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What's X-Frame FPS Accelerator?

X-Frame FPS Accelerator is a camera script plus some shader effects that improves the FPS of your game.

The technique used by X-Frame FPS Accelerator works in two steps:

- 1) Makes the camera render to an off-screen surface with reduced resolution which obviously makes the render faster, but it also reduces any post-image effects time.
- 2) Upscales the rendered frame to window size, optionally applying MSAA antialias + our custom fast sharpen algorithm, which reduces blur and improves result vs a normal upscale operation.

X-Frame is aimed mainly to mobile and HDPI screens (high dot-per-inch screens). As mobile devices pack more and more pixels per inch, you may afford to lose some pixels in exchange for performance. It's important to test the effect of X-Frame on the mobile device itself, since usual monitors don't have such DPI and the quality reduction will be more noticeable on the big screens than on mobile.

X-Frame also controls dynamically both pixel light count and quality of shadows per light in the scene depending on current FPS. It will reduce/restore pixel light count as well as reduce or disable shadows if FPS can't be achieved. These options can be enabled/disabled in X-Frame.

X-Frame allows you to choose the proper balance between performance and image quality, providing full control regarding the FPS and quality range you want in your game.

With X-Frame you can make your game playable in devices that currently can't tackle your rendering stack or even run "heavy" image effects on mobile that takes too much FPS due to their complexity.

Algorithms included in X-Frame

X-Frame FPS Accelerator includes 3 main algorithms:

- Horizontal Downsampling: the resolution reduction is applied horizontally. For example, if you choose a 0.5 quality factor, the resolution will be Screen Width / 2 x Screen Height (remember that after rendering the frame, it will be upscaled to full screen resolution). You can choose different ratios, for example, a 0.75 will just reduce the image size by a quarter. This reduction is always applied regardless of current FPS.
- Quad Downsampling: the resolution reduction is applied horizontally and vertically. For example, if you choose a 0.5 quality factor, the resolution will be Screen Width / 2 x Screen Height / 2 (remember that after rendering the frame, it will be upscaled to full screen resolution). This reduction is also always applied regardless of current FPS.

- **Adaptative Downsampling**: works like Quad Downsampling but you can choose the desired FPS and a quality range and. X-Frame will dynamically use different off-screen resolutions to match the best FPS according to the quality range specified.

Important: you always control the minimum quality factor! For example, if you want to maximize quality vs FPS, you can set a quality factor high, like 0.7 or 0.8 – or if you want to ensure the best smooth experience in your game in terms of FPS in exchange for quality you could reduce the minimum quality to 0.5 or even 0.3.

X-Frame brings you an opportunity to address less powerful devices and make your game available to more players. If current device is powerful enough and your FPS requirements are met, with adapatative downsampling X-Frame won't affect the image quality of your game.

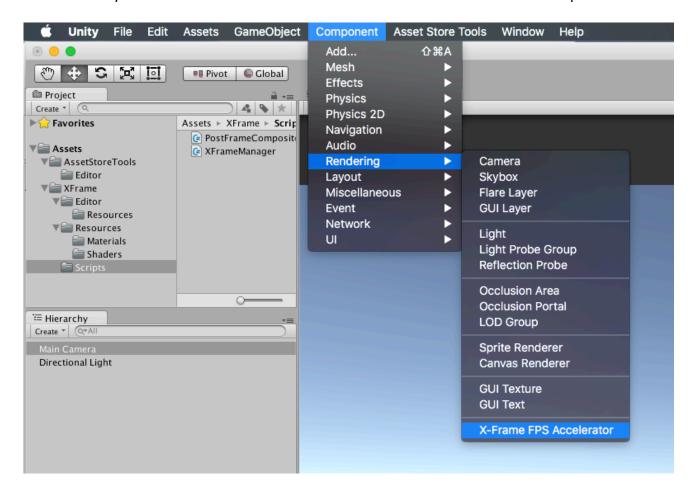
UNITY 2018.1 NOTICE!

X-Frame FPS Accelerator will detect if Lightweight Rendering Pipeline is enabled. In this case, the adaptative downsampling is always used. Some other options won't apply in this scenario.

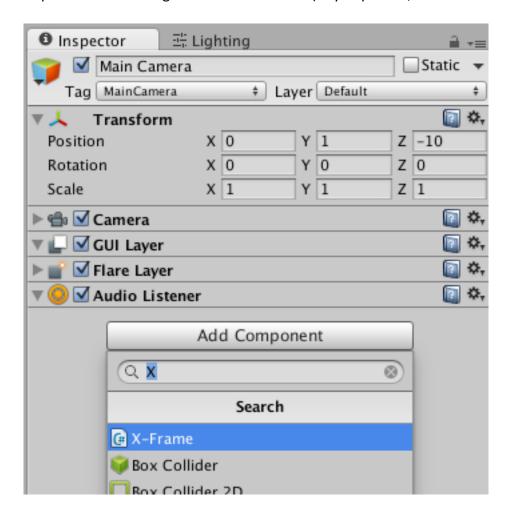
Quick Start

To use X-Frame:

- 1- Import X-Frame package into your project.
- 2- Select your main camera and select "X-Frame FPS Accelerator" from the component menu:

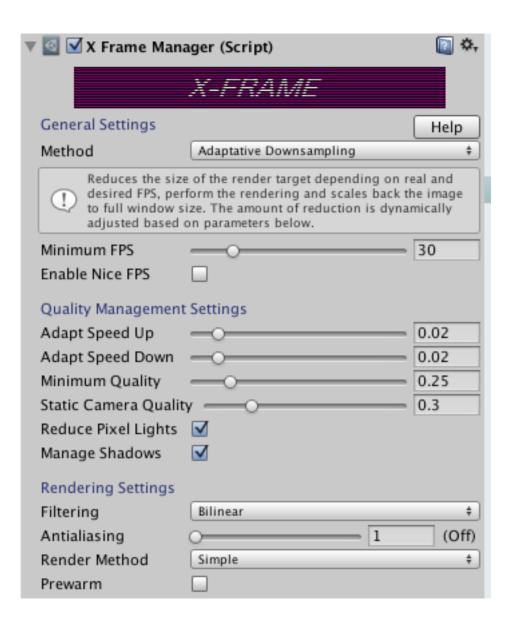


You can also add the script to your camera, simply clicking on the "Add component" button in the inspector and entering the name "X-Frame" (as you press X, it will be listed in the result list):



Once you add X-Frame to your camera, click "Help" button on the inspector for more details and guidance.

Description of X-Frame parameters



General Settings

- ❖ Method: choose one of the three operation modes as described in the section "Algorithms included in X-Frame".
- ❖ Minimum FPS: your desired target FPS. If current FPS are greater than this value, no image reduction will be applied, ie. X-Frame won't affect your image.
- ❖ Nice FPS: if FPS exceeds this value, X-Frame will temporarily be disabled so it does not affect at all to your game performance. For example, if your game already runs on 60 fps, X-Frame should not execute. However if FPS drops below this value, X-Frame will reactivate automatically.

Quality Management Settings

- ❖ Adapt Speed Up: in adaptative downsampling, this parameter controls the speed of change between different image quality (ie. image resolution). When FPS drops, X-Frame will reduce the image quality in 10%. When FPS increase, X-Frame will increase the image quality in 10%. This parameter controls the speed of quality increase, when FPS are above the Minimum FPS parameter. If you want X-Frame to increase quality as soon as possible increase this value.
- **Adapt Speed Down**: controls the speed of quality decrease, which occurs when FPS are below the Minimum FPS parameter.
- Minimum Quality: this setting allows you to decide the minimum image resolution that you can afford to use in exchange for the extra FPS. This setting puts you in control of the impact of X-Frame in the resulting image quality. You can choose a high value and the image quality won't be much affected, but the gain in FPS will be less. Experiment with different values always on the mobile device itself, never on screen!
- ❖ Static Camera Quality: this setting is similar to minimum quality and will be used instead when the camera is not moving or rotating. You may set this value equal than the minimum quality parameter or increase it a little bit, so when the player is static in the scene, the image quality can get a little better. It's known that when you need "action", you will want the best FPS but if there's no "action" you will want the best image quality for the best viewing experience this setting allows you to control that situation.
- Reduce Pixel Count: this setting will reduce pixel count in the scene until 1 if desired minimum FPS is not achieved. It will revert back to original value as soon as minimum FPS is obtained.
- Manage Shadows: X-Frame will monitor all lights in the scene and will swtich the quality of its shadows, from soft to hard shadows or even disabling shadows. The control is done per light depending on current FPS goal.

Rendering Settings

- ❖ **Filtering**: specifies the sampling filter used when upscaling the frame, either nearest neighbour (faster, pixaltes) or bilinear (smoother, blurs).
- ❖ Antialias: this slider controls the MSAA quality level. Setting this slider to 2 or more will enable antialias and will dramatically improve the result.
- Clear Flags: the clear flags for the X-Frame camera. By default it's set to Nothing, but if you experience ghosting artifacts set this to Color or Solid Color-
- **Render Method**: choose a final compositing method.
 - o "Second Camera Billboard World Space": uses a second camera to draw the upscale frame inside a world space quad. Default and recommended setting.
 - "Second Camera Blit": uses a second camera and a post-effect to upscale the frame optionally adding a sharpening pass. This mode is slower on older devices.

- **Sharpen Image**: optionally sharpen the upscaled image which brings more details to the resulting image (only available with Second Camera Blit).
- Prewarm: forces X-Frame to create the offscreen render buffers during startup, instead of creating them on-demand. Most of the time you won't notice any difference although checking it should reduce any hiccup when changing resolution in Adaptative Downsampling on some devices.

Canvas and Ray Casting considerations

X-Frame will automatically manage ray casting for Canvas set to Screen Space Overlay or World Space.

If you experience issues with Camera.ScreenPointToRay function, you should use XFrameManager.instance.ScreenPointToRay function instead, since it takes into account any active downsampling factor applied to the camera target.

Custom APIs for dealing with UI and GameObject interactions

X-Frame provides a set of useful APIs to adjust the tap or mouse positions due to downscaling:

To access the API use this code:

using XFrameEffect;

•••

XFrameManager xframe = XFrameManager.instance;

Then the following methods are available:

```
public void UpdateUICanvases()
```

Call only if you create Canvas objects at runtime. This method will force X-Frame to integrate with new canvas UI objects.

```
public Vector3 AdjustScreenPosition(Vector3 position)
```

Transforms the input position into a proper screen coordinate that takes into account downsampling.

```
public Ray ScreenPointToRay(Camera camera, Vector3 position);
Returns a Ray object from a camera and a screen position.
```

```
public RaycastResult Raycast(Camera camera, Vector3 pointerPosition)
```

Performs a raycast on the camera from the pointer position (ie. screen mouse position or Input.mousePosition)

public bool IsPointerOverUIElement(Vector3 pointerPosition)
Returns true if the pointer is over any UI element of any Canvas (only canvas set to Screen Space –
Camera or World Space).

public bool IsPointerOverGameObject(Camera camera, Vector3 pointerPosition)
Returns true if the pointer is over any gameobject.

Additional Support & Questions

In Unity 5.4 you may see "No Rendering Cameras" message when X-Frame is enabled but the option "Simple" is selected. This is normal behaviour. The reason is that the camera is being rendered to a off-screen buffer and blit to the screen directly. Unity 5.4 thinks there're no cameras working but still you can see the image.

Remember to test your settings on the real mobile device!

If you have any issue using X-Frame, please contact us on our support forum on kronnect.com or send an email to contact@kronnect.me.