



**CODEBASICS SQL PROJECT CHALLENGE**

# **Ad\_Hoc Insights**

## **Consumer Goods**

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# CODEBASICS SQL PROJECT CHALLENGE

## TASK-1

- Provide the list of markets in which customer "Atliq Exclusive" operates its business in the APAC region.

```
SELECT  
DISTINCT market FROM dim_customer  
WHERE customer="Atliq Exclusive" AND region = 'APAC';
```

	market
►	India
	Indonesia
	Japan
	Philippines
	South Korea
	Australia
	Newzealand
	Bangladesh



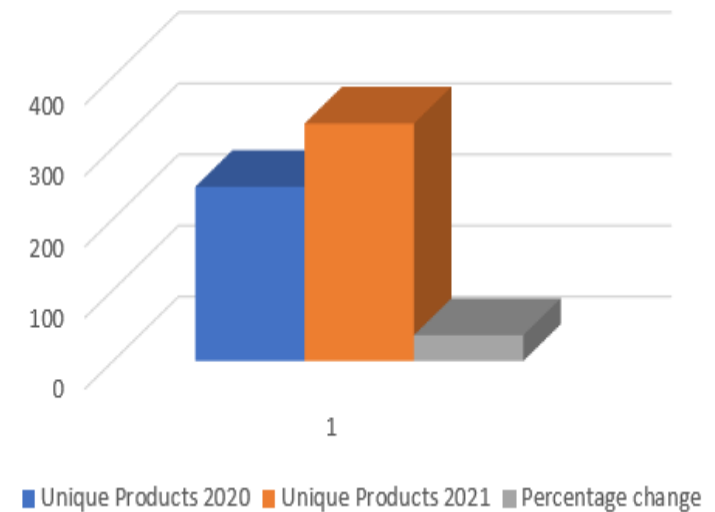
## TASK-2

- What is the percentage of unique product increase in 2021 vs. 2020? The final output contains these fields  
unique\_products\_2020  
,unique\_products\_2021,percentage\_chg

```
WITH unique_products AS (  
    SELECT  
        fiscal_year,  
        COUNT(DISTINCT product_code) AS unique_products  
    FROM fact_gross_price  
    GROUP BY fiscal_year  
)  
SELECT  
    up_2020.unique_products AS unique_products_2020,  
    up_2021.unique_products AS unique_products_2021,  
    ROUND((up_2021.unique_products - up_2020.unique_products)/up_2020.unique_products*100,2) AS percentage_change  
FROM  
    unique_products up_2020  
CROSS JOIN  
    unique_products up_2021  
WHERE  
    up_2020.fiscal_year=2020  
AND up_2021.fiscal_year=2021;
```

	unique_products_2020	unique_products_2021	percentage_change
▶	245	334	36.33

Unique products 2020 vs Unique products 2021

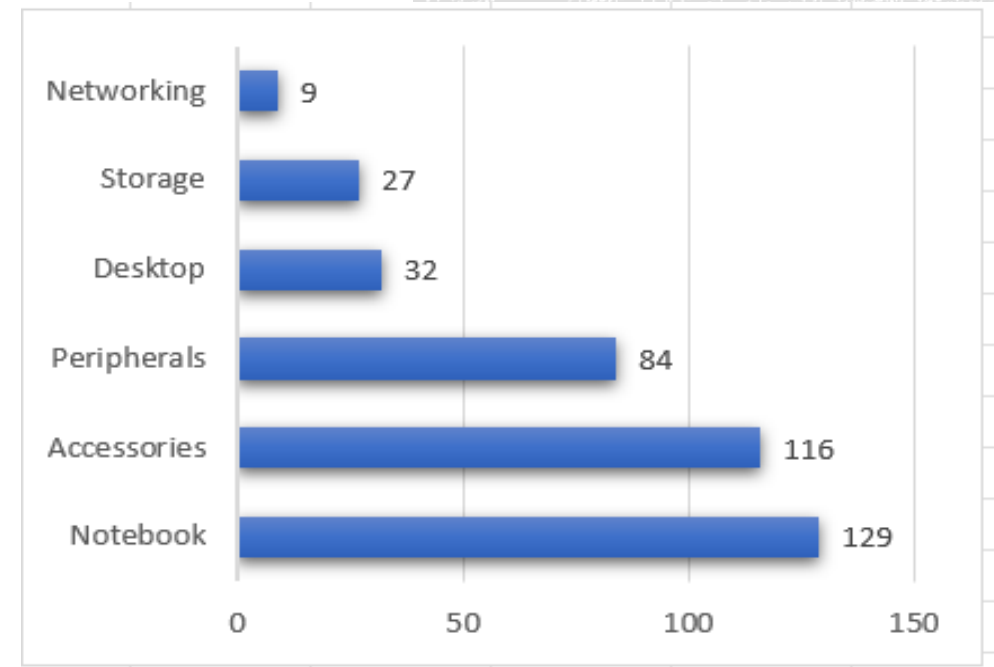


### TASK-3

- Provide a report with all the unique product counts for each segment and sort them in descending order of product counts. The final output contains 2 fields, -- segment -- product\_count

```
SELECT segment,COUNT(DISTINCT product_code) AS product_count
FROM dim_product
GROUP BY segment
ORDER BY product_count DESC;
```

	segment	product_count
►	Notebook	129
	Accessories	116
	Peripherals	84
	Desktop	32
	Storage	27
	Networking	9





## TASK-4

- Follow-up: Which segment had the most increase in unique products in 2021 vs 2020? -- The final output contains these fields, segment , product\_count\_2020 , product\_count\_2021 , difference

```
WITH temp_table AS (  
    SELECT  
        p.segment, s.fiscal_year,  
        COUNT(DISTINCT s.product_code) AS product_count  
    FROM  
        fact_sales_monthly s  
    JOIN dim_product p ON s.product_code=p.product_code  
    GROUP BY p.segment,s.fiscal_year  
)  
SELECT  
    up_2020.segment,  
    up_2020.product_count AS product_count_2020,  
    up_2021.product_count AS product_count_2021,  
    up_2021.product_count - up_2020.product_count AS difference  
FROM  
    temp_table AS up_2020  
JOIN  
    temp_table AS up_2021  
ON  
    up_2020.segment= up_2021.segment AND up_2020.fiscal_year=2020 AND up_2021.fiscal_year=2021  
ORDER BY  
    difference DESC;
```

	segment	product_count_2020	product_count_2021	difference
▶	Accessories	69	103	34
	Notebook	92	108	16
	Peripherals	59	75	16
	Desktop	7	22	15
	Storage	12	17	5
	Networking	6	9	3





## TASK-5

- Get the products that have the highest and lowest manufacturing costs. The final output should contain these fields, product code , product , manufacturing cost

```
SELECT m.product_code,CONCAT(product,"(",variant,"") AS product , cost_year,manufacturing_cost
FROM fact_manufacturing_cost m
JOIN dim_product p ON p.product_code=m.product_code
WHERE manufacturing_cost =
    (SELECT min(manufacturing_cost) FROM fact_manufacturing_cost)
OR
    (SELECT max(manufacturing_cost) FROM fact_manufacturing_cost)
ORDER BY manufacturing_cost DESC;
```

	product_code	product	cost_year	manufacturing_cost
▶	A6121110208	AQ HOME Allin1 Gen 2(Premiu...	2022	263.4207
	A6120110205	AQ HOME Allin1 Gen 2(Plus 2)	2022	259.5310
	A6119110204	AQ HOME Allin1 Gen 2(Plus 1)	2022	255.4881
	A6120110207	AQ HOME Allin1 Gen 2(Premiu...	2022	253.6644
	A6120110206	AQ HOME Allin1 Gen 2(Plus 3)	2022	252.5632
	A6119110201	AQ HOME Allin1 Gen 2(Standar...	2022	251.5571
	A6119110202	AQ HOME Allin1 Gen 2(Standar...	2022	250.1494
	A6119110203	AQ HOME Allin1 Gen 2(Standar...	2022	248.1655
	A5921110205	AQ BZ Allin1 Gen 2(Plus 2)	2022	247.8161
	A6018110103	AQ Home Allin1(Standard 3)	2022	247.7793
	A5921110208	AQ BZ Allin1 Gen 2(Premium 2)	2022	246.7862
	A6019110108	AQ Home Allin1(Premium 2)	2022	245.8851
	A6019110107	AQ Home Allin1(Premium 1)	2022	245.3218
	A6018110104	AQ Home Allin1(Plus 1)	2022	245.2215
	A5921110207	AQ BZ Allin1 Gen 2(Premium 1)	2022	244.0912
	A5921110202	AQ BZ Allin1 Gen 2(Standard 2)	2022	240.5517
	A6120110206	AQ HOME Allin1 Gen 2(Plus 3)	2021	240.5364
	A6120110205	AQ HOME Allin1 Gen 2(Plus 2)	2021	240.3065

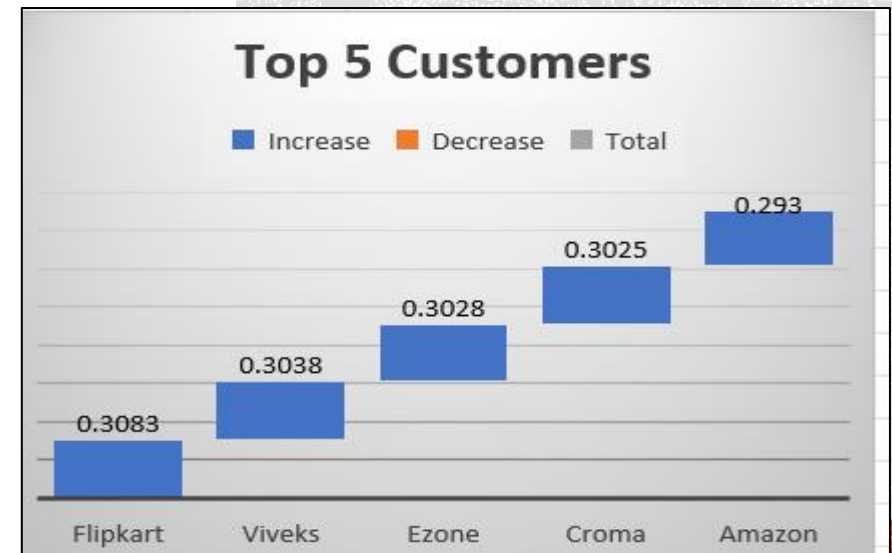
<b>\$240.54</b>	<b>\$0.89</b>
	
A6120110206	A2118150101
AQ HOME Allin1 Gen 2	AQ Master wired x1 Ms
Personal Desktop	Mouse

## TASK-6

- Generate a report which contains the top 5 customers who received an average high pre invoice discount pct for the fiscal year 2021 and in the Indian market. The final output contains these fields, customer code ,customer , average discount percentage.

```
SELECT c.customer_code,  
       c.customer,  
       ROUND(AVG(pre_invoice_discount_pct),4) AS average_discount_percentage  
FROM fact_pre_invoice_deductions d  
JOIN dim_customer c ON c.customer_code=d.customer_code  
WHERE c.market = "India" AND fiscal_year = "2021"  
GROUP BY customer_code  
ORDER BY average_discount_percentage DESC  
LIMIT 5;
```

	customer_code	customer	average_discount_percentage
▶	90002009	Flipkart	0.3083
	90002006	Viveks	0.3038
	90002003	Ezone	0.3028
	90002002	Croma	0.3025
	90002016	Amazon	0.2933





## TASK-7

- Get the complete report of the Gross sales amount for the customer “Atliq Exclusive” for each month .This analysis helps to get an idea of low and high-performing months and take strategic decisions.The final report contains these columns: Month ,Year ,Gross sales Amount

```
WITH temp_table AS (  
    SELECT customer,  
           monthname(date) AS months,  
           month(date) AS month_number,  
           year(date) AS year,  
           (sold_quantity * gross_price) AS gross_sales  
    FROM fact_sales_monthly s  
    JOIN fact_gross_price g ON g.product_code = s.product_code  
    JOIN dim_customer c ON c.customer_code = s.customer_code  
    WHERE customer = "Atliq Exclusive"  
)  
SELECT months,year,CONCAT(ROUND(sum(gross_sales)/1000000,2),"M") AS gross_sales FROM temp_table  
GROUP BY year,months  
ORDER BY year,month_number;
```

	months	year	gross_sales
►	September	2017	2.35M
	October	2017	2.46M
	November	2017	3.77M
	December	2017	2.39M
	January	2018	2.29M
	February	2018	1.99M
	March	2018	2.22M
	April	2018	1.39M
	May	2018	2.31M
	June	2018	1.98M
	July	2018	2.22M
	August	2018	1.50M
	September	2018	7.86M
	October	2018	8.50M
	November	2018	12.36M
	December	2018	8.36M
	January	2019	7.61M
	February	2019	6.22M

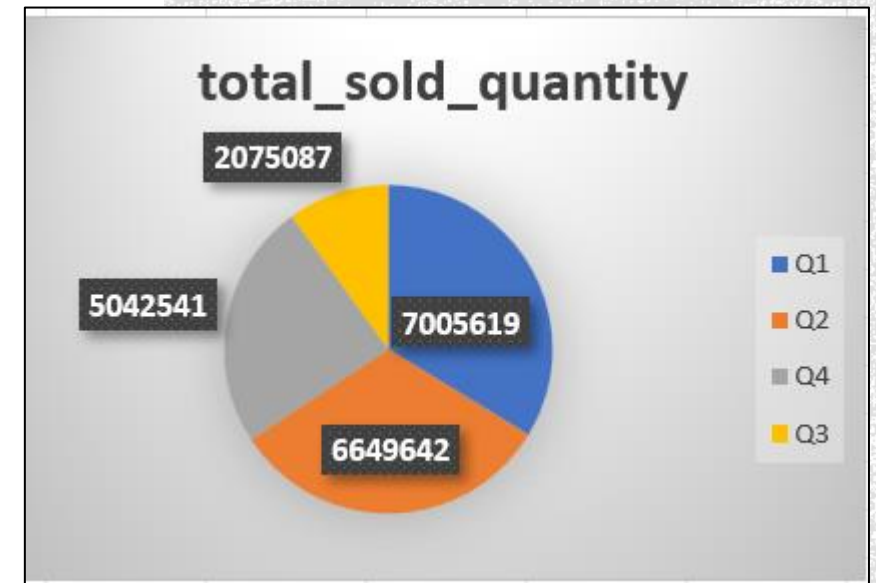


## TASK-8

- In which quarter of 2020, got the maximum total sold quantity? The final output contains these fields sorted by the total sold quantity, Quarter ,total sold quantity

```
WITH temp_table AS(  
    SELECT *,  
        CASE  
            WHEN month(s.date) in (9,10,11) then "Q1"  
            WHEN month(s.date) in (12,1,2) then "Q2"  
            WHEN month(s.date) in (3,4,5) then "Q3"  
            ELSE "Q4"  
        END AS Quarter  
    FROM fact_sales_monthly as s  
    WHERE fiscal_year = 2020  
)  
SELECT Quarter,SUM(sold_quantity) AS total_sold_quantity  
FROM temp_table |  
GROUP BY Quarter  
ORDER BY total_sold_quantity DESC;
```

	Quarter	total_sold_quantity
▶	Q1	7005619
	Q2	6649642
	Q4	5042541
	Q3	2075087

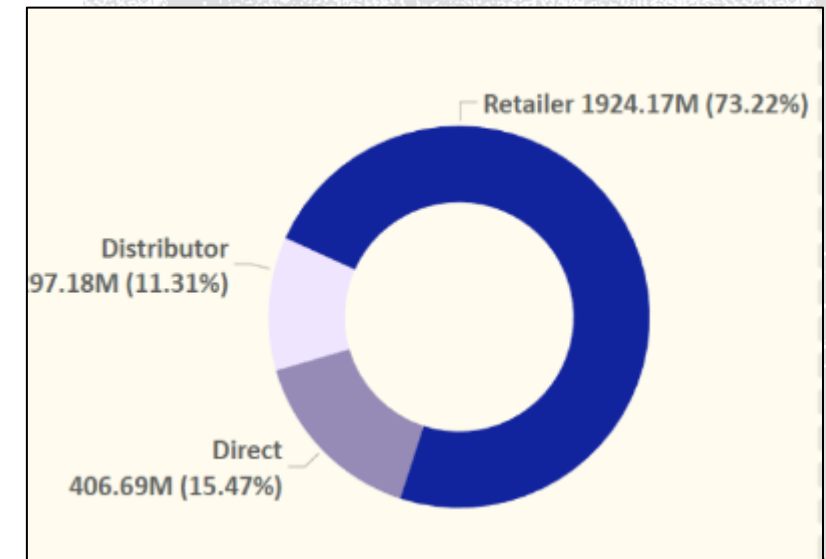


## TASK-9

- Which channel helped to bring more gross sales in the fiscal year 2021 and the percentage of contribution? The final output contains these fields, channel ,gross sales mln ,percentage

```
WITH temp_table AS(  
    SELECT c.channel,  
    ROUND(SUM(s.sold_quantity*g.gross_price)/1000000,2) AS gross_sales_mln  
    FROM dim_customer c  
    JOIN fact_sales_monthly s  
    ON c.customer_code=s.customer_code  
    JOIN fact_gross_price g  
    ON g.product_code=s.product_code  
    AND g.fiscal_year=s.fiscal_year  
    WHERE s.fiscal_year = 2021  
    GROUP BY channel  
    ORDER BY gross_sales_mln DESC )  
SELECT *,  
    CONCAT(ROUND(gross_sales_mln*100/SUM(gross_sales_mln) over(),2),"%") AS percentage  
FROM temp_table;
```

	channel	gross_sales_mln	percentage
▶	Retailer	1219.08	73.23%
	Direct	257.53	15.47%
	Distributor	188.03	11.30%



## TASK-10

- Get the Top 3 products in each division that have a high total sold quantity in the fiscal year 2021? The final output contains these fields, division ,product code

```
WITH temp_table AS (  
    select division,  
    s.product_code,  
    concat(p.product,"(",p.variant,"") AS product ,  
    sum(sold_quantity) AS total_sold_quantity,  
    rank() OVER (partition by division order by sum(sold_quantity) desc) AS rank_order  
FROM  
fact_sales_monthly s  
JOIN dim_product p  
ON s.product_code = p.product_code  
WHERE fiscal_year = 2021  
GROUP BY product_code  
)  
SELECT * FROM temp_table  
WHERE rank_order IN (1,2,3);
```

	division	product_code	product	total_sold_quantity	rank_order
▶	N & S	A6720160103	AQ Pen Drive 2 IN 1(Premium)	701373	1
	N & S	A6818160202	AQ Pen Drive DRC(Plus)	688003	2
	N & S	A6819160203	AQ Pen Drive DRC(Premium)	676245	3
	P & A	A2319150302	AQ Gamers Ms(Standard 2)	428498	1
	P & A	A2520150501	AQ Maxima Ms(Standard 1)	419865	2
	P & A	A2520150504	AQ Maxima Ms(Plus 2)	419471	3
	PC	A4218110202	AQ Digit(Standard Blue)	17434	1
	PC	A4319110306	AQ Velocity(Plus Red)	17280	2
	PC	A4218110208	AQ Digit(Premium Misty Green)	17275	3

