

## DMW EXPERIMENT 2

### DATASET 1: Diabetes

CODE:

```
import pandas as pd
df = pd.read_csv('diabetes.csv')

df.head()

df.isnull().sum()

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

X=df.drop(columns=['Outcome'])
y=df['Outcome']
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y,
test_size=0.33, random_state=42)

print("NAIVE BAYERS CLASSIFICATION")

from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
nb = GaussianNB()

nb.fit(X_train,y_train)

nb.score(X_test,y_test)

y_pred = nb.predict(X_test)

from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix,classification_report

print("Confusion Matrix")
confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred)

print("Classification Report")
print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred))

X=df.drop(columns=['Outcome'])
```

```

y=df['Outcome']
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y,
test_size=0.33, random_state=42)

from sklearn import tree
dt = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier()

print("\nDECISION TREE CLASSIFICATION")
dt.fit(X_train,y_train)
print("Testing Score")
dt.score(X_test,y_test)

y_pred_dt = dt.predict(X_test)

print("Confusion Matrix")
confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred_dt)

print("Classification Report")
print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred_dt))

nb_probs = nb.predict_proba(X_test)
dt_probs = dt.predict_proba(X_test)

dt_probs = dt_probs[:, 1]
nb_probs = nb_probs[:, 1]
nb_probs

from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve, roc_auc_score

nb_auc = roc_auc_score(y_test, nb_probs)
dt_auc = roc_auc_score(y_test, dt_probs)

print('Decision Tree AUROC = ' + str(dt_auc))
print('Naive Bayes AUROC = ' + str(nb_auc))

nb_fpr, nb_tpr, _ = roc_curve(y_test, nb_probs)
dt_fpr, dt_tpr, _ = roc_curve(y_test, dt_probs)

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

plt.plot(nb_fpr, nb_tpr, linestyle='--', label='Naive Bayes (AUROC =
%0.3f)' % nb_auc)
plt.plot(dt_fpr, dt_tpr, marker='.', label='Decision Tree (AUROC =
%0.3f)' % dt_auc)

```

```

# Title
plt.title('ROC Plot')
# Axis labels
plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
# Show legend
plt.legend() #
# Show plot
plt.show()

```

OUTPUT:

```

NAIVE BAYES CLASSIFICATION
Confusion Matrix
Classification Report

```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.81	0.79	0.80	168
1	0.61	0.63	0.62	86
accuracy			0.74	254
macro avg	0.71	0.71	0.71	254
weighted avg	0.74	0.74	0.74	254

```

DECISION TREE CLASSIFICATION
Testing Score
Confusion Matrix
Classification Report

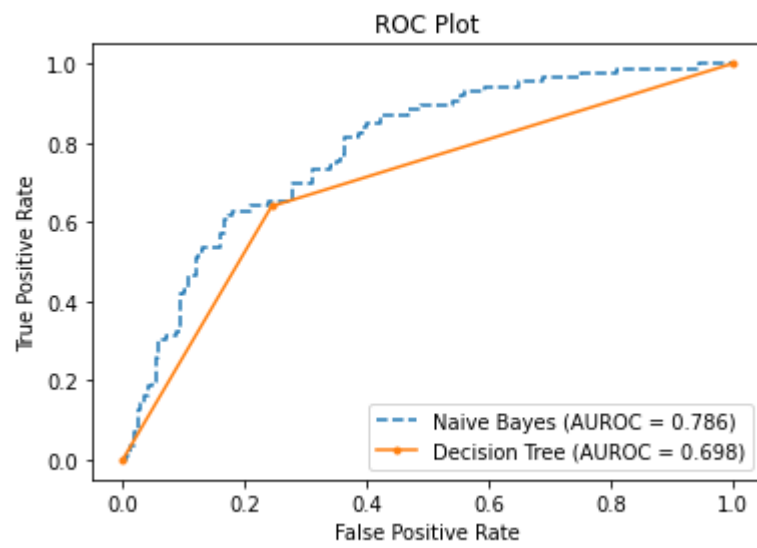
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.80	0.76	0.78	168
1	0.57	0.64	0.60	86
accuracy			0.72	254
macro avg	0.69	0.70	0.69	254
weighted avg	0.73	0.72	0.72	254

```

Decision Tree AUROC = 0.6977436323366556
Naive Bayes AUROC = 0.7857834994462902

```



## DATASET 2: Sonar

CODE:

```
import pandas as pd
df = pd.read_csv('sonar.csv',header=None)
print("Showing First 5 rows of the database")
df.head()

print("Checking null fields in the dataset")
df.isnull().sum()

from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
le= LabelEncoder()

print("Data before using LabelEncoder")
df[60]

df[60]=le.fit_transform(df[60])
print("Data after using LabelEncoder")
df[60]

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

X=df.drop(columns=[60])
y=df[60]
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y,
test_size=0.33, random_state=42)

from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
nb = GaussianNB()

nb.fit(X_train,y_train)
print("Testing Score")
nb.score(X_test,y_test)

y_pred = nb.predict(X_test)

from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix,classification_report

print("Confusion Matrix for Naive Bayers")
confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred)

print("Classification Report")
print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred))

X=df.drop(columns=[60])
```

```

y=df[60]
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y,
test_size=0.33, random_state=42)

print("\n\n DECISION TREE CLASSIFIER")
from sklearn import tree
dt = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier()

dt.fit(X_train,y_train)
print("Testing Score")
dt.score(X_test,y_test)

y_pred_dt = dt.predict(X_test)
print("Classification Report")
print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred_dt))

print("Confusion Matrix for Decision Tree")
confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred_dt)
nb_probs = nb.predict_proba(X_test)
dt_probs = dt.predict_proba(X_test)

dt_probs = dt_probs[:, 1]
nb_probs = nb_probs[:, 1]
nb_probs
from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve, roc_auc_score

nb_auc = roc_auc_score(y_test, nb_probs)
dt_auc = roc_auc_score(y_test, dt_probs)

print('Decision Tree AUROC = ' + str(dt_auc))
print('Naive Bayes AUROC = ' + str(nb_auc))

nb_fpr, nb_tpr, _ = roc_curve(y_test, nb_probs)
dt_fpr, dt_tpr, _ = roc_curve(y_test, dt_probs)

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

plt.plot(nb_fpr, nb_tpr, linestyle='--', label='Naive Bayes (AUROC =
%0.3f)' % nb_auc)
plt.plot(dt_fpr, dt_tpr, marker='.', label='Decision Tree (AUROC =
%0.3f)' % dt_auc)

# Title
plt.title('ROC Plot')
# Axis labels

```

```
plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
# Show legend
plt.legend() #
# Show plot
plt.show()
```

OUTPUT:

```
Showing First 5 rows of the database
Checking null fields in the dataset
Data before using LabelEncoder
Data after using LabelEncoder
Testing Score
Confusion Matrix for Naive Bayers
Classification Report
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.86	0.66	0.75	38
1	0.68	0.87	0.76	31
accuracy			0.75	69
macro avg	0.77	0.76	0.75	69
weighted avg	0.78	0.75	0.75	69

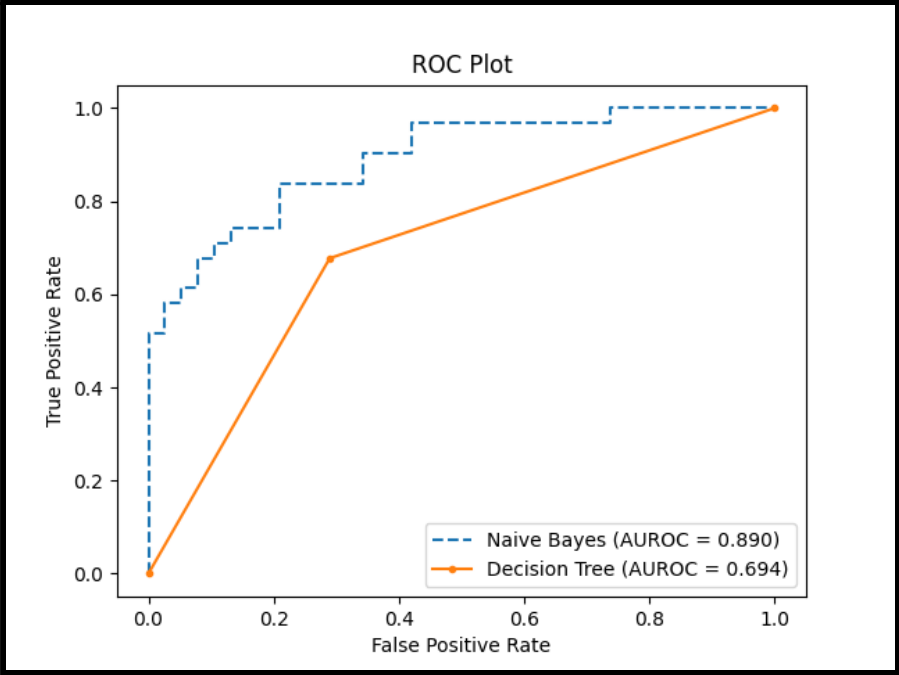
```

DECISION TREE CLASSIFIER
Testing Score
Classification Report
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.76	0.82	0.78	38
1	0.75	0.68	0.71	31
accuracy			0.75	69
macro avg	0.75	0.75	0.75	69
weighted avg	0.75	0.75	0.75	69

```

Confusion Matrix for Decision Tree
Decision Tree AUROC = 0.74660441426146
Naive Bayes AUROC = 0.8904923599320883
```





## DATASET 3: Haberman

CODE:

```
import pandas as pd

df = pd.read_csv('haberman.csv',header=None)

df.head()
df.isnull().sum()

from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
le= LabelEncoder()
df[3]

df[3]=le.fit_transform(df[3])
df[3]

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

X=df.drop(columns=[3])
y=df[3]
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y,
test_size=0.33, random_state=42)

print("NAIVE BAYERS CLASSIFICATION")

from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
nb = GaussianNB()

nb.fit(X_train,y_train)
print("Testing Score")
nb.score(X_test,y_test)
y_pred = nb.predict(X_test)
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix,classification_report

print("Naive Bayers Confusion Matrix")
confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred)
print("Classification Report")
print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred))

X=df.drop(columns=[3])
y=df[3]
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y,
test_size=0.33, random_state=42)
print("DECISION TREE CLASSIFIER")
from sklearn import tree
dt = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier()
```

```

dt.fit(X_train,y_train)

print("Testing Score")
dt.score(X_test,y_test)

y_pred_dt = dt.predict(X_test)

print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred_dt))
confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred_dt)

nb_probs = nb.predict_proba(X_test)
dt_probs = dt.predict_proba(X_test)

dt_probs = dt_probs[:, 1]
nb_probs = nb_probs[:, 1]
nb_probs

from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve, roc_auc_score

nb_auc = roc_auc_score(y_test, nb_probs)
dt_auc = roc_auc_score(y_test, dt_probs)

print('Decision Tree AUROC = ' + str(dt_auc))
print('Naive Bayes AUROC = ' + str(nb_auc))

nb_fpr, nb_tpr, _ = roc_curve(y_test, nb_probs)
dt_fpr, dt_tpr, _ = roc_curve(y_test, dt_probs)

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

plt.plot(nb_fpr, nb_tpr, linestyle='--', label='Naive Bayes (AUROC =
%0.3f)' % nb_auc)
plt.plot(dt_fpr, dt_tpr, marker='.', label='Decision Tree (AUROC =
%0.3f)' % dt_auc)

# Title
plt.title('ROC Plot')
# Axis labels
plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
# Show legend
plt.legend() #
# Show plot
plt.show()

```

OUTPUT:

```
NAIVE BAYERS CLASSIFICATION
Testing Score
Naive Bayers Confusion Matrix
Classification Report
      precision    recall  f1-score   support

     0       0.78      0.91      0.84        74
     1       0.53      0.30      0.38        27

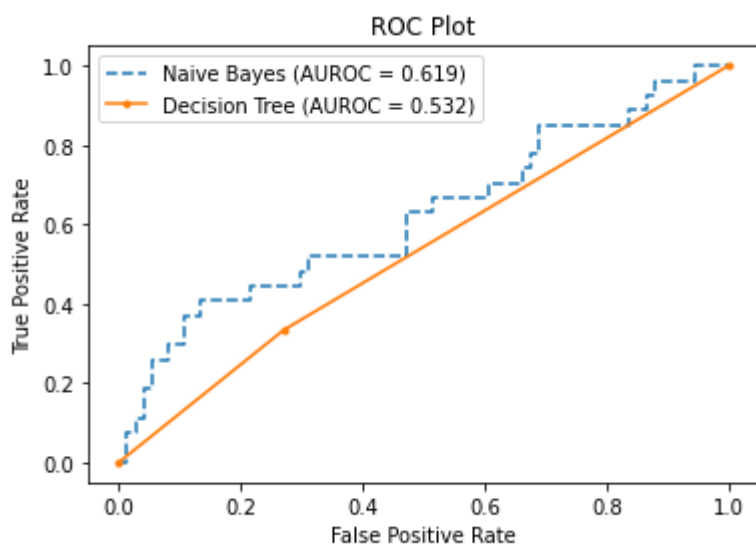
 accuracy      0.74      101
 macro avg     0.66      0.60      0.61      101
 weighted avg   0.71      0.74      0.72      101

DECISION TREE CLASSIFIER
Testing Score
      precision    recall  f1-score   support

     0       0.75      0.73      0.74        74
     1       0.31      0.33      0.32        27

 accuracy      0.62      101
 macro avg     0.53      0.53      0.53      101
 weighted avg   0.63      0.62      0.63      101

Decision Tree AUROC = 0.5315315315315315
Naive Bayes AUROC = 0.6191191191191191
```





## DATASET 4: Ionosphere

CODE:

```
import pandas as pd

df = pd.read_csv('ionosphere_data.csv')

df.head()

df.isnull().sum()

from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
le= LabelEncoder()
df['column_ai']

df['column_ai']=le.fit_transform(df['column_ai'])
df['column_ai']

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

X=df.drop(columns=['column_ai'])
y=df['column_ai']
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y,
test_size=0.33, random_state=42)

print("NAIVE BAYERS CLASSIFICATION\n")

from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
nb = GaussianNB()

nb.fit(X_train,y_train)

print("Naive bayers Score:")
nb.score(X_test,y_test)

y_pred = nb.predict(X_test)

from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix,classification_report

print("Confusion Matrix")
confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred)

print("Classification Report")
print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred))

X=df.drop(columns=['column_ai'])
y=df['column_ai']
```

```

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y,
test_size=0.33, random_state=42)

from sklearn import tree
dt = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier()

print("\n\nDECISION TREE CLASSIFIER")
dt.fit(X_train,y_train)

dt.score(X_test,y_test)

y_pred_dt = dt.predict(X_test)

print("Classification Report")
print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred_dt))

print("Confusion Matrix")
confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred_dt)

nb_probs = nb.predict_proba(X_test)
dt_probs = dt.predict_proba(X_test)

dt_probs = dt_probs[:, 1]
nb_probs = nb_probs[:, 1]
nb_probs

from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve, roc_auc_score

nb_auc = roc_auc_score(y_test, nb_probs)
dt_auc = roc_auc_score(y_test, dt_probs)

print('Decision Tree AUROC = ' + str(dt_auc))
print('Naive Bayes AUROC = ' + str(nb_auc))

nb_fpr, nb_tpr, _ = roc_curve(y_test, nb_probs)
dt_fpr, dt_tpr, _ = roc_curve(y_test, dt_probs)

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

plt.plot(nb_fpr, nb_tpr, linestyle='--', label='Naive Bayes (AUROC =
%0.3f)' % nb_auc)
plt.plot(dt_fpr, dt_tpr, marker='.', label='Decision Tree (AUROC =
%0.3f)' % dt_auc)

# Title

```

```
plt.title('ROC Plot')
# Axis labels
plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
# Show legend
plt.legend() #
# Show plot
plt.show()
```

OUTPUT:

## NAIVE BAYES CLASSIFICATION

Naive bayes Score:

Confusion Matrix

Classification Report

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.97	0.78	0.86	45
1	0.88	0.99	0.93	71
accuracy			0.91	116
macro avg	0.92	0.88	0.90	116
weighted avg	0.91	0.91	0.90	116

## DECISION TREE CLASSIFIER

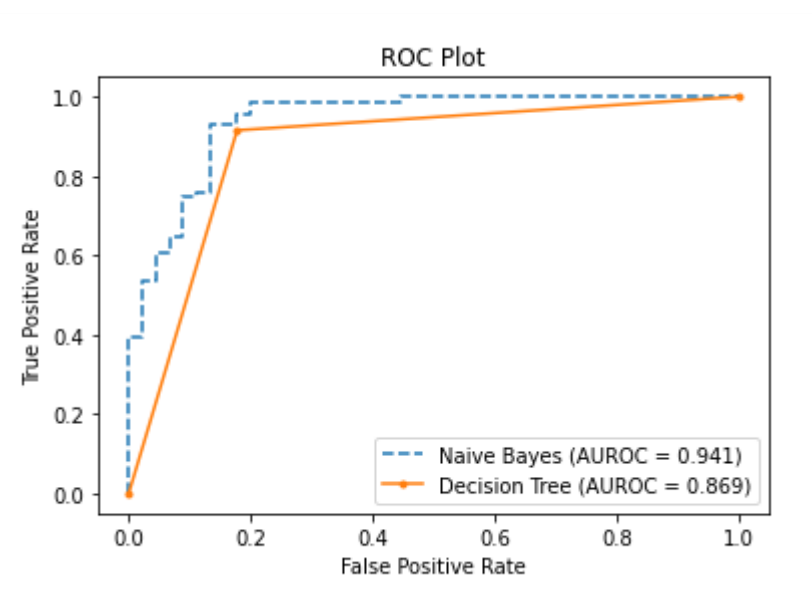
Classification Report

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.86	0.82	0.84	45
1	0.89	0.92	0.90	71
accuracy			0.88	116
macro avg	0.88	0.87	0.87	116
weighted avg	0.88	0.88	0.88	116

Confusion Matrix

Decision Tree AUROC = 0.8688575899843505

Naive Bayes AUROC = 0.9411580594679188





## DATASET 5: BankNote Authentication

CODE:

```
import pandas as pd

df = pd.read_csv('BankNoteAuthentication.csv')

df.head()

df.isnull().sum()

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

X=df.drop(columns=['class'])
y=df['class']
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y,
test_size=0.33, random_state=42)

print("NAIVE BAYERS CLASSIFICATION")

from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
nb = GaussianNB()

nb.fit(X_train,y_train)

print("TESTING SCORE")
nb.score(X_test,y_test)

y_pred = nb.predict(X_test)

from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix,classification_report

print("CONFUSION MATRIX")
confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred)

print("CLASSIFICATION REPORT")
print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred))

X=df.drop(columns=['class'])
y=df['class']
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y,
test_size=0.33, random_state=42)

print("\nDECISION TREE CLASSIFIER")
from sklearn import tree
dt = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier()
```

```

dt.fit(X_train,y_train)

print("Testing Score")
dt.score(X_test,y_test)

y_pred_dt = dt.predict(X_test)

print("Confusion Matrix")
confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred_dt)

print("Classification Report")
print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred_dt))

nb_probs = nb.predict_proba(X_test)
dt_probs = dt.predict_proba(X_test)

dt_probs = dt_probs[:, 1]
nb_probs = nb_probs[:, 1]
nb_probs

from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve, roc_auc_score

nb_auc = roc_auc_score(y_test, nb_probs)
dt_auc = roc_auc_score(y_test, dt_probs)

print('Decision Tree AUROC = ' + str(dt_auc))
print('Naive Bayes AUROC = ' + str(nb_auc))

nb_fpr, nb_tpr, _ = roc_curve(y_test, nb_probs)
dt_fpr, dt_tpr, _ = roc_curve(y_test, dt_probs)

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

plt.plot(nb_fpr, nb_tpr, linestyle='--', label='Naive Bayes (AUROC =
%0.3f)' % nb_auc)
plt.plot(dt_fpr, dt_tpr, marker='.', label='Decision Tree (AUROC =
%0.3f)' % dt_auc)

# Title
plt.title('ROC Plot')
# Axis labels
plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
# Show legend
plt.legend() #

```

```
# Show plot  
plt.show()
```

OUTPUT:

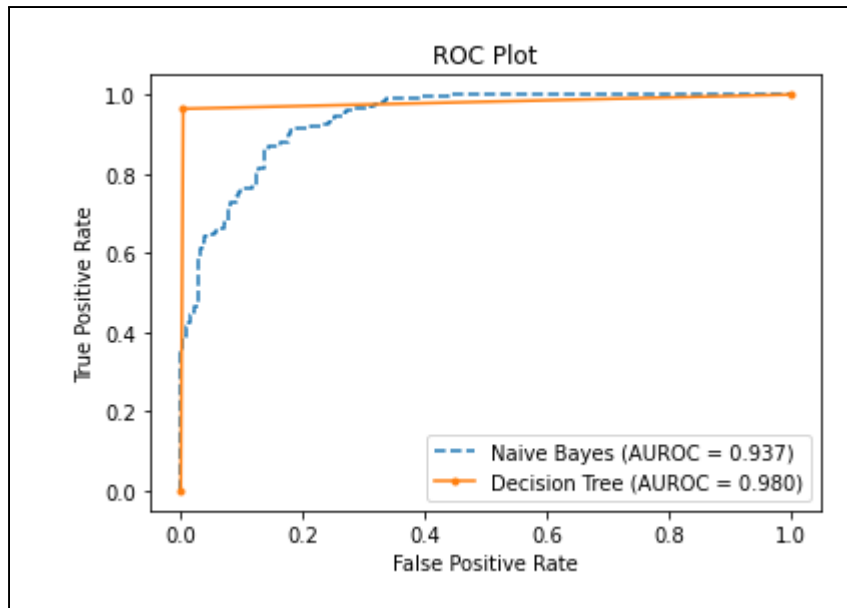
```
NAIVE BAYERS CLASSIFICATION  
TESTING SCORE  
CONFUSION MATRIX  
CLASSIFICATION REPORT
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.83	0.91	0.86	257
1	0.86	0.75	0.80	196
accuracy			0.84	453
macro avg	0.84	0.83	0.83	453
weighted avg	0.84	0.84	0.84	453

```
  
DECISION TREE CLASSIFIER  
Testing Score  
Confusion Matrix  
Classification Report
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.97	1.00	0.98	257
1	0.99	0.96	0.98	196
accuracy			0.98	453
macro avg	0.98	0.98	0.98	453
weighted avg	0.98	0.98	0.98	453

```
  
Decision Tree AUROC = 0.9801973318510284  
Naive Bayes AUROC = 0.9371476216945922
```



## Comparison:

## CODE:

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

barWidth = 0.25
fig = plt.subplots(figsize=(12, 8))

naive_bayes = [79, 89, 93, 94, 62]
decision_tree = [69, 74, 98, 83, 50]

br1 = np.arange(len(naive_bayes))
br2 = [x + barWidth for x in br1]

plt.bar(br1, naive_bayes, color='b', width = barWidth,
        edgecolor='grey', label='Naive Bayes')
plt.bar(br2, decision_tree, color='y', width = barWidth,
        edgecolor='grey', label='Decision Tree')
plt.xlabel('Datasets', fontweight='bold', fontsize = 15)
plt.ylabel('Percentage', fontweight='bold', fontsize = 15)
plt.xticks([r + barWidth for r in range(len(naive_bayes))],
           ['diabeties.csv', 'mines_rock.csv',
            'BankNoteAuthentication.csv', 'ionosphere_data.csv',
            'haberman.csv'], rotation=30)

plt.legend()
```

```
plt.show()
```

OUTPUT:

