# A simple AAU Template for a Collection of Papers Ph.D. Thesis

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## **Curriculum Vitae**

#### Author name



Here is the CV text.

#### Curriculum Vitae

## **Abstract**

English abstract

#### Abstract

## Resumé

Danish Abstract

#### Resumé

## **Contents**

#### Contents

## **Todo list**

#### Contents

### **Preface**

As my background does (did) not lie in mathematics, physics or computer science, which – trust me – were three equally crucial components in creating the result of this project, I added a, say, more pedagogical section at the end of this thesis. These tutorials are a result of the things that I learned and (hopefully) explain topics such as *Energy Analysis*, *Stability Analysis*, etc. in a way so that others with the same background will be able to understand what is going on.

#### Preface

## Part I Introduction

## Introduction

#### 1 History of bowed strings

In static bow-string-interaction models, the friction force is defined as a function of the relative velocity between the bow and the string only. The first mathematical description of friction was proposed by Coulomb in 1773 [?] to which static friction, or *stiction*, was added by Morin in 1833 [?] and viscous friction, or velocity-dependent friction, by Reynolds in 1886 [?]. In 1902, Stribeck found a smooth transition between the static and the coulomb part of the friction curve now referred to as the Stribeck effect [?]. The latter is still the standard for static friction models today.

#### 2 To do thingies

- Think about how to define real-time.
- Create an intuition for different parts of the equation

Intuition for the frequency dependent damping term  $+2\sigma_1\partial_t\partial_x^2u$ :

- Take the frequency independent damping term  $2\sigma_0 \partial_t u$
- The effects of the damping increases with an increase of either  $\sigma_1$   $\partial_t$  or  $\partial_r^2$ .
- $\partial_t \partial_x^2 u$  can be interpreted as the rate of change of the curvature of the string.
- If this value is more positive, i.e., the rate of change of the curvature is

#### 3 Conclusion

In case you have questions, comments, suggestions or have found a bug, please do not hesitate to contact me. You can find my contact details below.

#### References

Jesper Kjær Nielsen jkn@create.aau.dk http://sqrt-1.dk Audio Analysis Lab, CREATE Aalborg University Denmark

#### References

## Part II Models

## **Models**

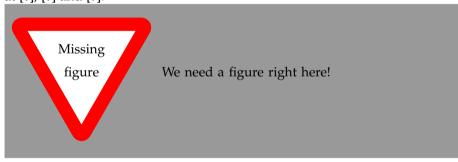
#### 4 Bow Models

As opposed to less complex bow models, such as the hyperbolic [source] and exponential [source] models, the elasto-plastic bow model assumes that the friction between the bow and the string is caused by a large quantity of bristles, each of which contributes to the total amount of friction.

#### 5 Section 2 name

Here is section 2. If you want to leearn more about  $\LaTeX$  2 $\epsilon$ , have a look at [?], [?] and [?].

I think this word is mispelled



#### 5.1 Examples

You can also have examples in your document such as in example ??.

#### Example 5.1 (An Example of an Example)

Here is an example with some math

$$0 = \exp(i\pi) + 1. \tag{1}$$

You can adjust the colour and the line width in the macros.tex file.

#### 5.2 How does Subsections and Subsubsections Look?

Well, like this

This is a Subsubsection

and this.

A Paragraph You can also use paragraph titles which look like this.

Is it possible to add a subsubparagraph?

**A Subparagraph** Moreover, you can also use subparagraph titles which look like this. They have a small indentation as opposed to the paragraph titles.

I think that a summary of this exciting chapter should be added.

#### 6 Conclusion

In case you have questions, comments, suggestions or have found a bug, please do not hesitate to contact me. You can find my contact details below.

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#### References

- [1] L. Madsen, "Introduktion til LaTeX," http://www.imf.au.dk/system/latex/bog/, 2010.
- [2] F. Mittelbach, The LATEX companion, 2nd ed. Addison-Wesley, 2005.
- [3] T. Oetiker, "The not so short a introduction to LaTeX2e," http://tobi.oetiker.ch/lshort/lshort.pdf, 2010.

Part III

**Papers** 

## Paper A

Paper A title

List of authors

The paper has been published in the *Journal or Proceedings* Vol. XX(X), pp. XXX–XXX, 201X.

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The layout has been revised.

#### 1. Introduction

#### **Abstract**

Here is an abstract.

#### 1 Introduction

Here is an introduction [?].

#### 2 Conclusion

Here is the conclusion.

### A An appendix

Here is some text.

#### References

[1] F. Mittelbach, The LATEX companion, 2nd ed. Addison-Wesley, 2005.

#### References

## Paper B

Paper B title

List of authors

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#### **Abstract**

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