$$\frac{\frac{a^2 + b^2}{b} - a}{\frac{1}{b} - \frac{1}{a}} \cdot \frac{a^2 - b^2}{a^3 + b^3} = \frac{a^2 + b^2 - ab}{b} \cdot \frac{ba}{a - b} \cdot \frac{a^2 - b^2}{a^3 + b^3} =$$

$$= \frac{a^2 + b^2 - ab}{b} \cdot \frac{ba}{a - b} \cdot \frac{(a + b)(a - b)}{(a + b)(a^2 - ab + b^2)} = a$$

2)

$$\frac{a}{a+b} - \frac{a^2 - ab}{(a-b)^2} = \frac{a(a-b)^2 - (a+b)(a^2 - ab)}{(a+b)(a-b)^2} = \frac{a(a-b)^2 - (a+b)a(a-b)}{(a+b)(a-b)^2} = \frac{a(a-b)^2 - (a+b)a(a-b)}{(a+b)(a-b)^2} = \frac{a(a-b)^2 - (a+b)a(a-b)}{(a+b)(a-b)^2} = \frac{a(a-b)^2 - (a+b)a(a-b)}{a^2 - b^2}$$

3)

$$\left(m + \frac{2m}{m-1} - \frac{3m}{m+1} - \frac{m^2}{m^2 - 1}\right) \cdot \left(m - \frac{1}{m}\right) =$$

$$= \left(\frac{m(m^2 - 1) + 2m(m+1) - 3m(m-1) - m^2}{m^2 - 1}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{m^2 - 1}{m}\right) =$$

$$= m^2 - 1 + 2m + 2 - 3m + 3 - m = m^2 - 2m + 4$$

4)

$$\frac{\frac{a-b}{a^2+b^2}}{\frac{a^2-b^2}{a^3+b^3}} = \frac{a-b}{a^2+b^2} \cdot \frac{a^3+b^3}{a^2-b^2} = \frac{a-b}{a^2+b^2} \cdot \frac{(a+b)(a^2-ab+b^2)}{(a+b)(a-b)} = \frac{(a^2-ab+b^2)}{a^2+b^2}$$

5)

$$\frac{(a-b)^2 + ab}{(a+b)^2 - ab} : \frac{a^5 + b^5 + a^2b^3 + a^3b^2}{(a^3 + b^3 + a^2b + ab^2)(a^3 - b^3)} =$$

$$= \frac{a^2 - ab + b^2}{a^2 + ab + b^2} : \frac{a^3(a^2 + b^2) + b^3(b^2 + a^2)}{(a^2(a+b) + b^2(a+b))(a^3 - b^3)} =$$

$$\frac{a^2 - ab + b^2}{a^2 + ab + b^2} : \frac{(a+b)(a^2 + b^2)(a^3 - b^3)}{(a^2 + b^2)(a^3 + b^3)} =$$

$$= \frac{a^2 - ab + b^2}{a^2 + ab + b^2} : \frac{(a+b)(a^2 + b^2)(a-b)(a^2 + ab + b^2)}{(a^2 + b^2)(a+b)(a^2 - ab + b^2)} = a - b$$

$$(9-4x^2)(x^2-6x+9) = 0$$

$$(9-4x^2) = 0 \lor (x^2-6x+9) = 0$$

$$(3-2x)(3+2x) = 0 \lor (x-3)^2 = 0$$

$$x \in \left\{\pm \frac{3}{2}; 3\right\}$$

7)

$$(2-x)(x^{2}-9) \ge 0$$

$$((2-x) \ge 0 \land (x^{2}-9) \ge 0) \lor ((2-x) \le 0 \land (x^{2}-9) \le 0)$$

$$((2-x) \ge 0 \land x^{2} \ge 9) \lor ((2-x) \le 0 \land x^{2} \le 9)$$

$$(x \le 2 \land (x \ge 3 \lor x \le -3)) \lor (x \ge 2 \land (x \le 3 \lor x \ge -3))$$

$$(x \in (-\infty; 2) \cap ((-\infty; -3) \cup (3; \infty)) \lor x \in (2; \infty) \cap (-3; 3)$$

$$x \in (-\infty; -3) \cup (2; 3)$$