





Unit 1 SENTENCES

Lesson 7: Compound Sentences (pp. 32-35)

Remember



A simple sentence has one subject and one predicate. It expresses one complete idea. A **compound sentence** combines two simple sentences that have related ideas. A conjunction (and, but, or or) joins the two sentences. Always use a comma before the conjunction in a compound sentence.

Read each incomplete compound sentence. Underline the sentence below that best relates to it. Then combine the related sentence to form a compound sentence. Write the compound sentence on the line.

1.	Get to the theater by eight, or	
	You will miss the start of the show.	The trip will be very exciting.
2.	Tammi went to bed early, but	
	She could not sleep. The s	snow fell all morning.
	The air is crisp, and The books are due at the library.	
4.	Mr. O'Dell got off to a slow start, but	
	He finished in the top ten.	He teaches art in a middle school
		nd The weather got very chilly after lunch.
	Is that big cat a leopard, or Is the zoo closed today?	s it a jaguar?
7 .	Can you go to my play tonight, or	
	Will you be busy? Did he	read the newspaper already?
	I walked my bike down to the garage, and I memorized several poems last week. I filled the tires with air.	
	Please follow the map carefully, or There is a full moon tonight.	You will probably get lost.
	•	ne principal spoke to us in the gym.