

## 162. Find Peak Element

Solved 

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A peak element is an element that is strictly greater than its neighbors.

Given a 0-indexed integer array `nums`, find a peak element, and return its index. If the array contains multiple peaks, return the index to **any of the peaks**.

You may imagine that  $nums[-1] = nums[n] = -\infty$ . In other words, an element is always considered to be strictly greater than a neighbor that is outside the array.

You must write an algorithm that runs in  $O(\log n)$  time.

### Example 1:


**Input:** `nums = [1,2,3,1]`

**Output:** 2

**Explanation:** 3 is a peak element and your function should return the index number 2.

Python3  • Auto

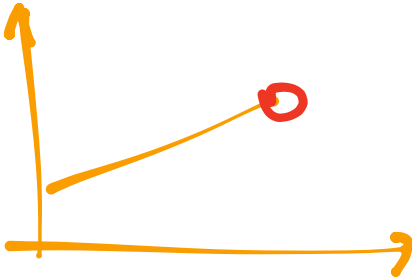
```
1 class Solution:
2     def findPeakElement(self, nums: List[int]) -> int:
3         for i in range(len(nums) - 1):
4             if nums[i] > nums[i+1]:
5                 return i
6         return len(nums) - 1
7
```

Ln 6, Col 29 |  Saved

 Testcase |  Test Result

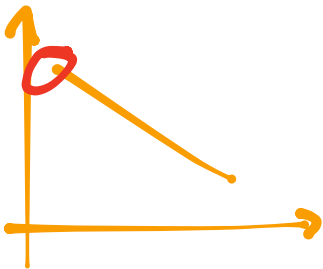
case 1:

all increasing order (return `len(nums) - 1`)



case 2:

all decreasing order (return `nums[i] > nums[i+1]`, where  $i = 0$ )



case 3:

have a peak in the middle, cuz only need to return one of the peaks, consider it a decreasing or increasing for the first/last segment (left case: `nums[i] > nums[i+1]`; right case: `len(nums) - 1`)

