The figureSeries package*

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Abstract

This package provides a first working version of a figure*-like construct, which can contain arbitrarily many sub-figures, (somewhat) float, and automatically break over multiple pages if necessary. The most current source code of this package can be found online at http://github.com/thomasWeise/figureSeries. Some discussions and additional information may be found at http://www.it-weise.de.

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^{*}This document corresponds to figure Series v0.9.4, dated 2015/02/13.

1 Introduction

1.1 Addressed Problem and Use Case

IATEX documents can contain floating objects such as figures or tables. "floating" here means that you insert a figure somewhere in your text and IATEX will find the best place where to put it for you, a place where it fits nicely into the overall layout of the document. Sometimes it is desirable that a figure contains several sub-figures. Let's say you want to group several diagrams which show related information and which all have the same structure.

In LATEX, a floating object (composed of its contents and potentially a caption) can occupy at most one full page, meaning that it cannot contain any page break. This, in turn, means that the number of (or better the space for) sub-figures that can be hosted inside a figure is limited as well. But what if we have too many sub-figures? What it the sub-figures do not fit on one page, into one floating object, into one \begin{figure}...\end{figure}? (Again: The required space includes the space for the sub-figures themselves, their captions, the vertical space between rows of sub-figures, and the caption of the hosting figure.)

We can somewhat solve this issue by splitting the hosting figure into several separate figures, each containing a feasible amount of sub-figures. This needs to be done by hand, because we need to compile the document and fix and compile and fix and so on, since we usually not know beforehand how many sub-figures fit into one figure. This is not nice.

Problems may occur when our LATEX document is created automatically and has an *a priori* unknown number of sub-figures in a figure. There is no way to automatically determine how many sub-figures we can place into a figure. Even if we would know the sub-figure sizes, we cannot compute the space occupied by their captions beforehand (well, without replicating LATEX, that is...). Trust me, I have tried this (in the software project *TSPSuite* [1]). Similar use cases have been reported in [2, 3].

Also, I^AT_EX is limited in terms of the number of floating objects it can handle, I believe the limit is 18 and can be increased using the package morefloats [4], but this is a true problem when creating many sub-figures automatically. You may have so many sub-figures that splitting them into multiple (hosting) figures leads to too many (hosting) figures. Or you just end up with too many floating objects which are all laid out at once at the end of a chapter or something or which otherwise make your text layout look odd and unbalanced.

1.2 Provided Functionality

This package provides

- 1. a facility to include an arbitrary number of (potentially differently-sized) sub-figures into a figure*-like construct,
- 2. the ability to make this figure*-like construct look as if it was a floating object, which

3. works well in both single-column and two-column documents.

WARNING: This is just a first, hacked-together version of this package. I am not an expert in IATEX, and I am pretty sure I managed to incorporate a few "that cannot be made to work reliable"s into the code. Plus, it contains some code taken from the internet, which I myself only partially understand (see Section 3.3.5). This package here is just there for discussion. Use it at your own risk.

2 Usage

2.1 Loading the Package

Load this package using

\RequirePackage{figureSeries}

This will automatically load the packages caption [5], subcaption [6], and afterpage [7].

2.2 Provided Macros

Here we discuss the macros that can directly be accessed by the user to make use of the package's functionality. The implementation of these macros is given in Section 3.2 and several examples can be found in Section 2.3.

The macro $figureSeriesElement{\langle caption\rangle} {\langle contents\rangle}$ inserts an element of the figure series, i.e., one sub-figure. Its first argument is the caption of the element and may contain a **\label**. The second argument is the graphic to print. It could, e.g., be a call to **\includegraphic** from the graphicx package [8].

 $figureSeriesElement{\langle contents \rangle}$ inserts a new row of elements (subfigures) into the figure series. Its single argument should thus contain a sequence of figureSeriesElements. As a consequence of this architecture, each sub-figure belongs to one row and no sub-figure can span multiple rows.

The macro $\{\text{caption}\}\{(\text{contents})\}$ tries to insert a (non-floating) figure series at the current position in the document. This means that it may begin wherever, well, it is used, e.g., in the middle of the page.

The macro has two mandatory parameters, the caption and the contents. The caption will be be put at the beginning of the figure series, which is different from the normal behavior of captions in \begin{figure*}...\end{figure*} or \begin{figure}...\end{figure}. The reason is that a figure series may span over multiple pages and having the caption at the end may be awkward and confusing. The caption text may contain a \label.

The contents of a figure series should be a sequence of \figureSeriesRow calls. Since figure series are page-wide elements, starting them in the middle of the page only works in single-column documents. In two-column documents, any figure series will behave as specified in macro \figureSeriesFloat below.

The macro $\figureSeriesFloat{\langle caption \rangle}{\langle contents \rangle}$ macro takes the

\figureSeriesElement

\figureSeriesRow

\figureSeriesHere

\figureSeriesFloat

same parameters as \figureSeriesHere, but has a float-like behavior. By using the \afterpage command of afterpage package [7], we let it start at the following page. This is different from IATEX' normal floating behavior, but as good as we can get with page-breaking objects, I think.

2.3 Examples

Here we provide a set of examples for the use of the package. Each example demonstrates another facet of the package and, at the same time, serves as test case. Instead of using \includegraphic, we simply stretch single letters via \resizebox and use them "sub-figures". This is good enough to see how the layout works and allows us to generate arbitrarily-sized placeholders for figures.

In order to create some placeholder text in the examples, we use the lipsum command from package lipsum [9], which prints pseudo-Latin text known as "Lorem Ipsum" (see http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lorem_ipsum).

2.3.1 Non-Floating Figure Series in Single-Column Document

In Example 1 we place a non-floating figure series consisting of two rows of figures into a single-column document using Springer's document class llncs [10]. The result can be seen in Figure 1 and compared with a floating version in Figure 7, which represents the floating version of this example (given in Example 7).

```
Example 1 An example using the single-column llncs class, rendered as Figure 1.
```

```
\documentclass{llncs}%
\RequirePackage{graphicx}%
\RequirePackage{lipsum}%
\RequirePackage{figureSeries}%
\begin{document}%
\lipsum%
\figureSeriesHere{%
My first figure series should appear somewhere in the text.%
}{%
\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 1.1}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{5cm}{\fbox{a}}}\%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 1.2}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{5cm}{\fbox{b}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 1.3}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{5cm}{\fbox{c}}}%
}\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 1.4}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{5cm}{\fbox{d}}}\%
\label{lement caption 1.5} $$ \operatorname{Caption 1.5}{\operatorname{Caption 1.5}}_{\columnwidth} {\rm 5cm}_{\columnwidth} $$
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 1.6}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{5cm}{\fbox{f}}}}%
}}%
\lipsum%
\end{document}%
```

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit. stibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauvestibulum ut. placerat ac, adipiscing vitac, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris Nam arcu libero, nonumny ege, consecteure id, ubluptate a, magan. Donce vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urra fringila utirices. Phaselhes et utelhus sit amet torto gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, vivera ac, mune. Praseatt eget sem velle ou utirices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor milla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper milla. Donce varius orci eget risus. Duis nibi mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

saguits quis, main. Due sege circi si amen ver orginssim trutur.

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales solicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam hacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit molis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, ansectur ridiculus ms. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

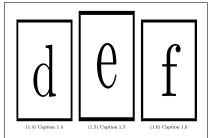
Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus lactuts mauris.

Nulla malesanda portitiro diam Donce felis erat, congue non, volutpat at,
tincidunt tristique, libero. Vivamus viverra fermentum felis. Donce nonummy
pellentesque ante Pinsellus adipiscing semper elit. Proin fermentum massa a
quam. Bed diam turpis, molestie vitae, placerat a, molestie nee, loo. Macecnas
lacinia. Nam ipsum ligula, eleifend at, accumsan nec, suscipit a, ipsum. Morbi
blandit liqula fengiat magan. Nunc eleifend consequal torem. Sed lacinia nulla
vitae enim. Pellentesque tincidunt purus vel magna. Integer non enim. Prasesent
euisnod nunce up urus. Donce bloehudun quam in tellus. Nullam cursus pulvianr
lectus. Donce et mi. Nam vulputate metus eu enim. Vestibulum pellentesque felis
eu massa.

cu massa. Quisque ullamcorper placerat ipsum. Cras nibh. Morbi vel justo vitae la-cus tincidunt ultrices. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consecteture adipiscing elit. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Integer tempus convallis augue. Etiam facili-sis. Nunc elementum fermentum wisi. Aenean placerat. Ut imperdiet, enim sed gravida sollicitudin, felis odio placerat quam, ac pulvinar elit purus eget enim. Nunc vitae torto: Proin tempus nibh sit amet nisl. Vivamus quis tortor vitae risus porta vehicula.

Fusce mauris, Vestibulum luctus nibh at lectus, Sed bibendum, nulla a fau-Fusce mauris. Vestibulum luctus nibh at lectus. Sed bibendum, nulla a fau-cibus semper, loo voit ultricies etlus, ac venenati sar cuw siv din al. Vestibulum diam. Aliquam pellentesque, augue quis sagitis posuere, turpis lacus congue quam, in hendreit risus eros eget felis. Maccenas eget erat in sapien mattis portitior. Vestibulum portitior, Nulla facilisi. Sed a turpis eu lacus commodo facilisis. Morbi fringilla, wisi in dignissim interdumi, pisto lectus sagitist dui, et vehicula libero dui cursus dui. Mauris tempor ligula sed lacus. Duis cursus enim ut augue. Cras ac magna. Cras milla. Nulla egestas. Curabitur a lo. Quisque egestas wisi eget nunc. Nam feugiat lacus vel est. Curabitur consectetuer.

(1.1) Page 1 of the pdf compiled from Example 1.



(1.4) Caption 1.5

(1.4) Caption 1.5

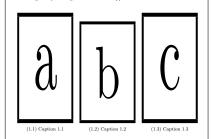
(1.5) Caption

(1.3) Page 3 of the pdf compiled from Example 1.

Suspendisse vel felis. Ut lorem lorem, interdum eu, tincidunt sit amet, laoreet vitae, arcu. Aenean faucibus pede eu ante. Praesent enim elit, rutrum at, mo-lestie non, nonummy vel, nisl. Ut lectus cros, malesuada sit amet, fermentum eu, sodales cursus, magna. Donce eu purus, Quisque vehicula, urna sed ultricies auctor, pede lorem egestas dui, et convallis elit erat sed nulla. Donce luctus. Cursultur et nume. Aliquam dolor odio, commodo pretium, ultricies non, pharetra in, velit. Integer arcu est, nonummy in, fermentum faucibus, egestas vel, odio.

Sed commodo posuere pede. Mauris ut est. Ut quis purus. Sed ac odio. Sed vehicula hendrerit sem. Duis non odio. Morbi ut dui. Sed accumsan risus eget odio. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Pellentesque non elit. Fusce sed justo eu urna porta incidiunt. Mauris felsi odio. solicitudin sed, volutarta, ornare ac, erat. Morbi quis dolor. Donce pellentesque, erat ac sagittis semper, nume dui lobortis purus, quis conque purus metus ultricise tellus. Proin et quam. Class aptent tactit sociosqui ad litora torquent per combia nostra, per inceptos hymenacos. Praesent sapien turpis, fermentum vel, eleifend faucibus, vehicula eu, lacus.

Fig. 1: My first figure series should appear somewhere in the text



(1.2) Page 2 of the pdf compiled from Example 1.

ectus. Donec et mi. Nam vulputate metus eu enim. Vestibulum pellentesque felis

Ouisque ullamcorper placerat ipsum. Cras nibh. Morbi vel iusto vitae la-Quisque ullamcorper placerat ipsum. Cras nibh. Morbi vel justo vitae la-cus tincidunt ultrices. Loren ipsum dolor sit anet, consecteure adjussing elit. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Integer tempus convallis augue. Etiam facili-sis. Nunc elementum fermentum wisi. Aenean placerat. Ut imperdite, enim sed gravida sollicitudin, felis odio placerat quam, ac pulvinar elit purus eget enim. Nunc vitae tortor. Proin tempus nibh sit amet nisl. Vivamus quis tortor vitae risus porta vehicula. Plusce mansir. Vestibalum hetus nibh at bectus. Sed bibendum, nulla a fau-cibus semper, leo velit utricies tellus, ac venenatis arcu wisi vel nisl. Vestibulum latera Vitaera-vibaterationis consistente.

Fusce mauris. Vestibulum Inctus nibh at lectus. Sed bibendum, milla a fanicibus semper, lov welt ultricies tellus, acvenentai sar uwi siv dini. Vestibulum diam. Aliquam pellenteque, augue quis sagittis posurer, turpis lacus congue quan, in hendreir tissue cros get tella. Maccans eget erat in sapisen mattis portitior. Vestibulum portitior. Nulla facilisi. Sed a turpis en lacus commodo calisias. Morbi fringilia, visi in diquissim interdum, justo lectus sagittis dui, et vehicula libero dui cursus dii. Mauris tempor ligala sed lacen Duis cursus enim orgestas weis eget ume. Nam fouglast heurs veles Curubitur consectutor. Suspendisse vel felia. Ut lorem lorem, interdum en, tincidum sit annet, lacrest vitae, arcu. Aenean faucibus pode en ante. Praesent enim elit, turtum at, molestie non, nonummy vel, mid. Ut lectus cros, malesuada sit amet, fermentum en, sodales cursus, magna. Donce en purus. Quisque vehicula, urna sed ultricies auctor, pede lorem egestas dui, et convallis elit erat sed mulla. Donce luctus. Cursultiur et nunc. Aliquam dodor odio, commodo pretium, ultricies non, phaetra in, velit. Integer arcu est, nonummy in, fermentum faucibus, egestas vel, odio. Sed commodo posuere pede Mauris ut est. Ut quis purus. Sed accidio. Sed vehicula hendreit sem. Duis non odio. Morbi ut dui. Sed accumsan risus eget codio. In hac habitases platea dictums. Pellentesque non ellt. Fuses sed justo eu urna porta tincidumt. Mauris felis odio, soliicitudin sed, volutpat a, ornare ca, eral. Morbi quis dolor. Donce pellentesque, erat ae segititis semper, nunc dui lobortis purus, quis cocague purus metus ultricies tellus. Proin et quae, et al. Lorent is socioque purus metus ultricies tellus. Proin et que, lacus.

(1.4) Page 4 of the pdf compiled from Example 1.

Figure 1: The rendered result of Example 1 (with trimmed page margins): A figureSeries starts at the bottom of a page and extends to the top of the next page.

2.3.2 Floating Figure Series in Two-Column Document

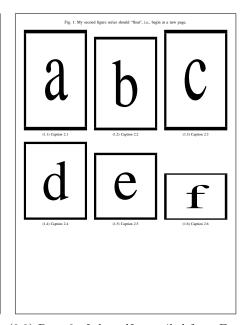
We now put a floating figure series into a two-column document using the IEEEtran [11] class in Example 2. This new figure series has five rows of sub-figures and should span over multiple pages. The two-column text continues directly after the figure series. The rendered results of this example are given in Figure 2.

2.3.3 Coalescing Figure Series in Two-Column Document

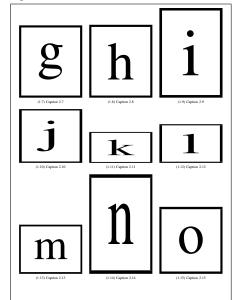
In Example 3, we put several floating figure series close to each other into a twocolumn document, again using the IEEEtran class [11]. The bodies of the figure series should coalesce without losing their captions, figure numbers, or identities. Since they coalesce, no empty pages are produced in between (see Section 3.3.4.F). The result is rendered as Figure 3.

```
Example 2 An example using the two-column IEEEtrans class, rendered as Figure 2.
```

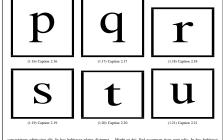
```
\documentclass{IEEEtran}%
\RequirePackage{graphicx}%
\RequirePackage{lipsum}%
\RequirePackage{figureSeries}%
\begin{document}%
\lipsum%
\figureSeriesFloat{%
My second figure series should "float", i.e., begin at a new page.%
}{%
\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 2.1}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{6cm}{\fbox{a}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 2.2}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{6cm}{\fbox{b}}}%
\label{lement caption 2.3} $$ \operatorname{Caption 2.3}{\operatorname{0.3}\linewidth}_{6cm}_{fbox\{c\}}_{c} $$
}\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 2.4}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{5cm}{\fbox{d}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 2.5}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{4cm}{\fbox{e}}}%
\label{lement caption 2.6} $$ \operatorname{Caption 2.6}{\operatorname{0.3}\linewidth}_{3cm}_{fbox\{f\}}} $$
}\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 2.7}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{!}{\fbox{g}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 2.8}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{!}{\fbox{h}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 2.9}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{!}{\fbox{i}}}%
}\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 2.10}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{3cm}{\fbox{j}}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 2.11}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{2cm}{\fbox{k}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 2.12}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{2.5cm}{\fbox{1}}}%
}\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 2.13}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{!}{\fbox{m}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 2.14}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{6cm}{\fbox{n}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 2.15}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{4cm}{\fbox{0}}}%
}\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 2.16}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{3cm}{\fbox{p}}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 2.17}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{3cm}{\fbox{q}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 2.18}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{3cm}{\fbox{r}}}%
}\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 2.19}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{3cm}{\fbox{s}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 2.20}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{3cm}{\fbox{t}}}%
\label{lement continuous} $$ \sigma^2.21 {\resizebox \{0.3\leq the width\} \{3cm\} {\fbox \{u\}}\} } $$
}}%
\lipsum[1-20]%
\end{document}%
```



(2.1) Page 1 of the pdf compiled from Ex- (2.2) Page 2 of the pdf compiled from Example 2.



ample 2.



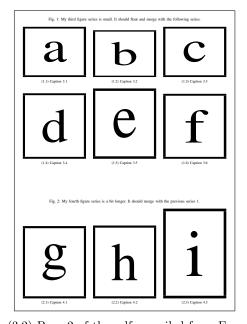
(2.3) Page 3 of the pdf compiled from Ex- (2.4) Page 4 of the pdf compiled from Example 2.

 $ample\ 2.$

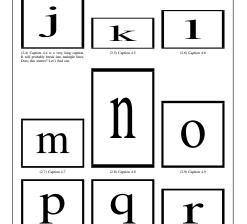
Figure 2: The rendered result of Example 2 (with trimmed page margins): A floating figureSeries in two-column mode.

```
Example 3 An example using the two-column IEEEtrans class and two coalescing figure series, rendered as Figure 3.
```

```
\documentclass{IEEEtran}%
\RequirePackage{graphicx}%
\RequirePackage{lipsum}%
\RequirePackage{figureSeries}%
\begin{document}%
\lipsum%
\figureSeriesFloat{%
My third figure series is small. It should float and merge with the following
series.\label{ser:3}%
}{%
\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 3.1}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{3cm}{\fbox{a}}}\%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 3.2}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{3cm}{\fbox{b}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 3.3}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{3cm}{\fbox{c}}}%
}\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 3.4}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{4.2cm}{\fbox{d}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 3.5}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{4.2cm}{\fbox{e}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 3.6}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{4.2cm}{\fbox{f}}}}%
This is a short text inbetween the two series \ref{ser:3} and \ref{ser:4},
which should not prevent them from merging.
\figureSeriesFloat{%
My fourth figure series is a bit longer. It should merge with the previous
series~\ref{ser:3}.\label{ser:4}%
}{
\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 4.1}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{!}{\fbox{g}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 4.2}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{!}{\fbox{h}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 4.3}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{!}{\fbox{i}}}%
}\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 4.4 is a very long caption. It will probably %
break into multiple lines. Does this matter? Let's find out.}{%
\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{3cm}{\fbox{j}}}%
\label{lement caption 4.5} $$ \operatorname{Caption 4.5}{\operatorname{0.3}\linewidth}_{2cm}_{\begin{subarray}{l} \end{subarray}} $$
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 4.6}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{2.5cm}{\fbox{1}}}%
}\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 4.7}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{!}{\fbox{m}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 4.8}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{6cm}{\fbox{n}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 4.9}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{4cm}{\fbox{0}}}%
}\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 4.10}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{3cm}{\fbox{p}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 4.11}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{3cm}{\fbox{q}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 4.12}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{3cm}{\fbox{r}}}%
}\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 4.13}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{3cm}{\fbox{s}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 4.14}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{3cm}{\fbox{t}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 4.15}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{3cm}{\fbox{u}}}}%
}}%
\lipsum[1-20]%
\end{document}%
```



(3.1) Page 1 of the pdf compiled from Ex- (3.2) Page 2 of the pdf compiled from Example 3.



ample 3.



 $ample \ 3.$

(3.3) Page 3 of the pdf compiled from Ex- (3.4) Page 4 of the pdf compiled from Example 3.

Figure 3: The rendered result of Example 3 (with trimmed page margins): Two floating figureSeries in two-column mode are coalesced, without using their caption and identies.

2.3.4 Two-Column Document with sig-alternate

In the following Example 4, we test the figureSeries together for documents using ACM's sig-alternate [12] document class.

2.3.5 Many Small Sub-Figures in Two-Column Document

In the following Example 5 (again based on ACM's sig-alternate [12] document class), we put many small sub-figures into a figure. Also, the last paragraph of the text in the example is a reference to one of the sub-figures. The results are rendered as Figure 5.

2.3.6 Two figureSeries Separated by Text in Two-Column Document

In the following Example 6 (again based on ACM's sig-alternate [12] document class), we put two figureSeries which are separated by text. The results are rendered as Figure 6.

2.3.7 One Floating figureSeries in a Single-Column Document

In the following Example 7 (based on Springer's llncs [10] document class), we let the figure series from Example 1 float. You can compare the rendered in Figure 7 with those in Figure 1.

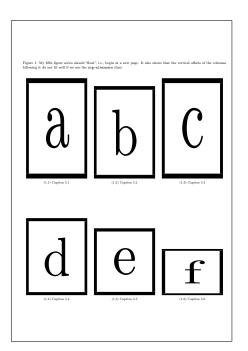
2.3.8 Mixed figureSeries, figure, and figure*

In Example 8, we mix figureSeries with figure and figure* environments. Something like this would cause ! LaTeX Error: Float(s) lost. errors in version 0.9.2 of our package. Due to some modifications, this particular document now compiles, but the errors still appear in other documents.

We again use the IEEEtran class [11]. The result is rendered as Figure 8. As you can see, the ordering of the figures in the current version of our package (0.9.4) is far from perfect, but at least the document compiles. In a productive environment, you would have more text between your figures, so hopefully, such layout problems would not occur.

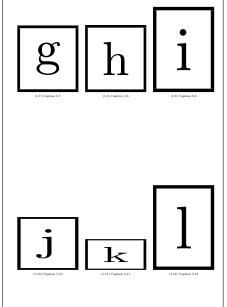
```
Example 4 An example featuring the two-column sig-alternate class. The results are rendered as Figure 4.
```

```
\documentclass{sig-alternate}
\RequirePackage{graphicx}%
\RequirePackage{lipsum}%
\RequirePackage{figureSeries}%
\begin{document}%
\lipsum[1]%
\figureSeriesFloat{%
My fifth figure series should ''float'', i.e., begin at a new page. It
also shows that the vertical offsets of the columns following it do not fit
well if we use the \texttt{sig-alternate} class.%
}{%
\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 5.1}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{6cm}{\fbox{a}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 5.2}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{6cm}{\fbox{b}}}%
\label{lem:continuous} $$ \sigma S.3{\operatorname{Caption 5.3}_{\colored{0.3}}} $$ \end{caption 5.3} $$ \colored{0.3} $$ \
}\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 5.4}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{5cm}{\fbox{d}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 5.5}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{4cm}{\fbox{e}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 5.6}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{3cm}{\fbox{f}}}}%
}\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 5.7}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{!}{\fbox{g}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 5.8}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{!}{\fbox{h}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 5.9}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{!}{\fbox{i}}}%
}\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 5.10}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{3cm}{\fbox{j}}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 5.11}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{2cm}{\fbox{k}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 5.12}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{5.5cm}{\fbox{1}}}%
}\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 5.13}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{!}{\fbox{m}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 5.14}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{6cm}{\fbox{n}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 5.15}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{4cm}{\fbox{0}}}%
}\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 5.16}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{3cm}{\fbox{p}}}%
}}%
\lipsum[1-20]%
\end{document}%
```



ample 4.

(4.1) Page 1 of the pdf compiled from Ex- (4.2) Page 2 of the pdf compiled from Example 4.

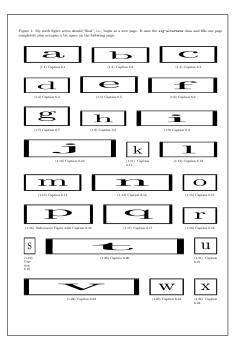


(4.3) Page 3 of the pdf compiled from Ex- (4.4) Page 4 of the pdf compiled from Example 4. ample 4.

Figure 4: The rendered result of Example 4 (with trimmed page margins): It works for sig-alternate too.

Example 5 An example featuring the two-column sig-alternate class with a reference to sub-figure. The results are rendered as Figure 5.

```
\documentclass{sig-alternate}
\RequirePackage{graphicx}%
\RequirePackage{lipsum}%
\RequirePackage{figureSeries}%
\begin{document}%
\lipsum[1]%
\figureSeriesFloat{%
My sixth figure series should "float", i.e., begin at a new page.
It uses the \texttt{sig-alternate} class and fills one page completely
plus occupies a bit space on the following page.%
\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 6.1}{\resizebox{5cm}{1cm}{\fbox{a}}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 6.2}{\resizebox{5cm}{1cm}{\fbox{b}}}%
\label{lement caption 6.3} $$ \operatorname{Sem}_{1cm}_{1cm}_{c}}% $$ \operatorname{Caption 6.3}_{resizebox_{5cm}_{1cm}_{c}}% $$
}\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 6.4}{\resizebox{4cm}{1cm}{\fbox{d}}}\%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 6.5}{\resizebox{5cm}{1cm}{\fbox{e}}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 6.6}{\resizebox{6cm}{1cm}{\fbox{f}}}%
}\figureSeriesRow{%
\label{lement condition 6.7} $$ \operatorname{Caption 6.7}{\operatorname{Caption 6.7}}_{\operatorname{Caption 6.7}}. $$
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 6.8}{\resizebox{4cm}{1cm}{\fbox{h}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 6.9}{\resizebox{7cm}{1cm}{\fbox{i}}}%
}\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 6.10}{\resizebox{8cm}{1cm}{\fbox{j}}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 6.11}{\resizebox{2cm}{1cm}{\fbox{k}}}%
\label{lement condition 6.12} $$ \operatorname{Element}(Caption 6.12){\resizebox{5cm}{1cm}{\t cm}{\t cm}} $$
}\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 6.13}{\resizebox{5cm}{1cm}{\fbox{m}}}\%
\label{lement condition 6.14} $$ \operatorname{Caption 6.14}{\operatorname{Caption 6.14}}_{\operatorname{Caption 6.14}} $$
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 6.15}{\resizebox{3cm}{1cm}{\fbox{o}}}}%
}\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{\label{checkThis}Referenced Figure with Caption 6.16}{\resizebox{6cm}{1cm}{\lambda}
\label{lement condition 6.17} $$ \operatorname{Caption 6.17}{\operatorname{Caption 6.17}}_{\operatorname{Caption 6.17}} $$
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 6.18}{\resizebox{3cm}{1cm}{\fbox{r}}}%
}\figureSeriesRow{%
\label{lement continuous} $$ \sigma_{0.19}{\resizebox\{1cm\}\{1cm\}\{\fbox\{s\}\}\}} $$
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 6.20}{\resizebox{12cm}{1cm}{\fbox{t}}}%
\label{lement condition 6.21} $$ \operatorname{Caption 6.21}{\operatorname{Caption 6.21}_{cm}_{1cm}_{cm}}_{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{1cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2cm}{\column{2c
}\figureSeriesRow{%
\label{lement condition 6.22} $$ \operatorname{Caption 6.22}{\operatorname{Com}_{10cm}_{1cm}_{1cm}} $$
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 6.23}{\resizebox{3cm}{1cm}{\fbox{w}}}\%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 6.24}{\resizebox{2cm}{1cm}{\fbox{x}}}\%
}\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 6.25}{\resizebox{7.5cm}{1cm}{\fbox{y}}}\%
\label{lement caption 6.26} $$ \operatorname{Caption 6.26}{\operatorname{Caption 6.26}}_{1 cm}_{1 cm}_{1 cm}_{1 cm}. $$
}}%
\lipsum[1-20]\par%
\huge{Dude, check Figure~\ref{checkThis}.}%
\end{document}%
```



ample 5.

(5.1) Page 1 of the pdf compiled from Ex- (5.2) Page 2 of the pdf compiled from Example 5.

Dude, check Figure 1.16.

(5.3) Page 3 of the pdf compiled from Ex- (5.4) Page 4 of the pdf compiled from Example 5.

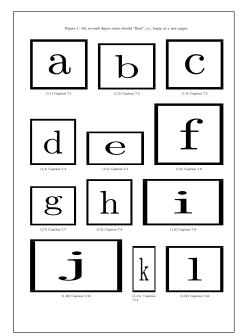
ample 5.

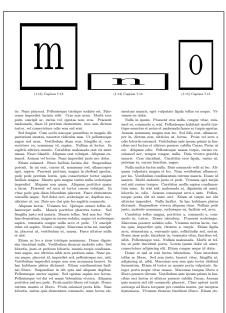
Figure 5: The rendered result of Example 5 (with trimmed page margins): Many small sub-figures nicely fill a page.

```
Example 6 An example featuring two figure series separated by text. The results are rendered as Figure 6.
```

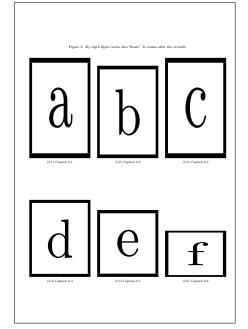
```
\documentclass{sig-alternate}
\RequirePackage{graphicx}%
\RequirePackage{lipsum}%
\RequirePackage{figureSeries}%
\begin{document}%
\lipsum[1]%
\figureSeriesFloat{%
My seventh figure series should "float", i.e., begin at a new pages.%
\figureSeriesRow{%
\label{lement caption 7.1} $$ \Gamma = \mathbb{C}_{2m} (\pi - 1) {\resizebox {5cm} {3cm} {\resizebox {4}}} $$
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 7.2}{\resizebox{5cm}{3cm}{\fbox{b}}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 7.3}{\resizebox{5cm}{3cm}{\fbox{c}}}}%
}\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 7.4}{\resizebox{4cm}{3cm}{\fbox{d}}}\%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 7.5}{\resizebox{5cm}{2cm}{\fbox{e}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 7.6}{\resizebox{6cm}{4cm}{\fbox{f}}}}%
}\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 7.7}{\resizebox{4cm}{2cm}{\fbox{g}}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 7.8}{\resizebox{4cm}{3cm}{\fbox{h}}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 7.9}{\resizebox{7cm}{3cm}{\fbox{i}}}%
}\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 7.10}{\resizebox{8cm}{3cm}{\fbox{j}}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 7.11}{\resizebox{2cm}{3cm}{\fbox{k}}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 7.12}{\resizebox{5cm}{3cm}{\fbox{1}}}}%
}\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 7.13}{\resizebox{5cm}{4cm}{\fbox{m}}}%
\label{lem:continuous} $$ \sigma_{0,n}=\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 7.14}{\operatorname{cm}_{\infty}^{\infty}} %
\label{lement continuous} $$ \sigma^2.15}{\resizebox{3cm}{3cm}{\resizebox{3cm}{\sc m}}} $$
}}%
\lipsum[1-30]%
\figureSeriesFloat{%
My eighh figure series also ''floats''. It comes after the seventh.%
\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 8.1}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{6cm}{\fbox{a}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 8.2}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{6cm}{\fbox{b}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 8.3}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{6cm}{\fbox{c}}}%
}\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 8.4}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{5cm}{\fbox{d}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 8.5}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{4cm}{\fbox{e}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 8.6}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{3cm}{\fbox{f}}}%
}\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 8.7}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{!}{\fbox{g}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 8.8}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{!}{\fbox{h}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 8.9}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{!}{\fbox{i}}}%
}\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 8.10}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{3cm}{\fbox{j}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 8.11}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{2cm}{\fbox{k}}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 8.12}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{8.5cm}{\fbox{1}}}%
}\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 8.13}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{!}{\fbox{m}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 8.14}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{6cm}{\fbox{n}}}%
\label{lement continuous} $$ \sigma 8.15}{\resizebox{0.3\\linewidth}{4cm}{\fbox{0}}} % $$
}}%
\lipsum[1-30]%
```

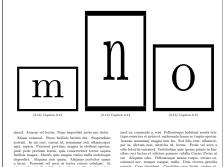
\end{document}%





(6.1) Page 2 of the pdf compiled from Ex- (6.2) Page 3 of the pdf compiled from Example 6. ample 6.





(6.3) Page 6 of the pdf compiled from Ex- (6.4) Page 8 of the pdf compiled from Example 6.

ample 6.

Figure 6: The rendered result of Example 6 (with trimmed page margins): Two figureSeries are separated by text.

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saguits quis, main. Due sege circi si amen ver orginssim trutur.

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales solicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam hacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit molis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, ansectur ridiculus ms. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

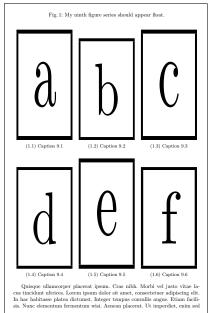
Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

Nulla malesanda portitiro diam. Donce felis eraz, congue non, voltapat at,
tincidunt tristique, libero. Vivamus viverra fermentum felis. Donce nonummy
pellentesque ante. Pinasellus adipiscing semper ellt. Proin fermentum massa a
quam. Sed diam turpis, molestie vitae, placerat a, molestie nee, loe. Maecenus
lacinia. Nam ipsum ligula, edefend at, accumsan nee, suscipit a, ipsum. Morbi
blandit liqula fengiat magan. Nunc edefined consequal toren. Sed lacinia nulla
vitae enim. Pellentesque tincidunt purus vel magna. Integer non enim. Praesent
euismod nunce up urus. Donce blendum quam in tellus. Nullam cursus pulvinar
lectus. Donce et mi. Nam vulputate metus eu enim. Vestibulum pellentesque felis
eu massa.

cu massa. Quisque ullamcorper placerat ipsum. Cras nibh. Morbi vel justo vitae la-cus tincidunt ultrices. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consecteture adipiscing elit. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Integer tempus convallis augue. Etiam facili-sis. Nunc elementum fermentum wisi. Aenean placerat. Ut imperdiet, enim sed gravida sollicitudin, felis odio placerat quam, ac pulvinar elit purus eget enim. Nunc vitae torto: Proin tempus nibh sit amet nisl. Vivamus quis tortor vitae risus porta vehicula.

Fusce mauris, Vestibulum luctus nibh at lectus, Sed bibendum, nulla a fau-Fusce mauris. Vestibulum luctus nibh at lectus. Sed bibendum, nulla a fau-cibus semper, loo voit ultricies etlus, ac venenati sar cuw siv din al. Vestibulum diam. Aliquam pellentesque, augue quis sagitis posuere, turpis lacus congue quam, in hendreit risus eros eget felis. Maccenas eget erat in sapien mattis portitior. Vestibulum portitior, Nulla facilisi. Sed a turpis eu lacus commodo facilisis. Morbi fringilla, wisi in dignissim interdumi, pisto lectus sagitist dui, et vehicula libero dui cursus dui. Mauris tempor ligula sed lacus. Duis cursus enim ut augue. Cras ac magna. Cras milla. Nulla egestas. Curabitur a lo. Quisque egestas wisi eget nunc. Nam feugiat lacus vel est. Curabitur consectetuer.

(7.1) Page 1 of the pdf compiled from Example 7.



(7.3) Page 3 of the pdf compiled from Example 7.

Suspendisse vel felis. Ut lorem lorem, interdum eu, tincidunt sit amet, laoreet vitae, arcu. Aenean faucibus pede eu ante. Praesent enim elit, rutrum at, mo-lestie non, nonummy vel, nisl. Ut lectus eros, malesuada sit amet, fermentum eu, sodales cursus, magna. Donce eu purus, Quisque vehicula, urna sed ultricies auctor, pede lorem egestas dui, et convallis elit erat sed nulla. Donce luctus. Cursultur et nume. Aliquam dolor odio, commodo pretium, ultricies non, pharetra in, velit. Integer arcu est, nonummy in, fermentum faucibus, egestas vel, odio.

Sed commodo possere pede Mauris ut est. Uquis purus. Sed ac odio. Sed vehicula hendrerit sem. Duis non odio. Morbi ut dui. Sed accumsan risus egat vehicula hendrerit sem. Duis non odio. Morbi ut dui. Sed accumsan risus egat odio. In hac habitases platea dictumst. Pellentesque non elit. Fuses sed justo eu urna porta tincidunt. Mauris felis odio, sollicitudin sed, volutpat a, ornare ac, crat. Morbi quis dolor. Done pellentesque, erat a sagittis semper, nunc dui lobortis purus, quis congue purus metus ultricies tellus. Proin et quam. Class aptent tactii sociosqua di litros torquent per combia nostra, per inceptos hymenacos. Praesent sapien turpis, fermentum vel, eleifend faucibus, vehicula en lacus

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Lorem ipsum dolor sit annet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulium ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Done vehicula augue en neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senercise et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus em. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilia ultrices. Phasellus est tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, vivera en, unuc. Praesent eget sem viel tou ultrices bibmulm. Anena fancius. Morbi dolor milla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper milla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibi mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifand, sagitits quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

sagutts quis, quain. Dissego dori sit annet orc organssim rutrum.

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Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis, Pellentesque cursus Inctuts mauris.

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tincidunt tristique, libero. Vivanns viverra fermentum felis. Donce nonumny
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quam. Sed diam turpis, molesite vitae, placerat a, molestie nee, loe. Maccenas
lacinia. Nam ipsum ligula, eleifend at, accumsan nee, suscipit a, ipsum. Morbi
blandit ligula fengiat magan. Nunc eleifend consequal torem. Sed lacinia nulla
vitae enim. Pellentesque tincidunt purus vel magna. Integer non enim. Praesent
euismod nunce up urus. Donce blendum quam in tellus. Nullam cursus pulviar
lectus. Donce et mi. Nam vulputate metus eu enim. Vestibulum pellentesque felis
eu massa.

(7.2) Page 2 of the pdf compiled from Example 7.

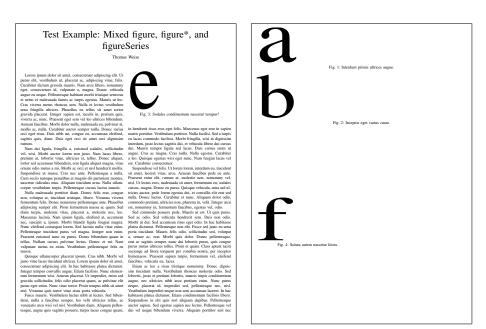
gravida sollicitudin, felis odio placerat quam, ac pulvinar elit purus eget enim. Nune vitae tortor. Proin tempus nibh sit amet nisl. Vivamus quis tortor vitae resus porta wehicula.

Flace mauris. Vestibulum hectus nibh at lectus. Sed bibendum, mulia a functions emper, los veilu ultricis tellus, ac venenatis arcu wisi vel nisl. Vestibulum dam. Aliquam pedientesque, augue quis sagitis posuere, turpis henes congue quan, in hendreit risus eres eget efisi. Macenas eget erat in sapiem mattis portitior. Vestibulum portitior. Nulla facilisi. Sed a turpis eu lacus commodo facilisis. Morbi fringilla, wisi in diquisismi interdum, justo lectus sagitist dui, et vehicula libero dui cursus dii. Mauris tempo liquis sed hene. Duis cursus enim augustis experime. Nune familia depositation de la commodo de consideration de la commodo de la commodo de la consideration de la commodo de la co

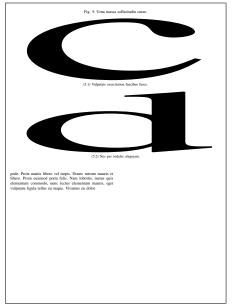
(7.4) Page 4 of the pdf compiled from Example 7.

Figure 7: The rendered result of Example 7 (with trimmed page margins): A figureSeries floating in single-column mode (see Example 1 for the non-floating version).

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(8.1) Page 1 of the pdf compiled from Ex- (8.2) Page 2 of the pdf compiled from Example 8.



(8.3) Page 3 of the pdf compiled from Example 8.

Figure 8: The rendered result of Example 8 (with trimmed page margins): a mixture of figureSeries, figure, and figure*.

```
\RequirePackage{graphicx}%
\RequirePackage{figureSeries}%
\begin{document}%
\lipsum%
\figureSeriesFloat{%

My ninth figure series should appear float.%
}{%
\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 9.1}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{5cm}{\fbox{a}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 9.2}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{5cm}{\fbox{b}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 9.3}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{5cm}{\fbox{c}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 9.3}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{5cm}{\fbox{c}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 9.3}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{5cm}{\fbox{c}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 9.4}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{5cm}{\fbox{d}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 9.4}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{5cm}{\fbox{d}}}%
\figureSeriesElement{Caption 9.5}{\resizebox{0.3\linewidth}{5cm}{\fbox{e}}}}%
```

 $\label{lem:continuous} $$ \sigma 9.6}{\continuous 0.3}\continuous 0.3}\continuous 0.3.$

Example 7 An example using the single-column llncs class, rendered as Figure 7.

\documentclass{llncs}%

}}%
\lipsum%
\end{document}%

Example 8 An example for a mixture of figureSeries, figure, and figure*, Figure 8.

```
\documentclass{IEEEtran}%
\RequirePackage{lipsum}%
\RequirePackage{graphicx}%
\RequirePackage{figureSeries}%
\begin{document}%
\title{Test Example: Mixed figure, figure*, and figureSeries}%
\author{Thomas Weise}%
\maketitle%
\begin{figure*}%
\c 0.19\linewidth}{0.12\textheight}{a}%
\caption{Interdum primis ultrices augue.}%
\end{figure*}
%
\lipsum[1-7]%
\begin{figure*}%
\resizebox{0.19\linewidth}{0.15\textheight}{b}%
\caption{Inceptos eget varius curae.}%
\end{figure*}%
\figureSeriesFloat{Urna massa sollicitudin curae.}{%
\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Vulputate exercitation faucibus fusce.}{%
}%
\figureSeriesRow{%
\figureSeriesElement{Nec per sodales aliquyam.}{%
\resizebox{0.95\linewidth}{0.21\textheight}{d}}%
}%
\begin{figure}%
\resizebox{0.31\columnwidth}{0.13\textheight}{e}%
\caption{Sodales condimentum nascetur tempus?}%
\end{figure}%
%
\begin{figure}%
\caption{Soluta autem nascetur litora.}%
\end{figure}%
\lipsum[14]%
\end{document}%
```

3 Implementation

The names of all macros for public use are prefixed with figureSeries. The names of all internal elements of the package are prefixed with <code>@figSer@</code>. This naming convention should prevent any name clashes with other packages.

3.1 Loading of Required Packages

Our figureSeries package requires three other packages:

- 1. The package caption [5] for the caption of the figureSeries.
- 2. The package subcaption [6] for sub-figure layout and captions.
- 3. The package afterpage [7] for creating the impression that our figureSeries can float.

3.1.1 Loading caption and subcaption

We rely on the packages caption and subcaption to render the figureSeries' and sub-figure's captions. However, Springer's llncs.cls [10] seems to be incompatible with the subcaption package [6]¹. Yet, we need that package for giving nice captions to the sub-figures. Therefore, we load the caption package [5] with option compatibility=false (which can solve this issue) if necessary. This is behavior governed by the Boolean flag @figSer@captionCompatibilityFalse, initialized to false.

- 1 \newif\if@figSer@captionCompatibilityFalse%
- 2 \@figSer@captionCompatibilityFalsefalse%

After the flag has been allocated and set to false, we check for Springer's llncs.cls (in a crude way). In case of llncs.cls, if we do not set the option compatibility of the caption package to false, we will get the error ! Package caption Error: The 'subcaption' package does not work correctly in compatibility mode.

- 3 \ifx\spnewtheorem\@undefined%
- 4 \else%
- 5 \@figSer@captionCompatibilityFalsetrue%
- 6 \fi%

Now we can load the caption [5] package with the right "compatibility" setting.

- 7 \if@figSer@captionCompatibilityFalse%
- 9 \else%
- 10 \RequirePackage{caption}%
- 11 \fi%

¹According to http://www.michaelshell.org/tex/ieeetran/, IEEE's IEEEtrans.cls [11] may also be incompatible, but it seems to works here.

We now load the **subcaption** package [6] and set the caption style for subfigures to arabic. The reason is that we may have many sub-figures, too many for indexes ranging only from a) to z). By using arabic numbers, we are on the safe side.

- 12 \RequirePackage{subcaption}%
- 13 \DeclareCaptionSubType*[arabic]{figure}%

3.1.2 Loading the afterpage Package

Floating objects cannot break across pages, so we cannot really make our figure series float. However, by using the afterpage package, we can make it look as if it was floating by rendering it on the next page.

14 \RequirePackage{afterpage}%

3.2 User Interface Macros

This section contains the macros which the package user can/should access, i.e., those macros which have been shortly discussed in Section 2.2.

\figureSeriesElement

The macro $figureSeriesElement{\langle caption \rangle} {\langle contents \rangle}$ inserts an element of the figure series, i.e., one sub-figure. Its first argument is the caption of the element. This argument also may contain a **\label**. The second argument is the graphic to print. It could, e.g., be a call to **\includegraphic** from the graphicx package [8].

Spacing between sub-figures is handled dynamically via \hfill. We make sure to tell the subcaption that the sub-figures are sub-figures by setting @captype appropriately.

- 15 \long\gdef\figureSeriesElement#1#2{%
- 16 \strut\hfill\strut%
- 17 \edef\@captype{figure}%
- 18 \subcaptionbox{#1}{#2}%
- 19 \strut\hfill\strut\%
- 20 }%

\figureSeriesRow

 $figureSeriesRow{\langle contents \rangle}$ inserts a new row of elements (sub-figures) into the figure series. Its single argument should thus contain a sequence of figureSeriesElements. Since sub-figures are placed row-by-row, no sub-figure can span multiple rows.

If the overall caption of the figure series has not yet been printed, it would be stored in \@figSer@delayedCaption. Thus, if \@figSer@delayedCaption is not empty, this macro first prints the delayed caption and then the contents of the row together in a \parbox command which is wrapped into a center environment. The reason why we need to delay caption printing is that LATEX's page breaking algorithm may separate the caption from the first figure row if the figure series starts close to the bottom of the page. Thus, we pack the delayed caption together with the first row of figures into a \parbox command. \parboxes are not affected by page breaking and always remain as solid objects. If the caption has

already been printed, i.e., $\GigSer@delayedCaption$ is empty, we do not need the awkward \parbox .

Plain \parboxes, however, seem to not work we with the breaking of the figureSeries into multiple pieces to facilitate page breaking later on. Thus, we need to wrap everything into a center environment. Since I am not sure why this is (see Section 3.3.5), this may be one of dodgy parts of this package.

```
21 \long\gdef\figureSeriesRow#1{%
22 \begin{center}%
23 \ifx\@figSer@delayedCaption\@empty%
24 \vspace\abovecaptionskip%
25 \strut#1\strut%
26 \else%
27 \parbox[b]{\textwidth}{%
28 \@figSer@delayedCaption%
29 \xdef\@figSer@delayedCaption%
30 \vspace\abovecaptionskip%
31 \strut#1\strut%
32 }%
33 \fi%
34 \end{center}%
35 }%
```

The following two macros, \figureSeriesHere and \figureSeriesFloat, basically act as switches according to the different situations given in Section 3.3.2. Basically, different things need to be done for

- 1. the non-floating ("Here") or floating ("Float") case, as well as for
- 2. single-column or two-column documents.

\figureSeriesHere

The macro $\{caption\} \{(contents)\}$ tries to insert a non-floating figure series at the current position in the document. This means that it may begin wherever, well, it is defined, e.g., in the middle of the page.

The macro has two mandatory parameters, the caption and the contents. The caption will (different from usual figures) be put at the beginning of the figure series. The reason is that a figure series may span over multiple pages and having the caption at the end may be awkward. The caption text may contain a \label.

The contents of a figure series should be a sequence of \figureSeriesRow calls. Since figure series are page-wide elements, starting them in the middle of the page only works in single-column documents. In two-column documents, any figure series will behave as specified in macro \figureSeriesFloat below.

```
36 \long\def\figureSeriesHere#1#2{%
37 \@figSer@detectColumns%
38 \if@figSer@isTwoColumns%
39 \@figSer@hereTwoCol{#1}{#2}%
40 \else%
41 \@figSer@hereOneCol{#1}{#2}%
42 \fi%
43 }%
```

\figureSeriesFloat

The macro $\{\text{caption}\}\{\text{contents}\}$ takes the same parameters as $\{\text{caption}\}\{\text{contents}\}$ takes the same parameters as $\{\text{caption}\}\{\text{contents}\}$ takes the same parameters as $\{\text{figureSeriesHere}, \text{ but has a float-like behavior.}$ By using the $\{\text{caption}\}\{\text{contents}\}$ we let it start at the following page. This is different from $\{\text{LATEX}\}$ normal floating behavior, but as good as we can get with page-breaking objects, I think.

```
44 \long\gdef\figureSeriesFloat#1#2{%
45 \@figSer@detectColumns%
46 \if@figSer@isTwoColumns%
47 \@figSer@floatTwoCol{#1}{#2}%
48 \else%
49 \@figSer@floatOneCol{#1}{#2}%
50 \fi%
51 }%
```

3.3 Internal Utility Definitions and Macros

The way in which we can create figure series in two-column mode is different (and very significantly more complex and dodgy) from how it works in single-column mode. We thus need to detect in which mode we are. This is done in the following code. Since my knowledge of LATEX and TEX is very limited, this may be quite a crude approach. Also, this code will probably not work if you load the multicol package. It will definitely not work with more than two columns.

3.3.1 Two-Column Mode Detection

Anyway, I first define a new Boolean flag \if@figSer@isTwoColumns, which will denote whether or not we are in two-column mode. It is initialized to false.

```
52 \newif\if@figSer@isTwoColumns%
53 \@figSer@isTwoColumnsfalse%%
```

\@figSer@detectColumns

The internal macro \OffigSerOdetectColumns detects whether or not we are in two-column mode. It will set \ifOfigSerOisTwoColumns to \OffigSerOisTwoColumnstrue if yes and to \OffigSerOisTwoColumnsfalse otherwise.

```
54 \def\@figSer@detectColumns{%
55 \@figSer@isTwoColumnsfalse%
56 \ifx\multicols\@undefined%
57 \else%
58 \ifnum\col@number>\@ne%
59 \@figSer@isTwoColumnstrue%
60 \fi%
61 \fi%
62 \if@twocolumn%
63 \@figSer@isTwoColumnstrue%
64 \fi%
65 }%
```

3.3.2 The Four Cases

Our figure series are basically nothing else than simple array of rows. Each \figureSeriesRow is a \parbox wrapped into a center environment and the \figureSeriesElements are horizontally distributed inside using \struts and \hfills.

There are four situations that need to be distinguished when building a figureSeries and for each of which we define an appropriate internal macro:

- 1. Single-column mode and \figureSeriesHere. This is the easiest situation, we just apply the approach discussed above as-is. It will perfectly line into the existing text.
- 2. Single-column mode and \figureSeriesFloat. In this case, we just put our macro into an \afterpage call.
- 3. Two-column mode and \figureSeriesFloat: This is the tricky part. We need to leave two-column mode to single-column mode, insert our environment, and revert back to two-column mode. This causes all sorts of problems and oddities, as discussed later.
- 4. Two-column mode and \figureSeriesHere: Same as two-column mode and \figureSeriesFloat.

Additionally, we need to deal with are documents that contain only a figureSeries but no other contents. In that case, no output will be produced as no page will ever end and, hence, the contents of \afterpage will never be invoked. We therefore add a \AtEndDocument hook to create the necessary page. We discuss this issue and present the corresponding code in Section 3.3.6.

Anyway, before getting down to business, we first declare \OfigSerOdelayedCaption as the initially empty container for captions, as discussed when introducing the \figureSeriesRow macro in Section 3.2.

66 \edef\@figSer@delayedCaption{}%

3.3.3 Single-Column Mode

Here we discuss the first two cases from Section 3.3.2.

\@figSer@hereOneCol

The internal macro performing the work of \figureSeriesHere in single-column mode. It takes the same arguments as \figureSeriesHere.

67 \long\def\@figSer@hereOneCol#1#2{%

We first store the caption in \@figSer@delayedCaption to later be picked up and printed by \figureSeriesRow (as discussed in Section 3.2) in order to prevent LaTeX from putting it alone on the foot of a page. We put the caption into a separate \parbox, because otherwise the first row of sub-figures will have captions on top instead of below (for some reason not clear to me).

- $68 \ensuremath{\verb| def|@figSer@delayedCaption{||}{%}}$
- 69 \noindent\parbox{\textwidth}{%
- 70 \captionof{figure}{#1}%

This command makes the figure caption counter's value global, preserving it for outside the \parbox. Otherwise, the figure counter would always remain 0 (if only figureSeries are used).

```
71 \global\advance\c@figure by 0%
```

72 }%

73 \par}%

Put the contents of the figure series.

74 \begin{center}%

75 #2%

76 \end{center}%

After the figure series body, we add some small spacing to prevent the text from starting too close to it.

77 \medskip%

78 }%

\@figSer@floatOneCol

The internal macro performing the work of \figureSeriesFloat in single-column mode. It takes the same arguments as \figureSeriesFloat. It basically places the output created by \@figSer@hereOneCol into an \afterpage call, giving it the same look-and-feel as \@figSer@hereOneCol while also looking like a floating object.

We furthermore set \@figSer@AtEndDocumentHook to \clearpage to deal with figure series' in an otherwise empty document, which would never be laid our if we do not artificially create a page, according to Section 3.3.6.

```
79 \long\def\@figSer@floatOneCol#1#2{%
```

80 \gdef\@figSer@AtEndDocumentHook{\clearpage}%

81 \afterpage{%

82 \OfigSerOhereOneCol{#1}{#2}%

83 \xdef\@figSer@AtEndDocumentHook{\relax}%

84 }%

85 }%

3.3.4 Two-Column Mode

Here we discuss the last two cases from Section 3.3.2.

Documents with two columns create a big headache. After a long search, I think I have more or less got a working solution. The problem is as follows:

A. Figure series make only sense as page-wide constructs. Figure series can include a sequence of many figures which may span over multiple pages. If we would restrict them to single-column elements, then they could start in the middle of left column and end in the middle of the right column. That would look very odd. Also, it is our goal to create something which looks more or less the same, regardless whether the document is typeset as single- or two-column.

- B. This means we need to switch to single-column mode if we are in two-column mode. We can do that with the \onecolumn command, but this will always begin a new page. This could mean that we get a (true) page break after only half of the left column. This would look odd. But OK, we can define figure series in two-column mode as floating objects by default and use the same \afterpage facility that we used to make figure series in single-column mode float. We then just put the \onecolumn into the stuff we float away with \afterpage and avoid the ugly page break in the middle of the text.
- C. In two-column mode, \afterpage behaves more like "\aftercolumn". That is, if we are currently in the left column, its contents will not be rendered at the start of the next page, but at the start of the right column. Only if we are in the right column, it will put our stuff on the next page. Well, this is already the answer: If we are in the left column, we do something like \afterpage{\afterpage{...}}.
- **D.** The biggest problem is that we need to switch back to two-column mode after our figure series. We can do that with the \twocolumn command, but this will entail a \clearpage afterwards. This means that even if our figure series only occupies the top 20% of a page, there will be a page break, leaving the rest of the page blank before continuing in two-column mode.
- E. After searching for a long time for a solution, I found a lead in an answer to the StackOverflow question http://tex.stackexchange.com/questions/74433 on a vaguely reated issue. In his answer [16], Tomáš Hejda introduced a way to switch to the \twocolumn mode and prepending a long series of vertical boxes. I simply copied his code from the answer into this package but renamed all involved entities to fit to our internal naming scheme.
- F. Still, there is another problem: If more than one figure series is started on the same page, then we may get an empty page inbetween because of the \clearpage done by \onecolumn. The trick here is to detect whether another figure series is "scheduled" but not yet laid out. In this case, we attach the contents of our new figure series to the contents of the pending one (stored in a body macro) via \g@addto@macro. After the figure series is actually laid out, the body macro must be emptied.
- **G.** Another problem we need to deal with is the fact that afterpage [7] has neither been designed for two-column documents nor for situations with other floats flying around. This may lead to ! LaTeX Error: Float(s) lost. errors.

My first attempt (in version 0.9.3) to solve this was by issuing a \FloatBarrier (from package placeins [14]) in an \AddThispageHook from package everypage [13]. This makes the error disappear in some documents (such as in Example 8), but it re-appears in other documents, which previously compiled well. Currently, this problem remains unsolved.

It should be noted that Carlisle [7] explicitly states in the release notes of the afterpage package: "This implementation does not work in two column mode, and can get 'confused' by \(\mathbb{L}T_EX'\)'s floating environments." This now comes back here to haunt me.

Alltogether, this is a bit of a Frankenstein's monster. Anyway, here we go with the code.

Let us first allocate a macro placeholder \@figSer@floatingBody for the floating figure series body (see Section 3.3.4.G), which will later be filled in by \@figSer@hereTwoCol.

86 \xdef\@figSer@floatingBody{}%

\@figSer@floatTwoCol

The internal macro performing the work of \figureSeriesFloat in two-column mode.

87 \long\def\@figSer@floatTwoCol#1#2{%

If no figure series is pending, we build the figure series "body" exactly as in the single-column case, but instead of laying it out directly, it is stored in the \@figSer@floatingBody macro.

- 88 \ifx\@figSer@floatingBody\@empty%
- 89 \gdef\@figSer@floatingBody{\@figSer@hereOneCol{#1}{#2}}%

Ok, we have now created the body of our figure series, but it is not yet "floating". We let it float by putting it into an \afterpage if we already are in the second (right) column (\if@firstcolumn is false) or into two nested \afterpages, if we are in the first (left) column (\if@firstcolumn is true).

We furthermore set \@figSer@AtEndDocumentHook to \clearpage to deal with figure series' in an otherwise empty document, which would never be laid our if we do not artificially create a page, according to Section 3.3.6.

```
90 \end{figSer@AtEndDocumentHook{\clearpage}\%}
```

- 91 \if@firstcolumn%
- 92 \afterpage{\afterpage{%
- 93 \@figSer@twoColPrintBody%
- 94 \xdef\@figSer@AtEndDocumentHook{\relax}%
- 95 }}%
- $96 \le \%$
- 97 \afterpage{\@figSer@twoColPrintBody%
- 98 \xdef\@figSer@AtEndDocumentHook{\relax}%
- 99 }%
- 100 \fi%

End of "new" figure series.

101 \else%

OK, if we get here, a figure series is pending. In this case, the body of the current figure is appended to it as discussed in Section 3.3.4.G. We do not need to \afterpage a call to \@figSer@twoColPrintBody since there must already be one enqueued.

```
102 \g@addto@macro{\GfigSer@floatingBody}{\GfigSer@hereOneCol\{\#1\}\{\#2\}\}\%}
```

- 103 \fi%
- 104 }%

\@figSer@hereTwoCol

The macro \@figSer@hereTwoCol represents the fourth case listed in Section 3.3.2. Since there is no way we can have a page-wide object in the middle of a two-column page that I know of, for now, this case simply behaves like the two-column floating case.

105 \let\@figSer@hereTwoCol\@figSer@floatTwoCol%

3.3.5 Switch back to twocolumn According to [16]

Here I include the code provided by Tomáš Hejda in his answer to question http://tex.stackexchange.com/questions/74433 [16]. Instead of copy-pasting it, I changed all naming to match this package's convention and made one minor modification. The name changing has two reasons: First, it ensures that all parts of this package follow the same naming convention and can easily be identified as parts of this package. Second, if Tomáš Hejda should turn his code into a package (as his answer [16] indicated), there will be no name clashs between his package and mine.

I must point out that I do not really understand this code. I understand roughly what it does, but there are several nuances which are unclear to me.

Also, some of the numbers, like for the page height fraction (0.84) or the vspace (15pt plus 15pt), seem to be fixed to somewhat arbitrary values, which may be better taken from the current configuration (like \floatpagefraction or \medskip something). Right now, I don't have the nerve to check for this, but I may check this again in the future.

First, two \newsaveboxs are allocated: \@figSer@wholeBodyBox will contain the figure series body from which pieces are chopped off. \@figSer@printBox is used to store the piece of the body which will be printed.

106 \newsavebox\@figSer@wholeBodyBox% 107 \newsavebox\@figSer@printBox%

This macro is represents the body of the figure series. In a loop, chunks as big as possible but small enough to fit on a page are cut off and printed. Different from [16], we implement this macro for re-use in the next figure series. The equivalent \longtwo@repeat macro in [16] seems to ultimately overwritten and, from what I can see at first glance without testing, can only be used once.

\@figSer@breakBodyRepeat@Orig

108 \def\@figSer@breakBodyRepeat@Orig{%

We first switch from two-column to single-column mode (\@twocolumnfalse). Then, the elements of the figure series' are printed on top of the page spanning both columns (since the code for that is the parameter to \twocolumn). Finally, \twocolumn switches to two-column mode.

109 \twocolumn[{\@twocolumnfalse%

Once and only once, we store the contents of \@figSer@floatingBody into the box \@figSer@wholeBodyBox. Once this is done, \@figSer@floatingBody is set to \@empty.

110 \ifx\@figSer@floatingBody\@empty%

```
111 \else%
112 \global\setbox\@figSer@wholeBodyBox\vbox{\@figSer@floatingBody}%
113 \global\let\@figSer@floatingBody\@empty%
114 \fi%
 Check if the contents of our box fit on the current page.
115 \ifdim\ht\@figSer@wholeBodyBox>\textheight%
 If the contents of our box are bigger then the \textheight, we split the box and
 output the first part on the current page.
116 \begingroup%
117 \vbadness10000%
118 \setbox\@figSer@printBox\vsplit\@figSer@wholeBodyBox to \textheight%
119 \global\setbox\@figSer@wholeBodyBox\vbox{\unvbox\@figSer@wholeBodyBox}%
120 \box\@figSer@printBox%
121 \endgroup%
122 \else%
If the contents of our box fit on the page but are large, we will issue a \clearpage
 after printing them, otherwise we print them and do nothing.
123 \ifdim\ht\@figSer@wholeBodyBox>0.84\textheight%
124 \global\let\@figSer@breakBodyRepeat\clearpage%
125 \else%
126 \global\let\@figSer@breakBodyRepeat\relax%
127 \fi%
128 \unvbox\@figSer@wholeBodyBox%
129 \vspace{15pt plus 15pt}%
130 \fi%
131 }]%
 We use recursion to iterate the body loop.
132 \@figSer@breakBodyRepeat%
```

\@figSer@twoColPrintBody

133 }%

This is the main entry point to our version of Tomáš Hejda's method [16], equivalent to his \longtwo@ macro, with the slight difference that we restore \@figSer@breakBodyRepeat and thus can use this macro multiple times.

```
134 \long\def\@figSer@twoColPrintBody{%
135 \let\@figSer@breakBodyRepeat\@figSer@breakBodyRepeat@Orig%
136 \begingroup%
137 \@figSer@breakBodyRepeat%
138 \endgroup%
139 }%
```

3.3.6 Empty Documents

Empty documents pose a threat. If no page is to end, the contents of \afterpage will not be invoked. Hence, we add a hook via \AtEndDocument. This hook (\@figSer@AtEndDocumentHook) will be \relax, unless a figure series is currently pending in an \afterpage. In this case, it is \clearpage. This should only

happen if the document was empty. As soon as the figure series is laid out, the hook will be reset to \relax.

140 \xdef\@figSer@AtEndDocumentHook{\relax}%
141 \AtEndDocument{\@figSer@AtEndDocumentHook}%

3.4 Errors, Tests, and Incompatibilities

Currently, the biggest issue with the package is that it causes! LaTeX Error: Float(s) lost. errors in two-column mode in conjunction with other floating objects hanging around, as mentioned in Section 3.3.4. This is a huge pain and currently remains unsolved.

figureSeries loads the packages caption [5], subcaption [6], and afterpage [7]. Therefore it inherits all incompatibilities of these packages. The subcaption package, for instance, is not compatible with the packages subfigure and subfig.

3.5 Related Work

The longfigure package [15] provides a similar functionality, i.e., a figure environment that can wrap over multiple pages. This environment can be made to float by using \afterpage, but does not work in two-column documents.

Tomáš Hejda's method [16], which is used by our package, may be extended to provide similar functionality, if it is published as package as indicated in [16].

3.6 License

The copyright (c) of this work is with Thomas Weise (http://www.it-weise.de) except for the code in Section 3.3.5. The code in Section 3.3.5 is a modified version from Tomáš Hejda's (tohecz@gmail.com) answer [16] to question http://tex.stackexchange.com/questions/74433. The copyright of this is thus not clear to me, so I won't claim it:-)

This document, the package, and its documentation are under the LaTeX Project Public License, version 1.3, which may be found online at http://www.latex-project.org/lppl.txt.

The distribution of this package may also contain the LATEX document classes llncs.cls [10], IEEEtran.cls [11], and sig-alternate.cls [12]. The copyrights of these files are with their respective owners and these owners alone can determine the license terms for these files. The files are just included here to make the examples stand-alone. They may not be up-to-date, so please download their latest versions from their respective locations.

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References

- [1] Thomas Weise, Raymond Chiong, Ke Tang, Jörg Lässig, Shigeyoshi Tsutsui, Wenxiang Chen, Zbigniew Michalewicz, and Xin Yao. Benchmarking Optimization Algorithms: An Open Source Framework for the Traveling Salesman Problem. *IEEE Computational Intelligence Magazine (CIM)*, 9 (3), August 2014. doi: 10.1109/MCI.2014.2326101, http://www.it-weise.de/documents/files/WCTLTCMY2014BOAAOSFFTTSP.pdf
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Change History

v0.9.0	column starts are now aligned
General: Initial Draft Version 1	well
v0.9.1	v0.9.3
General: Better examples showing	General: Failed attempt to fix "La-
the shortcomings of the pack-	TeX Error: Float(s) lost." er-
age (in particular in two-column	rors
mode) 1	v0.9.4
v0.9.2	General: Some minor fixes, but the
General: Shortcomings in two-	problem that I thought I solved
column mode fixed: vertical	in release $0.9.3$ remains 1

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Numbers written in italic refer to the page where the corresponding entry is described; numbers underlined refer to the code line of the definition; numbers in roman refer to the code lines where the entry is used.

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$\ensuremath{\verb{Qempty}}$. 23, 88, 110, 113	\@figSer@detectColumns	\@figSer@isTwoColumnstrue
\@figSer@AtEndDocumentHoo	$\dots \dots 59, 63$	
80, 83,	\@figSer@floatOneCol	\@figSer@printBox .
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124,	\@figSer@floatTwoCol 47, <u>87,</u> 105 \@figSer@floatingBody	$\label{eq:constraints} $$ \ensuremath{\ \ \ \ \ \ } 93,97,\underline{134} $$$
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