adjourned meeting, not less than 1 hour before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting to which it relates,
 - (b) in the case of a poll taken following the conclusion of a meeting or adjourned meeting, but not more than 48 hours after the poll was demanded, not less than 48 hours before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the poll was demanded, and
 - (c) in the case of a poll taken more than 48 hours after it was demanded, not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll,
- and in default shall not be treated as valid

- 64.2** The Directors may at their discretion determine that, in calculating the periods mentioned in Article 64.1, no account shall be taken of any part of any day that is not a working day (within the meaning of Section 1173 of the Companies Act 2006)
- 64.3** The appointment of a proxy shall, unless the contrary is stated thereon, be as valid for any adjournment of a meeting as it is for the meeting to which it relates. An appointment relating to more than one meeting (including any adjournment of any such meeting) having once been delivered in accordance with this Article 64 for the purposes of any such meeting does not need to be delivered again for the purposes of any subsequent meeting to which it relates

65 Rights of proxy

- 65.1** A proxy shall have the right to exercise all or any of the rights of his appointor, or (where more than one proxy is appointed) all or any of the rights attached to the shares in respect of which he is appointed the proxy to attend, and to speak and vote, at a meeting of the Company
- 65.2** Unless his appointment provides otherwise, a proxy may vote or abstain at his discretion on any resolution put to the vote at a shareholders' meeting

66 Termination of proxy's authority

- 66.1** Neither the death or insanity of a member who has appointed a proxy, nor the revocation or termination by a member of the appointment of a proxy (or of the authority under which the appointment was made), shall invalidate the proxy or the exercise of any the rights of the proxy thereunder, unless notice of such death, insanity, revocation or termination shall have been received by the Company in accordance with Article 66.2
- 66.2** Any such notice of death, insanity, revocation or termination must be received at the address or one of the addresses (if any) specified for receipt of proxies in, or by way of note to, or in any document accompanying, the notice convening the meeting to which the appointment of the proxy relates (or if no address is so specified, at the Transfer Office)
- (a) in the case of a meeting or adjourned meeting, not less than one hour before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting to which the proxy appointment relates,
 - (b) in the case of a poll taken following the conclusion of a meeting or adjourned meeting, but not more than 48 hours after it was demanded, not less than one hour before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the poll was demanded, or
 - (c) in the case of a poll taken more than 48 hours after it was demanded, not less than one hour before the time appointed for the taking of the poll

67 Corporations acting by representatives

Subject to the Statutes, any corporation which is a member of the Company may by resolution of its directors or other governing body authorise a person or persons to act as its representative or representatives at any shareholders' meeting

Directors

68 Number of Directors

Subject as hereinafter provided the Directors shall not be less than three nor more than twenty in number. The Company may by Ordinary Resolution from time to time vary the minimum number and/or maximum number of Directors.

69 Share qualification

A Director shall not be required to hold any shares of the Company by way of qualification. A Director who is not a member of the Company shall nevertheless be entitled to attend and speak at shareholders' meetings.

70 Directors' fees

- 70.1** The ordinary remuneration of the Directors shall from time to time be determined by the Directors except that such remuneration shall not exceed £500,000 per annum in aggregate or such higher amount as may from time to time be determined by Ordinary Resolution of the Company.
- 70.2** Such ordinary remuneration shall (unless otherwise provided by Ordinary Resolution) be divisible among the Directors as they may agree, or, failing agreement, equally, except that any Director who shall hold office for part only of the period in respect of which such remuneration is payable shall be entitled only to rank in such division for a proportion of remuneration related to the period during which he has held office.

71 Other remuneration of Directors

Any Director who holds any executive office or who serves on any committee of the Directors, or who otherwise performs services which in the opinion of the Directors are outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a Director, may be paid such extra remuneration by way of salary, commission or otherwise or may receive such other benefits as the Directors may determine.

72 Directors' expenses

The Directors may repay to any Director all such reasonable expenses as he may incur in attending and returning from meetings of the Directors or of any committee of the Directors or shareholders' meetings or otherwise in connection with the business of the Company.

73 Directors' pensions and other benefits

The Directors shall have power to pay and agree to pay gratuities, pensions or other retirement, superannuation, death or disability benefits to (or to any person in respect of) any Director or ex-Director and for the purpose of providing any such gratuities, pensions or other benefits to contribute to any scheme or fund or to pay premiums.

74 Appointment of executive Directors

- 74.1** The Directors may from time to time appoint one or more of their body to be the holder of any executive office (including, where considered appropriate, the office of Chairman or Deputy Chairman) on such terms and for such period as they may (subject to the provisions of the Statutes) determine and, without prejudice to the terms of any contract entered into in any particular case, may at any time revoke or vary the terms of any such appointment
- 74.2** The appointment of any Director to the office of Chairman or Deputy Chairman or Managing or Joint Managing or Deputy or Assistant Managing Director shall automatically determine if he ceases to be a Director but without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company
- 74.3** The appointment of any Director to any other executive office shall not automatically determine if he ceases from any cause to be a Director, unless the contract or resolution under which he holds office shall expressly state otherwise, in which event such determination shall be without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company

75 Powers of executive Directors

The Directors may entrust to and confer upon any Director holding any executive office any of the powers exercisable by them as Directors upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as they think fit, and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of their own powers, and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers

Appointment and Retirement of Directors

76 Retirement at Annual General Meetings

- 76.1** Each Director shall retire at the Annual General Meeting held in the third calendar year following the year in which he was elected or last re-elected by the Company
- 76.2** Each Director (other than the Chairman and any director holding an executive office) shall retire at each Annual General Meeting following the ninth anniversary of the date on which he was elected by the Company
- 76.3** A Director who retires at any Annual General Meeting shall be eligible for election or re-election unless the Directors otherwise determine

77 Re-election of retiring Director

The Company at the meeting at which a Director retires under any provision of these Articles may by Ordinary Resolution fill the office being vacated by electing thereto the retiring Director (if eligible for re-election) or some other person eligible for election. In the absence of such a resolution the retiring Director shall nevertheless be deemed to have been re-elected except in any of the following cases

- (a) where at such meeting a resolution for the re-election of such Director is put to the meeting and lost, or it is expressly resolved not to fill the office being vacated,
- (b) where such Director is ineligible for re-election or has given notice in writing to the Company that he is unwilling to be re-elected, or
- (c) where a resolution to elect such Director is void by reason of contravention of the next following Article

The retirement shall not have effect until the conclusion of the meeting except where a resolution is passed to elect some other person in the place of the retiring Director or a resolution for his re-election is put to the meeting and lost and accordingly a retiring Director who is re-elected or deemed to have been re-elected will continue in office without a break

78 Election of two or more Directors

A resolution for the election of two or more persons as Directors by a single resolution shall not be moved at any General Meeting unless a resolution that it shall be so moved has first been agreed to by the meeting without any vote being given against it Any resolution moved in contravention of this provision shall be void

79 Nomination of Director for election

No person other than a Director retiring at the meeting shall, unless recommended by the Directors for election, be eligible for election as a Director at any General Meeting unless not less than 14 nor more than 35 days (inclusive of the date on which the notice is given) before the date appointed for the meeting there shall have been lodged at the Office

- (a) notice in writing signed or authenticated in accordance with Article 132 by some member (other than the person to be proposed) duly qualified to attend and vote at the meeting for which such notice is given of his intention to propose such person for election, and
- (b) notice in writing signed (or authenticated in accordance with Article 132) by the person to be proposed of his willingness to be elected

80 Election or appointment of additional Director

The Company may by Ordinary Resolution elect, and without prejudice thereto the Directors shall have power at any time to appoint, any person to be a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an additional Director, but so that the total number of Directors shall not thereby exceed the maximum number (if any) fixed by or in accordance with these Articles Any person so appointed by the Directors shall retire at the next Annual General Meeting and shall then be eligible for election

81 Vacation of office

The office of a Director shall be vacated in any of the following events, namely

- (a) if he shall become prohibited by law from acting as a Director,

- (b) if he shall resign by writing under his hand left at the Office or if he shall in writing offer to resign and the Directors shall resolve to accept such offer,
- (c) if he shall have a bankruptcy order made against him or shall compound with his creditors generally or shall apply to the court for an interim order under Section 253 of the Insolvency Act 1986 in connection with a voluntary arrangement under that Act,
- (d) if in England or elsewhere an order shall be made by any court claiming jurisdiction in that behalf on the ground (however formulated) of mental disorder for his detention or for the appointment of a guardian or for the appointment of a receiver or other person (by whatever name called) to exercise powers with respect to his property or affairs,
- (e) if he shall be absent from meetings of the Directors for six months without leave and the Directors shall resolve that his office be vacated,
- (f) if a notice in writing is served upon him, signed by all his co-Directors for the time being, to the effect that his office as Director shall on receipt (or deemed receipt) of such notice *ipso facto* be vacated, but so that if he holds an appointment to an executive office which thereby automatically determines such removal shall be deemed an act of the Company and shall have effect without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company, or
- (g) in the case of a director other than the Chairman and any director holding an executive office, if the Directors shall resolve to require him to resign in accordance with paragraph (b) above and within 30 days of such resolution, he shall fail to do so

82 Removal of Director

The Company may, in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the Statutes, by Ordinary Resolution of which special notice has been given remove any Director from office (notwithstanding any provision of these Articles or of any agreement between the Company and such Director, but without prejudice to any claim he may have for damages for breach of any such agreement) and elect another person in place of a Director so removed from office

Meetings and Proceedings of Directors

83 Convening of meetings of Directors

- 83.1** Subject to the provisions of these Articles the Directors may meet together for the despatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their proceedings as they think fit. At any time any Director may, and the Secretary at the request of a Director shall, call a meeting of the Directors. It shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting of Directors to any Director for the time being absent from the United Kingdom. Any Director may waive notice of any meeting and any such waiver may be retroactive

83.2 The Directors shall be deemed to meet together if, being in separate locations, they are nonetheless linked by conference telephone or other communication equipment which allows those participating to hear and speak to each other, and a quorum in that event shall be two Directors so linked. Such a meeting shall be deemed to take place where the largest group of Directors participating is assembled or, if there is no such group, where the chairman of the meeting then is

84 Quorum

The quorum necessary for the transaction of business of the Directors may be fixed from time to time by the Directors and unless so fixed at any other number shall be two. A meeting of the Directors at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all powers and discretions for the time being exercisable by the Directors.

85 Chairman

- 85.1** The Directors may elect from their number a Chairman and a Deputy Chairman (or two or more Deputy Chairmen) and determine the period for which each is to hold office. If no Chairman or Deputy Chairman shall have been appointed or if at any meeting of the Directors no Chairman or Deputy Chairman shall be present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the Directors present may choose one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.
- 85.2** If at any time there is more than one Deputy Chairman the right in the absence of the Chairman to preside at a meeting of the Directors or of the Company shall be determined as between the Deputy Chairmen present (if more than one) by seniority in length of appointment or otherwise as resolved by the Directors.

86 Casting vote

Questions arising at any meeting of the Directors shall be determined by a majority of votes. In the case of an equality of votes, the chairman of the meeting shall have a second or casting vote.

87 Number of Directors below minimum

The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancies, but if and so long as the number of Directors is reduced below the minimum number fixed by or in accordance with these Articles the continuing Directors or Director may act for the purpose of filling such vacancies or of summoning General Meetings, but not for any other purpose. If there be no Directors or Director able or willing to act, then any two members may summon a General Meeting for the purpose of appointing Directors.

88 Directors' written resolutions

- 88.1** A Directors' written resolution is adopted when all the Directors entitled to vote on such resolution have
- (a) signed one or more copies of it, or

- (b) otherwise indicated their agreement to it in writing
- 88.2** A Directors' written resolution is not adopted if the number of Directors who have signed it is less than the quorum for Directors' meetings
- 88.3** Once a Directors' written resolution has been adopted, it must be treated as if it had been a resolution passed at a Directors' meeting in accordance with the Articles

89 Validity of proceedings

All acts done by any meeting of Directors, or of any committee or sub-committee of the Directors, or by any person acting as a member of any such committee or sub-committee, shall as regards all persons dealing in good faith with the Company, notwithstanding that there was some defect in the appointment of any Director or any of the persons acting as aforesaid, or that any such persons were disqualified or had vacated office, or were not entitled to vote, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a Director or member of the committee or sub-committee and had been entitled to vote

Directors' Interests

90 Authorisation of Directors' interests

- 90.1** For the purposes of Section 175 of the Companies Act 2006, the Directors shall have the power to authorise any matter which would or might otherwise constitute or give rise to a breach of the duty of a Director under that Section to avoid a situation in which he has, or can have, a direct or indirect interest that conflicts, or possibly may conflict, with the interests of the Company
- 90.2** Authorisation of a matter under this Article shall be effective only if
- 90.2.1 the matter in question shall have been proposed in writing for consideration at a meeting of the Directors, in accordance with the Board's normal procedures or in such other manner as the Directors may determine,
- 90.2.2 any requirement as to the quorum at the meeting of the Directors at which the matter is considered is met without counting the Director in question and any other interested Director (together the "Interested Directors"), and
- 90.2.3 the matter was agreed to without the Interested Directors voting or would have been agreed to if the votes of the Interested Directors had not been counted

90.3 Any authorisation of a matter under this Article may

- (a) extend to any actual or potential conflict of interest which may arise out of the matter so authorised,
- (b) be subject to such conditions or limitations as the Directors may determine, whether at the time such authorisation is given or subsequently,
- (c) be terminated by the Directors at any time,

and a Director shall comply with any obligations imposed on him by the Directors pursuant to any such authorisation

- 90.4** A Director shall not, save as otherwise agreed by him, be accountable to the Company for any benefit which he (or a person connected with him) derives from any matter authorised by the Directors under this Article and any contract, transaction or arrangement relating thereto shall not be liable to be avoided on the grounds of any such benefit
- 90.5** This Article does not apply to a conflict of interest arising in relation to a transaction or arrangement with the Company

91 Permitted Interests

- 91.1** Subject to compliance with Article 91.2, a Director, notwithstanding his office, may have an interest of the following kind
- (a) where a Director (or a person connected with him) is a director or other officer of, or employed by, or otherwise interested (including by the holding of shares) in any Relevant Company,
 - (b) where a Director (or a person connected with him) is a party to, or otherwise interested in, any contract, transaction or arrangement with a Relevant Company, or in which the Company is otherwise interested,
 - (c) where the Director (or a person connected with him) acts (or any firm of which he is a partner, employee or member acts) act in a professional capacity for any Relevant Company (other than as Auditor) whether or not he or it is remunerated therefor,
 - (d) where a Director is or becomes a director of any other company in which the Company does not have an interest if that cannot reasonably be regarded as likely to give rise to a conflict of interest at the time of his appointment as director of that other Company,
 - (e) an interest which cannot reasonably be regarded as likely to give rise to a conflict of interest,
 - (f) an interest, or a transaction or arrangement giving rise to an interest, of which the Director is not aware, or
 - (g) any other interest authorised by Ordinary Resolution

No authorisation under Article 90 shall be necessary in respect of any such interest

- 91.2** A Director shall declare the nature and extent of any interest permitted under Article 91.1, and not falling with Article 91.3, at a meeting of the Directors or in such other manner as the Directors may determine
- 91.3** No declaration of an interest shall be required by a Director in relation to an interest
- (a) falling within paragraph (e) or (f) of Article 91.1,
 - (b) if, or to the extent that, the other Directors are already aware of such interest (and for this purpose the other Directors are treated as aware of anything of which they ought reasonably to be aware), or
 - (c) if, or to the extent that, it concerns the terms of his service contract (as defined in Section 227 of the Companies Act 2006) that have been or are to be considered

by a meeting of the Directors, or by a committee of Directors appointed for the purpose under these Articles

91.4 A Director shall not, save as otherwise agreed by him, be accountable to the Company for any benefit which he (or a person connected with him) derives from any such contract, transaction or arrangement or from any such office or employment or from any interest in any Relevant Company or for such remuneration, each as referred to in Article 91.1, and no such contract, transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the grounds of any such interest or benefit

91.5 For the purposes of this Article, "Relevant Company" shall mean

- (a) the Company,
- (b) a subsidiary undertaking of the Company,
- (c) any holding company of the Company or a subsidiary undertaking of any such holding company,
- (d) any body corporate promoted by the Company, or
- (e) any body corporate in which the Company is otherwise interested

92 **Restrictions on quorum and voting**

92.1 Save as provided in this Article, and whether or not the interest is one which is authorised pursuant to Article 90 or permitted under Article 91, a Director shall not be entitled to vote on any resolution in respect of any contract, transaction or arrangement, or any other proposal, in which he (or a person connected with him) is interested. Any vote of a Director in respect of a matter where he is not entitled to vote shall be disregarded

92.2 A Director shall not be counted in the quorum at a meeting of the Directors in relation to any resolution on which he is not entitled to vote

92.3 Subject to the provisions of the Statutes, a Director shall (in the absence of some other interest than is set out below) be entitled to vote, and be counted in the quorum, in respect of any resolution concerning any contracts, transaction or arrangements, or any other proposal

- (a) in which he has an interest of which he is not aware,
- (b) in which he has an interest which cannot reasonably be regarded as likely to give rise to a conflict of interest,
- (c) in which he has an interest only by virtue of interests in shares, debentures or other securities of the Company, or by reason of any other interest in or through the Company,
- (d) which involves the giving of any security, guarantee or indemnity to the Director or any other person in respect of (i) money lent or obligations incurred by him or by any other person at the request of or for the benefit of the Company or any of its subsidiary undertakings or (ii) a debt or other obligation of the Company or any of its subsidiary undertakings for which he himself has assumed responsibility in whole or in part under a guarantee or indemnity or by the giving of security,

- (e) concerning an offer of shares or debentures or other securities of or by the Company or any of its subsidiary undertakings (i) in which offer he is or may be entitled to participate as a holder of securities or (ii) in the underwriting or sub-underwriting of which he is to participate,
 - (f) concerning any other body corporate in which he is interested, directly or indirectly and whether as an officer, shareholder, creditor, employee or otherwise, provided that he (together with persons connected with him) is not the holder of, or beneficially interested in, one per cent or more of the issued equity share capital of any class of such body corporate or of the voting rights available to members of the relevant body corporate,
 - (g) relating to an arrangement for the benefit of the employees or former employees of the Company or any of its subsidiary undertakings which does not award him any privilege or benefit not generally awarded to the employees or former employees to whom such arrangement relates,
 - (h) concerning the purchase or maintenance by the Company of insurance for any liability for the benefit of Directors or for the benefit of persons who include Directors,
 - (i) concerning the giving of indemnities in favour of Directors,
 - (j) concerning the funding of expenditure by any Director or Directors on (i) defending criminal, civil or regulatory proceedings or action against him or them, (ii) in connection with an application to the court for relief, or (iii) defending him or them in any regulatory investigations,
 - (k) concerning the doing of anything to enable any Director or Directors to avoid incurring expenditure as described in paragraph (j), and
 - (l) in respect of which his interest, or the interest of Directors generally, has been authorised by Ordinary Resolution
- 92.4** Where proposals are under consideration concerning the appointment (including fixing or varying the terms of appointment) of two or more Directors to offices or employments with the Company or any body corporate in which the Company is interested, the proposals may be divided and considered in relation to each Director separately. In such case each of the Directors concerned (if not debarred from voting under paragraph (f) of Article 92.3 above) shall be entitled to vote, and be counted in the quorum, in respect of each resolution except that concerning his own appointment or the fixing or variation of the terms thereof
- 92.5** If a question arises at any time as to whether any interest of a Director prevents him from voting, or being counted in the quorum, under this Article, and such question is not resolved by his voluntarily agreeing to abstain from voting, such question shall be referred to the chairman of the meeting and his ruling in relation to any Director other than himself shall be final and conclusive except in a case where the nature or extent of the interest of such Director has not been fairly disclosed. If any such question shall arise in respect of the chairman of the meeting, the question shall be decided by resolution of the Directors and the resolution shall be conclusive except in a case where the nature or extent of the interest of the chairman of the meeting (so far as it is known to him) has not been fairly disclosed to the Directors

93 Confidential information

- 93.1** Subject to Article 93.2, if a Director, otherwise than by virtue of his position as Director, receives information in respect of which he owes a duty of confidentiality to a person other than the Company, he shall not be required
- (a) to disclose such information to the Company or to the Directors, or to any Director, officer or employee of the Company, or
 - (b) otherwise use or apply such confidential information for the purpose of or in connection with the performance of his duties as a Director
- 93.2** Where such duty of confidentiality arises out of a situation in which the Director has, or can have, a direct or indirect interest that conflicts, or possibly may conflict, with the interests of the Company, Article 93.1 shall apply only if the conflict arises out of a matter which has been authorised under Article 90 above or falls within Article 91 above
- 93.3** This Article is without prejudice to any equitable principle or rule of law which may excuse or release the Director from disclosing information, in circumstances where disclosure may otherwise be required under this Article

94 Directors' interests - general

- 94.1** For the purposes of Articles 90 to 94
- (a) an interest of a person who is connected with a Director shall be treated as an interest of the Director, and
 - (b) Section 252 of the Companies Act 2006 shall determine whether a person is connected with a Director
- 94.2** Where a Director has an interest which can reasonably be regarded as likely to give rise to a conflict of interest, the Director may, and shall if so requested by the Directors take such additional steps as may be necessary or desirable for the purpose of managing such conflict of interest, including compliance with any procedures laid down from time to time by the Directors for the purpose of managing conflicts of interest generally and/or any specific procedures approved by the Directors for the purpose of or in connection with the situation or matter in question, including without limitation
- (a) absenting himself from any meetings of the Directors at which the relevant situation or matter falls to be considered, and
 - (b) not reviewing documents or information made available to the Directors generally in relation to such situation or matter and/or arranging for such documents or information to be reviewed by a professional adviser to ascertain the extent to which it might be appropriate for him to have access to such documents or information
- 94.3** The Company may by Ordinary Resolution ratify any contract, transaction or arrangement, or other proposal, not properly authorised by reason of a contravention of any provisions of Articles 90 to 94

Committees of the Directors

95 Appointment and constitution of committees

The Directors may delegate any of their powers or discretions (including without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing all powers and discretions whose exercise involves or may involve the payment of remuneration to or the conferring of any other benefit on all or any of the Directors) to committees or, where appropriate, its subsidiaries Any such committee shall, unless the Directors otherwise resolve, have power to sub-delegate to sub-committees any of the powers or discretions delegated to it Any such committee or sub-committee shall consist of one or more Directors and (if thought fit) one or more other named person or persons to be co-opted as hereinafter provided Insofar as any such power or discretion is delegated to a committee or sub-committee, any reference in these Articles to the exercise by the Directors of the power or discretion so delegated shall be read and construed as if it were a reference to the exercise thereof by such committee or sub-committee Any committee or sub-committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations which may from time to time be imposed by the Directors Any such regulations may provide for or authorise the co-option to the committee or sub-committee of persons other than Directors and may provide for members who are not Directors to have voting rights as members of the committee or sub-committee

96 Proceedings of committee meetings

The meetings and proceedings of any such committee or sub-committee consisting of two or more persons shall be governed *mutatis mutandis* by the provisions of these Articles regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Directors, so far as the same are not superseded by any regulations made by the Directors under the last preceding Article

Powers of Directors

97 General powers

The business and affairs of the Company shall be managed by the Directors, who may exercise all such powers of the Company as are not by the Statutes or by these Articles required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting subject nevertheless to any regulations of these Articles, to the provisions of the Statutes and to such regulations as may be prescribed by Special Resolution of the Company, but no regulation so made by the Company shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made The general powers given by this Article shall not be limited or restricted by any special authority or power given to the Directors by any other Article

98 Provision for employees on cessation or transfer of business

The power exercisable by the Company by virtue only of sub-section (1) of Section 719 of the Companies Act 1985 shall be exercisable (in any circumstances in which the said power may be or become so exercisable) by a resolution of the Directors

99 Local boards

The Directors may establish any local boards or agencies for managing any of the affairs of the Company, either in the United Kingdom or elsewhere, and may appoint any persons to be members of such local boards, or any managers or agents, and may fix their remuneration, and may delegate to any local board, manager or agent any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in the Directors, with power to sub-delegate, and may authorise the members of any local boards, or any of them, to fill any vacancies therein, and to act notwithstanding vacancies, and any such appointment or delegation may be made upon such terms and subject to such conditions as the Directors may think fit, and the Directors may remove any person so appointed, and may annul or vary any such delegation, but no person dealing in good faith and without notice of any such annulment or variation shall be affected thereby

100 Appointment of attorney

The Directors may from time to time and at any time appoint any company, firm or person or any fluctuating body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Directors, to be the attorney or attorneys of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Directors under these Articles) and for such period and subject to such conditions as they may think fit, and any such appointment may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with any such attorney as the Directors may think fit, and may also authorise any such attorney to sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in him

101 President

The Directors may from time to time elect a President of the Company and may determine the period for which he shall hold office. Such President may be either honorary or paid such remuneration as the Directors in their discretion shall think fit, and need not be a Director but shall, if not a Director, be entitled to receive notice of and attend and speak, but not to vote, at all meetings of the Board of Directors

102 Signature on cheques etc.

All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange, and other negotiable or transferable instruments, and all receipts for moneys paid to the Company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed, or otherwise executed, as the case may be, in such manner as the Directors shall from time to time by resolution determine

103 Borrowing powers

Subject to the provisions of the Statutes, the Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow money, and to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property (present and future) and uncalled capital or any part or parts thereof and to issue debentures and other securities, whether outright or as collateral security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party

Alternate Directors

104 Alternate Directors

- 104.1** Any Director may at any time by writing under his hand and deposited at the Office, or delivered at a meeting of the Directors, appoint any person (including another Director) to be his alternate Director and may in like manner at any time terminate such appointment. Such appointment, unless previously approved by the Directors or unless the appointee is another Director, shall have effect only upon and subject to being so approved.
- 104.2** The appointment of an alternate Director shall determine on the happening of any event which if he were a Director would cause him to vacate such office or if his appointor ceases to be a Director, otherwise than by retirement at a General Meeting at which he is re-elected.
- 104.3** An alternate Director shall (except when absent from the United Kingdom) be entitled to receive notices of meetings of the Directors and shall be entitled to attend and vote as a Director at any such meeting at which the Director appointing him is not personally present and generally at such meeting to perform all functions of his appointor as a Director and for the purposes of the proceedings at such meeting the provisions of these Articles shall apply as if he (instead of his appointor) were a Director. If he shall be himself a Director or shall attend any such meeting as an alternate for more than one Director, his voting rights shall be cumulative but he shall not be counted more than once for the purposes of the quorum. If his appointor is for the time being temporarily unable to act through ill health or disability his signature to any resolution in writing of the Directors shall be as effective as the signature of his appointor. To such extent as the Directors may from time to time determine in relation to any committees of the Directors the foregoing provisions of this paragraph shall also apply *mutatis mutandis* to any meeting of any such committee of which his appointor is a member. An alternate Director shall not (save as aforesaid) have power to act as a Director, nor shall he be deemed to be a Director for the purposes of these Articles, nor shall he be deemed to be the agent of his appointor.
- 104.4** An alternate Director shall be entitled to contract and be interested in and benefit from contracts or arrangements or transactions and to be repaid expenses and to be indemnified to the same extent *mutatis mutandis* as if he were a Director but he shall not be entitled to receive from the Company in respect of his appointment as alternate Director any remuneration except only such part (if any) of the remuneration otherwise payable to his appointor as such appointor may by notice in writing to the Company from time to time direct.

Secretary

105 Secretary

The Secretary shall be appointed by the Directors on such terms and for such period as they may think fit. Any Secretary so appointed may at any time be removed from office by the Directors, but without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company. If thought fit two or more persons may be appointed as Joint Secretaries. The Directors may also appoint from time to time on such terms as they may think fit one or more Deputy and/or Assistant Secretaries.

The Seal

106 The Seal

- 106.1** The Directors shall provide for the safe custody of the Seal and any Securities Seal and neither shall be used without the authority of the Directors or of a committee authorised by the Directors in that behalf. The Securities Seal shall be used only for sealing securities issued by the Company and documents creating or evidencing securities so issued.
- 106.2** Every instrument to which the Seal or the Securities Seal shall be affixed (other than a certificate for or evidencing shares, debentures or other securities (including options) issued by the Company) shall be signed autographically by one Director and the Secretary or by two Directors.
- 106.3** The Company may exercise the powers conferred by the Statutes with regard to having an official seal for use abroad and such powers shall be vested in the Directors.
- 106.4** Any instrument signed by

- (a) one Director and the Secretary, or
- (b) by two Directors, or
- (c) by a Director in the presence of a witness who attests the signature

and expressed to be executed by the Company shall have the same effect as if executed under the Seal, provided that no instrument which makes it clear on its face that it is intended to have effect as a deed shall be so signed without the authority of the Directors or of a committee authorised by the Directors in that behalf.

Authentication of Documents

107 Authentication of documents

Any Director or the Secretary or any person appointed by the Directors for the purpose shall have power to authenticate any document affecting the constitution of the Company and any resolution passed at a shareholders' meeting or at a meeting of the Directors or any committee, and any book, record, document or account relating to the business of the Company, and to certify copies thereof or extracts therefrom as true copies or extracts, and where any book, record, document or account is elsewhere than at the Office the local manager or other officer of the Company having the custody thereof shall be deemed to be a person appointed by the Directors as aforesaid. A document purporting to be a copy of any such resolution, or an extract from the minutes of any such meeting, which is certified as aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence in favour of all persons dealing with the Company upon the faith thereof that such resolution has been duly passed or, as the case may be, that any minute so extracted is a true and accurate record of proceedings at a duly constituted meeting.

Reserves

108 Establishment of reserves

The Directors may from time to time set aside out of the profits of the Company and carry to reserve such sums as they think proper which, at the discretion of the Directors, shall be applicable for any purpose to which the profits of the Company may properly be applied and pending such application may either be employed in the business of the Company or be invested. The Directors may divide the reserve into such special funds as they think fit and may consolidate into one fund any special funds or any parts of any special funds into which the reserve may have been divided. The Directors may also without placing the same to reserve carry forward any profits. In carrying sums to reserve and in applying the same the Directors shall comply with the provisions of the Statutes.

109 Business bought as from past date

Subject to the provisions of the Statutes, where any asset, business or property is bought by the Company as from a past date the profits and losses thereof as from such date may at the discretion of the Directors in whole or in part be carried to revenue account and treated for all purposes as profits or losses of the Company. Subject as aforesaid, if any shares or securities are purchased cum dividend or interest, such dividend or interest may at the discretion of the Directors be treated as revenue, and it shall not be obligatory to capitalise the same or any part thereof.

Dividends

110 Final dividends

The Company may by Ordinary Resolution declare dividends but no such dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Directors.

111 Fixed and interim dividends

If and so far as in the opinion of the Directors the profits of the Company justify such payments, the Directors may pay the fixed dividends on any class of shares carrying a fixed dividend expressed to be payable on fixed dates on the half-yearly or other dates prescribed for the payment thereof and may also from time to time pay interim dividends on shares of any class of such amounts and on such dates and in respect of such periods as they think fit. Provided the Directors act in good faith they shall not incur any liability to the holders of any shares for any loss they may suffer by the lawful payment, on any other class of shares having rights ranking after or *pari passu* with those shares, of any such fixed or interim dividend as aforesaid.

112 Distribution *in specie*

The Company may upon the recommendation of the Directors by Ordinary Resolution direct payment of a dividend in whole or in part by the distribution of specific assets (and in particular of paid-up shares or debentures of any other company) and the Directors shall

give effect to such resolution. Where any difficulty arises in regard to such distribution, the Directors may settle the same as they think expedient and in particular may issue fractional certificates, may fix the value for distribution of such specific assets or any part thereof, may determine that cash shall be paid to any member upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of members and may vest any assets in trustees.

113 No dividend except out of profits

No dividend shall be paid otherwise than out of profits available for distribution under the provisions of the Statutes.

114 Ranking of shares for dividend

Unless and to the extent that the rights attached to any shares or the terms of issue thereof otherwise provide, all dividends shall (as regards any shares not fully paid throughout the period in respect of which the dividend is paid) be apportioned and paid pro rata according to the amounts paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid. For the purposes of this Article no amount paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated as paid on the share.

115 Manner of payment of dividends

- 115.1** Any dividend or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share shall be paid to the member or to such other person as the member (or, in the case of joint holders of a share, all of them) may in writing direct. Such dividend or other moneys may be paid (i) by cheque sent by post to the payee or, where there is more than one payee, to any one of them, or (ii) by inter-bank transfer to such account as the payee or payees shall in writing direct, or (iii) by such other method of payment as the member (or, in the case of joint holders of a share, all of them) may agree to. Every such cheque shall be sent at the risk of the person or persons entitled to the money represented thereby, and payment of a cheque by the banker upon whom it is drawn, and any transfer or payment within (ii) or (iii) above, shall be a good discharge to the Company.
- 115.2** Subject to the provisions of these Articles and to the rights attaching to any shares, any dividend or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share may be paid in such currency as the Directors may determine, using such exchange rate for currency conversions as the Directors may select.
- 115.3** The Company may cease to send any cheque, warrant or order by post for any dividend on any shares which is normally paid in that manner if in respect of at least two consecutive dividends payable on those shares the cheque, warrant or order has been returned undelivered or remains uncashed but, subject to the provisions of these Articles, shall recommence sending cheques, warrants or orders in respect of the dividends payable on those shares if the holder or person entitled by transmission claims the arrears of dividend and does not instruct the Company to pay future dividends in some other way.

116 Joint holders

If two or more persons are registered as joint holders of any share, or are entitled jointly to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder or otherwise by operation

of law, any one of them may give effectual receipts for any dividend or other moneys payable or property distributable on or in respect of the share

117 Record date for dividends

Any resolution for the declaration or payment of a dividend on shares of any class, whether a resolution of the Company in General Meeting or a resolution of the Directors, may specify that the same shall be payable to the persons registered as the holders of such shares at the close of business on a particular date, notwithstanding that it may be a date prior to that on which the resolution is passed, and thereupon the dividend shall be payable to them in accordance with their respective holdings so registered, but without prejudice to the rights *inter se* in respect of such dividend of transferors and transferees of any such shares

118 No interest on dividends

No dividend or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share shall bear interest as against the Company

119 Retention of dividends

119.1 The Directors may retain any dividend or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share on which the Company has a lien and may apply the same in or towards satisfaction of the moneys payable to the Company in respect of that share

119.2 The Directors may retain the dividends payable upon shares

- (a) in respect of which any person is entitled to become a member under the provisions as to the transmission of shares contained in these Articles, until such person shall become a member in respect of such shares, or
- (b) which any person is under those provisions entitled to transfer until such person shall transfer the same

120 Unclaimed dividend

The payment by the Directors of any unclaimed dividend or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share into a separate account shall not constitute the Company a trustee in respect thereof and any dividend unclaimed after a period of 12 years from the date on which such dividend was declared or became due for payment shall be forfeited and shall revert to the Company

121 Waiver of dividend

The waiver in whole or in part of any dividend on any share shall be effective only if such waiver is in writing (whether or not executed as a deed) signed or authenticated in accordance with Article 132 by the shareholder (or the person entitled to the share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder or otherwise by operation of law) and delivered to the Company and if or to the extent that the same is accepted as such or acted upon by the Company

Capitalisation of Profits and Reserves

122 Capitalisation of profits and reserves

- 122.1** The Directors may, with the sanction of an Ordinary Resolution of the Company, capitalise any sum standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts (including any share premium account, capital redemption reserve or other undistributable reserve) or any sum standing to the credit of profit and loss account
- 122.2** Such capitalisation shall be effected by appropriating such sum to the holders of Ordinary Shares on the Register at the close of business on the date of the resolution (or such other date as may be specified therein or determined as therein provided) in proportion to their then holdings of Ordinary Shares and applying such sum on their behalf in paying up in full unissued Ordinary Shares (or, subject to any special rights previously conferred on any shares or class of shares for the time being issued, unissued shares of any other class) for allotment and distribution credited as fully paid up to and amongst them as bonus shares in the proportion aforesaid
- 122.3** The Directors may do all acts and things considered necessary or expedient to give effect to any such capitalisation, with full power to the Directors to make such provisions as they think fit for any fractional entitlements which would arise on the basis aforesaid (including provisions whereby fractional entitlements are disregarded or the benefit thereof accrues to the Company rather than to the members concerned) The Directors may authorise any person to enter on behalf of all the members interested into an agreement with the Company providing for any such capitalisation and matters incidental thereto and any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on all concerned

Accounts

123 Accounting records

Accounting records sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and otherwise complying with the Statutes shall be kept at the Office, or at such other place as the Directors think fit, and shall always be open to inspection by the officers of the Company Subject as aforesaid no member of the Company or other person shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by statute or ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction or authorised by the Directors

124 Copies of accounts for members

- 124.1** Subject as provided in Article 124 2 a copy of the Company's annual accounts and report which are to be laid before a General Meeting of the Company (including every document required by law to be comprised therein or attached or annexed thereto) shall not less than 21 days before the date of the meeting be sent to every member of, and every holder of debentures of, the Company and to every other person who is entitled to receive notices of General Meetings from the Company under the provisions of the Statutes or of these Articles
- 124.2** Article 124 1 shall not require a copy of these documents to be sent to any member to whom a summary financial statement is sent in accordance with the Statutes nor to more

than one of joint holders nor to any person of whose postal address the Company is not aware, but any member or holder of debentures to whom a copy of these documents has not been sent shall be entitled to receive a copy free of charge on application at the Office

Auditors

125 Validity of Auditor's acts

Subject to the provisions of the Statutes, all acts done by any person acting as an Auditor shall, as regards all persons dealing in good faith with the Company, be valid, notwithstanding that there was some defect in his appointment or that he was at the time of his appointment not qualified for appointment or subsequently became disqualified

126 Auditor's right to attend General Meetings

An Auditor shall be entitled to attend any General Meeting and to receive all notices of and other communications relating to any General Meeting which any member is entitled to receive and to be heard at any General Meeting on any part of the business of the meeting which concerns him as Auditor

Communications with members

127 Service of notices

- 127.1** The Company may, subject to and in accordance with the Companies Acts and these Articles, send or supply all types of notices, documents or information to members by electronic means and/or by making such notices, documents or information available on a website
- 127.2** The Company Communications Provisions have effect, subject to the provisions of Articles 127 to 129, for the purposes of any provision of the Companies Acts or these Articles that authorises or requires notices, documents or information to be sent or supplied by or to the Company
- 127.3** Any notice, document or information (including a share certificate) which is sent or supplied by the Company in hard copy form, or in electronic form but to be delivered other than by electronic means, and which is sent by pre-paid post and properly addressed shall be deemed to have been received by the intended recipient at the expiration of 24 hours (or, where first class mail is not employed, 48 hours) after the time it was posted, and in proving such receipt it shall be sufficient to show that such notice, document or information was properly addressed, pre-paid and posted
- 127.4** Any notice, document or information which is sent or supplied by the Company by electronic means shall be deemed to have been received by the intended recipient 24 hours after it was transmitted, and in proving such receipt it shall be sufficient to show that such notice, document or information was properly addressed
- 127.5** Any notice, document or information which is sent or supplied by the Company by means of a website shall be deemed to have been received when the material was first made

available on the website or, if later, when the recipient received (or is deemed to have received) notice of the fact that the material was available on the website

- 127.6** The accidental failure to send, or the non-receipt by any person entitled to, any notice or other document or information relating to any meeting or other proceeding shall not invalidate the relevant meeting or proceeding
- 127.7** The provisions of this Article shall have effect in place of the Company Communications Provisions relating to deemed delivery of notices, documents or information

128 Joint holders

- 128.1** Anything which needs to be agreed or specified by the joint holders of a share shall for all purposes be taken to be agreed or specified by all the joint holders where it has been agreed or specified by the joint holder whose name stands first in the Register in respect of the share
- 128.2** Any notice, document or information which is authorised or required to be sent or supplied to joint holders of a share may be sent or supplied to the joint holder whose name stands first in the Register in respect of the share, to the exclusion of the other joint holders. For such purpose, a joint holder having no registered address in the United Kingdom and not having supplied an address within the United Kingdom for the service of notices may, subject to the Statutes, be disregarded
- 128.3** The provisions of this Article shall have effect in place of the Company Communications Provisions regarding joint holders of shares

129 Deceased and bankrupt members

- 129.1** A person who claims to be entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member or otherwise by operation of law shall supply to the Company
 - (a) such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show his title to the share,
 - (b) an address at which notices may be sent or supplied to such person,whereupon he shall be entitled to have sent or supplied to him at such address any notice, document or information to which the said member would have been entitled. Any notice, document or information so sent or supplied shall for all purposes be deemed to be duly sent or supplied to all persons interested (whether jointly with or as claiming through or under him) in the share
- 129.2** Save as provided by paragraph 129.1, any notice, document or information sent or supplied to the address of any member in pursuance of these Articles shall, notwithstanding that such member be then dead or bankrupt or in liquidation, and whether or not the Company has notice of his death or bankruptcy or liquidation, be deemed to have been duly sent or supplied in respect of any share registered in the name of such member as sole or first-named joint holder
- 129.3** The provisions of this Article shall have effect in place of the Company Communications Provisions regarding the death or bankruptcy of a holder of shares in the Company

130 Overseas members

Subject to the Statutes, the Company shall not be required to send notices, documents or information to a member who (having no registered address within the United Kingdom) has not supplied to the Company a postal address within the United Kingdom for the service of notices

131 Suspension of postal services

If at any time by reason of the suspension or curtailment of postal services within the United Kingdom the Company is unable to give notice by post in hard copy form of a shareholders' meeting, such notice shall be deemed to have been given to all members entitled to receive such notice in hard copy form if such notice is advertised in at least one national newspaper and such notice shall be deemed to have been given on the day when the advertisement appears. In any such case, the Company shall (i) make such notice available on its website from the date of such advertisement until the conclusion of the meeting or any adjournment thereof and (ii) send confirmatory copies of the notice by post to such members if at least seven days prior to the meeting the posting of notices again becomes practicable

132 Signature or authentication of documents sent by electronic means

Where these Articles require a notice or other document to be signed or authenticated by a member or other person then any notice or other document sent or supplied in electronic form is sufficiently authenticated in any manner authorised by the Company Communications Provisions or in such other manner as may be approved by the Directors. The Directors may designate mechanisms for validating any such notice or other document, and any such notice or other document not so validated by use of such mechanisms shall be deemed not to have been received by the Company

133 Statutory provisions as to notices

Nothing in any of the preceding seven Articles shall affect any provision of the Statutes that requires or permits any particular notice, document or information to be sent or supplied in any particular manner

Winding Up

134 Directors' power to petition

The Directors shall have power in the name and on behalf of the Company to present a petition to the Court for the Company to be wound up

135 Distribution of assets *in specie*

If the Company shall be wound up (whether the liquidation is voluntary, under supervision, or by the Court) the Liquidator may, with the authority of an Ordinary Resolution, divide among the members *in specie* or kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company and whether or not the assets shall consist of property of one kind or shall consist of

properties of different kinds, and may for such purpose set such value as he deems fair upon any one or more class or classes of property and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members. The Liquidator may, with the like authority, vest any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of members as the Liquidator with the like authority shall think fit, and the liquidation of the Company may be closed and the Company dissolved, but so that no contributory shall be compelled to accept any shares or other property in respect of which there is a liability.

Destruction of Documents

136 Destruction of Documents

136.1 The Company shall be entitled to destroy

- (a) all instruments of transfer or other documents which have been registered or on the basis of which registration was made at any time after the expiration of six years from the date of registration thereof,
- (b) all dividend mandates and notifications of change of address at any time after the expiration of two years from the date of recording thereof, and
- (c) all share certificates which have been cancelled at any time after the expiration of one year from the date of the cancellation thereof

136.2 It shall conclusively be presumed in favour of the Company that

- (a) every entry in the Register purporting to have been made on the basis of an instrument of transfer or other document so destroyed was duly and properly made,
- (b) every instrument of transfer so destroyed was a valid and effective instrument duly and properly registered,
- (c) every share certificate so destroyed was a valid and effective certificate duly and properly cancelled,
- (d) every other document hereinbefore mentioned so destroyed was a valid and effective document in accordance with the recorded particulars thereof in the books or records of the Company

136.3 For the purposes of this Article

- (a) the foregoing provisions shall apply only to the destruction of a document in good faith and without notice of any claim (regardless of the parties thereto) to which the document might be relevant,
- (b) nothing herein contained shall be construed as imposing upon the Company any liability in respect of the destruction of any such document earlier than as aforesaid or in any other circumstances which would not attach to the Company in the absence of this Article,
- (c) any document referred to above may, subject to the Statutes, be destroyed before the end of the relevant period so long as a copy of such document (whether made

- electronically, by microfilm, by digital imaging or by any other means) has been made and is retained until the end of the relevant period, and
- (d) references herein to the destruction of any document include references to the disposal thereof in any manner

Directors' liabilities

137 Indemnity

- 137.1** Subject to the provisions of, and so far as may be permitted by and consistent with, the Statutes, every Director and former Director and officer of the Company shall be indemnified by the Company out of its own funds against
- (a) any liability incurred by or attaching to him in connection with any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust by him in relation to the Company other than
 - (i) any liability to the Company or any Associated Company, and
 - (ii) any liability of the kind referred to in Section 234(3) of the Companies Act 2006, and
 - (b) any other liability incurred by or attaching to him in the actual or purported execution and/or discharge of his duties and/or the exercise or purported exercise of his powers and/or otherwise in relation to or in connection with his duties, powers or office
- 137.2** Subject to the Statutes, the Company shall indemnify a Director and former Director of the Company and any Trustee Company if it is the trustee of an occupational pension scheme (within the meaning of Section 235(6) of the Companies Act 2006)
- 137.3** Where a Director or officer is indemnified against any liability in accordance with this Article 137, such indemnity shall extend to all costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities incurred by him in relation thereto
- 137.4** In this Article "Associated Company" shall have the meaning given thereto by Section 256 of the Companies Act 2006

138 Insurance

- 138.1** Without prejudice to Article 137 above, the Directors shall have power to purchase and maintain insurance for or for the benefit of
- (a) any person who is or was at any time a Director or officer of any Relevant Company (as defined in Article 138.2 below) and any Trustee Company, or
 - (b) any person who is or was at any time a trustee of any pension fund or employees' share scheme in which employees of any Relevant Company are interested,
- including (without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing) insurance against any liability incurred by or attaching to him in respect of any act or omission in the actual or purported execution and/or discharge of his duties and/or in the exercise or purported exercise of his powers and/or otherwise in relation to his duties, powers or offices in

relation to any Relevant Company, any Trustee Company, or any such pension fund or employees' share scheme (and all costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities incurred by him in relation thereto)

138.2 For the purpose of paragraph 138.1 above "Relevant Company" shall mean

- (a) the Company,
- (b) any holding company of the Company,
- (c) any other body, whether or not incorporated, in which the Company or such holding company or any of the predecessors of the Company or of such holding company has or had any interest whether direct or indirect or which is in any way allied to or associated with the Company, or
- (d) any subsidiary undertaking of the Company or of such other body

139 Defence expenditure

139.1 Subject to the provisions of and so far as may be permitted by the Statutes, the Company

- (a) may provide a Director or former Director or officer of the Company with funds to meet expenditure incurred or to be incurred by him in
 - (i) defending any criminal or civil proceedings in connection with any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust by him in relation to the Company or an Associated Company of the Company, or
 - (ii) in connection with any application for relief under the provisions mentioned in Section 205(5) of the Companies Act 2006, and
- (b) may do anything to enable any such Director or officer to avoid incurring such expenditure

139.2 The terms set out in Section 205(2) of the Companies Act 2006 shall apply to any provision of funds or other things done under Article 139.1

139.3 Subject to the provisions of and so far as may be permitted by the Statutes, the Company

- (a) may provide a Director or former Director or officer of the Company with funds to meet expenditure incurred or to be incurred by him in defending himself in an investigation by a regulatory authority or against action proposed to be taken by a regulatory authority in connection with any alleged negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust by him in relation to the Company or any Associated Company of the Company, and
- (b) may do anything to enable any such Director or officer to avoid incurring such expenditure

139.4 In this Article "Associated Company" shall have the meaning given thereto by Section 256 of the Companies Act 2006

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