# Wolt Customer Analysis

Sijan Shrestha

#### Customer Segmentation

- Customer segmentation is a crucial for a company to make useful strategies like marketing strategies, advertising strategies, target customers, target market etc.
- Customer segmentation can be done on following basis:
  - -Demography (age, sex, gender, marital status etc)
  - -Geography (location)
  - -behaviour (how customer purchase)
  - -dormant customers (registered but not engaged)
- In this project, I have done segmentation on the basis of Geography, behaviour and dormant customer

### Steps followed:

- Data extraction
- Data cleaning
- Data exploration
- Data segmentation (Geography, behaviour and dormant)
- Analysis on the basis of outcomes.

#### Data extraction

We can use pandas function read\_csv() for data extraction. It can be done as follows:

df=pd.read\_csv('dataset\_for\_analyst\_assignment\_20201120.csv'). There are 21983 rows and 30 columns in this dataset.

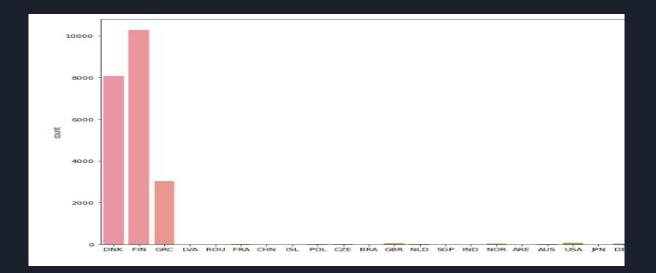
|        | REGISTRATION_DATE          | REGISTRATION_COUNTRY    | PURCHASE_COUNT | PURCHASE_COUNT_DELIVERY | PURCHASE_COUNT_TAKEAWAY | FIRST_PURCHASE_DAY      | LAST_PU   |
|--------|----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|
| 0      | 2019-09-01<br>00:00:00.000 | DNK                     | 0              | NaN                     | NaN                     | NaN                     |           |
| 1      | 2019-09-01<br>00:00:00.000 | FIN                     | 1              | 1.0                     | 0.0                     | 2020-09-02 00:00:00.000 | 2020-09-0 |
| 2      | 2019-09-01<br>00:00:00.000 | DNK                     | 19             | 19.0                    | 0.0                     | 2019-12-10 00:00:00.000 | 2020-05-2 |
| 3      | 2019-09-01<br>00:00:00.000 | FIN                     | 0              | NaN                     | NaN                     | NaN                     |           |
| 4      | 2019-09-01<br>00:00:00.000 | GRC                     | 0              | NaN                     | NaN                     | NaN                     |           |
|        |                            |                         | 3***           |                         | :                       |                         |           |
| 1978   | 2019-09-30<br>00:00:00.000 | GRC                     | 1              | 1.0                     | 0.0                     | 2020-01-23 00:00:00.000 | 2020-01-2 |
| tree?t | oken=707a979c52e4872d2     | de01d6520ebaf94d47f0b68 |                |                         |                         |                         | K         |
|        |                            |                         |                |                         |                         |                         |           |

#### Data Cleaning

- Data cleaning and preparing data for further analysis is crucial part of data analysis.
- The raw dataset can have unwanted, duplicate, incorrect or incomplete data which should be corrected.
- In this project, null values has be removed, duplicate data has been checked and unwanted column has been removed.
- dropna() function helped to eliminate the null value. df.duplicated() is used to check for duplicate values.

#### Data exploration

- ♦ While examining the dataset, there are 21983 rows and 30 columns.
- df['REGISTRATION\_COUNTRY'].nunique(): provides information that there are 59 different countries in the dataset.
- Finland, Denmark and Greece are the most prominent market so far.



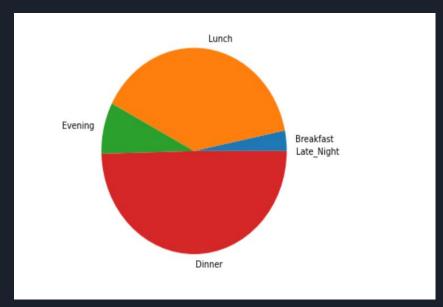
#### Purchase count

Among the registered countries, Finland and Denmark has highest number of purchases.



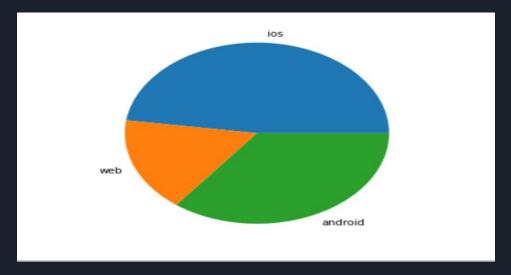
## Distribution of purchases.

- Analysing purchasing behavior is important to make business strategies.
- In this dataset, there are 4 different time that customers is purchasing.
- Among them, dinner is the winner and lunch comes in the second place.



#### Preferred device used to purchase:

- ❖ In this dataset, the customers of Wolt has used one from ios, android or web purchases.
- From the data, we can segment the customers on the basis of this behaviour.



#### In Finland, ios is used most.

```
df_Fin_device=df_Fin['PREFERRED_DEVICE'].value_counts()
df_Fin_device

android 1662
ios 1346
web 566
Name: PREFERRED_DEVICE, dtype: int64
```

#### RFM

RFM(Receny, Frequency and Monetary value) is best used to understand the customer's behaviour)

- How recent customer has purchased, how frequently and how much money they have spent are key to understand the customer's value.
- There are still huge Dormant customers who has registered but are not active.
- The lowest recency, highest frequency and monetary amounts are our best customers.
- According to the RFM analysis, there are only three countries that shows lowest recent: Finland, Denmark and Greece.

```
df_recent_buyer['country'].value_counts()

FIN 127
DNK 113
GRC 23
Name: country, dtype: int64
```

#### RFM...

Following outcome shows some of the customers with low recency and and high frequency and significant amount of monetary value.

| 3  |         | country | recency | frequency | monetary_value | cost_per_order |
|----|---------|---------|---------|-----------|----------------|----------------|
|    | USER_ID |         |         |           |                |                |
| 88 | 3361    | FIN     | 842     | 125       | 2459.160       | 19.673280      |
|    | 18316   | DNK     | 842     | 111       | 3487.352       | 31.417586      |
|    | 1049    | FIN     | 842     | 102       | 2143.416       | 21.013882      |
|    | 15528   | FIN     | 842     | 96        | 2166.692       | 22.569708      |
|    | 5504    | DNK     | 842     | 85        | 1875.236       | 22.061600      |

#### Dormant customers

- The analysis show that there are huge number of registered users who are idle.
- ❖ About 9955 customers has not purchase a single order.
- ❖ Wolt has to market their products so that they can reach these customers.

```
df_dormant['REGISTRATION_COUNTRY'].value_counts()
FIN
       4826
DNK
       3096
GRC
       1510
USA
         70
GBR
         52
SWE
         41
DEU
         38
EST
         31
ITA
         24
          21
NOR
```

#### Summary

- Customer segmentation is a crucial part in business analysis.
- It helps the company to build different business strategies.
- In this analysis, I have done basic exploratory analysis and done customer segmentation on the basis of geography and customer behavior.
- ❖ I have used RFM (Recency, Frequency and Monetary Value) table to analyse the customer.

## Thank you!