

Unit 4 ADJECTIVES, ADVERBS, CONJUNCTIONS, AND PREPOSITIONS

Lesson 33: Adverbs (pp. 148–151)

Remember



An adverb is a word that describes a verb, an adjective, or another adverb. Most adverbs tell how, when, or where an action takes place. Many adverbs end in -ly. Adverbs can come before or after the words they describe.

Underline the adverb in each sentence. Then underline the word that adverb describes twice.

- **1.** Alicia smiled weakly.
- **2.** The play went smoothly until the last scene.
- 3. That screeching has started again.
- 4. Finally, the Zimmermans have left!
- 5. Mexico City's climate is usually ideal.
- **6.** The two cats wandered aimlessly from yard to yard.
- **7.** That magazine article was quite informative.
- **8.** The summer rain drummed noisily on the steel roof.
- **9.** The Warners had parked nearby.
- **10.** Luanne's hat looked simply ridiculous.
- 11. For some reason, Mrs. Chen had come early.
- **12.** Both problems were very difficult for us.
- **13.** The flood water rose steadily.
- **14.** Today I'll finish my report for Mrs. Juniatta.
- 15. Amy can kick the ball well.