STYLEFORMER

A CONVOLUTION-FREE STYLE IMAGE GENERATOR BASED ON TRANSFORMER AND STYLEGAN2.



Fabio Caputo Weihao Peng

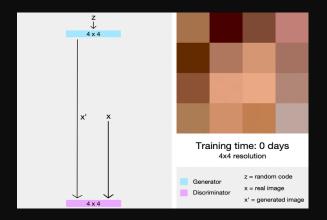
STRONG STYLE GENERATOR CONVOLUTION - FREE

GAN's (Generative Adversarial Networks) models are living a huge success since their introduction in 2014. Nowadays resolution and quality of the generated images increased a lot, despite that, there is something that doesn't changed, the consideration of convolutional backbones as fundamental to achieve high-resolution images and a stable training. In this work, we have tried to implement a strong, and light, style-based generator designed with a convolution-free structure based on NPL technologies such as Transformer and Attention.

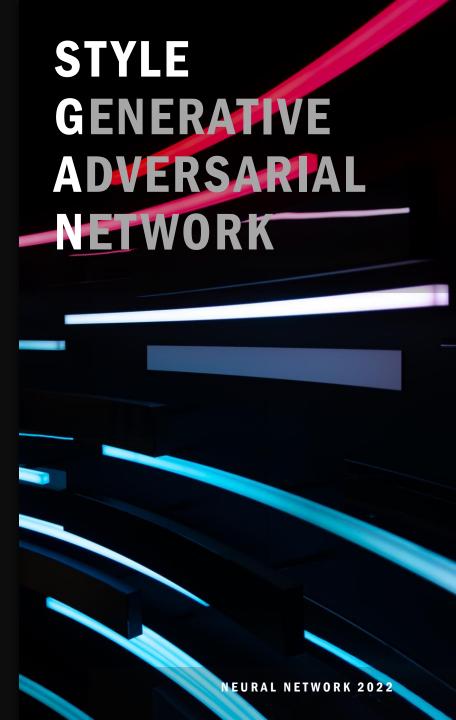




- First GAN model was introduced by lan Goodfellow in 2014.
- StyleGAN is a progressive growing GAN architecture, able to synthesizing high resolution and quality images with incremental growing of discriminator and generator.



- That model shows some problems in generation, StyleGAN2 addressed most them using skip connection and replacing AdalN with a statistic-based approach.
- Some problem remains, shortcomings derived using a convolutional network such locality problem led to a difficult capture of the global features.



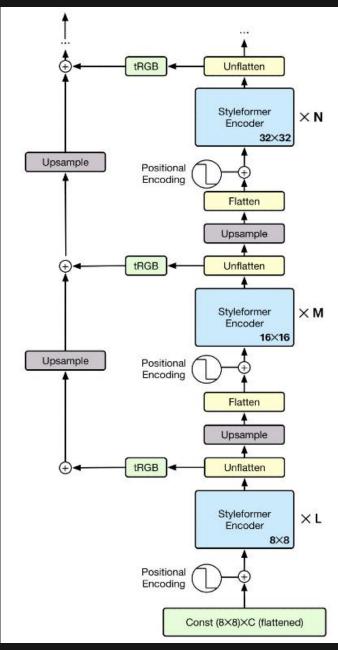
ALL YOU NEED IS TRANSFORMER

- "The first transduction model relying entirely on selfattention to compute representations of its input and output without using sequence-aligned RNNs or convolution"
- Designed for NPL, recently is rising as an alternative to convolution operation in the computer vision field.
- Based on **attention**, a mechanism that mimic the cognitive attention focusing on small but significative details of an image, a token or any other significative data.
- Stacking attention and combining them with feed-forward layers, we can form encoders (self-attention).

ALL YOU NEED IS TRANSFORMER

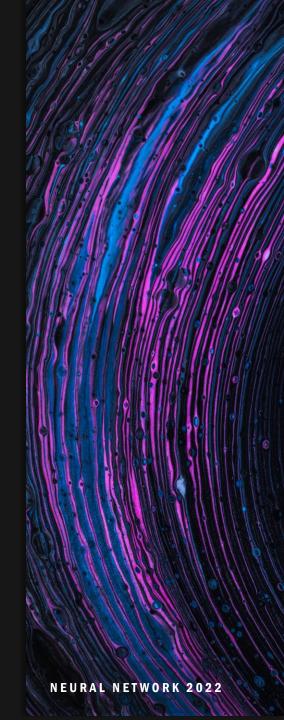
- Solves the difficult to capture long-range dependency without stacking multiple layers.
- Indeed, using self-attention we are able to capture longrange dependency and understand global features efficiently.
- Using Linformer we can address Transformer expensive cost while dealing with high-resolution images.

ARCHITECTURE How Styleformer is built, which are the main components and how it works



ARCHITECTURE

- Styleformer generator is conditioned on a learnable constant input and combined with a learnable positional encoding.
- The constant input(8x8) is flattened(64) to enter the Transformer-based encoder, then the Styleformer encoder.
- Each resolution passes through several encoder blocks.
 Bilinear upsample operation.
 Adding positional encoding.
- Repeat until reaches the target image resolution.



ARCHITECTURE ENCODER BLOCK

- We need a Transformer-based generator
- We need a style modulation and demodulation methods

Attention mechanism can be seen as built in two steps

- 1. preparation module: compute Query, Key and Value
- 2. main module: attention operation is applied

COMPUTING ATTENTION

 Preparation module is a module that creates Quey, Key and Value to conduct attention:

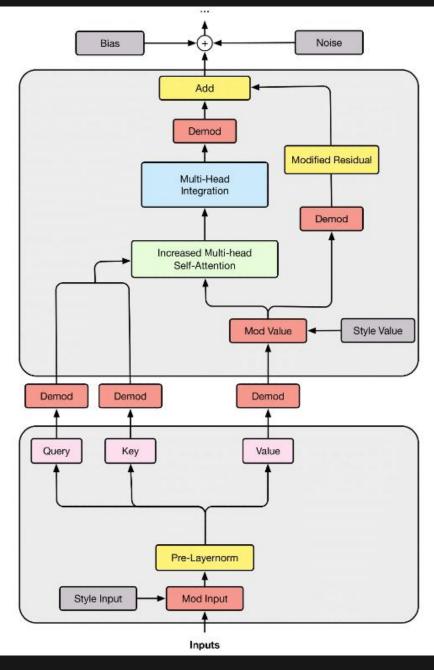
$$Q_i = XW_i^Q, K_i = XW_i^K, V_i = XW_i^V$$

• Main module is a module that performs attention operation:

$$A_i = softmax(\frac{Q_i K_i^T}{\sqrt{d_k}}),$$

$$head_i = A_i V_i,$$

$$Multihead(Q, K, V) = Concat(head_1, \dots, head_k)W^O$$



ARCHITECTURE

FOCUS ON ENCODER BLOCK

- Pre-Layer Normalization procedure
- Prepare module: demodulation of Query, Key and Value
- Core of Self-Attention: production of the attention map and the weighted sum of V with attention map itself
- Increased the number of head of multi-head attention
 the created attention map will be different for each head
- Further demodulation
- Add bias and noise at end of each blocks



CONCLUSIONS

HOW GOOD STYLEFORM IS?

CIFAR-10	FID	IS
PROGRESSIVE GAN	15.52	8.80
TRANSGAN	9.26	9.02
STYLEGAN2	2.92	9.83
STYLEFORMER	2.82	10.0

- CIFAR-10 is widely used as a benchmark dataset. They used 50K images(32x32) at the training set, without using label.
- We have used two of the most known metrics for image evaluation:
- Fréchet Inception Distance, known as FID, is a method for comparing the statistics of two distributions by computing the distance between them
- Inception score, known as ID, popular metric for judging the image outputs of GAN which measure of how realistic a GAN's output is.

CONCLUSIONS

WHAT WE EXPERIMENTED ON COLAB?

- Training and image generation.
- Assembling a custom and topicbased dataset to train on it.
- Assembling generate images to achieve a morph effect.
- Exploring latent vectors direction performing fine tune.













CONCLUSIONS

WHAT'S NEXT?

- Test Styleformer with high end resources to have better train results in less time.
- Reduce the computational cost to test with higher-resolution images.
- Redesign also the discriminator to use Transformer.
- Porting this project to Stylegan3.





THANK YOU!



Google Colab Notebook

in Fabio Caputo

in <u>Weihao Peng</u>

