

CSc 115 Fundamentals of Programming II

Pseudo Quiz 3 February 2014

NAME: _____

- 1) An algorithm's execution time is related to the number of _____ it requires.
 - a) parameters
 - b) test data sets
 - c) data fields
 - ☒ d) operations
- 2) The efficiency of an algorithm's execution is typically a concern for _____.
 - a) small problems only
 - ☒ b) large problems only
 - c) medium sized problems only
 - d) problems of all sizes
- 3) If a problem of size n requires execution time that is directly proportional to n , the problem is said to be _____.
 - a) $O(1)$
 - ☒ b) $O(n)$
 - c) $O(n^2)$
 - d) $O(2n)$
- 4) A growth-rate function of _____ implies a problem whose execution time requirement is constant.
 - ☒ a) $O(1)$
 - b) $O(n)$
 - c) $O(2^n)$
 - d) $O(n^2)$

- 5) Consider an algorithm that contains loops of the form:

```
for (x = 1 through n) {  
    for (y = 1 through n) {  
        for (z = 1 through 10) {  
            Task T;  
        } // end for  
    } // end for  
} // end for
```

If task T requires a constant amount of execution time, the execution time for the entire algorithm is _____.

- a) $O(1)$
 - b) $O(n)$
 - ☒ c) $O(n^2)$
 - d) $O(10n)$
 - e) $O(10n^2)$
- 6) Assume a linked list contains n nodes and consider the following the code fragment:

```
Node curr = head;  
while (curr != null) {  
    System.out.println(curr.getItem());  
    curr = curr.getNext();  
} // end while
```

The above code requires _____ time for execution.

- a) $O(1)$
 - ☒ b) $O(n)$
 - c) $O(n^2)$
 - d) $O(\log n)$

- 7) Determine the output created by the following code and show the resulting list that it creates, i.e., draw the "boxes and arrows". (Uses the Node class below.)

```
public class MTList {
    private Node head;
    private Node tail;

    public MTList () {
        head = null;
        tail = null;
    }
    public MTList (int n) {
        head = null; tail = null;
        for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {
            Node n1 = new Node();
            n1.element = i;
            n1.next = head;
            head = n1;
            if (tail == null)
                tail = n1;
            Node n2 = new Node();
            n2.element = i;
            n2.next = null;
            tail.next = n2;
            tail = n2;
        }
    }
    public String toString () {
        Node p = head;
        String s = "[";

        while (p != null) {
            s += p.element;
            if (p != tail)
                s += ",";
            p = p.next;
        }
        s += "]";
        return s;
    }

    public static void main (String[] args) {
        MTList list = new MTList(4);
        System.out.println(list);
    }
}
```

```
public class Node {
    public double element;
    public Node next;

    public Node() {
        element = null;
        next = null;
    }
    // No getters or setters: attributes are public!
}
```

Output:

[3, 2, 1, 0, 0, 1, 2, 3]

Draw the list :

