Siobhan Lynch Week Four Homework Due Wednesday March 4 2020 at 6pm

Basic Slider Project 2: counts toward 65% of the final grade
Week 4 Homework Part 2: counts toward 20% of the final grade

Basic Slider Project 2:

Great design. Love the colors and the graphics. You made it your own! Great layout too. Good work!

Basic Slider Project 2 Grade: 100%

Week 4 Homework Part 2:

- 1. Correct.
- 2. Correct.
- 3. Correct.
- 4. Correct!
- 5. Correct!
- 6. Correct!
- 7. Correct! You got it.
- 8. Right idea. With a a couple of tweaks, would be fine. You gave me the following code:

```
9. function myFunction() {
10.    var text = "";
11.    var i;
12.    for (i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
13.        if (i === 3) {
14.             continue;
15.        }
16.        text += "The number is " + i + "<br>";
17.    }
```

You forgot to close the function with a closing curly brace. You also forgot to put in a console.log to print something out to the console. Or you could have gone the innerHTML property route. And since you are using a function, you should call it afterward. So it should have *either been* something *like this*:

```
function myFunction() {
    var text = "";
    var i;
    for (i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
        if (i === 3) {
            continue;
        }
        text += "The number is " + i + "<br>";
    }
    console.log(text);
}
myFunction();
```

or **something like this**:

```
function myFunction() {
    var text = "";
    var i;
    for (i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
        if (i === 3) {
            continue;
        }
        text += "The number is " + i + "<br>";
        document.querySelector(".text").innerHTML = text;
    }
}
myFunction();
```

And then in the index.html, something like this:

(-3.13)

- 9. Correct! You did not have to access each element (index) in the array, but that's totally fine!
- 10. Correct! Very well done with accessing the objects in the array!
- 11. Very nicely done, but I was asking for a for loop. Could you provide me with one that loops over the array? Hint: Remember, with the for loop, it will be *done a bit differently*. (-3.13)
- 12. You gave me too much information here. It was basically following the example I used to compare a for in loop with a for of loop. All I needed here was (look at next page):

```
const iterable = [3, 5, 7];
iterable.foo = "hello";
for (const i in iterable) {
   console.log(i); // logs 0, 1, 2, "foo", "arrCustom", "objCustom"
}
```

This also includes the enumerable property that is added to iterable and prints out to the console:

Elements Memory Console Network >> A 1	: ×
▶ ♦ top ▼ • Filter All levels ▼	/ \$
18:44:42.797 debug <u>extension-api-normalizer.js:</u>	108
18:44:43.007 0 <u>main2.</u> j	s:4
18:44:43.007 1 <u>main2.</u> j	s:4
18:44:43.007 2 <u>main2.j</u>	s:4
18:44:43.007 foo <u>main2.j</u>	s:4
18:44:43.008 Live reload enabled. (index)	:41
18:44:43.163 debug <u>extension-api-normalizer.js:</u>	108
▲ 18:44:43.220 ▶ Raygun not found — cannot log <u>SsExtPhusion.ts</u> errors.	:29
⚠ 18:45:01.649 DevTools failed to parse SourceMap: chrome-exton://hdokiejnpimakedhajhdlcegeplioahd/sourcemanloadwff.js.map	

which is a very nice touch. All the other information just creates "unnecessary" and irrelevant "noise". (-3.13)

- 13. Correct!
- 14. What is the *other difference* between the for in loop and the for of loop? What does the for of loop *actually loop over*? You want to give it another stab? Hint: If the for in loop loops over the enumerable *properties* of an object, what does the for of loop *loop over*? (-1.56)
- 15. Correct.
- 16. The **second part** of **your answer** is **what** I was **looking for**. The **break** is an **exception** to the rule and is used within an **if/conditional statement**. I was asking "Why does a loop IN GENERAL terminate?" **Both parts of the answer do terminate the loop. The break** statement does terminate it, but **in general**, the loop terminates when the conditions set in the loop are no longer true. (-1.56)

```
100% - 12.51% = 87.49%
```

Week 4 Homework Part 2 Grade: 87.49%