Crudo

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https://github.com/SillyFreak/typst-crudo

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ABSTRACT

Crudo lets you take slices from raw blocks and more: slice, filter, transform and join the lines of raw blocks.

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I Introduction

raw elements feel similar to arrays and strings in a lot of ways: they feel like lists of lines; it's common to want to extract spcific lines, join multiple ones together, etc. As values, though, raw elements don't behave this way.

While a package can't add methods such as raw.slice() to an element, we can at least provide functions to help with common tasks. The module reference describes these utility functions:

- <u>r21()</u> and <u>12r()</u> are the building blocks the others build on: *raw-to-lines* and *lines-to-raw* conversions.
- transform() is one layer above and allows arbitrarily transforming an array of strings.
- map(), filter() and slice() are analogous to their array counterparts.
- <u>lines()</u> is similar to slice() but allows more advanced line selections in a single step.
- <u>join()</u> combines multiple raw elements and is convenient e.g. to add preambles to code snippets.

II Module reference

II.a crudo

- <u>r2l()</u>
- <u>12r()</u>
- transform()
- <u>map()</u>
- filter()
- slice()
- lines()
- join()

```
r2l(raw-block: content) -> array
```

raw-to-lines: extract lines and properties from a raw element.

```
1 crudo.r2l(```txt
2 first line
3 second line
4 ```)

("first line", "second line"),
(block: true, lang: "txt"),
)
```

Note that even though you will usually want to use this on raw *blocks*, this is not a necessity:

```
1 crudo.r2l(
2 raw("first line\nsecond line")
3 )
(("first line", "second line"), (:))
```

Parameters:

raw-block (content) - a single raw element

```
l2r(lines: array,..properties: arguments) -> content
```

lines-to-raw: convert lines into a raw element. Properties for the created element can be passed as parameters.

```
1 crudo.l2r(
2 ("first line", "second line")
3 )

first line
second line
```

Note that even though you will usually want to construct raw *blocks*, this is not assumed. To create blocks, pass the appropriate parameter:

```
1 crudo.l2r(
2 ("first line", "second line"),
3 block: true,
4 )
```

Parameters:

```
lines (array) – an array of strings
```

..properties (arguments) - properties for constructing the new raw element

```
transform(raw-block: content, mapper: function) -> content
```

Transforms all lines of a raw element and creates a new one with the lines. All properties of the element (e.g. block and lang) are preserved.

```
1 crudo.transform(
                                      typc
                                                   1 let foo() = {
                                                                                  typc
2
     ```typc
 ... do something ...
 let foo() = {
 3 }
4
 // some comment
 ... do something ...
6
 }
7
 lines => lines.filter(l => {
 // only preserve non-comment lines
9
 not l.starts-with(regex("\s*//"))
10
11
 })
12)
```

## **Parameters:**

```
raw-block (content) - a single raw element
mapper (function) - a function that takes an array of strings and returns a new one
```

```
map(raw-block: content, mapper: function) -> content
```

Maps individual lines of a raw element and creates a new one with the lines. All properties of the element (e.g. block and lang) are preserved.

```
1 crudo.map(
 typc
 1 let foo() = {
 typc
    ```typc
2
                                                  2 // some comment
   let foo() = {
3
                                                  3 ... do something ...
      // some comment
                                                  4 }
5
      ... do something ...
6
    · ` ,
8
    line => line.trim()
9)
```

Parameters:

```
raw-block ( content ) - a single raw element
mapper ( function ) - a function that takes a string and returns a new one
```

```
filter(raw-block: content, test: function) -> content
```

Filters lines of a raw element and creates a new one with the lines. All properties of the element (e.g. block and lang) are preserved.

```
1 crudo.filter(
                                     typc
                                                  1 let foo() = {
                                                                                typc
    ```typc
2
 ... do something ...
 let foo() = {
 3 }
 // some comment
4
5
 ... do something ...
6
7
 l => not l.starts-with(regex("\s*//"))
9)
```

## **Parameters:**

```
raw-block (content) - a single raw element
test (function) - a function that takes a string and returns a new one
```

```
slice(raw-block: content, ..args: arguments) -> content
```

Slices lines of a raw element and creates a new one with the lines. All properties of the element (e.g. block and lang) are preserved.

```
1 crudo.slice(
 typc
 // some comment
 1
 typc
2
    ```typc
                                                    2
                                                         ... do something ...
3
   let foo() = {
      // some comment
5
      ... do something ...
6
    1, 3,
8
9)
```

Parameters:

```
raw-block (content) - a single raw element
```

..args (arguments) – the same arguments as accepted by array.slice()

```
lines(raw-block: content,..line-numbers: arguments, zero-based: boolean) -> content
```

Extracts lines of a raw element similar to how e.g. printers select page ranges. All properties of the element (e.g. block and lang) are preserved.

This function is comparable to <u>slice()</u> but doesn't have the the option to specify the *number* of selected lines via count. On the other hand, multiple ranges of pages can be selected, and indices are one-based by default, which may be more natural for line numbers.

Lines are selected by any number of parameters. Each parameter can take either of three forms:

- a single number: that line is included in the output
- an array of numbers: these lines are included in the output (a major usecase being range() but beware that range() uses an exclusive end index)
- a string containing numbers (e.g. 1) and inclusive ranges (e.g. 1-2) separated by commas. Whitespace is allowed.

All three kinds of parameters can be mixed, and lines can be selected any number of times and in any order.

```
1 crudo.lines(
                                     typc
                                                       // some comment
                                                                                 typc
    ```tvpc
2
 2 let foo() = {
 let foo() = {
3
 ... do something ...
 // some comment
 4 }
5
 ... do something ...
 5 // some comment
6
 }
7
 ... do something ...
 2, "1,3-4", range(2, 4),
8
```

#### **Parameters:**

raw-block (content) - a single raw element

..line-numbers (arguments) - any number of line number specifiers, as described above

zero-based (boolean = false) – whether the supplied numbers are one-based line numbers or zero-based indices

```
join(..raw-blocks: content, main: int) -> content
```

Joins lines of multiple raw elements and creates a new one with the lines. All properties of the main element (e.g. block and lang) are preserved.

```
1 crudo.join(
 typc
 1 let foo() = {
 typc
2
    ```java
                                                2 // some comment
    let foo() = {
3
                                                3 ... do something ...
      // some comment
                                                4 }
5
      ... do something ...
                                                5 let bar() = {
6
7
                                                6 // some comment
     ```typc
8
 7 ... do something ...
9
 let bar() = {
 8 }
 // some comment
10
11
 ... do something ...
12
13
 main: -1,
14
15)
```

## **Parameters:**

..raw-blocks (content) - any number of raw elements

main (int = 0) – the index of the raw element of which properties should be preserved. Negative indices count from the back.