



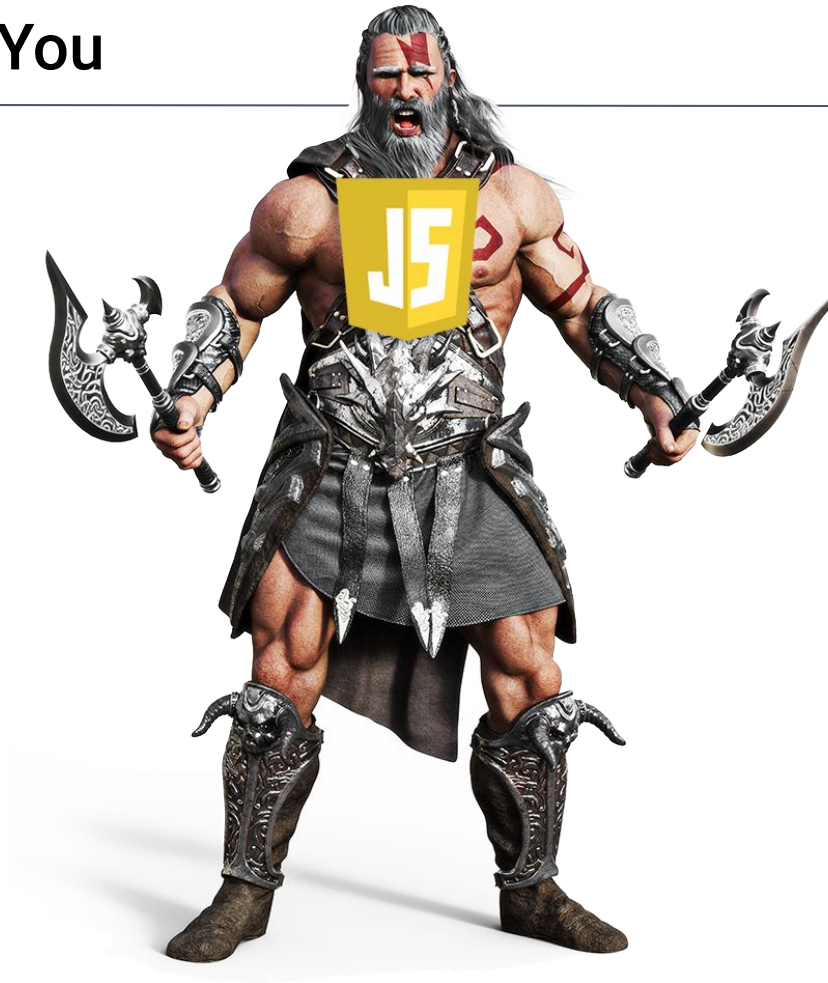
JavaScript Juggernauts

Web Development Boot Camp
Lesson 3.3



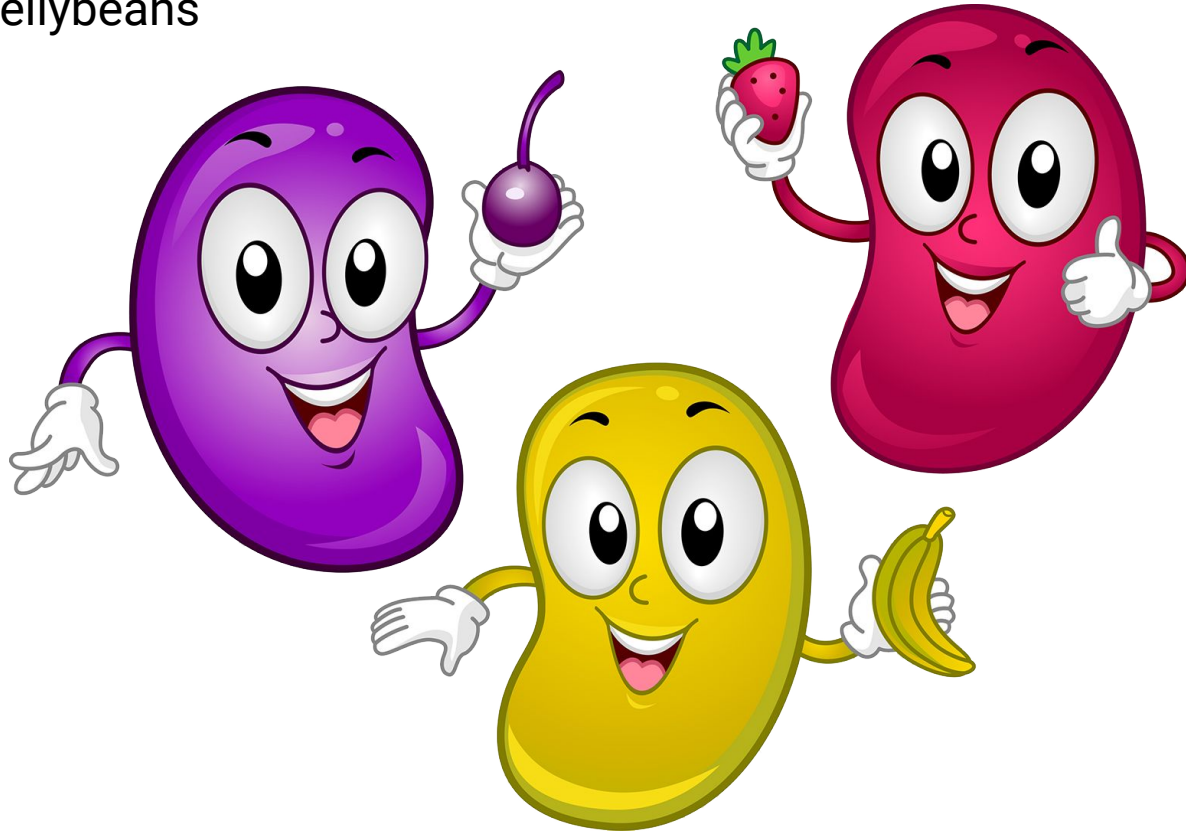
This Will Soon Be You

JavaScript Juggernauts



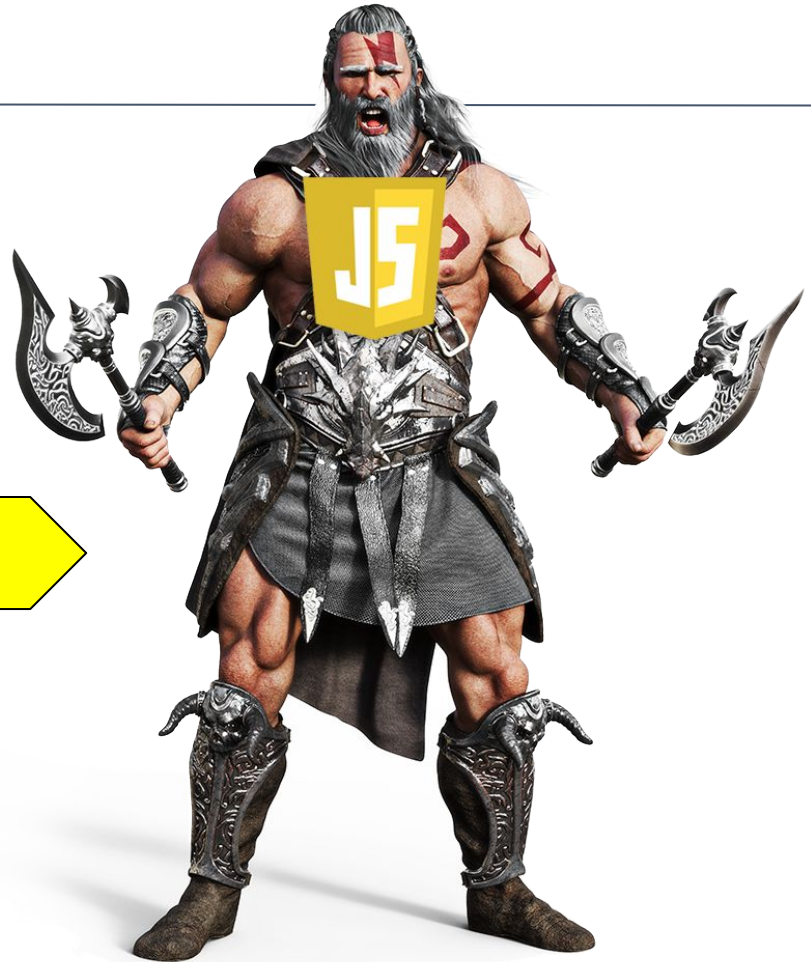
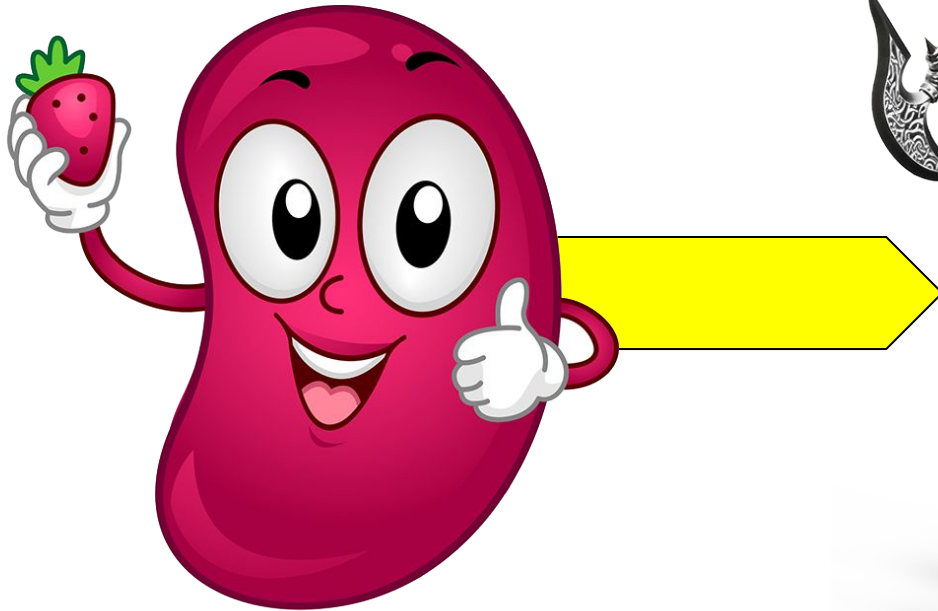
But Right Now You Feel Like

JavaScript Jellybeans



Transformation to Come!

HANG IN THERE!



Today's Class

Objectives

In today's class, we'll cover:



JavaScript Functions

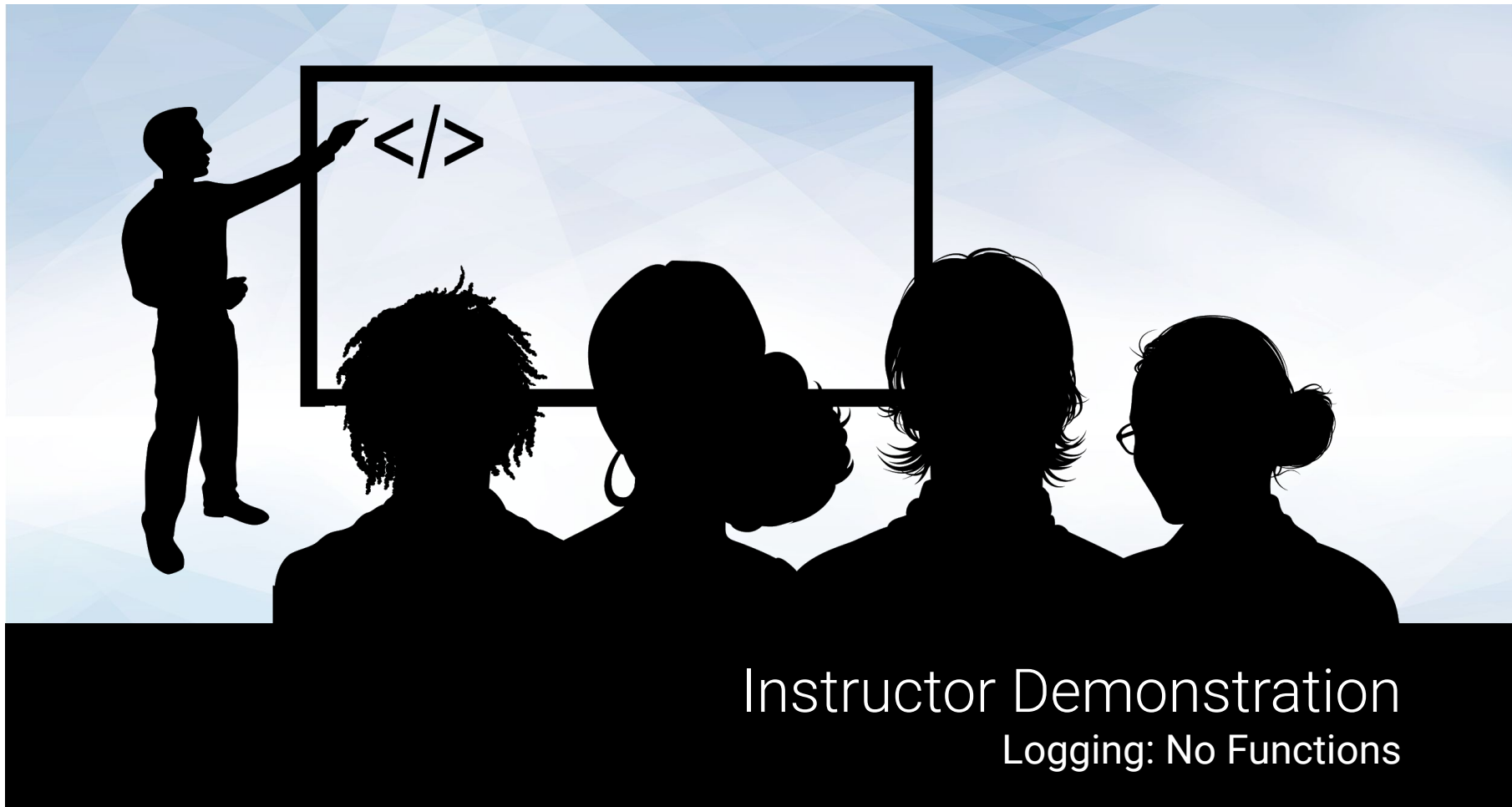


JavaScript Objects



Building Simple JavaScript Applications

JavaScript Functions



Instructor Demonstration

Logging: No Functions

Mondo Repetitive

Who wants to maintain this?



Hint: No one.



```
// For Loop for Brands
for (var i = 0; i < brands.length; i++) {
  console.log(brands[i]);
}
console.log("-----");

// For Loop for Heroes
for (var i = 0; i < heroes.length; i++) {
  console.log(heroes[i]);
}
console.log("-----");

// For Loop for booksOnMyShelf
for (var i = 0; i < booksOnMyShelf.length; i++) {
  console.log(booksOnMyShelf[i]);
}
console.log("-----");

// For Loop for thingsInFrontOfMe
for (var i = 0; i < thingsInFrontOfMe.length; i++) {
  console.log(thingsInFrontOfMe[i]);
}
console.log("-----");

// For Loop for howIFeel
for (var i = 0; i < howIFeel.length; i++) {
  console.log(howIFeel[i]);
}
console.log("-----");
```



Instructor Demonstration

Logging: With Functions

Much Better with Functions!

Squeaky clean code. Minimal repetition.

```
// Here we create a "Function" that allows us to "call" (run) the loop for any array we wish.  
// We pass in an array as an "argument".  
function consoleInside(arr) {  
  
    // We then loop through the selected array.  
    for (var i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {  
  
        // Each time we print the value inside the array.  
        console.log(arr[i]);  
    }  
    console.log("-----");  
}
```



Partner Activity:

My First Functions

Suggested Time:
20 minutes



Partner Activity: My First Functions



Working in pairs and using the starter file sent to you via Slack, fill in the missing functions and function calls.



Note: Try to finish all four functions if you can, but don't be distressed if you only get 1 or 2. The important thing is that you get at least one function fully done.



HINT: Look back to the previous example if you need help.

Suggested Time: 20 minutes



JavaScript Objects



Instructor Demonstration

Good Arrays



Instructor Demonstration

Joan of Arc (Bad Arrays)

Associated Data ==/= Arrays

Relating two separate arrays is not fun.

```
var joanOfArcInfoParts = ["Real Name", "Grew Up Where", "Known For", "Scars", "Symbolism"];

var joanOfArcInfoValues = ["Jehanne la Pucelle.", "Domremy, a village in northeastern France.",
    "Peasant girl, daughter of a farmer, who rose to become Commander of the French army.",
    "Took an arrow to the shoulder and a crossbow bolt to the thigh while trying to liberate Paris.",
    "Stands for French unity and nationalism."];
```



Instructor Demonstration

Gandalf the Grey Objects

Gandalf: The Object

Gandalf's **properties** and **values** are associated in object form, making it easy to recall specific data.

```
11  var gandalf = {
12      "real name": "Gandalf",
13      "age (est)": 11000,
14      "race": "Maia",
15      "haveRetirementPlan": true,
16      "aliases": [
17          "Greyhame",
18          "Stormcrow",
19          "Mithrandir",
20          "Gandalf the Grey",
21          "Gandalf the White"
22      ]
23  }
24
25  // Object properties can be accessed with "bracket notation"
26  alert("My name is " + gandalf["real name"]);
27
28  // Or with "dot notation" if the property has no spaces
29  if (gandalf.haveRetirementPlan) {
30
31      // Or with a variable that matches the name of the property
32      var ageProperty = "age (est)";
33      var years = gandalf[ageProperty];
34      alert("My 401k has been gathering interest for " + years + " years!");
35  }
```

Objects Visualized

This is Gandalf. According to code, Gandalf is an **object**.

var gandalf	=	{
-------------	---	---



"real name"	:	"Gandalf"	,
-------------	---	-----------	---

"age (est)"	:	11000	,
-------------	---	-------	---

"race"	:	"Maia"
--------	---	--------

}

Objects Visualized

These are Gandalf's **properties** (like descriptors).

var gandalf	=	{
-------------	---	---



"real name"	:	"Gandalf"	,
-------------	---	-----------	---

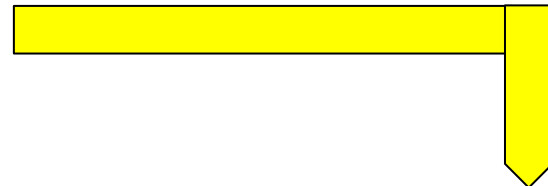
"age (est)"	:	11000	,
-------------	---	-------	---

"race"	:	"Maia"
--------	---	--------

}

Objects Visualized

These are the **values** of Gandalf's properties.



var gandalf	=	{
-------------	---	---



"real name"	:	"Gandalf"	,
-------------	---	-----------	---

"age (est)"	:	11000	,
-------------	---	-------	---

"race"	:	"Maia"
--------	---	--------

}

Objects Visualized

Thus: `gandalf["race"] = "Maia"`

`var gandalf`

`=`

`{`



`"real name"`

`:`

`"Gandalf"`

`,`

`"age (est)"`

`:`

`11000`

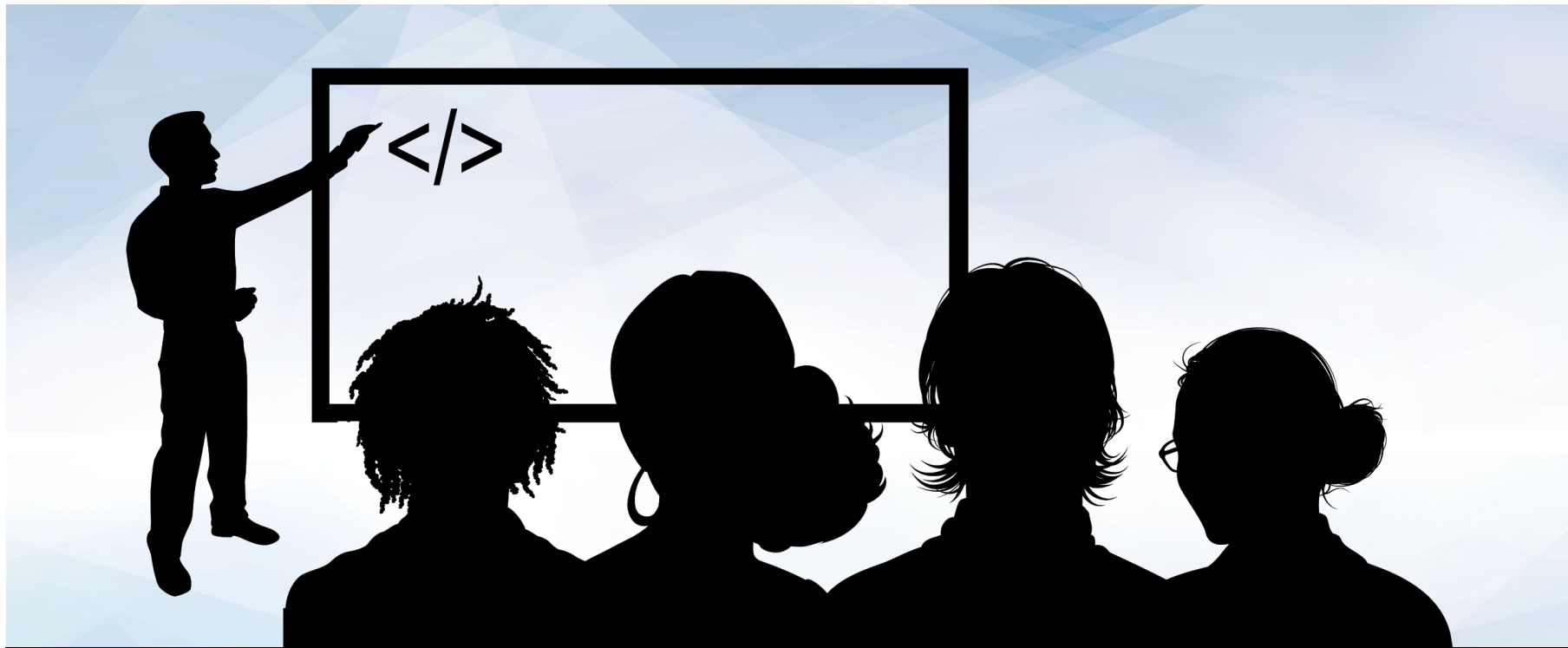
`,`

`"race"`

`:`

`"Maia"`

`}`



Instructor Demonstration

Gandalf: The Grey Objects (Repeat)



Group Activity (2 people): Basic Objects

Suggested Time:
15 minutes



Group Activity: Basic Objects



With a partner, spend the next few moments studying the code just slacked to you.



Then, write code below each comment to log the relevant information about the provided `car` object.



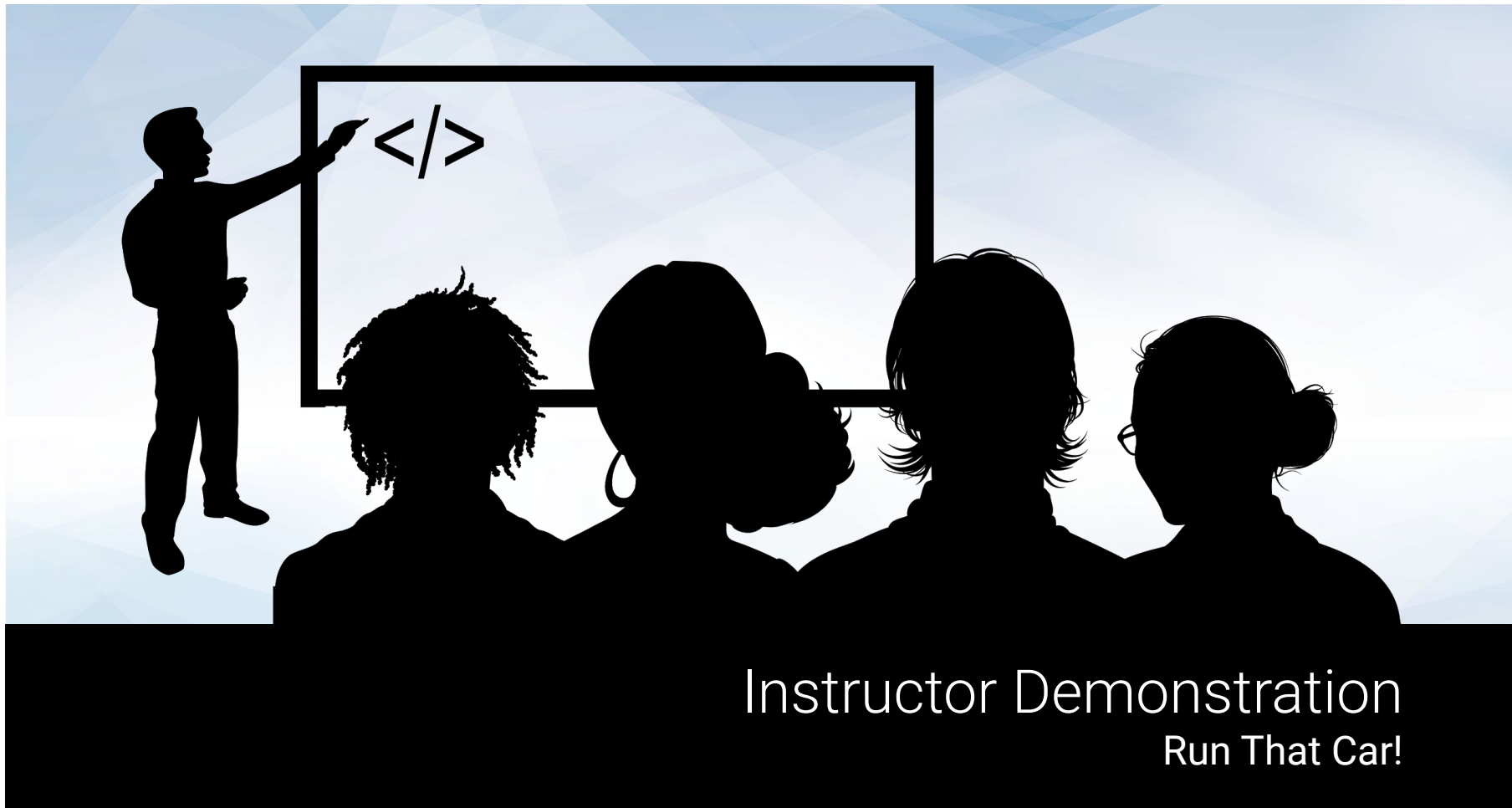
Bonus: If you finish early, create a brand new object of your own. Slack out a snippet of the code to the class when you are done. Be Creative!

Suggested Time: 15 minutes



Take a Break!







Challenge: Run That Car!

Suggested Time:
15 minutes



Challenge: Run That Car!

Using the code from the previous activity as a starting point, create a complete application such that:



Users can enter keyboard input (letters).



Each of the car's methods are assigned to a key.



When the user presses a key, it calls the appropriate function.



These letters also trigger a global function called `rewriteStats()` that logs the car's make, model, color, mileage, and `isWorking` status to the console.

Suggested Time: 15 minutes





Questions?