# Crudo

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https://github.com/SillyFreak/typst-crudo

# Clemens Koza

## **ABSTRACT**

*Crudo* lets you take slices from raw blocks and more: slice, filter, transform and join the lines of raw blocks.

# **CONTENTS**

I Introduction	2
II Module reference	2

## I Introduction

raw elements feel similar to arrays and strings in a lot of ways: they feel like lists of lines; it's common to want to extract spcific lines, join multiple ones together, etc. As values, though, raw elements don't behave this way.

While a package can't add methods such as raw.slice() to an element, we can at least provide functions to help with common tasks. The module reference describes these utility functions:

- <u>r21()</u> and <u>12r()</u> are the building blocks the others build on: *raw-to-lines* and *lines-to-raw* conversions.
- transform() is one layer above and allows arbitrarily transforming an array of strings.
- map(), filter() and slice() are analogous to their array counterparts.
- <u>lines()</u> is similar to slice() but allows more advanced line selections in a single step.
- <u>join()</u> combines multiple raw elements and is convenient e.g. to add preambles to code snippets.

All functions that accept raw elements as parameters alternatively accept simple strings. In these cases, a string code behaves like raw(code), i.e. it's not a block element and has no lang set on it. This is mostly useful with <u>join()</u>, which takes multiple raw elements, but the other functions don't disallow this usage.

#### II Module reference

#### II.a crudo

- r2l()
- 12r()
- transform()
- <u>map()</u>
- filter()
- slice()
- lines()
- join()

```
r2l(raw-block: content str)-> array
```

raw-to-lines: extract lines and properties from a raw element.

```
1 crudo.r2l(```txt
2 first line
3 second line
4 ```)

("first line", "second line"),
(block: true, lang: "txt"),
)
```

Note that even though you will usually want to use this on raw blocks, this is not a necessity:

```
1 crudo.r2l(
2 raw("first line\nsecond line")
3 )
(("first line", "second line"), (:))
```

For flexibility, regular strings are also supported. Strings don't have a language and aren't blocks:

#### **Parameters:**

raw-block (content or str) - a single raw element or (multi line) string

```
l2r(lines: array,..properties: arguments) -> content
```

*lines-to-raw*: convert lines into a raw element. Properties for the created element can be passed as parameters.

```
1 crudo.l2r(
2 ("first line", "second line")
3 )

first line
second line
```

Note that even though you will usually want to construct raw *blocks*, this is not assumed. To create blocks, pass the appropriate parameter:

```
1 crudo.l2r(
2 ("first line", "second line"),
3 block: true,
4 )
```

#### **Parameters:**

lines (array) – an array of strings

..properties (arguments) - properties for constructing the new raw element

```
transform(raw-block: content str, mapper: function) -> content
```

Transforms all lines of a raw element and creates a new one with the lines. All properties of the element (e.g. block and lang) are preserved.

```
crudo.transform(
                                                     1 let foo() = {
                                                                                       typc
     ```typc
2
   ... do something ...
3
    let foo() = {
   3 }
4
       // some comment
5
      ... do something ...
6
     }
    ```,
7
8
     lines => lines.filter(l => {
9
     // only preserve non-comment lines
10
       not l.starts-with(regex("\s*//"))
11
     })
12 )
```

#### Parameters:

```
raw-block (content or str) – a single raw element or (multi line) string
mapper (function) – a function that takes an array of strings and returns a new one
```

```
map(raw-block: content str, mapper: function) -> content
```

Maps individual lines of a raw element and creates a new one with the lines. All properties of the element (e.g. block and lang) are preserved.

```
1 crudo.map(
                                       typc
                                                                                    typc
                                                    1 let foo() = {
2
    ```typc
  2 // some comment
3
   let foo() = {
  3 ... do something ...
     // some comment
  4 }
5
    ... do something ...
6
7
8
    l => l.trim()
9 )
```

#### **Parameters:**

```
raw-block (content or str) – a single raw element or (multi line) string mapper (function) – a function that takes a string and returns a new one
```

```
filter(raw-block: content str, test: function) -> content
```

Filters lines of a raw element and creates a new one with the lines. All properties of the element (e.g. block and lang) are preserved.

```
1 crudo.filter(
                                      typc
  1 let foo() = {
  typc
    ```typc
                                                        ... do something ...
3 let foo() = {
                                                    3 }
      // some comment
5
     ... do something ...
6
  }
7 ```,
    l => not l.starts-with(regex("\s*//"))
8
9)
```

#### Parameters:

```
raw-block (content or str) – a single raw element or (multi line) string test (function) – a function that takes a string and returns a new one
```

```
slice(raw-block: content str,..args: arguments) -> content
```

Slices lines of a raw element and creates a new one with the lines. All properties of the element (e.g. block and lang) are preserved.

```
1 crudo.slice(
                                         typc
                                                            // some comment
                                                                                         [typc]
    ```tvpc
2
  ... do something ...
   let foo() = {
3
      // some comment
5
      ... do something ...
6
   }
7
8
    1, 3,
9 )
```

#### **Parameters:**

```
raw-block (content or str) - a single raw element or (multi line) string
..args (arguments) - the same arguments as accepted by array.slice()
```

```
lines(raw-block: content str, ..line-numbers: arguments, zero-based: boolean) -> content
```

Extracts lines of a raw element similar to how e.g. printers select page ranges. All properties of the element (e.g. block and lang) are preserved.

This function is comparable to slice() but doesn't have the option to specify the *number* of selected lines via count. On the other hand, multiple ranges of pages can be selected, and indices are one-based by default, which may be more natural for line numbers.

Lines are selected by any number of parameters. Each parameter can take either of three forms:

- a single number: that line is included in the output
- an array of numbers: these lines are included in the output (a major usecase being range() – but beware that range() uses an exclusive end index)
- a string containing numbers (e.g. "1") and inclusive ranges (e.g. "2-3") separated by commas. Range limits may be omitted (e.g. "-2", "2-"), meaning the range starts/ends at the first/last line. Whitespace is allowed.

All three kinds of parameters can be mixed, and lines can be selected any number of times and in any order.

```
crudo.lines(
  typc
   1 let foo() = {
  typc
     ```tvpc
2
                                                           // some comment
     let foo() = {
3
                                                     3
                                                         // another comment
       // some comment
                                                     4 }
5
       ... do something ...
                                                     5 let foo() = {
6
       // another comment
7
                                                           // some comment
8
                                                           ... do something ...
     "-2,4-,1", "2-3", range(3, 5), 5,
9
                                                           ... do something ...
10 )
                                                           // another comment
                                                     10 }
```

#### Parameters:

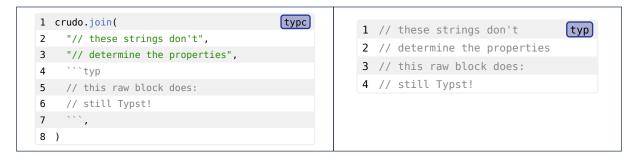
raw-block (content or str) - a single raw element or (multi line) string
..line-numbers (arguments) - any number of line number specifiers, as described above
zero-based (boolean = false) - whether the supplied numbers are one-based line numbers or
zero-based indices

```
join(..raw-blocks: arguments, main: int auto) -> content
```

Joins lines of multiple raw elements and creates a new one with the lines. All properties of the main element (e.g. block and lang) are preserved.

```
crudo.join(
                                      typc
1
                                                   1 let foo() = {
                                                                                   typc
     ```java
2
   // some comment
3
    let foo() = {
   3 ... do something ...
4
      // some comment
   4 }
5
     ... do something ...
   5 let bar() = {
6
7
   6 // some comment
    ```typc
8
                                                   7 ... do something ...
9
    let bar() = {
                                                   8 }
10
      // some comment
     ... do something ...
11
12
    ```,
13
14
    main: -1,
15 )
```

String parameters are allowed; the main parameter defaults to the first raw block:



#### **Parameters:**

 $\ldots$  raw-blocks (  $\mbox{\tt arguments}$  ) – any number of single raw elements or (multi line) strings

main (int or auto) – the index of the raw element of which properties should be preserved. Negative indices count from the back. auto chooses the first positional argument that is a raw element and not a string, if any.