# Crudo

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https://github.com/SillyFreak/typst-crudo

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# **ABSTRACT**

*Crudo* lets you take slices from raw blocks and more: slice, filter, transform and join the lines of raw blocks.

# **CONTENTS**

I Introduction	2
II Module reference	2

# I Introduction

raw elements feel similar to arrays and strings in a lot of ways: they feel like lists of lines; it's common to want to extract spcific lines, join multiple ones together, etc. As values, though, raw elements don't behave this way.

While a package can't add methods such as raw.slice() to an element, we can at least provide functions to help with common tasks. The module reference describes these utility functions:

- <u>r21()</u> and <u>12r()</u> are the building blocks the others build on: *raw-to-lines* and *lines-to-raw* conversions.
- transform() is one layer above and allows arbitrarily transforming an array of strings.
- map(), filter() and slice() are analogous to their array counterparts.
- <u>lines()</u> is similar to slice() but allows more advanced line selections in a single step.
- <u>join()</u> combines multiple raw elements and is convenient e.g. to add preambles to code snippets.

# II Module reference

## II.a crudo

- r2l()
- <u>12r()</u>
- transform()
- <u>map()</u>
- filter()
- slice()
- lines()
- join()

```
r2l(raw-block: content) -> array
```

raw-to-lines: extract lines and properties from a raw element.

Note that even though you will usually want to use this on raw *blocks*, this is not a necessity:

```
1 crudo.r2l(
2    raw("first line\nsecond line")
3 )
(("first line", "second line"), (:))
```

## Parameters:

raw-block (content) - a single raw element

```
l2r(lines: array,..properties: arguments)-> content
```

*lines-to-raw*: convert lines into a raw element. Properties for the created element can be passed as parameters.

```
1 crudo.l2r(
2 ("first line", "second line")
3 )

first line
second line
```

Note that even though you will usually want to construct raw *blocks*, this is not assumed. To create blocks, pass the appropriate parameter:

```
1 crudo.l2r(
2 ("first line", "second line"),
3 block: true,
4 )
```

#### **Parameters:**

lines (array) – an array of strings

 $\ldots$  properties (  $\mbox{arguments}$  ) – properties for constructing the new  $\mbox{raw}$  element

```
transform(raw-block: content, mapper: function) -> content
```

Transforms all lines of a raw element and creates a new one with the lines. All properties of the element (e.g. block and lang) are preserved.

```
crudo.transform(
                                                       1 let foo() = {
                                                                                          [typc]
2
     ```typc
   ... do something ...
3
     let foo() = {
   3 }
       // some comment
5
       ... do something ...
6
     }
7
     lines => lines.filter(l => {
8
       // only preserve non-comment lines
       not l.starts-with(regex("\s*//"))
10
11
    })
12 )
```

### **Parameters:**

```
raw-block (content) – a single raw element

mapper (function) – a function that takes an array of strings and returns a new one
```

```
map(raw-block: content, mapper: function) -> content
```

Maps individual lines of a raw element and creates a new one with the lines. All properties of the element (e.g. block and lang) are preserved.

```
typc
1 crudo.map(
   1 let foo() = {
  typc
   ```typc
2
                                                  2 // some comment
3 let foo() = {
                                                  3 ... do something ...
     // some comment
4
                                                  4 }
5 ... do something ...
6
   }
   ```,
7
   line => line.trim()
9)
```

#### Parameters:

```
raw-block ( content ) - a single raw element
mapper ( function ) - a function that takes a string and returns a new one
```

```
filter(raw-block: content, test: function) -> content
```

Filters lines of a raw element and creates a new one with the lines. All properties of the element (e.g. block and lang) are preserved.

## **Parameters:**

```
raw-block ( content ) - a single raw element
test ( function ) - a function that takes a string and returns a new one
```

```
slice(raw-block: content, ..args: arguments) -> content
```

Slices lines of a raw element and creates a new one with the lines. All properties of the element (e.g. block and lang) are preserved.

```
1 crudo.slice(
  typc
  // some comment
   typc
    ```typc
2
                                                          ... do something ...
3
   let foo() = {
4
      // some comment
     ... do something ...
6
   }
   ```,
7
8
    1, 3,
9)
```

#### Parameters:

```
raw-block ( content ) - a single raw element
..args ( arguments ) - the same arguments as accepted by array.slice()
```

```
lines(raw-block: content, ..line-numbers: arguments, zero-based: boolean) -> content
```

Extracts lines of a raw element similar to how e.g. printers select page ranges. All properties of the element (e.g. block and lang) are preserved.

This function is comparable to slice() but doesn't have the the option to specify the number of selected lines via count. On the other hand, multiple ranges of pages can be selected, and indices are one-based by default, which may be more natural for line numbers.

Lines are selected by any number of parameters. Each parameter can take either of three forms:

- a single number: that line is included in the output
- an array of numbers: these lines are included in the output (a major usecase being range() but beware that range() uses an exclusive end index)
- a string containing numbers (e.g. "1") and inclusive ranges (e.g. "2-3") separated by commas. Range limits may be omitted (e.g. "-2", "2-"), meaning the range starts/ends at the first/last line. Whitespace is allowed.

All three kinds of parameters can be mixed, and lines can be selected any number of times and in any order.

```
crudo.lines(
  typc
1
   typc
  1 let foo() = {
     ```typc
                                                      2
                                                           // some comment
     let foo() = {
3
                                                      3
                                                           // another comment
4
       // some comment
                                                      4
                                                         }
5
       ... do something ...
                                                         let foo() = {
6
       // another comment
7
                                                            // some comment
                                                            ... do something ...
     "-2,4-,1", "2-3", range(3, 5), 5,
9
                                                            ... do something ...
10 )
                                                           // another comment
                                                      10 }
```

## **Parameters:**

raw-block (content) - a single raw element

..line-numbers (arguments) - any number of line number specifiers, as described above
zero-based (boolean = false) - whether the supplied numbers are one-based line numbers or
zero-based indices

```
join(..raw-blocks: content, main: int)-> content
```

Joins lines of multiple raw elements and creates a new one with the lines. All properties of the main element (e.g. block and lang) are preserved.

```
1 crudo.join(
                                                 1 let foo() = {
                                                                                 typc
2
    ```java
   // some comment
3
    let foo() = {
  3 ... do something ...
      // some comment
  4 }
5
     ... do something ...
  5 let bar() = {
6
    }
7 ```,
   // some comment
    ```typc
8
                                                  7 ... do something ...
9
    let bar() = {
                                                  8 }
10
      // some comment
11
     ... do something ...
12
    ``'
13
    main: -1,
14
15 )
```

### **Parameters:**

..raw-blocks (content) - any number of raw elements

main (int = 0) – the index of the raw element of which properties should be preserved. Negative indices count from the back.