

CSC 225

Algorithms and Data Structures I Summer 2014 Venkatesh Srinivasan

Lectures and Labs

Venkatesh Srinivasan

- E-mail: venkat@cs.uvic.ca
- Voice: 472-5731
- Office: ECS 626
- Office hours:
Friday 1:00 pm – 3:00 pm

- Lectures
 - A01/A02 TWF 9:30 – 10:20 pm ECS 124
- Labs
 - Bill Bird
 - Labs start week of May 12, 2014
 - B01 Wednesday 1:30 – 2:20 pm ECS 250
 - B02 Wednesday 2:30 – 3:20 pm ECS 250
 - Check UVic website

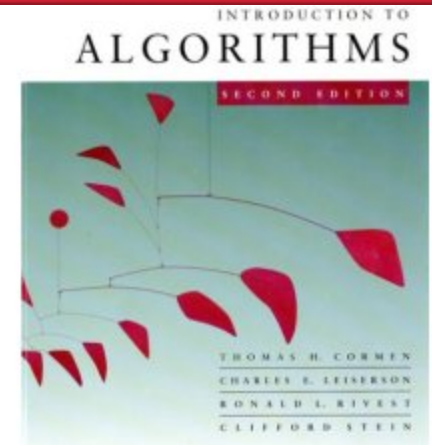
- Course Web pages
 - Official Webpage on the Department Website
 - Detailed Course Website on ConneX

Administrative Officer Announcements

- CSC Administrative Officer is Jane Guy
E-mail: jguy@csc.uvic.ca Office: ECS 512
- Any student who has registered in CSC 225 and **does not** have the required pre-requisites and no waiver **must drop the class**. Otherwise: **student will be dropped and a pre-requisite drop is recorded on the student's record.**
- Taking the course more than twice:
you must request, in writing, permission from the Chair of the Department and the Dean of the Faculty to be allowed to stay registered in the class (University Rule). The letter should be given to Jane Guy, Undergraduate Advisor. Otherwise: **student will be dropped from class.**
- Always use and check your UVic e-mail account and use CSC 225 as part of the subject line.
- Do not send messages from other accounts (such messages are filtered and discarded).
- Register for labs!

Books

- **Required Textbook**
R. Sedgwick and K. Wayne
Algorithms, Fourth Edition
Addison-Wesley, Toronto, 2011
ISBN: 0-321-57351-X
- <http://algs4.cs.princeton.edu/home/>
- **Optional Textbook**
T.H. Cormen, C.E. Leiserson, R.L. Rivest,
C. Stein. *Introduction to Algorithms*.
MIT Press (2001), 2nd edition.



Lectures and Labs

- **Attendance of Lectures**
 - Essential for doing well on assignments and exams
- **Labs**
 - Extra details and hints on assignments

Evaluation

Assignments & Quizzes	40%
Midterm	15%
Final	45%

- Marks will be posted on the web by student id
 - If you do not want your marks to be posted in this manner, notify the instructor by e-mail (venkat@cs.uvic.ca) before May 12, 2014
- Midterm exam will be in-class, one hour, closed books, closed notes, no calculators, no gadgets
June 18, 2014
- The final exam will be three hours, closed books, closed notes, no calculators, no gadgets
scheduled by the registrar

Assignment Schedule

A1	May 30, 2014 (due date)
A2	June 13, 2014
A3	June 27, 2014
A4	July 11, 2014
A5	July 25, 2014

Reading Assignment

- **Chapter 1 – 1.1, 1.2 in Sedgewick and Wayne**
- Algorithm wiki
 - <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Algorithm>
 - History: Development of the notion of "algorithm"
- Data structures wiki
 - http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Data_structure
 - http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_data_structures
 - http://en.wikibooks.org/wiki/Data_Structures

Assignments

- **5 assignments during the course**
- **Late submissions are not accepted**
 - if valid excuse (e.g., doctor's statement), raise weight of other assignments to compensate
- **Programming: work in the labs or at home**
 - use your favorite Java environment
- **Cheating: zero-tolerance policy**
 - first time fail assignment, second time fail course

Prerequisites

- **CSC 115**
 - Basic Java knowledge and programming skills
 - Object-oriented programming
 - Basics in fundamental algorithms and data structures as discussed in CSC 115

Lecture Notes

- **Acknowledgments**

- Most of the slides for this course were prepared by Dr. Ulrike Stege and Dr. Kevin Wayne.
Thank you!!

- Consider posted lecture slides as *additional* information

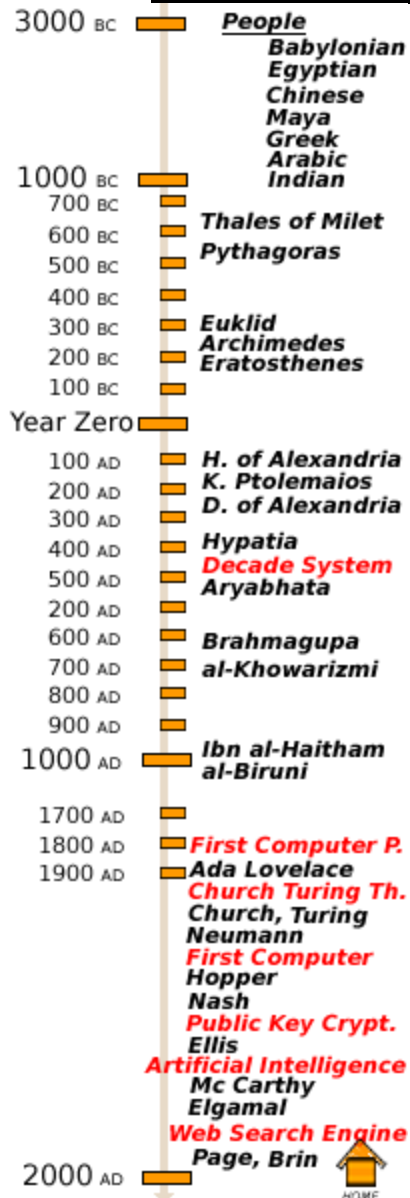
- **Note**

- Not all materials required for the midterm and final exams are on the lecture slides

Questions?

- Regarding questions on lectures, assignments, algorithms, data structures, programming, Java, etc. consult in the following order:
 - Study group, book, book website
 - ConneX web page
 - Lab instructor
 - Instructor

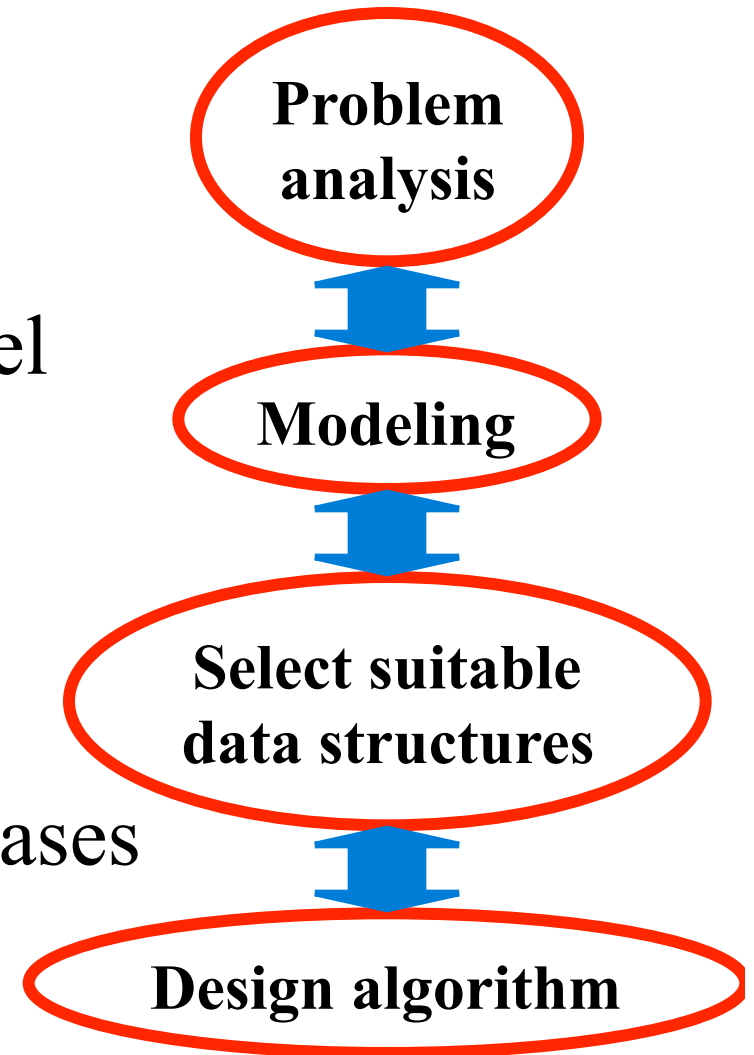
History of Algorithms



- The word algorithm can be traced back to the 9th century to the Persian scientist, astronomer and mathematician Abdullah Muhammad bin Musa al-Khwarizmi, often cited as “The father of Algebra”
- In the 12th century one of his books was translated into Latin, where his name was rendered as “Algorithmi”
- Algorithms are everywhere. They have been developed to ease our daily life from calculating algorithms, to artificial intelligence and molecular biology. The searching and sorting algorithms embodied in Google are a good example of our daily use of algorithms.
- In the age of information, people are inundated with data. With the aid of powerful algorithms and data structures, we can make sense of volumes of data that come in many forms: text, numbers, images, video, audio.
- **History of Algorithms**
<http://cs-exhibitions.uni-klu.ac.at/index.php?id=193>

Algorithmics

- Problem analysis
- Design an appropriate model
- Select data structures
- Select algorithms
- Iterate over these design phases

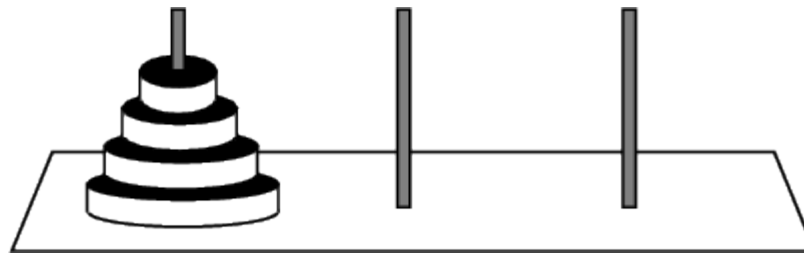


Algorithm Design Techniques

- **Algorithm Design Techniques**

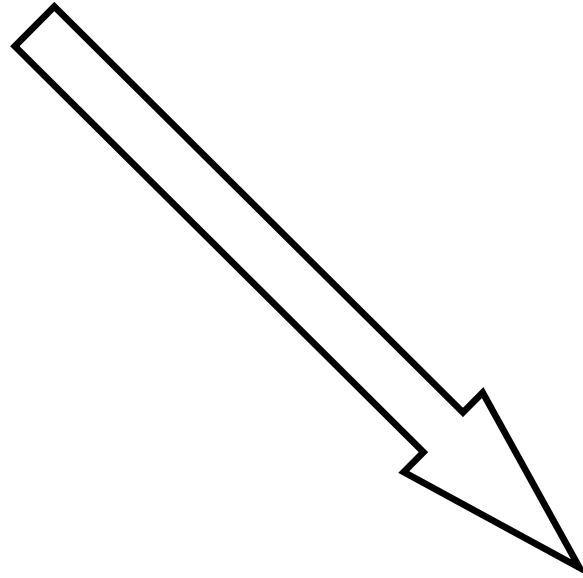
- Greedy algorithms
- Divide and conquer
- Backtracking
- Dynamic programming

Which Type of Algorithm Solves the Towers of Hanoi Problem?



Recursion and Backtracking

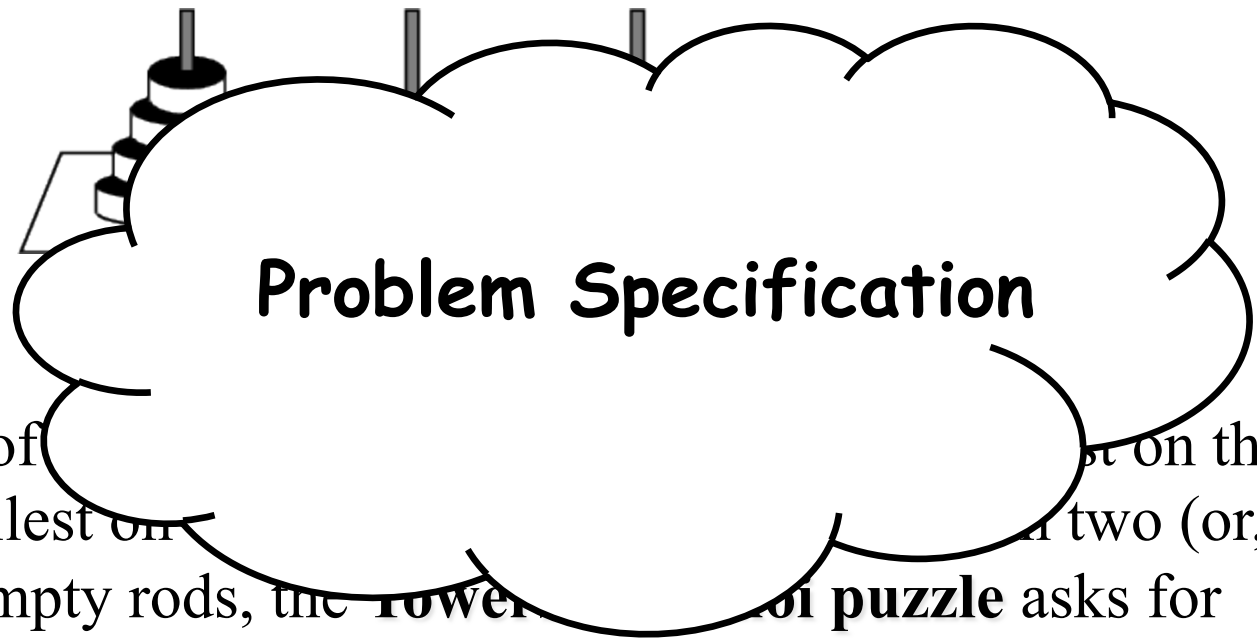
Towers of Hanoi



-Summer 2014



Towers of Hanoi



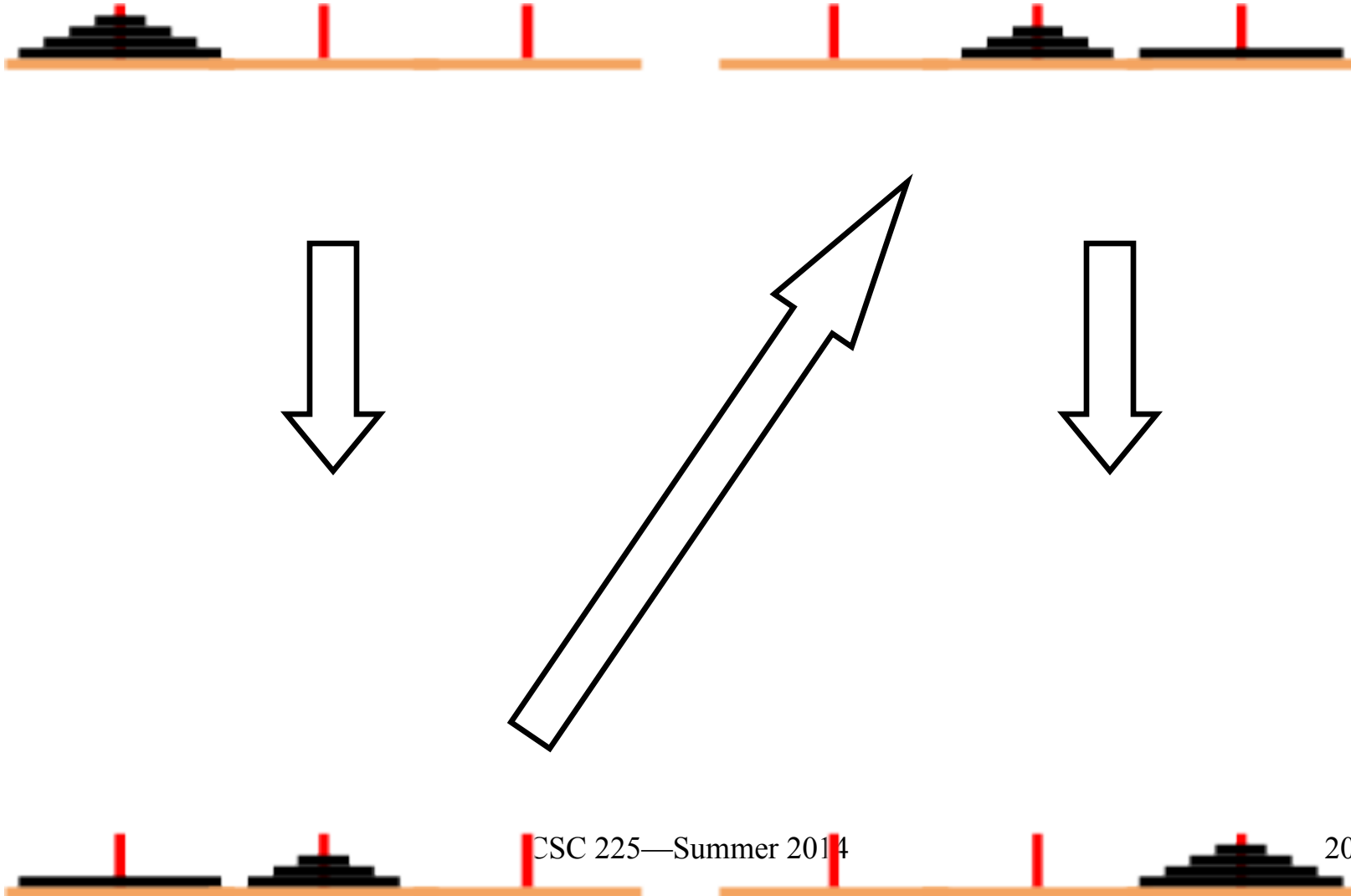
Given a stack of n disks on the leftmost rod, with the largest disk at the bottom and the smallest on top, and r empty rods, the **Towers of Hanoi puzzle** asks for the *minimum number* of disk-moves required to move the stack from one rod to another. **The moves are not allowed only if they place larger disks on top of smaller disks.**

$$n = 4$$



**Solution:
high level description**

Solving for $n = 3$ helps!

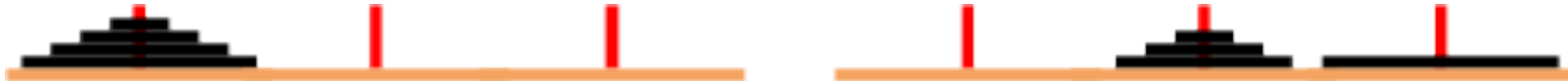


$$n = 3$$

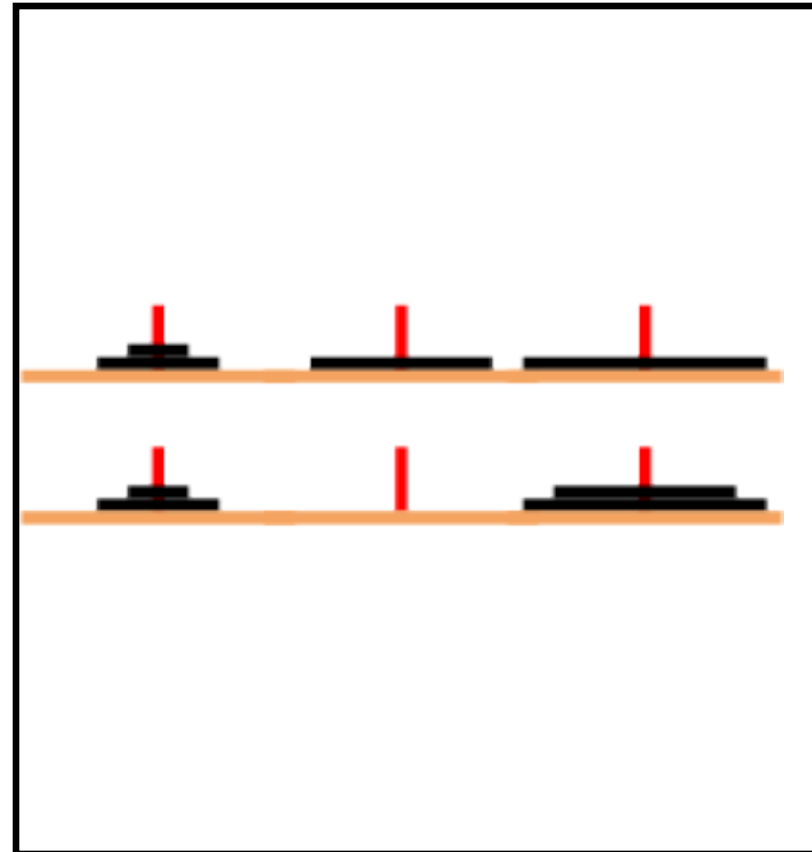
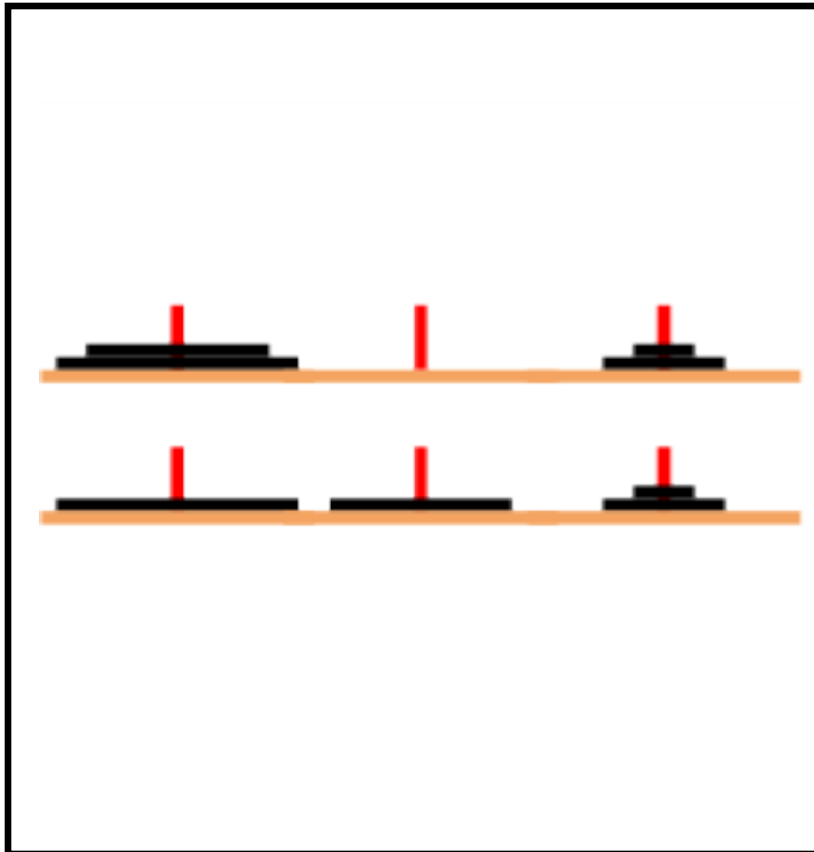
- Solving for $n = 2$ helps!

$$n = 2$$

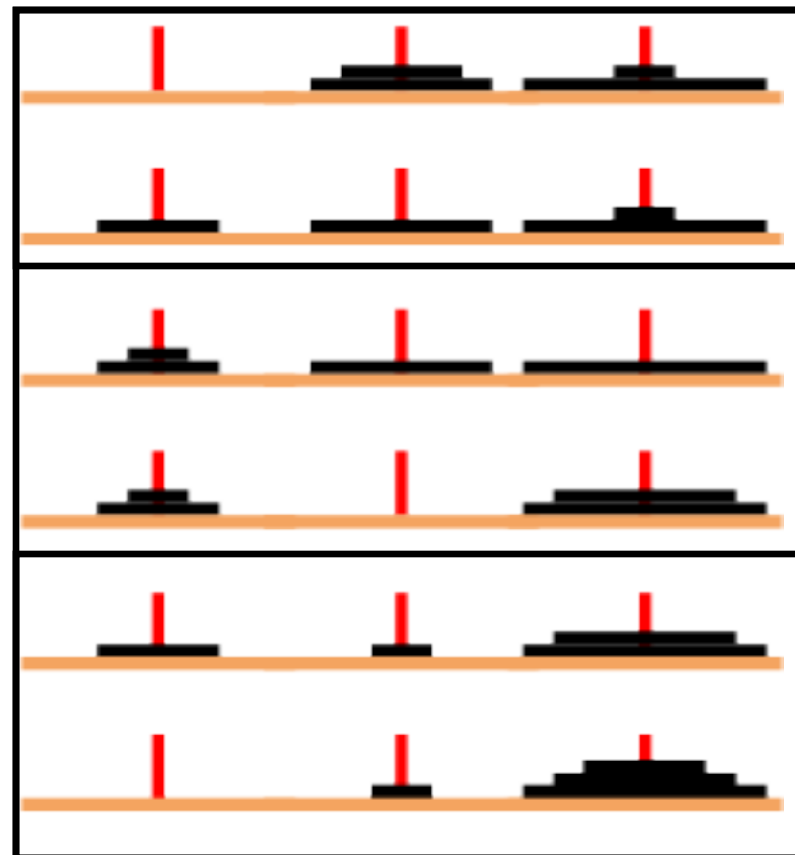
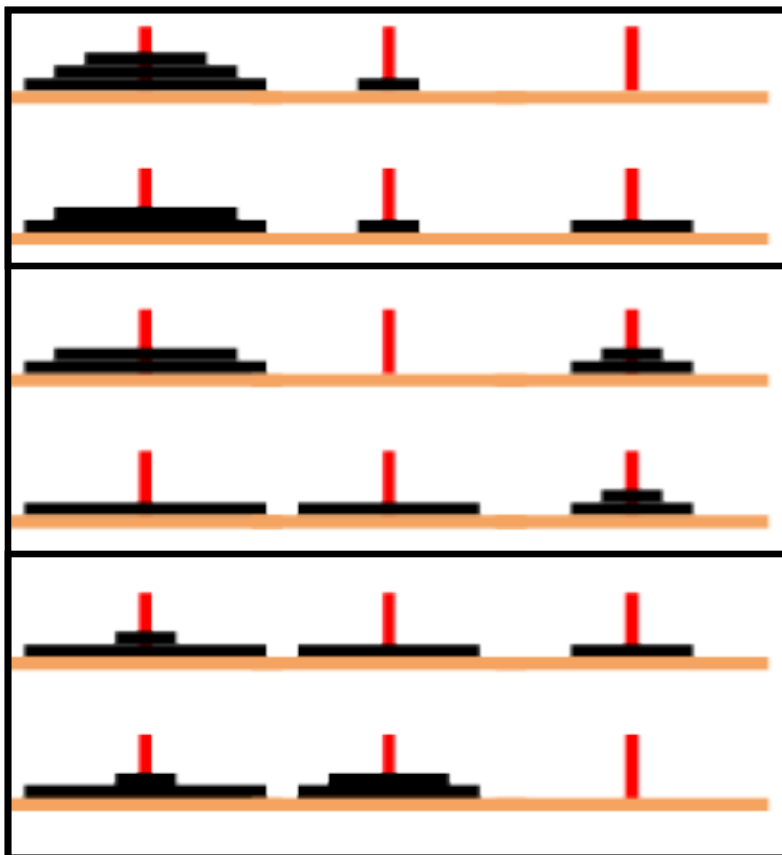
$$n = 4$$



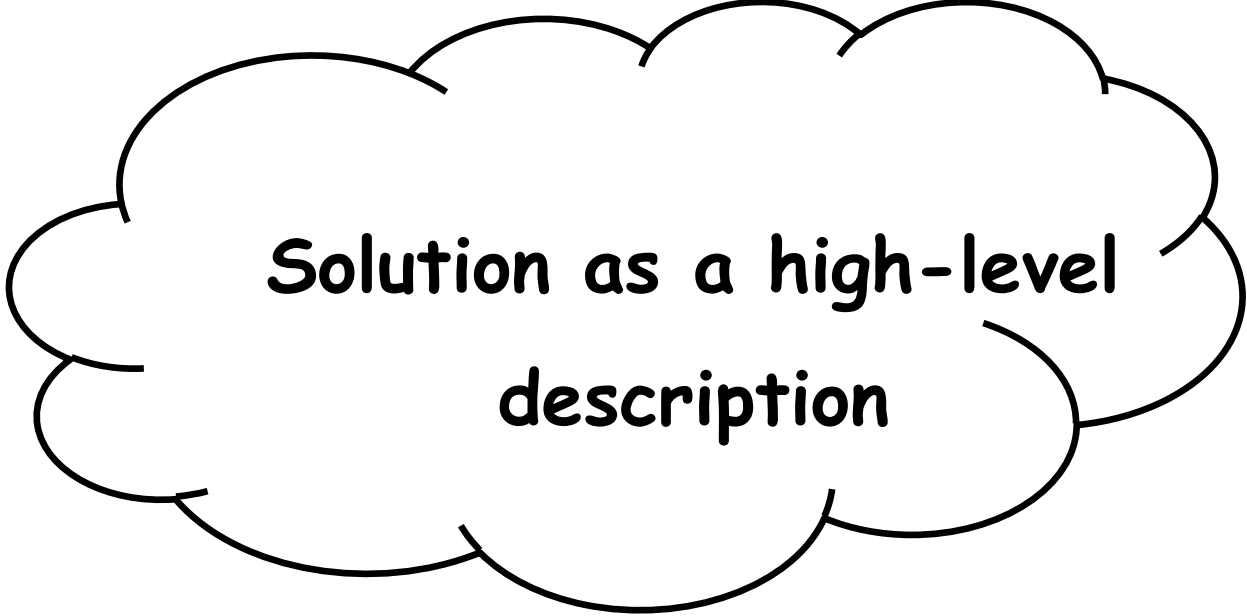
Solution for $n = 4$ (15 moves required)



Solution for $n = 4$ (15 moves required)



Still missing



**Solution as a high-level
description**

Still missing

Proof of Correctness

- does the suggested solution solve the Tower of Hanoi puzzle for **any** given instance?
- Does the suggested solution use as few steps as possible?

Quiz

- How many moves are required for $n = 5$?
- How many moves are required for n discs?
- Does the number of moves change if 4 rods (instead of 3 rods) are allowed?
 - $n = 1$
 - $n = 2$
 - $n = 3$
 - $n = 4$
 - $n = 5$