

## 3440. Reschedule Meetings for Maximum Free Time II

Medium

Topics

Companies

Hint

You are given an integer `eventTime` denoting the duration of an event. You are also given two integer arrays `startTime` and `endTime`, each of length `n`.

These represent the start and end times of `n` **non-overlapping** meetings that occur during the event between time  $t = 0$  and time  $t = \text{eventTime}$ , where the  $i^{\text{th}}$  meeting occurs during the time `[startTime[i], endTime[i]]`.

You can reschedule **at most one meeting** by moving its start time while maintaining the **same duration**, such that the meetings remain non-overlapping, to **maximize the longest continuous period of free time** during the event.

Return the **maximum** amount of free time possible after rearranging the meetings.

**Note** that the meetings can **not** be rescheduled to a time outside the event and they should remain non-overlapping.

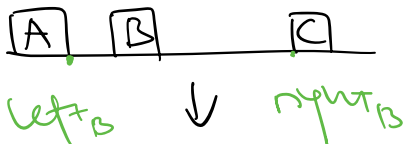
**Note:** In this version, it is **valid** for the relative ordering of the meetings to change after rescheduling one meeting.

1° find gaps

2° find the sum of two consecutive gap, check

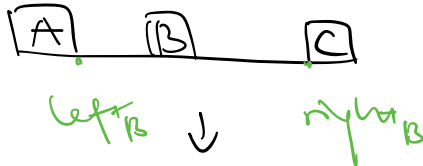
① if there's another gap to fit the meeting in between the gap, or ② the shifting of the meeting also create the max gap achievable.

①



for [B]  $\text{length} = \text{right}_B - \text{left}_B$

②



$\text{length} = \text{right}_B - \text{left}_B - \text{len}(B)$

↳ How to find it's case ① or ② ?

Sol: maintain an arr q. to check if there's large enough gap for the curr meeting.

\* find all gaps first, then compare with max gap is not efficient.

Better H/W from head to tail, then backwards.

```
1 class Solution:
2     def maxFreeTime(self, endTime: int, startTime: List[int], endTime: List[int]) -> int:
3         n = len(startTime)
4         gap = [False] * n
5         t1, t2 = 0, 0
6
7         for i in range(n):
8             if endTime[i] - startTime[i] <= t1:
9                 gap[i] = True
10                t1 = max(t1, startTime[i] - (0 if i == 0 else endTime[i-1]))
11
12            if endTime[n-i-1] - startTime[n-i-1] <= t2:
13                gap[n-i-1] = True
14                t2 = max(t2, (endTime if i == 0 else startTime[n-i]) - endTime[n-i-1])
15
16        res = 0
17        for i in range(n):
18            left = 0 if i == 0 else endTime[i-1]
19            right = endTime if i == n-1 else startTime[i+1]
20
21            if gap[i]:
22                res = max(res, right - left)
23            else:
24                res = max(res, right - left - (endTime[i] - startTime[i]))
25
26        return res
```

} iterate in two directions

} make current optimal choice