Numerile - Blatt 7 - Icorrelden

1 AECHXA

Ben Es git 
$$Av = 0$$

Col  $(\lambda I - A)v = 0$ 

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"=>" 
$$V \neq V \neq 0$$
  
=)  $P_{A}(\lambda) = 0$ 

$$P_4(\lambda) = 0$$
 => Ker  $(\lambda I - A) \neq \{0\}$   
=>  $\exists$  ein Passion EV

b) Viji, vn e C L.n. EV von A  
mit E V 71, 17 E C V= (V1) (V1)  
Bel: 
$$\Lambda = V^{-1}AV$$
 ist eie Diagonal matrix.

Für i E {1, w, u}:

$$\Delta e_{i} = V^{-1} A V e_{i} = V^{-1} A v_{i}$$

$$v_{i} \stackrel{EV}{=} V^{-1} \lambda_{i} v_{i} = \lambda_{i} V^{-1} v_{i} = \lambda_{i} e_{i} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \lambda_{i} \\ \lambda_{i} & \lambda_{i} \end{pmatrix} = \lambda_{i} e_{i} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \lambda_{i} \\ 0 & \lambda_{i} \end{pmatrix} = \lambda_{i} e_{i} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \lambda_{i} \\ 0 & \lambda_{i} \end{pmatrix} = \lambda_{i} e_{i} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \lambda_{i} \\ 0 & \lambda_{i} \end{pmatrix} = \lambda_{i} e_{i} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \lambda_{i} \\ 0 & \lambda_{i} \end{pmatrix} = \lambda_{i} e_{i} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \lambda_{i} \\ 0 & \lambda_{i} \end{pmatrix} = \lambda_{i} e_{i} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \lambda_{i} \\ 0 & \lambda_{i} \end{pmatrix} = \lambda_{i} e_{i} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \lambda_{i} \\ 0 & \lambda_{i} \end{pmatrix} = \lambda_{i} e_{i} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \lambda_{i} \\ 0 & \lambda_{i} \end{pmatrix} = \lambda_{i} e_{i} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \lambda_{i} \\ 0 & \lambda_{i} \end{pmatrix} = \lambda_{i} e_{i} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \lambda_{i} \\ 0 & \lambda_{i} \end{pmatrix} = \lambda_{i} e_{i} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \lambda_{i} \\ 0 & \lambda_{i} \end{pmatrix} = \lambda_{i} e_{i} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \lambda_{i} \\ 0 & \lambda_{i} \end{pmatrix} = \lambda_{i} e_{i} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \lambda_{i} \\ 0 & \lambda_{i} \end{pmatrix} = \lambda_{i} e_{i} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \lambda_{i} \\ 0 & \lambda_{i} \end{pmatrix} = \lambda_{i} e_{i} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \lambda_{i} \\ 0 & \lambda_{i} \end{pmatrix} = \lambda_{i} e_{i} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \lambda_{i} \\ 0 & \lambda_{i} \end{pmatrix} = \lambda_{i} e_{i} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \lambda_{i} \\ 0 & \lambda_{i} \end{pmatrix} = \lambda_{i} e_{i} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \lambda_{i} \\ 0 & \lambda_{i} \end{pmatrix} = \lambda_{i} e_{i} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \lambda_{i} \\ 0 & \lambda_{i} \end{pmatrix} = \lambda_{i} e_{i} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \lambda_{i} \\ 0 & \lambda_{i} \end{pmatrix} = \lambda_{i} e_{i} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \lambda_{i} \\ 0 & \lambda_{i} \end{pmatrix} = \lambda_{i} e_{i} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \lambda_{i} \\ 0 & \lambda_{i} \end{pmatrix} = \lambda_{i} e_{i} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \lambda_{i} \\ 0 & \lambda_{i} \end{pmatrix} = \lambda_{i} e_{i} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \lambda_{i} \\ 0 & \lambda_{i} \end{pmatrix} = \lambda_{i} e_{i} = \lambda_{i}$$

2 Potanziele f(x)= Ec; x1 (Ci) iew Edge von Koeffiziere AEC mit EVD A=VAV-1 Verallgenerous: g(B)= = CBi Beh g(A) = V day (f(Zn), f(Zm)) V-Ber Zoge erst  $t' = V \Lambda^i V^{-1}$  (+) IA (4) gild for Costes ie M Ais = A. A = V. A. V. V. AV-A = VA 1+1 V-1 Es folgt 9(A)= Z Ci A' = E Ci (VAV-1)' = 2 a V/ v-1 (Rain nec Gill divited Straite = V(ECI) V (Raile misse arg.) (converged site) = V( \( \( \int \) \( \tag ( \tai \) \) \( \tag \) = V diag( = Ci2n1, , = , = Ci2m1 V-1 = V db-g(f(Z1), , f(Zn)) V-1

## Benealay.

a) Beredre El / El von A J 1 , V

6) Wendle f and Elv an

c) Bevedre V diay  $(f(7n), f(7m)) V^{-1}$ Lose  $V^T k = f(7j) ej$ (fix j = 1, ..., m)

 $\frac{3}{3}$   $a_{0} = 7$   $a_{n+1} = 5a_n + b_n$  $b_0 = 4$   $b_{n+1} = 6a_n + 12b_n$ 

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_{n+1} \\ b_{n+1} \end{vmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 5-1 \\ 6 & 12 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} a_n \\ b_n \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 5-1 \\ 6 & 12 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} a_0 \\ b_0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 6-12 \\ 6 & 12 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} a_0 \\ b_0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Beredre EVD von A ~ Nullstellen PA(7)=0 ~ EV 2, 27

Lose: (7, I - A) V1 = 0 (7, I - A) V2 = 0

 $71 = 6 \qquad V_{\Lambda} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$   $72 = 11 \qquad V_{\Lambda} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix}$   $V = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 1 & -6 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \Lambda = \begin{pmatrix} 6 & 0 \\ 0 & 11 \end{pmatrix} \qquad V^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} -65 & -15 \\ -15 & -15 \end{pmatrix}$   $V = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 1 & -6 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \Lambda = \begin{pmatrix} 6 & 0 \\ 0 & 11 \end{pmatrix} \qquad V^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} -65 & -15 \\ -15 & -15 \end{pmatrix}$ 

$$\begin{pmatrix}
 a_{1} \\
 b_{1}
 \end{pmatrix} = A^{h} \begin{pmatrix} a_{0} \\
 b_{0}
 \end{pmatrix}
 = V\Lambda^{h} V^{-1} \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}
 = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 11 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -6/5 & -16 & 1 \\ -16 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -16 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}
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 = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ -16$$

Beh. Wenn A normal it, ist die Sau Flot. ele EVD, d.h. T ist diagood.

Ben Zeige a) Thormal
b) In de egle Zeile von T
steht "m "of oh the"
Dingolde" an hert +0

C) T ist diagonal

The A)  $A^{\dagger}A = AA^{\dagger}$   $CS(Q + Q + 1)^{\dagger}Q + Q^{\dagger} = Q + TQ^{\dagger}(Q + Q^{\dagger})^{\dagger}$   $CS(Q + Q + 1)^{\dagger}Q + Q^{\dagger} = Q + Q^{\dagger}Q + Q^{\dagger}Q^{\dagger}$ (civital (CS)  $Q^{\dagger} = Q^{\dagger}Q + Q^{\dagger}Q$ 

$$T = \begin{pmatrix} T_{m} & V \\ 0 & S \end{pmatrix} \qquad \begin{array}{c} V \in C & 1 \times (m-1) \\ S \in C & (m-1) \times (m-1) \end{array}$$

Thormal

$$T * T = TT^{y}$$

$$= \int (T^{y}T)_{n,n} = (TT)^{y}_{n,n}$$

$$= \int T^{2}_{n,n} = T^{2}_{n,n} + \nu^{y}\nu$$

$$= \int \nu = 0$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc} -1 & \left( \frac{1}{1} & 0 \\ v^{*} & s^{*} \right) \end{array}\right)$$

Zu C)

IV w=1 lc(av

1A nornde, Obee \$ 7-Mot de Griße m-n ist diagonal

15 mass w-1 -> in the T mormal => 5 x S = 55x

T= (Thing of ) = 15 hound, above . D-May

1 - (1) 1/4 - Chiagold