```
import pandas as pd
from ibm_watson import NaturalLanguageUnderstandingV1
from ibm_cloud_sdk_core.authenticators import IAMAuthenticator
from ibm watson.natural language understanding v1 import Features, EntitiesOptions,
KeywordsOptions
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
# IBM Granite and NLU Credentials
IBM_NLU_API_KEY =gfgjIBM
IBM_NLU_URL = "https://api.us-south.natural-language-
understanding.watson.cloud.ibm.com"
# Initialize IBM NLU
authenticator = IAMAuthenticator(apikey=IBM_NLU_API_KEY)
natural_language_understanding = NaturalLanguageUnderstandingV1(
 version='2022-04-07',
 authenticator=authenticator
)
natural_language_understanding.set_service_url(IBM_NLU_URL)
# Sample dataset for training a model
data = {
  "symptoms": [
```

```
"headache, fever, fatigue",
    "cough, sore throat, runny nose",
    "nausea, vomiting, diarrhea",
    "chest pain, shortness of breath",
    "abdominal pain, bloating",
  ],
  "diseases": [
    "flu",
    "common cold",
    "gastroenteritis",
    "heart disease",
    "irritable bowel syndrome",
 ]
df = pd.DataFrame(data)
# Vectorize the symptoms using TF-IDF
vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer()
X = vectorizer.fit_transform(df['symptoms'])
y = df['diseases']
# Split the data into training and testing sets
X_train, X_test, y_train, X_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
# Train a random forest classifier
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}

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clf = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=100)
clf.fit(X_train, y_train)
# Evaluate the model
if X_test.size > 0:
 y_pred = clf.predict(X_test)
 print("Model Accuracy:", accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
# Function to analyze user input
def analyze_input(text):
 try:
   response = natural_language_understanding.analyze(
     text=text,
     features=Features(entities=EntitiesOptions(), keywords=KeywordsOptions())
   ).get_result()
   return response
  except Exception as e:
   print(f"Error analyzing input: {e}")
   return None
# Function to generate response based on analysis
def generate_response(analysis):
 try:
   symptom_vector = vectorizer.transform([analysis['text']])
   prediction = clf.predict(symptom_vector)
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return f"Based on your symptoms, you might have {prediction[0]}. Please consult a
doctor for a proper diagnosis."
  except Exception as e:
    print(f"Error generating response: {e}")
    return None
# Function to get personalized health advice
def get_health_advice(disease):
  advice = f"For {disease}, you can try the following: rest, hydration, and over-the-counter
medication. However, please consult a doctor for personalized advice."
  return advice
# Main function to handle user interaction
def healthcare_assistant():
  print("Welcome to the Intelligent Healthcare Assistant!")
 while True:
    user_input = input("Please describe your symptoms or type 'exit' to quit: ")
   if user_input.lower() == 'exit':
     break
    analysis = analyze_input(user_input)
    if analysis is not None and 'text' in analysis:
     response = generate_response(analysis)
     if response is not None:
       disease = response.split("you might have ")[1].split(".")[0]
       advice = get_health_advice(disease)
       print(f"{disease}: {advice}")
    else:
```

print("Error: Unable to analyze input")

if __name__ == "__main__":

healthcare_assistant()

Output:

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main.py
   78 -
           except Exception as e:
                print(f"Error generat.
   79
                return None
   80
   81
       # Function to get personalize
   83 def get_health_advice(disease
   84
           advice = f"For {disease},
   85
           return advice
   87
       # Main function to handle use
   88 def healthcare_assistant():
           print("Welcome to the Inte
   89
   90 -
           while True:
                user input = input("P.
   91
                if user_input.lower()
   92 -
                    break
   93
   94
                analysis = analyze_in
   95 -
                if analysis is not No
                    response = genera
   96
                    if response is no
   97 -
   98
                         disease = res
   99
                         advice
                , input
Traceback (most recent call last):
 File "/home/main.py", line 2, in <m
odule>
    from ibm_watson import NaturalLan
guageUnderstandingV1
ModuleNotFoundError: No module named
'ibm_watson'
...Program finished with exit code 1
Press ENTER to exit console.
```