```
[2]: import tensorflow as tf
       from keras.models import Sequential from keras.layers import Dense , Conv2D ,Dropout,Flatten,MaxPooling2D
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
       import numpy as np
[3]: mnist = tf.keras.datasets.mnist
       (x_train,y_train),(x_test,y_test) = mnist.load_data()
input_shape = (28,28,1)
[4]: x_train = x_train.reshape(x_train.shape[0],28,28,1)
        x_test = x_test.reshape(x_test.shape[0],28,28,1)
[5]: x_train = x_train.astype('float32')
   x_test = x_test.astype('float32')
[6]: x_train = x_train / 255;
    x_test = x_test / 255;
    print("shape of Training:",x_train.shape)
    print("shape of Testing:",x_test.shape)
       shape of Training : (60000, 28, 28, 1) shape of Testing : (10000, 28, 28, 1)
       Defining the Model
[7]: model = Sequential([
            Conv2D(28,kernel_size=(3,3), input_shape = input_shape),
            MaxPooling2D(pool_size = (2,2)),
            Flatten(),
            Dense(200,activation = "relu"),
Dropout(0.3),
            Dense(10,activation = "softmax")
       C:\Users\ASUS\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python312\site-packages\keras\src\layers\convolutional\base_conv.py:107: UserWarning: Do not pass an `input_shape')'
       input_dim argument to a layer. When using Sequential models, prefer using an `Input(shape)` object as the first layer in the model instead. super().__init__(activity_regularizer=activity_regularizer, **kwargs)
[8]: model.summary()
      Model: "sequential"
         Layer (type)
                                                           Output Shape
                                                                                                           Param #
         conv2d (Conv2D)
                                                           (None, 26, 26, 28)
                                                                                                                280
         max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)
                                                           (None, 13, 13, 28)
                                                                                                                   0
         flatten (Flatten)
                                                                                                                   0
                                                           (None, 4732)
         dense (Dense)
                                                           (None, 200)
                                                                                                           946.600
         dropout (Dropout)
                                                                                                                   0
         dense_1 (Dense)
                                                                                                              2,010
                                                           (None, 10)
        Total params: 948,890 (3.62 MB)
        Trainable params: 948,890 (3.62 MB)
        Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 B)
 [9]: model.compile(optimizer="adam",loss="sparse_categorical_crossentropy",metrics=["accuracy"])
[15]: history = model.fit(x_train,y_train,epochs=5)
        Epoch 1/5
        1875/1875
                                           - 14s 8ms/step - accuracy: 0.9897 - loss: 0.0304
        Epoch 2/5
1875/1875
                                          - 13s 7ms/step - accuracy: 0.9917 - loss: 0.0245
        Epoch 3/5
        1875/1875
                                          — 13s 7ms/step - accuracy: 0.9920 - loss: 0.0236
       Epoch 4/5
1875/1875
                                          - 13s 7ms/step - accuracy: 0.9933 - loss: 0.0194
        Epoch 5/5
                                          - 13s 7ms/step - accuracy: 0.9937 - loss: 0.0194
[16]: test_loss , test_acc = model.evaluate(x_test,y_test)
    print("loss = %.3f"%test_loss)
    print("accuracy = %.3f"%test_acc)
        - 1s 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.9789 - loss: 0.0897
        accuracy = 0.984
[17]: image = x_train[90]
    plt.imshow(np.squeeze(image),cmap="gray")
```

plt.show()

```
[18]: image = image.reshape(1,image.shape[0],image.shape[1],image.shape[2])
    predict_model = model.predict([image])
    print("predicted class : {} ".format(np.argmax(predict_model)))

## upto this is enough
```

1/1 — 0s 37ms/step predicted class : 6

[21]: plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'])
 # plt.plot(history.history['loss'])
 plt.title('model accuracy')
 plt.ylabel('accuracy')
 plt.xlabel('epoch')
 plt.legend(['Train','Validation'],loc = 'upper right')
 plt.show()

