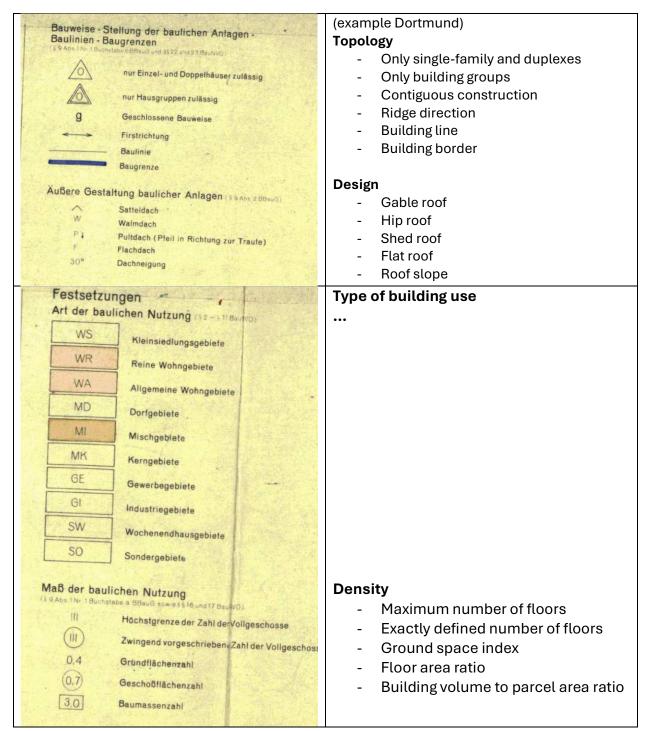
Overview Regulations Germany

Zoning plan (Bebauungsplan) (consists of only a map, as far as I could see in Dortmund)

Here is an example of the legend:



An example of the map:



Former rules that are not applicable anymore are crossed over. The plan consists of several sub-zones divided either by streets or by the thick black line with dots on it.

State Building code (Bauordnung, NRW)

- Definition of building classes (§2)
 - Gebäudeklasse 1: detached, max 7 m height, max 2 user units, max floorspace 400m²
 - o Gebäudeklasse 2: max 7 m height, max 2 user units, max floorspace 400m²
 - Gebäudeklasse 3: max 7 m height
 - Gebäudeklasse 4: max 13 m height, max floorspace 400m2 per user unit
 - Gebäudeklasse 5: all other buildings
 - Definition of the height: the measurement of the upper edge of the floor of the highest story in which a habitable room is possible, above the average ground level.
 - Definition of the floorspace: gross floor area excluding basement
- Minimum distances (§6)
 - Minimum distances are calculated based on the building height. The height is the distance between the ground and the beginning of the roof, plus the complete height of the roof if it has a slope of +70 degrees, OR plus 1/3 or the roof height if it has a slope of 45-70 degrees.
 - o The minimum distance then is 0.4*height, but minimal 3 m, unless:
 - You are next to a public space in an urban area: 0.2*height, minimum
 3m
 - It's a building of class 1 with a maximum of 3 floors: minimum 3m

- The buildings are on the same parcel and can still get light and do not pose a fire hazard
- In überwiegend bebauten Gebieten können geringere Tiefen der Abstandsflächen gestattet oder verlangt werden, wenn die Gestaltung des Straßenbildes oder besondere städtebauliche Verhältnisse dies auch unter Würdigung nachbarlicher Belange rechtfertigen. In den Gebieten nach Satz 1 kann gestattet werden, dass an der Stelle eines Gebäudes, das die Abstandsflächen nicht einhält, aber Bestandsschutz genießt, ein nach Kubatur gleichartiges Gebäude errichtet wird, wenn das Vorhaben ansonsten dem öffentlichen Recht entspricht und die Rechte der Angrenzer nicht nachteilig betroffen werden.
- Open space (§8)
 - If you construct a building with more than 3 apartment you must provide a playground (how big? Big enough..) either on the parcel itself or on another parcel in the immediate neighborhood (what is immediate?)

Federal Building use law (Baunutzungsverordnung)

- Building styles § 22 (Bauweise)
 - Open: detached, duplexes or building groups (meaning triplexes and above)
 with a maximum length of 50m and side clearance
 - Closed: no side clearance
- Buildable land area § 23
 - Building line (Baulinie): the outer wall of the building must be positioned along this line
 - Building border (Baugrenze): the same as Baufenster. Buildings can be placed inside these boundaries

Federal Building law (Baugesetzbuch)

Artikel 34

Choice of Area based on planning interest and data availability

Munich - We have all zoning plans as polygons and for some of the zoning plans, we have the Baufenster in vector format (see picture below). However, most of Munich is not covered by zoning <u>plans</u> and this is where most densification happens. We can use the

existing Baufenster polygons to apply SimPLU to Germany (test run in a small neighborhood) but there won't be much densification potential to find there. So from a densification perspective, Munich is not very interesting.

Denise uploaded the polygons in the figure below to the FTP server together with the buildings and parcels. This is sensitive data and not to be shared outside of the Subdense project! The corresponding pdf zoning plans can be found here:

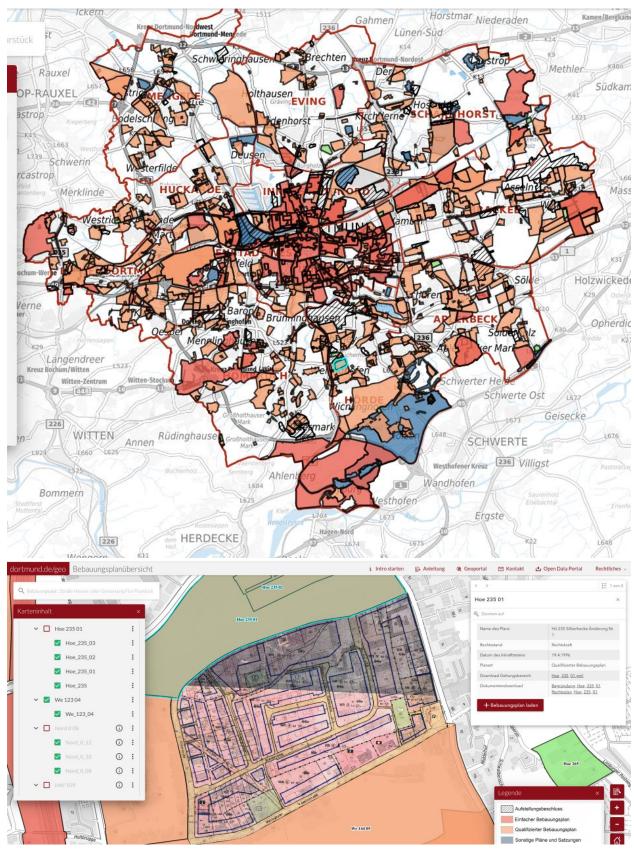
- <u>70A</u>
- <u>70B</u>
- 70H
- 70D
- <u>70L</u>
- <u>1530</u>
- 927
- <u>70N</u>
- <u>70M</u>



Munich suburbs in Bavaria – More complete coverage by zoning <u>plans</u> but no digital Baufenster (see example below). This is where we expect a bit more densification potential



Dortmund – has less pressure on the housing market and we expect a lot of potential. Good <u>coverage</u> by zoning plans. However, it looks like they at least have their zoning plan pdf's georeferenced (see example below)! Thomas has close connections with the municipality, and I will ask if they have the Baufenster digitalized somewhere.



To do:

- ask Dortmund for georeferenced pdf's or whether they have the Baufenster polygons separately
- Pdf plan for the munich neighborhood