compiler

September 6, 2021

[]: from numpy.random import seed

seed(7567)

```
from tensorflow import set_random_seed
     set random seed(7567)
[3]: import numpy as np
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import pandas as pd
     import tensorflow as tf
     from datagen import *
     from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
     from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
     from sklearn.compose import ColumnTransformer
     from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
     from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
     config = tf.compat.v1.ConfigProto()
     config.gpu_options.allow_growth=True
     sess = tf.compat.v1.Session(config=config)
     NUM_ROWS = 20000
[2]: #statistics collection
     num runs=50
     num rowss=[2500,5000,10000,20000,50000]
     batch_size=32
     epochss=[100,200]
     TARS = tf.keras.models.Sequential()
     TARS.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(input_dim = 29 ,units = 50, activation='relu'))
     TARS.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(units=30, activation='relu'))
     TARS.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(units=50, activation='relu'))
     TARS.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(units=1, activation='linear'))
     TARS.compile(optimizer="adam", loss="mean_squared_error", metrics=['mse'])
     matrix=[]
     for epochs in epochss:
         epoch_row=[]
         for num_rows in num_rowss:
             loss_array=[]
```

```
for i in range(num_runs):
           dframe = pd.DataFrame()
           dframe = datagen(num_rows)
           x = dframe.iloc[:, 1:-1].values
           y = dframe.iloc[:, -1].values
           le = LabelEncoder()
           x[:, 0] = le.fit transform(x[:,0])
           ct = ColumnTransformer(transformers=[('encoder', OneHotEncoder(),
→[2])], remainder='passthrough')
           x = np.array(ct.fit_transform(x))
           ct2 = ColumnTransformer(transformers=[('encoder', OneHotEncoder(), __
→[7])], remainder='passthrough')
           x = np.array(ct2.fit transform(x))
           ct3 = ColumnTransformer(transformers=[('encoder', OneHotEncoder(),
→[18])], remainder='passthrough')
           x = np.array(ct3.fit transform(x))
           scalarX, scalarY = MinMaxScaler(), MinMaxScaler()
           scalarX.fit(x)
           scalarY.fit(y.reshape(num_rows,1))
           x = scalarX.transform(x)
           y = scalarY.transform(y.reshape(num_rows,1))
           x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size_
\rightarrow = 0.2
           for ix, layer in enumerate(TARS.layers):
               if hasattr(TARS.layers[ix], 'kernel_initializer') and__
⇔hasattr(TARS.layers[ix], 'bias_initializer'):
                   weight_initializer=TARS.layers[ix].kernel_initializer
                   bias initializer=TARS.layers[ix].bias initializer
                   old_weights, old_biases = TARS.layers[ix].get_weights()
                   TARS.layers[ix].

→set_weights([weight_initializer(shape=old_weights.shape),

→bias_initializer(shape=len(old_biases))])
           TARS.fit(x_train, y_train, batch_size=batch_size, epochs=epochs,_
→verbose=0)
           error=TARS.evaluate(x_test, y_test, verbose=0)[0]
           #print(f"Run {i} finished, mean_squared_error: {error}")
           y_pred = TARS.predict(x_test)
           y_test = scalarY.inverse_transform(y_test)
           y_pred = scalarY.inverse_transform(y_pred)
           explained_variance = 1 - np.var(y_test - y_pred)/np.var(y_test)
           mse = (sum((y_test-y_pred)**2)/len(y_pred))[0]
           loss_array.append([error, explained_variance, mse])
```

```
KeyboardInterrupt
                                               Traceback (most recent call last)
<ipython-input-2-72805c8bab71> in <module>
     43
                               TARS.layers[ix].
→set_weights([weight_initializer(shape=old_weights.shape),
→bias_initializer(shape=len(old_biases))])
                      TARS.fit(x train, y train, batch size=batch size, ...
 →epochs=epochs, verbose=0)
                      error=TARS.evaluate(x_test, y_test, verbose=0)[0]
     46
     47
                      #print(f"Run {i} finished, mean_squared_error: {error}")
\sim\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python38\site-packages\tensorflow\python\keras\engine\^{\circ}raining.
→py in fit(self, x, y, batch_size, epochs, verbose, callbacks, u →validation_split, validation_data, shuffle, class_weight, sample_weight, u →initial_epoch, steps_per_epoch, validation_steps, validation_batch_size, u
 →validation freq, max queue size, workers, use multiprocessing)
   1181
                           r=1):
   1182
                        callbacks.on_train_batch_begin(step)
-> 1183
                        tmp logs = self.train function(iterator)
   1184
                        if data handler.should sync:
   1185
                           context.async wait()
~\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python38\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\def_fun_tion.
 →py in __call__(self, *args, **kwds)
    887
    888
               with OptionalXlaContext(self._jit_compile):
--> 889
                 result = self. call(*args, **kwds)
    890
    891
               new_tracing_count = self.experimental_get_tracing_count()
~\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python38\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\def fun tion.
→py in call(self, *args, **kwds)
    915
               # In this case we have created variables on the first call, so we
 →run the
    916
               # defunned version which is guaranteed to never create variables.
--> 917
               return self. stateless fn(*args, **kwds) # pylint:
 →disable=not-callable
             elif self._stateful_fn is not None:
    918
```

```
919
              # Release the lock early so that multiple threads can perform the
 \hookrightarrow call
~\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python38\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\functio:
 →py in call (self, *args, **kwargs)
              (graph function,
   3021
   3022
               filtered flat args) = self. maybe define function(args, kwargs)
            return graph function. call flat(
-> 3023
   3024
                filtered_flat_args, captured_inputs=graph_function.
 ⇒captured_inputs) # pylint: disable=protected-access
   3025
~\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python38\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\functio....
 →py in _call_flat(self, args, captured_inputs, cancellation_manager)
                and executing eagerly):
   1958
   1959
              # No tape is watching; skip to running the function.
-> 1960
              return self. build call outputs(self. inference function.call(
                  ctx, args, cancellation_manager=cancellation_manager))
   1961
            forward backward = self. select forward and backward functions(
   1962
~\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python38\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\functio....
 →py in call(self, ctx, args, cancellation_manager)
    589
              with _InterpolateFunctionError(self):
                if cancellation_manager is None:
    590
                  outputs = execute.execute(
--> 591
    592
                       str(self.signature.name),
    593
                       num_outputs=self._num_outputs,
~\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python38\site-packages\tensorflow\python\eager\execute
→py in quick_execute(op_name, num_outputs, inputs, attrs, ctx, name)
     57
     58
            ctx.ensure_initialized()
 --> 59
            tensors = pywrap tfe.TFE Py Execute(ctx. handle, device name, ...
\hookrightarrow op_name,
     60
                                                  inputs, attrs, num outputs)
          except core. NotOkStatusException as e:
KeyboardInterrupt:
```

```
[4]: #statistics collection
num_runs=1
num_rowss=[50000]
batch_size=32
epochss=[25]
TARS = tf.keras.models.Sequential()
```

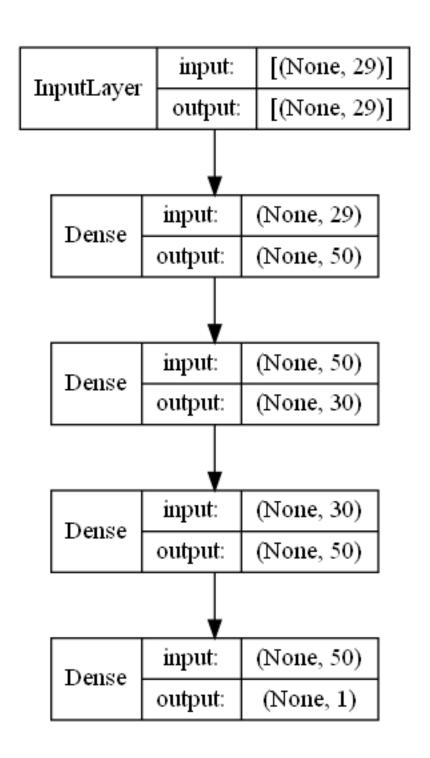
```
TARS.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(input_dim = 29 ,units = 50, activation='relu'))
TARS.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(units=30, activation='relu'))
TARS.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(units=50, activation='relu'))
TARS.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(units=1, activation='linear'))
TARS.compile(optimizer="adam", loss="mean_squared_error", metrics=['mse'])
matrix=[]
for epochs in epochss:
    epoch row=[]
    for num_rows in num_rowss:
        loss array=[]
        for i in range(num_runs):
            dframe = pd.DataFrame()
            dframe = datagen(num_rows)
            x = dframe.iloc[:, 1:-1].values
            y = dframe.iloc[:, -1].values
            le = LabelEncoder()
            x[:, 0] = le.fit_transform(x[:,0])
            ct = ColumnTransformer(transformers=[('encoder', OneHotEncoder(), __
→[2])], remainder='passthrough')
            x = np.array(ct.fit transform(x))
            ct2 = ColumnTransformer(transformers=[('encoder', OneHotEncoder(), __
→[7])], remainder='passthrough')
            x = np.array(ct2.fit_transform(x))
            ct3 = ColumnTransformer(transformers=[('encoder', OneHotEncoder(),
→[18])], remainder='passthrough')
            x = np.array(ct3.fit transform(x))
            scalarX, scalarY = MinMaxScaler(), MinMaxScaler()
            scalarX.fit(x)
            scalarY.fit(y.reshape(num_rows,1))
            x = scalarX.transform(x)
            y = scalarY.transform(y.reshape(num_rows,1))
            x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size_
\rightarrow = 0.2)
            for ix, layer in enumerate(TARS.layers):
                if hasattr(TARS.layers[ix], 'kernel_initializer') and_
 ⇔hasattr(TARS.layers[ix], 'bias_initializer'):
                    weight_initializer=TARS.layers[ix].kernel_initializer
                    bias_initializer=TARS.layers[ix].bias_initializer
                    old_weights, old_biases = TARS.layers[ix].get_weights()
                    TARS.layers[ix].
→set_weights([weight_initializer(shape=old_weights.shape),
 ⇔bias_initializer(shape=len(old_biases))])
```

```
TARS.fit(x_train, y_train, batch_size=batch_size, epochs=epochs,__
 →verbose=0)
            error=TARS.evaluate(x_test, y_test, verbose=0)[0]
            #print(f"Run {i} finished, mean_squared_error: {error}")
            y_pred = TARS.predict(x_test)
            y test = scalarY.inverse transform(y test)
            y pred = scalarY.inverse transform(y pred)
            explained_variance = 1 - np.var(y_test - y_pred)/np.var(y_test)
            mse = (sum((y_test-y_pred)**2)/len(y_pred))[0]
            loss_array.append([error, explained_variance, mse])
       print(f"Epoch number: {epochs}, num_rows: {num_rows}, model loss:□
 →{sum([a[0] for a in loss_array])/len(loss_array)}, explained variance:
 →{sum([a[1] for a in loss_array])/len(loss_array)*100}, mse: {sum([a[2] for_
 →a in loss_array])/len(loss_array)}")
        epoch_row.append(loss_array)
   matrix.append(epoch_row)
print(matrix)
```

Epoch number: 25, num_rows: 50000, model loss: 0.0031147398985922337, explained variance: 86.7621646415881%, mse: 0.13374402977212801 [[[[0.0031147398985922337, 0.867621646415881, 0.13374402977212801]]]]

```
[5]: tf.keras.utils.plot_model(
          TARS,
          to_file="model.png",
          show_shapes=True,
          show_dtype=False,
          show_layer_names=False,
          rankdir="TB",
          expand_nested=True,
          dpi=96,
)
```

[5]:



```
[5]: from ann_visualizer.visualize import ann_viz
ann_viz(TARS, title="Keras Model Diagram")
```

ValueError

Traceback (most recent call last)

```
<ipython-input-5-6635458f7d32> in <module>
            1 from ann_visualizer.visualize import ann_viz
      ----> 3 ann_viz(TARS, title="Keras Model Diagram")
      ~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ann_visualizer\visualize.py in ann_viz(model,_
      →view, filename, title)
                              c.node(str(n), label="Image\n"+pxls[1]+" x"+pxls[2]+"__
          121
      →pixels\n"+clrmap, fontcolor="white");
                          else:
      --> 123
                              raise ValueError("ANN Visualizer: Layer not supported_
      →for visualizing");
                      for i in range(0, hidden_layers_nr):
          125
                          with g.subgraph(name="cluster_"+str(i+1)) as c:
     ValueError: ANN Visualizer: Layer not supported for visualizing
[2]: dframe = pd.DataFrame()
     dframe = datagen(NUM_ROWS)
[3]: dframe
            studentIDs gender
[3]:
                                age teacher_cred class_size
     0
                 21097 Female
                                 10 Associate's
                                                           25
     1
                 31103
                          Male
                                 13 Associate's
                                                           32
     2
                                  9
                 23138
                          Male
                                        Master's
                                                           20
     3
                 35902
                          Male
                                 14
                                      Bachelor's
                                                           25
     4
                 23691
                          Male
                                      Bachelor's
                                                           27
     19995
                 15635 Female
                                 14
                                        Master's
                                                           36
     19996
                 37345 Female
                                      Bachelor's
                                                           28
                                 18
     19997
                 31572
                          Male
                                 18 Associate's
                                                           33
                          Male
     19998
                 46247
                                 13
                                             PhD
                                                           28
     19999
                 10361 Female
                                 12
                                      Bachelor's
                                                           35
                         disability
                                                     accomadation gpadifference
     0
                Auditory Disability Special Education Classroom
                                                                       -1.903908
             Mathematics Disability
     1
                                                       Book Buddy
                                                                        0.495376
     2
             Mathematics Disability
                                               Tutoring Sessions
                                                                        0.730660
     3
                Auditory Disability
                                                  Breakout Corner
                                                                        1.200479
     4
                Auditory Disability
                                            Materials in Braille
                                                                        1.589534
     19995
            Developmentally Delayed
                                                  Breakout Corner
                                                                       -1.707976
     19996
                  Visual Disability
                                          Text to Speech Devices
                                                                        0.954426
                                      Use of Calculator on Tests
     19997
                Auditory Disability
                                                                       -1.108240
     19998
                           Dyslexia
                                      Use of Calculator on Tests
                                                                       1.057671
     19999
                  Visual Disability
                                                Tutoring Sessions
                                                                       -0.372247
```

[20000 rows x 8 columns]

```
[4]: x = dframe.iloc[:, 1:-1].values
      y = dframe.iloc[:, -1].values
 [5]: le = LabelEncoder()
      x[:, 0] = le.fit_transform(x[:,0])
      print(x)
     [[1 16 "Bachelor's" 27 'Autism' 'Breakout Corner']
      [0 15 "Bachelor's" 34 'Developmentally Delayed' 'Bigger Print Materials']
      [0 18 'PhD' 40 'Visual Disability' 'Use of Toy in Class']
      [1 7 'PhD' 32 'Autism' 'Book Buddy']
      [1 11 "Associate's" 31 'Down Syndrome' 'Bigger Print Materials']
      [0 14 "Associate's" 34 'Developmentally Delayed' 'Isolated Workstation']]
 [6]: ct = ColumnTransformer(transformers=[('encoder', OneHotEncoder(), [2])],
      →remainder='passthrough')
      x = np.array(ct.fit_transform(x))
      ct2 = ColumnTransformer(transformers=[('encoder', OneHotEncoder(), [7])],
      →remainder='passthrough')
      x = np.array(ct2.fit_transform(x))
      ct3 = ColumnTransformer(transformers=[('encoder', OneHotEncoder(), [18])],
      →remainder='passthrough')
      x = np.array(ct3.fit_transform(x))
 [7]: scalarX, scalarY = MinMaxScaler(), MinMaxScaler()
      scalarX.fit(x)
      scalarY.fit(y.reshape(NUM ROWS,1))
      x = scalarX.transform(x)
      y = scalarY.transform(y.reshape(NUM_ROWS,1))
 [8]: # Coulums 0-3 are highest degree
      # colums 4 is gender
      # colum 5 is normalized age
      # colum 6 is normalized class sized
 [9]: x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size = 0.2,__
       →random_state=7687)
[10]: # container for adding layers to nuerual net
      TARS = tf.keras.models.Sequential()
[11]: TARS.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(input_dim = 29, units = 50, activation='relu'))
      TARS.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(units=30, activation='relu'))
      TARS.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(units=50, activation='relu'))
```

```
TARS.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(units=1, activation='linear'))
[12]: TARS.compile(optimizer="adam", loss="mean_squared_error", metrics=['mse'])
[13]: TARS.fit(x train, y train, batch size=32, epochs=100)
  Epoch 1/100
  0.0199
  Epoch 2/100
  0.0053
  Epoch 3/100
  0.0046
  Epoch 4/100
  0.0045
  Epoch 5/100
  0.0044
  Epoch 6/100
  0.0043
  Epoch 7/100
  0.0043
  Epoch 8/100
  500/500 [============ ] - 1s 2ms/step - loss: 0.0042 - mse:
  0.0042
  Epoch 9/100
  0.0041
  Epoch 10/100
  0.0041
  Epoch 11/100
  0.0041
  Epoch 12/100
  500/500 [============ ] - 1s 2ms/step - loss: 0.0041 - mse:
  0.0041
  Epoch 13/100
  0.0041
  Epoch 14/100
  0.0040
```

```
Epoch 15/100
0.0040
Epoch 16/100
0.0040
Epoch 17/100
0.0040
Epoch 18/100
0.0040
Epoch 19/100
500/500 [============ ] - 1s 2ms/step - loss: 0.0039 - mse:
0.0039
Epoch 20/100
0.0039
Epoch 21/100
0.0039
Epoch 22/100
0.0039
Epoch 23/100
0.0039
Epoch 24/100
0.0039
Epoch 25/100
0.0038
Epoch 26/100
0.0038
Epoch 27/100
0.0038
Epoch 28/100
0.0038
Epoch 29/100
0.0037
Epoch 30/100
0.0037
```

```
Epoch 31/100
0.0038
Epoch 32/100
0.0037
Epoch 33/100
0.0037
Epoch 34/100
0.0037
Epoch 35/100
0.0037
Epoch 36/100
0.0037
Epoch 37/100
0.0036
Epoch 38/100
0.0037
Epoch 39/100
0.0036
Epoch 40/100
0.0036
Epoch 41/100
0.0036
Epoch 42/100
0.0036
Epoch 43/100
0.0036
Epoch 44/100
0.0036
Epoch 45/100
0.0036
Epoch 46/100
0.0036
```

```
Epoch 47/100
0.0036
Epoch 48/100
0.0035
Epoch 49/100
0.0035
Epoch 50/100
0.0035
Epoch 51/100
0.0035
Epoch 52/100
0.0035
Epoch 53/100
0.0035
Epoch 54/100
0.0035
Epoch 55/100
0.0035
Epoch 56/100
0.0035
Epoch 57/100
0.0035
Epoch 58/100
0.0035
Epoch 59/100
0.0035
Epoch 60/100
0.0035
Epoch 61/100
0.0035
Epoch 62/100
0.0035
```

```
Epoch 63/100
0.0035
Epoch 64/100
0.0035
Epoch 65/100
0.0034
Epoch 66/100
0.0034
Epoch 67/100
500/500 [============ ] - 1s 2ms/step - loss: 0.0034 - mse:
0.0034
Epoch 68/100
0.0034
Epoch 69/100
0.0034
Epoch 70/100
0.0034
Epoch 71/100
0.0034
Epoch 72/100
500/500 [============ ] - 1s 2ms/step - loss: 0.0034 - mse:
0.0034
Epoch 73/100
0.0034
Epoch 74/100
0.0034
Epoch 75/100
0.0034
Epoch 76/100
0.0033
Epoch 77/100
500/500 [============ ] - 1s 2ms/step - loss: 0.0034 - mse:
0.0034A: Os - loss: 0.0033 - mse
Epoch 78/100
0.0034
```

```
Epoch 79/100
0.0033
Epoch 80/100
0.0033
Epoch 81/100
0.0033
Epoch 82/100
0.0033
Epoch 83/100
500/500 [============ ] - 1s 2ms/step - loss: 0.0033 - mse:
0.0033
Epoch 84/100
0.0033
Epoch 85/100
0.0033
Epoch 86/100
0.0033
Epoch 87/100
0.0033
Epoch 88/100
0.0033
Epoch 89/100
0.0033
Epoch 90/100
0.0033
Epoch 91/100
0.0033
Epoch 92/100
0.0033
Epoch 93/100
500/500 [============ ] - 1s 2ms/step - loss: 0.0033 - mse:
0.0033
Epoch 94/100
0.0033
```

```
Epoch 95/100
   0.0033
   Epoch 96/100
   0.0033
   Epoch 97/100
   0.0032
   Epoch 98/100
   0.0033
   Epoch 99/100
   500/500 [============ ] - 1s 2ms/step - loss: 0.0033 - mse:
   0.0033
   Epoch 100/100
   500/500 [============ ] - 1s 2ms/step - loss: 0.0032 - mse:
[13]: <tensorflow.python.keras.callbacks.History at 0x24506243070>
     • List item
     • List item
[14]: TARS.save("weights.h5")
[15]: TARS.evaluate(x_test, y_test)
   0.0044
[15]: [0.004357358906418085, 0.004357358906418085]
[19]: TARS.predict(x_test)
[19]: array([[0.38861433],
        [0.8379196],
        [0.61360025],
        [0.5294008],
        [0.43504548],
        [0.51618 ]], dtype=float32)
[18]: x_test[0:1]
[18]: array([[0.
              , 0.
                      , 0.
                             , 1.
                                     , 0.
              , 0.
                      , 0.
        0.
                             , 0.
                                     , 0.
        0.
               , 0.
                      , 0.
                             , 0.
                                     , 1.
        0.
               , 0.
                      , 0.
                              , 0.
                                      , 0.
```

```
0. , 0. , 0. , 0. , 1. , , 0.66666667, 0.48717949]])
```

```
[38]: # give me a student and lets try some accomedation
# take in a normal row input
# changing accomedation
# class size
# teacher_cre
```

```
[4]: n, bins, patches = plt.hist(x=dframe['gpadifference'], bins='auto', □

⇒color='#0504aa',

alpha=0.7, rwidth=0.85)

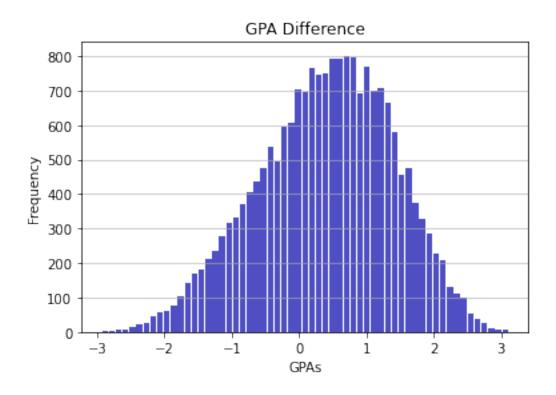
plt.grid(axis='y', alpha=0.75)

plt.xlabel('GPAs')

plt.ylabel('Frequency')

plt.title('GPA Difference')
```

[4]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'GPA Difference')



```
[1]: scalarY.inverse_transform(TARS.predict(np.array([[0,0,0,1,1,0.5,0.5]])))
```

NameError Traceback (most recent call last)

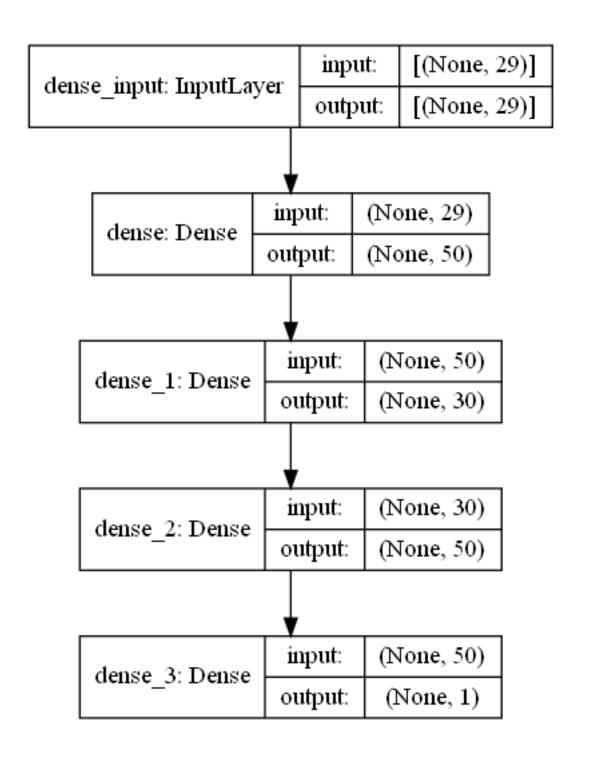
```
<ipython-input-1-9eeeaf545e05> in <module>
----> 1 scalarY.inverse_transform(TARS.predict(np.array([[0,0,0,1,1,0.5,0.5]]))
NameError: name 'scalarY' is not defined
```

```
[]: TARS.predict(np.array([[0,1,0,0,1,0.5,0.5]]))
```

1 Create the GridSearch estimator along with a parameter object containing the values to adjust

from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV param_grid = {'C': [1, 5, 10, 50], 'gamma': [0.0001, 0.0005, 0.001, 0.005]} grid = GridSearchCV(model, param_grid, verbose=3) Mohan to Everyone (12:01 PM) grid.fit(X_train, y_train) print(grid.best_params_)

[2]:

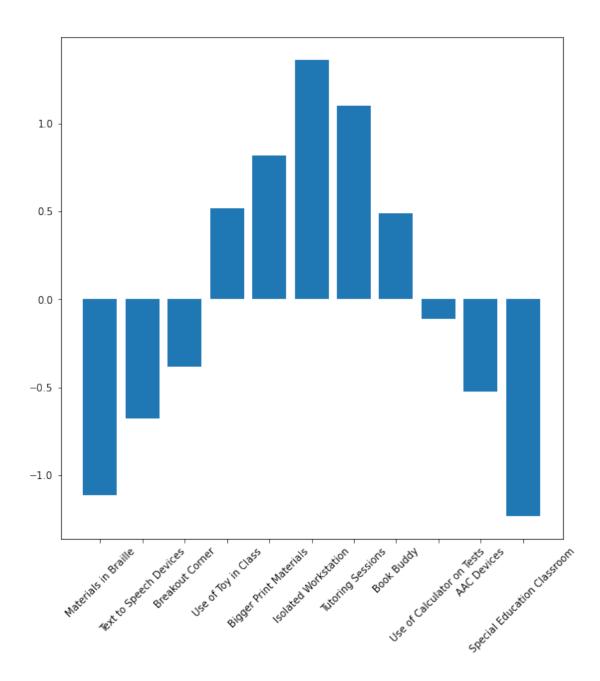


```
[17]: def predict(sample_student):
    maxdif = -4
    bestaccom = ""
```

```
accomodation_list = ["Materials in Braille", "Text to Speech Devices", u
→ "Breakout Corner", "Use of Toy in Class", "Bigger Print Materials", □
_{
ightharpoonup} "Isolated Workstation", "Tutoring Sessions", "Book Buddy", "Use of _{\sqcup}
→Calculator on Tests", "AAC Devices", "Special Education Classroom"]
  gpadiffs = []
  for i in accomodation list:
       temparray= [[]]
       temparray[0] = np.append(sample_student, i)
       temparray = np.array(temparray)
       temparray[:, 0] = le.transform(temparray[:,0])
       temparray = np.array(ct.transform(temparray))
       temparray = np.array(ct2.transform(temparray))
       temparray = np.array(ct3.transform(temparray))
       temparray = scalarX.transform(temparray)
       gpadiffs.append(scalarY.inverse_transform(TARS.predict(np.
→array(temparray)))[0][0])
       if (scalarY.inverse_transform(TARS.predict(np.array(temparray))) >
→maxdif):
           maxdif = scalarY.inverse_transform(TARS.predict(np.
→array(temparray)))
           bestaccom = i
  fig = plt.figure(figsize=(7,7))
  ax = fig.add_axes([0,0,1,1])
  plt.xticks(rotation=45)
  ax.bar(accomodation_list, gpadiffs)
  return(bestaccom + " is the predicted best accomadation.")
```

```
[19]: #predicting which accommodation is most effective given a student #input: gender, age, teacher_cred, class size, disability predict(np.array([["Female", "15", "Bachelor's", "25", "ADHD"]]))
```

[19]: 'Isolated Workstation is the predicted best accomadation.'



```
[]: #TARS = tf.keras.models.load_model('weights.h5')

[]: from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
    param_grid = {'C': [1, 5, 10, 50], 'gamma': [0.0001, 0.0005, 0.001, 0.005]}
    grid = GridSearchCV(TARS, param_grid, verbose=3)

[]: # TARS.layers[1].get_weights()
```

GridSearch Figure out which columns are the most impactful transform outputs back fix environment

```
[]: # from keras.wrappers.scikit learn import KerasClassifier, KerasRegressor
     # import eli5
     # from eli5.sklearn import PermutationImportance
[]: # my_model = KerasRegressor(build, epochs=100, batch_size=200)
     # my_model.fit(x,y)
[]: # from sklearn.model selection import KFold
     # from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
     # kfold = KFold(n_splits=10)
    # results = cross_val_score(my_model, x, y, cv=kfold)
[ ]: # TARS
[]: # import shap
[]: # explainer = shap.TreeExplainer(TARS)
     # shap_values = explainer.shap_values(x)
[]: # # permutation feature importance with knn for classification
     # from sklearn.datasets import make classification
     # from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
     # from sklearn.inspection import permutation_importance
     # from matplotlib import pyplot
    # # define dataset
    # # define the model
    # # fit the model
    # # perform permutation importance
    # results = permutation_importance(TARS, x, y, scoring='accuracy')
    # # get importance
    # importance = results.importances_mean
    # # summarize feature importance
    # for i,v in enumerate(importance):
              print('Feature: %0d, Score: %.5f' % (i,v))
    # # plot feature importance
     # pyplot.bar([x for x in range(len(importance))], importance)
     # pyplot.show()
[]:
```