## Question 1 [10 marks]

Solve the following recurrence equation to get a closed-formula for T(n). Assume that n is a power of four. It is not necessary to prove your closed form.

$$T(n) = 1 \text{ if } n = 1$$
  
=  $T\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) + 2 \text{ if } n \ge 4$ 

Either of the two answers below is acceptable.

$$\begin{split} T(n) &= T\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) + 2 \\ &= \left[T\left(\frac{n}{16}\right) + 2\right] + 2 \\ &= \left[T\left(\frac{n}{64}\right) + 2\right] + 2 + 2 \\ &\vdots \\ &= T\left(\frac{n}{4^i}\right) + 2i \end{split}$$

Taking  $i = \log_4(n)$  gives  $T(n) = T\left(\frac{n}{4^{\log_4(n)}}\right) + 2\log_4(n) = T(1) + 2\log_4(n) = 1 + 2\log_4(n).$ 

Using the substitution  $n = 4^k$ ,

$$T(n) = T\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) + 2$$

$$T(4^k) = T\left(\frac{4^k}{4}\right) + 2$$

$$= T\left(4^{k-1}\right) + 2$$

$$= \left[T\left(4^{k-2}\right) + 2\right] + 2$$

$$= \left[T\left(4^{k-3}\right) + 2\right] + 2 + 2$$

$$\vdots$$

$$= T\left(4^{k-i}\right) + 2i$$

Taking i=k gives  $T(4^k)=T\left(4^{k-k}\right)+2k=T(1)+2k$ . Since  $k=\log_4(n)$ , this gives  $T(n)=1+2\log_4(n)$ .

## Question 2 [10 marks]

The pseudocode below gives a recursive algorithm for computing the maximum value in an array. Let T(n) denote the running time of the algorithm on an array of size n, where n is a power of 3. Assume that the function Max on line 14 runs in constant time.

```
1: procedure RECURSIVEMAX(A, n)
2:
        if n = 1 then
            return A[0]
3:
4:
        end if
        Create arrays A_1, A_2, A_3 of size n/3
5:
        for i \leftarrow 0, \dots, n/3 do
6:
            A_1[i] \leftarrow A[i]
7:
            A_2[i] \leftarrow A[(n/3) + i]
8:
            A_3[i] \leftarrow A[(2n/3) + i]
9:
        end for
10:
        m_1 \leftarrow \text{RECURSIVEMAX}(A_1, n/3)
11:
12:
        m_2 \leftarrow \text{RecursiveMax}(A_2, n/3)
        m_3 \leftarrow \text{RECURSIVEMAX}(A_3, n/3)
13:
        return Max(m_1, m_2, m_3)
14:
15: end procedure
```

(a) Fill in the blanks below to complete the recurrence relation for T(n):

$$T(n) = 1 \text{ if } n = 1$$
  
=  $3T\left(\frac{n}{3}\right) + 2 \text{ if } n \ge 3$ 

(b) True or False?

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{(i)} \ T(n) \in \omega(1) \text{:} & \textbf{True} \\ \text{(ii)} \ T(n) \in O(\log n) \text{:} & \textbf{False} \\ \text{(iii)} \ T(n) \in \Omega(n) \text{:} & \textbf{True} \\ \text{(iv)} \ T(n) \in o(3^n) \text{:} & \textbf{True} \end{array}$$

(c) Give a non-recursive function f(n) such that

$$T(n) \in \Theta(f(n))$$

$$f(n) = n \log n$$