	Department of Health Government of Nunavut		NURSING POLICY, PROCEDURE AND PROTOCOLS		
Nunavut			Community Health Nursing		
TITLE:				SECTION:	POLICY NUMBER:
Provisions of Care to Clients in Police Custody				Administration	05-024-01
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APPLIES TO:					
Community Health Nurses					

Ambulatory Services

- 1. Clients will be assigned appointments at the beginning or the end of the clinic schedule where possible.
- 2. The Supervisor of health programs (SHP) should be notified ahead of time. The SHP or delegate will meet the client and police Officer upon arrival.
- 3. Upon arrival to the clinic, the client and the police officer shall be taken immediately to an empty examination room.
- 4. Where possible such clients should be seen in one location.
- 5. If the client requires suturing, all sharp objects must be removed from the room after the procedure.
- 6. The RCMP officer must accompany the client for all tests/procedures and the areas should be notified in advance (if applicable). These areas should take precautions with sharp objects.

Restraints

- 1. Clients in police custody will always be shackled and/or handcuffed as appropriate.
- 2. Restraints are the responsibility of the Police officer. Restraints may include handcuffs, shackles and/or security belts.
- 3. Under no circumstances should a member of the health care team remove the restraints (shackles, handcuffs etc.) from the client.
- 4. The health care professional may request that the police officer remove the restraints if they interfere with treatment or compromise client safety.
 - > The police officer must be consulted.
 - > If the police officers agree to the removal of the restraint, they are responsible to remove the restraint and must remain with the client.
 - In the event that the restraints cannot be safely removed, then the inability to treat is to be charted, and further medical advice is required.

Visitors

- 1. Should a visitor arrive at the community health centre, the staff should consult directly with the police officer and obtain approval.
- 2. If the visitor is not permitted access to the client, as directed by the police officer, the visitor will be asked to leave the health centre.



Release of Information

- 1. During assessments and treatments, police shall position themselves away from the bedside so that visual contact is maintained while personal health information cannot be overheard unless:
 - > The client consents to bedside attendance or;
 - > The police officer determines that bedside attendance is required to reduce or eliminate a significant risk of bodily harm.
- 2. Personal health information about a client from correctional facilities may be disclosed to the Correctional Facility in which the client is being detained, in order to assist the institution in making a decision concerning arrangements for the provision of health care to the client or the placement of the individual into custody, detention, release, conditional release discharge or conditional discharge.
- 3. Questions about disclosure of client information to correctional facilities are directed to the ATIPP Coordinator for the Department of Health and Social Services.
- 4. No information regarding the client shall be released to the public including the location of the client in the hospital. All public inquiries are to be directed to the Supervisor of health programs.

References

Adapted from the University Health Network manual

Approved by:	Effective Date:
Intret 11 FEB 2011	
Chief Nursing Officer Date	
Deputy Minister of Health and Social Services Date	April 1, 2011

