Project A1+A2 - Model Selection and Notation

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- 0. We will use the classroom.csv data for this project.
- a. math1st will be the outcome of interest for this first part
- b. Recall that math1st = mathkind + mathgain
- c. Read in the data (R: store as dat)
- d. Fit all models using REML
- e. It's best if you use lmerTest::lmer rather than lme4::lmer to call the MLM function. The former provides p-values for fixed effects in the summary.
- f. There are 2 common error messages one can get from lmer calls: failed to converge (problem with hessian: negative eigenvalue; $\max|\text{grad}| = \dots$); and singularity. They may both be problematic in a real problem, but the latter suggests that a variance component is on the boundary of the parameter space.
- 1. In your discussion/writeup, consider the latter to be a "convergence problem" and ignore the former.

```
dat <- read.csv("~/Documents/GitHub/mlm_final_project/data/classroom.csv")
dat <- dat %>%
  mutate(math1st = mathkind + mathgain)
```

1. Estimate an Unconditional Means Model (UMM) with random intercepts for both schools and class-rooms (nested in schools).

```
fit1 <- lmer( math1st ~ (1 | schoolid/classid), dat)
summary(fit1)</pre>
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## ImerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ (1 | schoolid/classid)
## Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 11944.6
##
## Scaled residuals:
## Min 1Q Median 3Q Max
## -5.1872 -0.6174 -0.0204 0.5821 3.8339
```

```
##
## Random effects:
                                Variance Std.Dev.
                    Name
                                  85.46
                                         9.244
## classid:schoolid (Intercept)
##
   schoolid
                    (Intercept)
                                 280.68 16.754
## Residual
                                1146.80 33.864
## Number of obs: 1190, groups: classid:schoolid, 312; schoolid, 107
## Fixed effects:
##
              Estimate Std. Error
                                       df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 522.540
                            2.037 104.407
                                            256.6
                                                    <2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

a. Report the ICC for schools and the ICC for classrooms

Answer: The ICC for schools is $\frac{\sigma_{\zeta_0}^2}{\sigma_{\zeta_0}^2 + \sigma_{\varepsilon}^2} = 0.1966269$ and the ICC for classrooms is $\frac{\sigma_{\eta_0}^2}{\sigma_{\eta_0}^2 + \sigma_{\varepsilon}^2} = 0.0693518$.

- b. WRITE OUT THIS MODEL using your preferred notation, but use the same choice of notation for the remainder of your project
- c. Be mindful and explicit about any assumptions made.

 $MATH1ST_{ijk} = b_0 + \zeta_{0k} + \eta_{0jk} + \varepsilon_{ijk}$, with $\zeta_{0k} \sim N(0, \sigma_{\zeta_0}^2)$, $\eta_{0jk} \sim N(0, \sigma_{\eta_0}^2)$ and $\varepsilon_{ijk} \sim N(0, \sigma_{\varepsilon}^2)$, independently of one another, j represents classrooms and k represents schools. 2. ADD ALL School level predictors

```
fit2 <- lmer( math1st ~ housepov + (1 | schoolid/classid), dat)
summary(fit2)</pre>
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
  Formula: math1st ~ housepov + (1 | schoolid/classid)
##
     Data: dat
## REML criterion at convergence: 11927.4
##
## Scaled residuals:
      Min
              1Q Median
                               30
  -5.1142 -0.6011 -0.0350 0.5600 3.8154
##
## Random effects:
                                 Variance Std.Dev.
## Groups
                    Name
## classid:schoolid (Intercept)
                                  82.36
                                          9.075
## schoolid
                                250.93 15.841
                    (Intercept)
                                 1146.95 33.867
## Number of obs: 1190, groups: classid:schoolid, 312; schoolid, 107
## Fixed effects:
              Estimate Std. Error
                                       df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 531.294
                          3.341 102.809 159.024
                                                    <2e-16 ***
## housepov
               -45.783
                           14.236 111.063 -3.216
                                                    0.0017 **
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
```

```
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
            (Intr)
## housepov -0.810
anova(fit1,fit2)
## refitting model(s) with ML (instead of REML)
## Data: dat
## Models:
## fit1: math1st ~ (1 | schoolid/classid)
## fit2: math1st ~ housepov + (1 | schoolid/classid)
                      BIC logLik deviance Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
        npar
               AIC
           4 11956 11976 -5973.9
## fit1
                                      11948
## fit2
           5 11948 11973 -5968.8
                                      11938 10.125 1
                                                         0.001463 **
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
  a. Report if adding the predictors as a block is justified
     Answer: There is only one school-level predictor which is housepov, its p-value is 0.0017029 < 0.05,
     and I do a LRT on model with and without the school-level predictor, the p-value is 0.0014627 < 0.05.
     So it is reasonable to add school-level predictor.
  b. Report change in \sigma_{\zeta}^2.
     The change in \sigma_{\zeta}^2 is 280.6812733-250.9258585 = 29.7554148.
  3. ADD ALL Classroom level predictors
save.options = options()
options(na.action = "na.pass")
mm <- model.matrix(~math1st + ses + mathknow, data = dat)</pre>
in_sample <- apply(is.na(mm), 1, sum) == 0 # these rows aren't missing anything
options(save.options)
# remove those na
fit3 <- lmer( math1st ~ yearstea + mathknow + mathprep + housepov + (1 | schoolid/classid),
               dat, subset = in_sample)
summary(fit3)
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula:
## math1st ~ yearstea + mathknow + mathprep + housepov + (1 | schoolid/classid)
##
      Data: dat
##
   Subset: in_sample
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10821
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
       Min
              1Q Median
                                  3Q
                                         Max
## -3.5552 -0.6118 -0.0311 0.5863 3.8315
##
## Random effects:
```

Variance Std.Dev.

Groups

Name

```
classid:schoolid (Intercept)
                                   94.36
                                           9.714
##
   schoolid
                     (Intercept)
                                  223.31
                                          14.943
##
   Residual
                                 1136.43
                                          33.711
## Number of obs: 1081, groups:
                                 classid:schoolid, 285; schoolid, 105
##
## Fixed effects:
##
                Estimate Std. Error
                                           df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 532.29852
                            5.20495 228.85767 102.268
                                                        < 2e-16 ***
## yearstea
                 0.06193
                            0.14717 223.76570
                                                 0.421
                                                        0.67432
## mathknow
                 2.55143
                            1.44530 231.06560
                                                 1.765
                                                        0.07883
## mathprep
                -0.75440
                            1.42809 203.20755
                                               -0.528
                                                        0.59790
                           14.08834 109.83230 -2.954
                                                        0.00383 **
## housepov
               -41.62117
##
                   0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '. ' 0.1 ' 1
## Signif. codes:
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
            (Intr) yearst mthknw mthprp
## yearstea -0.264
## mathknow -0.052
                   0.030
## mathprep -0.666 -0.175
                           0.004
## housepov -0.568 0.077 0.082 0.032
wald.test(b = fixef(fit3), Sigma = summary(fit3)$vcov, Terms = 2:4)
## Wald test:
##
## Chi-squared test:
## X2 = 3.5, df = 3, P(> X2) = 0.32
```

- a. Report if adding the predictors as a block is justified [must use WALD test, not LRT]
 - Answer: The Wald test generates a p-value = 0.32, which shows that we have no reason to add classroom-level predictors as a block. But it might be reasonable to include mathknow since it is significant according to the t-test.
- b. Report change in σ_{η}^2 and change in σ_{ϵ}^2 . **Answer:** The change in σ_{η}^2 is 94.3625825-82.3601958 = 12.0023867 and change in σ_{ϵ}^2 is 1136.4309806-1146.9548045 = -10.5238239.
- c. Give a potential reason as to why σ_{ϵ}^2 is reduced, but not σ_{η}^2 ?

A potential might be, the same teacher (same classroom) might have different effect on each student, therefore when we introduce a classroom-level fix effect, the model does not reduces classroom-level random effect, instead, reduces individual-level effect and inflated classroom-level random effect.

4. ADD (nearly) ALL student level predictors (but not mathgain or mathkind, as these are outcomes in this context).

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
       housepov + (1 | schoolid/classid)
##
##
      Data: dat
##
   Subset: in_sample
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10729.5
##
## Scaled residuals:
      Min
                10 Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
  -3.8581 -0.6134 -0.0321 0.5971
                                   3.6598
##
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
                     Name
                                 Variance Std.Dev.
   classid:schoolid (Intercept)
                                   93.89
                                           9.689
                                         13.017
## schoolid
                                  169.45
                     (Intercept)
## Residual
                                 1064.96 32.634
## Number of obs: 1081, groups:
                                classid:schoolid, 285; schoolid, 105
## Fixed effects:
                 Estimate Std. Error
                                             df t value Pr(>|t|)
                                      275.39010 101.585 < 2e-16 ***
## (Intercept) 539.63041
                             5.31209
## ses
                 10.05076
                             1.54485 1066.56211
                                                  6.506 1.18e-10 ***
## minority
                -16.18676
                             3.02605
                                     704.47787
                                                 -5.349 1.20e-07 ***
## sex
                 -1.21419
                             2.09483 1022.42110
                                                 -0.580
                                                           0.562
                             0.14141
                                                  0.080
                                                           0.936
## yearstea
                 0.01129
                                      226.80861
## mathknow
                 1.35004
                             1.39168
                                      234.49768
                                                  0.970
                                                           0.333
                             1.37583
## mathprep
                 -0.27705
                                      205.27111
                                                 -0.201
                                                           0.841
## housepov
                -17.64850
                            13.21755 113.87814
                                                 -1.335
                                                           0.184
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
            (Intr) ses
                          minrty sex
                                        yearst mthknw mthprp
## ses
            -0.121
## minority -0.320
                   0.162
            -0.190 0.020 -0.011
## sex
## yearstea -0.259 -0.028 0.024 0.016
## mathknow -0.083 -0.007 0.115 0.007 0.029
## mathprep -0.631 0.053 0.001 -0.006 -0.172 0.004
## housepov -0.451 0.082 -0.178 -0.007 0.071 0.058 0.038
wald.test(b = fixef(fit4), Sigma = summary(fit4)$vcov, Terms = 2:4)
## Wald test:
##
  _____
##
## Chi-squared test:
## X2 = 85.1, df = 3, P(> X2) = 0.0
```

a. Report if justified statistically as a block of predictors [must use WALD test, not LRT]
 Answer: The wald test gives a p-value less than 0.05, which justifies the significance of adding a block of individual predictors.

- b. Report change in variance components for all levels **Answer:** The change in σ_{η}^2 is 93.8853485-94.3625825 = -0.477234, increases; the change in σ_{ζ}^2 is 169.4480999-223.3059856 = -53.8578857, decreases; and change in σ_{ϵ}^2 is 1064.9564422-1136.4309806 = -71.4745383, decreases.
- c. Give a potential reason as to why the school level variance component drops from prior model. The aggregate effect of individual predictors account for school-level variance, as a result the school-level variance component drops.
- d. WRITE OUT THIS MODEL using your chosen notation (include assumptions).

 $MATH1ST_{ijk} = b_0 + b_1SES_{ijk} + b_2MINORITY_{ijk} + b_3SEX_{ijk} + b_4YEARSTEA_{jk} + b_5MATHKNOW_{jk} + b_6MATHPREP_{jk} + b_7HOUSEPOV_k + \zeta_{0k} + \eta_{0jk} + \varepsilon_{ijk}$, with $\zeta_{0k} \sim N(0, \sigma_{\zeta_0}^2)$, $\eta_{0jk} \sim N(0, \sigma_{\eta_0}^2)$ and $\varepsilon_{ijk} \sim N(0, \sigma_{\varepsilon}^2)$, independently of one another, j represents classrooms and k represents schools.

5.a. Try to add a random slope for each teacher level predictor (varying at the school level; one by one separately- not all together)

b. Report the model fit or lack of fit

```
## Warning in checkConv(attr(opt, "derivs"), opt$par, ctrl = control$checkConv, :
## Model failed to converge with max|grad| = 0.00805459 (tol = 0.002, component 1)
```

```
summary(fit5.1)
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
  Formula: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
      housepov + (1 | schoolid/classid) + (0 + yearstea | schoolid)
##
##
      Data: dat
##
   Subset: in_sample
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10729.5
##
## Scaled residuals:
               1Q Median
                                      Max
  -3.8482 -0.6147 -0.0322 0.5979
                                  3.6603
##
##
## Random effects:
  Groups
                    Name
                                Variance Std.Dev.
##
   classid.schoolid (Intercept) 9.247e+01 9.6159
##
   schoolid
                    (Intercept) 1.684e+02 12.9758
## schoolid.1
                                 1.008e-02 0.1004
                    yearstea
  Residual
                                 1.065e+03 32.6361
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid:schoolid, 285; schoolid, 105
## Fixed effects:
                Estimate Std. Error
                                             df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 539.59885 5.30780 266.47954 101.662 < 2e-16 ***
## ses
                10.04528
                            1.54492 1066.09816    6.502 1.21e-10 ***
```

```
-16.16715
## minority
                            3.02635 702.61831 -5.342 1.24e-07 ***
                -1.21060
## sex
                            2.09480 1022.21558 -0.578
                                                         0.563
## yearstea
                 0.01128
                            0.14192 122.87743 0.079
                                                         0.937
                                               0.957
## mathknow
                 1.33106
                            1.39155 234.33195
                                                         0.340
## mathprep
                -0.26584
                            1.37588 204.90504 -0.193
                                                         0.847
## housepov
               -17.72082 13.21686 113.58577 -1.341
                                                         0.183
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
           (Intr) ses
                         minrty sex
                                      yearst mthknw mthprp
           -0.121
## ses
## minority -0.320 0.162
## sex
           -0.191 0.020 -0.010
## yearstea -0.258 -0.027 0.023 0.015
## mathknow -0.082 -0.007 0.115 0.006 0.028
## mathprep -0.632 0.053 0.001 -0.006 -0.172 0.003
## housepov -0.450 0.082 -0.179 -0.007 0.070 0.057 0.037
## optimizer (nloptwrap) convergence code: 0 (OK)
## Model failed to converge with max|grad| = 0.00805459 (tol = 0.002, component 1)
fit5.2 <- lmer( math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
                 housepov + (1 | schoolid/classid) + (0 + mathknow | schoolid),
               dat, subset = in_sample)
## boundary (singular) fit: see ?isSingular
summary(fit5.2)
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
      housepov + (1 | schoolid/classid) + (0 + mathknow | schoolid)
##
     Data: dat
## Subset: in sample
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10729.5
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
      Min
              1Q Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -3.8580 -0.6134 -0.0321 0.5971 3.6598
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
                    Name
                                Variance Std.Dev.
## classid.schoolid (Intercept) 9.389e+01 9.689654
## schoolid
                    (Intercept) 1.694e+02 13.017245
## schoolid.1
                    mathknow
                                2.323e-07 0.000482
## Residual
                                1.065e+03 32.633630
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid:schoolid, 285; schoolid, 105
## Fixed effects:
                Estimate Std. Error
                                            df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 539.63042
                          5.31210 275.38873 101.585 < 2e-16 ***
```

```
1.54484 1066.56223 6.506 1.18e-10 ***
## ses
               10.05075
              -16.18678
                            3.02605 704.47917 -5.349 1.20e-07 ***
## minority
## sex
               -1.21419
                            2.09483 1022.42143 -0.580
                                                         0.562
## yearstea
                0.01129
                            0.14141 226.80898
                                              0.080
                                                         0.936
                          1.39169 234.49763
## mathknow
                1.35004
                                               0.970
                                                         0.333
                         1.37583 205.27161 -0.201
                                                         0.841
## mathprep
               -0.27705
               -17.64848 13.21759 113.87742 -1.335
## housepov
                                                         0.184
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
           (Intr) ses
                         minrty sex
                                      yearst mthknw mthprp
## ses
           -0.121
## minority -0.320 0.162
           -0.190 0.020 -0.011
## sex
## yearstea -0.259 -0.028 0.024 0.016
## mathknow -0.083 -0.007 0.115 0.007 0.029
## mathprep -0.631 0.053 0.001 -0.006 -0.172 0.004
## housepov -0.451 0.082 -0.178 -0.007 0.071 0.058 0.038
## optimizer (nloptwrap) convergence code: 0 (OK)
## boundary (singular) fit: see ?isSingular
fit5.3 <- lmer( math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
                 housepov + (1 | schoolid/classid) + (0 + mathprep | schoolid),
               dat, subset = in_sample)
## boundary (singular) fit: see ?isSingular
summary(fit5.3)
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
      housepov + (1 | schoolid/classid) + (0 + mathprep | schoolid)
##
##
     Data: dat
## Subset: in_sample
## REML criterion at convergence: 10729.5
##
## Scaled residuals:
      Min
             1Q Median
                               3Q
                                     Max
## -3.8581 -0.6134 -0.0321 0.5971 3.6598
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
                                Variance Std.Dev.
                    Name
## classid.schoolid (Intercept) 9.388e+01 9.689e+00
## schoolid
                    (Intercept) 1.694e+02 1.302e+01
## schoolid.1
                                2.171e-07 4.659e-04
                    mathprep
                                1.065e+03 3.263e+01
## Residual
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid:schoolid, 285; schoolid, 105
##
## Fixed effects:
                Estimate Std. Error
                                          df t value Pr(>|t|)
##
```

```
## (Intercept) 539.63039
                            5.31207 275.39223 101.586 < 2e-16 ***
                            1.54485 1066.56201
## ses
                10.05076
                                                6.506 1.18e-10 ***
## minority
               -16.18676
                            3.02605 704.47629 -5.349 1.20e-07 ***
                -1.21419
                            2.09483 1022.42070 -0.580
## sex
                                                          0.562
## yearstea
                 0.01129
                            0.14141 226.80838
                                                0.080
                                                          0.936
                                                0.970
## mathknow
                 1.35003
                            1.39167 234.49786
                                                          0.333
## mathprep
                -0.27705
                            1.37582 205.27063 -0.201
                                                          0.841
## housepov
               -17.64851
                           13.21749 113.87941 -1.335
                                                         0.184
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
           (Intr) ses
                                       yearst mthknw mthprp
                         minrty sex
## ses
           -0.121
## minority -0.320 0.162
           -0.190 0.020 -0.011
## yearstea -0.259 -0.028 0.024 0.016
## mathknow -0.083 -0.007 0.115 0.007 0.029
## mathprep -0.631 0.053 0.001 -0.006 -0.172 0.004
## housepov -0.451 0.082 -0.178 -0.007 0.071 0.058 0.038
## optimizer (nloptwrap) convergence code: 0 (OK)
## boundary (singular) fit: see ?isSingular
```

Answer 5b: The model with random slope on mathknow and the model with random slope on mathprep have convergent problem, besides, all these three random slopes capture about 0 variation, which indicates that these models are poorly fitted.

c. Retry the above, allowing the slopes to be correlated with the random intercepts (still one by one)

```
fit5.c.1 <- lmer( math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
                    housepov + (yearstea | schoolid) + (1 | classid),
                  dat, subset = in_sample)
## Warning in checkConv(attr(opt, "derivs"), opt$par, ctrl = control$checkConv, :
## Model failed to converge with max|grad| = 0.00352934 (tol = 0.002, component 1)
summary(fit5.c.1)
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
##
       housepov + (yearstea | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
##
      Data: dat
##
   Subset: in_sample
## REML criterion at convergence: 10723.7
##
## Scaled residuals:
                1Q Median
                                3Q
       Min
                                       Max
## -3.7461 -0.6037 -0.0291 0.6041 3.8451
```

Random effects:

```
## Groups
           Name
                  Variance Std.Dev. Corr
## classid (Intercept)
                        37.8479 6.1521
## schoolid (Intercept) 366.2230 19.1370
                          0.5527 0.7434 -0.78
##
            yearstea
## Residual
                        1066.4855 32.6571
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid, 285; schoolid, 105
## Fixed effects:
                Estimate Std. Error
                                           df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 538.95171 5.48812 222.68165 98.203 < 2e-16 ***
## ses
               10.15050 1.53873 1062.66116 6.597 6.62e-11 ***
                           2.99653 669.47204 -5.488 5.77e-08 ***
## minority
               -16.44545
## sex
               -1.33563 2.08775 1024.45847 -0.640
                                                        0.522
## yearstea
                                    75.75723 0.140
                                                       0.889
                 0.02205 0.15767
## mathknow
                1.04618 1.34371 209.64590
                                              0.779
                                                      0.437
                                                      0.970
## mathprep
                 0.05077
                           1.34539 190.74479
                                              0.038
               -17.14026 13.45947 119.64252 -1.273
                                                      0.205
## housepov
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
           (Intr) ses
                        minrty sex
                                      yearst mthknw mthprp
           -0.119
## ses
## minority -0.305 0.168
## sex
          -0.184 0.022 -0.012
## yearstea -0.370 -0.019 0.032 0.009
## mathknow -0.085 -0.001 0.122 0.008 0.012
## mathprep -0.606 0.049 -0.007 -0.004 -0.139 0.014
## housepov -0.455 0.079 -0.169 -0.004 0.084 0.049 0.050
## optimizer (nloptwrap) convergence code: 0 (OK)
## Model failed to converge with max|grad| = 0.00352934 (tol = 0.002, component 1)
fit5.c.2 <- lmer( math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
                   housepov + (mathknow| schoolid) + (1 | classid),
                 dat, subset = in_sample)
summary(fit5.c.2)
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
##
      housepov + (mathknow | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
     Data: dat
## Subset: in_sample
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10729.5
## Scaled residuals:
              1Q Median
##
                              3Q
      Min
                                     Max
## -3.8581 -0.6131 -0.0324 0.5969 3.6603
##
## Random effects:
                       Variance Std.Dev. Corr
## Groups
           Name
## classid (Intercept) 9.393e+01 9.6915
## schoolid (Intercept) 1.693e+02 13.0118
```

```
mathknow
                       9.182e-04 0.0303 0.97
                       1.065e+03 32.6341
## Residual
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid, 285; schoolid, 105
## Fixed effects:
##
                Estimate Std. Error
                                           df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 539.64041 5.31203 275.38950 101.588 < 2e-16 ***
               10.04788 1.54488 1062.12269
## ses
                                              6.504 1.20e-10 ***
               -16.19378 3.02608 703.80365 -5.351 1.18e-07 ***
## minority
               -1.21328 2.09485 1021.79810 -0.579
## sex
                                                        0.563
## yearstea
               0.01114 0.14141 226.85275
                                              0.079
                                                        0.937
                1.35458
                         1.39201 214.62575
                                                      0.332
                                              0.973
## mathknow
## mathprep
               -0.27754
                         1.37599 201.27759 -0.202
                                                      0.840
                                                        0.185
## housepov
               -17.64141 13.21242 103.98208 -1.335
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
           (Intr) ses
                        minrty sex
                                      yearst mthknw mthprp
## ses
           -0.121
## minority -0.320 0.162
           -0.190 0.020 -0.011
## yearstea -0.259 -0.028  0.024  0.016
## mathknow -0.082 -0.007 0.115 0.007 0.029
## mathprep -0.631 0.053 0.001 -0.006 -0.173 0.004
## housepov -0.451 0.082 -0.178 -0.007 0.071 0.057 0.038
fit5.c.3 <- lmer( math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
                   housepov + (mathprep | schoolid) + (1 | classid),
                 dat, subset = in_sample)
## boundary (singular) fit: see ?isSingular
summary(fit5.c.3)
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
##
      housepov + (mathprep | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
##
     Data: dat
## Subset: in_sample
## REML criterion at convergence: 10724.7
##
## Scaled residuals:
             1Q Median
                              3Q
## -3.8542 -0.6034 -0.0221 0.5914 3.6475
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
           Name
                       Variance Std.Dev. Corr
## classid (Intercept)
                        78.46 8.858
## schoolid (Intercept) 552.78 23.511
            mathprep
                         15.89 3.986
##
                                         -1.00
```

```
Residual
                         1064.26 32.623
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid, 285; schoolid, 105
##
## Fixed effects:
##
                 Estimate Std. Error
                                             df t value Pr(>|t|)
                                                 96.040
                                                          < 2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
                538.60853
                             5.60817
                                      159.88504
## ses
                 10.14166
                             1.53961 1060.93429
                                                   6.587 7.04e-11 ***
## minority
                -16.46420
                             2.99525
                                      663.67458
                                                  -5.497 5.52e-08 ***
## sex
                 -1.16760
                             2.08697 1023.15165
                                                  -0.559
                                                            0.576
## yearstea
                 -0.02587
                             0.13949
                                      223.50105
                                                 -0.185
                                                            0.853
## mathknow
                  1.29890
                             1.37194
                                      229.68059
                                                   0.947
                                                            0.345
                                                   0.030
                                                            0.976
## mathprep
                  0.04076
                             1.34846
                                      139.04922
## housepov
                -14.01322
                            12.88712
                                      116.05270
                                                  -1.087
                                                            0.279
##
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
                                        yearst mthknw mthprp
            (Intr) ses
                          minrty sex
## ses
            -0.121
                    0.161
## minority -0.275
## sex
            -0.183 0.024 -0.013
## yearstea -0.260 -0.033 0.025
## mathknow -0.071 -0.001 0.107 0.002 0.049
## mathprep -0.692  0.061 -0.035 -0.008 -0.155
                                                0.012
## housepov -0.461 0.095 -0.187 0.003 0.089 0.027
## optimizer (nloptwrap) convergence code: 0 (OK)
## boundary (singular) fit: see ?isSingular
```

d. Report anything unusual about the variance components (changes that are in a direction you didn't expect) and any potential explanation for why those changes occurred (hint: what did you add to the model?).

Answer: After introducing correlation between random slope and random intercept, we found that variance of school-level random slope increase for all three classroom-level variables. Another unusual change is that, for the two models with random slope on mathprep or yearstea, the classroom-level variation captures by the random effect decrease. One potential reason is that the covariance of random slope and intercept explains school-level variation

6. Question:

a. Why is it a bad idea to include a classroom-level variable with random slopes at the classroom level? **Answer:** The coefficient on classroom-level variable and the classroom-level variable accounts for the same variation in the population, as a result, adding a classroom-level random slope on classroom-level variable would be redundant.

Alternative: Classroom-level variables only vary at school-level, so the classroom-level random slope would capture limited variation.

A2 Jeremy Lu

7. Question:

a. For UMM, write down: V_S, V_C, V_E for the three variance components (simply the estimates) **Answer:** We have that $V_S = 280.68$, $V_C = 85.46$, and $V_E = 1146.8$

- b. For the most complicated (all fixed effects) random INTERCEPTS ONLY model, what are: V_C , V_S , V_E ? **Answer:** We have in this model that $V_S = 169.45$, $V_C = 93.89$, $V_E = 1064.96$
- c. By what fraction did these each decrease with the new predictors in the model? **Answer:** The fraction decrease for V_S, and V_E are 0.4, and 0.07, respectively. But for V_C it actually increased 0.1 fraction-wise.

8. a.

```
fit8.a.1 <- lmer( math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
                housepov + (1 | schoolid/classid) + (0 + ses | schoolid), dat, subset = in_sample)
summary(fit8.a.1)
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
       housepov + (1 | schoolid/classid) + (0 + ses | schoolid)
##
##
      Data: dat
   Subset: in_sample
##
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10724.8
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                                30
                                       Max
  -3.6138 -0.6185 -0.0290 0.5798
##
                                   3.7130
##
## Random effects:
##
  Groups
                     Name
                                 Variance Std.Dev.
   classid.schoolid (Intercept)
                                   88.56
                                           9.411
##
##
   schoolid
                     (Intercept)
                                         12.961
                                  167.98
## schoolid.1
                                   72.50
                                           8.515
                     ses
                                 1035.12 32.173
## Residual
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid:schoolid, 285; schoolid, 105
##
## Fixed effects:
##
                 Estimate Std. Error
                                             df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
               539.13754
                             5.27918
                                      270.54292 102.125 < 2e-16 ***
                             1.82217
                                                  5.373 7.62e-07 ***
## ses
                  9.78982
                                       79.01642
## minority
                -16.52526
                             3.02189 700.06722
                                                 -5.469 6.32e-08 ***
## sex
                 -1.40185
                             2.08170 1011.28952
                                                 -0.673
                                                           0.501
                  0.03079
                             0.14052 223.94368
                                                  0.219
                                                           0.827
## yearstea
                                                  0.979
## mathknow
                  1.35576
                             1.38459 232.20020
                                                           0.329
                                                 -0.146
## mathprep
                 -0.19801
                             1.35994 198.59489
                                                           0.884
## housepov
                -16.94561
                            13.21117 112.82498
                                                 -1.283
                                                           0.202
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
            (Intr) ses
                          minrty sex
                                        yearst mthknw mthprp
            -0.091
## ses
## minority -0.323
                   0.124
            -0.190 0.017 -0.010
## yearstea -0.260 -0.019 0.024 0.018
## mathknow -0.079 0.006 0.110 0.006 0.028
```

```
## mathprep -0.628  0.042  0.001 -0.007 -0.172  0.002
## housepov -0.451 0.076 -0.180 -0.007 0.070 0.056 0.041
fit8.a.2 <- lmer( math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
               housepov + (1 | schoolid/classid) + (0 + sex | schoolid), dat, subset = in_sample)
summary(fit8.a.2)
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
      housepov + (1 | schoolid/classid) + (0 + sex | schoolid)
##
     Data: dat
## Subset: in_sample
## REML criterion at convergence: 10728.9
## Scaled residuals:
      Min
               1Q Median
                              3Q
                                     Max
## -3.8578 -0.6110 -0.0259 0.5922 3.5557
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
                               Variance Std.Dev.
                    Name
## classid.schoolid (Intercept)
                                96.08
                                        9.802
## schoolid
                    (Intercept) 161.63 12.713
## schoolid.1
                                 35.84
                                        5.986
                    sex
## Residual
                               1054.36 32.471
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid:schoolid, 285; schoolid, 105
## Fixed effects:
                Estimate Std. Error
                                           df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 539.43517 5.30740 272.54993 101.638 < 2e-16 ***
                 9.98477 1.54243 1058.27916
## ses
                                              6.473 1.46e-10 ***
               -16.16537
## minority
                           3.02861 704.25756 -5.338 1.27e-07 ***
## sex
               -1.33535 2.18747 138.09087 -0.610
                                                        0.543
                           0.14163 226.44539
                                               0.102
                                                        0.919
## yearstea
                0.01448
                                               1.004
                                                      0.316
                1.40067
                          1.39464 234.45909
## mathknow
                         1.38011 205.78530 -0.197
## mathprep
               -0.27193
                                                      0.844
## housepov
               -16.77652 13.22879 112.39634 -1.268
                                                      0.207
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
           (Intr) ses
                        minrty sex yearst mthknw mthprp
## ses
           -0.120
## minority -0.320 0.161
           -0.179 0.020 -0.015
## yearstea -0.259 -0.029 0.024 0.013
## mathknow -0.081 -0.007 0.114 0.007 0.028
## mathprep -0.633 0.052 0.001 -0.004 -0.172 0.004
## housepov -0.449 0.081 -0.178 -0.010 0.070 0.055 0.036
fit8.a.3 <- lmer( math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
               housepov + (1 | schoolid/classid) + (0 + minority | schoolid), dat, subset = in_sample)
```

```
summary(fit8.a.3)
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
       housepov + (1 | schoolid/classid) + (0 + minority | schoolid)
##
      Data: dat
##
##
   Subset: in_sample
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10729.5
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                               3Q
                                       Max
## -3.8580 -0.6134 -0.0321 0.5971 3.6598
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
                                Variance Std.Dev.
                    Name
## classid.schoolid (Intercept)
                                  93.89
                                          9.69
## schoolid
                     (Intercept)
                                 169.45 13.02
## schoolid.1
                                   0.00
                                          0.00
                    minority
## Residual
                                 1064.96 32.63
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid:schoolid, 285; schoolid, 105
##
## Fixed effects:
##
                Estimate Std. Error
                                            df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 539.63041 5.31209 275.39107 101.585 < 2e-16 ***
## ses
                10.05075
                            1.54484 1066.56217
                                                 6.506 1.18e-10 ***
               -16.18677
## minority
                            3.02605 704.47765
                                                -5.349 1.20e-07 ***
## sex
                -1.21419
                            2.09483 1022.42106
                                                -0.580
                                                          0.562
## yearstea
                 0.01129
                            0.14141 226.80889
                                                 0.080
                                                          0.936
## mathknow
                 1.35003
                            1.39168 234.49798
                                                 0.970
                                                          0.333
## mathprep
                            1.37583 205.27126
                                                -0.201
                                                          0.841
                -0.27705
## housepov
               -17.64847
                           13.21752 113.87889
                                                -1.335
                                                          0.184
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
           (Intr) ses
                         minrty sex
                                       yearst mthknw mthprp
## ses
            -0.121
## minority -0.320 0.162
## sex
            -0.190 0.020 -0.011
## yearstea -0.259 -0.028 0.024 0.016
## mathknow -0.083 -0.007 0.115 0.007 0.029
## mathprep -0.631 0.053 0.001 -0.006 -0.172 0.004
## housepov -0.451 0.082 -0.178 -0.007 0.071 0.058 0.038
## optimizer (nloptwrap) convergence code: 0 (OK)
## boundary (singular) fit: see ?isSingular
```

b. Retry part (a), allowing the slopes to be correlated with the random intercepts.

```
fit8.b.1 <- lmer( math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
               housepov + (1 | classid) + (ses | schoolid), dat, subset = in_sample)
summary(fit8.b.1)
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
      housepov + (1 | classid) + (ses | schoolid)
##
##
     Data: dat
##
   Subset: in_sample
## REML criterion at convergence: 10724.4
##
## Scaled residuals:
      Min
              10 Median
                               30
                                     Max
## -3.5646 -0.6166 -0.0264 0.5888 3.7073
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name
                        Variance Std.Dev. Corr
   classid (Intercept)
                         86.57 9.305
## schoolid (Intercept) 171.18 13.083
##
            ses
                          73.36
                                8.565
                                         0.19
## Residual
                        1035.90 32.185
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid, 285; schoolid, 105
##
## Fixed effects:
##
                Estimate Std. Error
                                           df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 538.72222 5.27648 271.13305 102.099 < 2e-16 ***
                9.72646 1.82985
                                               5.315 9.75e-07 ***
## ses
                                    78.36212
## minority
               -16.26698 3.03580 668.91588 -5.358 1.16e-07 ***
                         2.08074 1011.40322 -0.675
## sex
                -1.40436
                                                         0.500
                         0.14002 220.42240
## yearstea
                0.03617
                                               0.258
                                                         0.796
## mathknow
                1.26025 1.38201 230.89913
                                               0.912
                                                         0.363
## mathprep
                -0.21697
                          1.35642 197.10758 -0.160
                                                         0.873
                         13.15396 111.71336 -1.209
## housepov
               -15.89873
                                                         0.229
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
           (Intr) ses
                         minrty sex
                                      yearst mthknw mthprp
           -0.062
## ses
## minority -0.325 0.117
           -0.188 0.018 -0.011
## yearstea -0.259 -0.021 0.021 0.017
## mathknow -0.077 0.007 0.108 0.005 0.028
## mathprep -0.627  0.045  0.002 -0.008 -0.172  0.001
## housepov -0.449 0.070 -0.182 -0.009 0.073 0.057 0.039
fit8.b.2 <- lmer( math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
               housepov + (1 | classid) + (sex | schoolid), dat, subset = in_sample)
summary(fit8.b.2)
```

Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [

```
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
      housepov + (1 | classid) + (sex | schoolid)
##
     Data: dat
## Subset: in_sample
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10727.6
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                               3Q
                                     Max
## -3.8048 -0.6095 -0.0222 0.5969 3.5525
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
                        Variance Std.Dev. Corr
           Name
## classid (Intercept)
                          97.33 9.866
                        206.34 14.364
## schoolid (Intercept)
##
                          84.08 9.169
                                         -0.43
            sex
## Residual
                        1041.76 32.276
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid, 285; schoolid, 105
## Fixed effects:
                Estimate Std. Error
                                           df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 5.399e+02 5.363e+00 2.626e+02 100.661 < 2e-16 ***
              9.928e+00 1.540e+00 1.055e+03 6.448 1.72e-10 ***
## ses
              -1.642e+01 3.027e+00 7.076e+02 -5.425 7.96e-08 ***
## minority
## sex
             -1.340e+00 2.301e+00 8.742e+01 -0.582
                                                        0.562
              6.877e-03 1.418e-01 2.277e+02 0.048
## yearstea
                                                        0.961
              1.379e+00 1.396e+00 2.364e+02 0.988
                                                        0.324
## mathknow
## mathprep
            -2.795e-01 1.378e+00 2.061e+02 -0.203
                                                      0.839
           -1.742e+01 1.326e+01 1.136e+02 -1.314
## housepov
                                                      0.191
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
          (Intr) ses
                       minrty sex yearst mthknw mthprp
## ses
           -0.121
## minority -0.319 0.163
           -0.222 0.018 -0.011
## yearstea -0.258 -0.028 0.024 0.014
## mathknow -0.082 -0.006 0.114 0.006 0.027
## mathprep -0.627  0.053  0.004 -0.005 -0.172  0.004
## housepov -0.449 0.083 -0.178 -0.003 0.072 0.060 0.038
fit8.b.3 <- lmer( math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
               housepov + (1 | classid) + (minority | schoolid), dat, subset = in_sample)
summary(fit8.b.3)
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
##
      housepov + (1 | classid) + (minority | schoolid)
##
     Data: dat
## Subset: in_sample
##
```

```
## REML criterion at convergence: 10717.5
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
      Min
              1Q Median
                               ЗQ
                                      Max
## -3.8952 -0.6358 -0.0345 0.6129 3.6444
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
            Name
                        Variance Std.Dev. Corr
##
   classid (Intercept)
                          86.69 9.311
##
   schoolid (Intercept)
                         381.20 19.524
                         343.13 18.524
                                          -0.83
            minority
                        1039.39 32.240
## Residual
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid, 285; schoolid, 105
##
## Fixed effects:
##
                Estimate Std. Error
                                            df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 5.395e+02 5.655e+00 1.731e+02 95.399 < 2e-16 ***
              9.431e+00 1.543e+00 1.063e+03
                                                6.111 1.39e-09 ***
## minority
                                              -4.203 9.17e-05 ***
              -1.638e+01 3.896e+00 5.824e+01
## sex
              -8.628e-01 2.084e+00 1.022e+03
                                               -0.414
## yearstea
              -4.368e-03 1.376e-01 2.172e+02 -0.032
                                                         0.975
## mathknow
              1.632e+00 1.359e+00 2.248e+02
                                               1.201
                                                         0.231
## mathprep
              -2.918e-01 1.335e+00 1.981e+02 -0.218
                                                         0.827
## housepov
              -1.606e+01 1.257e+01 9.999e+01 -1.277
                                                         0.204
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
           (Intr) ses
                         minrty sex
                                      yearst mthknw mthprp
           -0.105
## ses
## minority -0.494 0.113
           -0.172 0.024 -0.014
## yearstea -0.253 -0.021 0.027 0.014
## mathknow -0.078 -0.005 0.099 0.010 0.024
## mathprep -0.576  0.052 -0.002 -0.005 -0.167 -0.002
## housepov -0.394 0.089 -0.157 -0.013 0.091 0.061 0.037
# check significance of random slope
anova(fit8.a.1,fit4)
## refitting model(s) with ML (instead of REML)
## Data: dat
## Subset: in_sample
## Models:
## fit4: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep + housepov + (1 | schoolid/cla
## fit8.a.1: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep + housepov + (1 | schoolid
                 AIC
                       BIC logLik deviance Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
##
           npar
## fit4
             11 10774 10829 -5376.1
                                      10752
## fit8.a.1 12 10772 10832 -5373.9
                                      10748 4.4138 1
                                                         0.03565 *
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
anova(fit8.b.1,fit4)
## refitting model(s) with ML (instead of REML)
## Data: dat
## Subset: in_sample
## Models:
## fit4: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep + housepov + (1 | schoolid/cla
## fit8.b.1: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep + housepov + (1 | classid)
                        BIC logLik deviance Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
             11 10774 10829 -5376.1
                                       10752
## fit4
                                        10747 4.8654 2
## fit8.b.1 13 10773 10838 -5373.7
                                                            0.0878 .
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
anova(fit8.a.2,fit4)
## refitting model(s) with ML (instead of REML)
## Data: dat
## Subset: in_sample
## Models:
## fit4: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep + housepov + (1 | schoolid/cla
## fit8.a.2: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep + housepov + (1 | schoolid
                 AIC
                        BIC logLik deviance Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## fit4
             11 10774 10829 -5376.1
                                        10752
## fit8.a.2 12 10776 10836 -5375.9
                                        10752 0.5129 1
                                                           0.4739
anova(fit8.b.2,fit4)
## refitting model(s) with ML (instead of REML)
## Data: dat
## Subset: in_sample
## Models:
## fit4: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep + housepov + (1 | schoolid/cla
## fit8.b.2: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep + housepov + (1 | classid)
##
                  AIC
                        BIC logLik deviance Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
             11 10774 10829 -5376.1
                                       10752
             13 10777 10841 -5375.3
## fit8.b.2
                                        10751 1.66 2
                                                            0.436
anova(fit8.a.3,fit4)
## refitting model(s) with ML (instead of REML)
## Data: dat
## Subset: in_sample
## Models:
## fit4: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep + housepov + (1 | schoolid/cla
## fit8.a.3: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep + housepov + (1 | schoolid
##
                 AIC
                        BIC logLik deviance Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
             11 10774 10829 -5376.1
## fit4
                                       10752
## fit8.a.3 12 10776 10836 -5376.1
                                       10752
                                                 0 1
```

```
## refitting model(s) with ML (instead of REML)
## Data: dat
## Subset: in_sample
## Models:
## fit4: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep + housepov + (1 | schoolid/cla
## fit8.b.3: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep + housepov + (1 | classid)
                   AIC BIC logLik deviance Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## fit4
              11 10774 10829 -5376.1
                                         10752
            13 10766 10831 -5370.2
## fit8.b.3
                                         10740 11.793 2
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
  c. Report anything unusual about the variance components (changes that are unexpected) Answer:
     Adding the correlation between random slope and the random intercept, both of the variations captured
    by the school-level random slope and random intercept increase substantially.
     a. Take the two predictors that had significant (at .05 level) random slopes, in the forms in which
         they worked (indep. or correlated) and add both to the model, and test for need of one conditional
         on already including the other.
fit9 <- lmer( math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
                housepov + (1 | classid) + (0 + ses | schoolid) + (minority | schoolid), dat, subset =
anova(fit8.a.1, fit9) \#P = 0.0022
## refitting model(s) with ML (instead of REML)
## Data: dat
## Subset: in_sample
## Models:
## fit8.a.1: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep + housepov + (1 | schoolid
## fit9: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep + housepov + (1 | classid) + (
                         BIC logLik deviance Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
            npar
                   AIC
## fit8.a.1 12 10772 10832 -5373.9
              14 10764 10833 -5367.8
                                         10736 12.239 2
## fit9
                                                              0.0022 **
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
anova(fit8.a.2, fit9) \#P = 0.0003129
## refitting model(s) with ML (instead of REML)
## Data: dat
## Subset: in_sample
## Models:
## fit8.a.2: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep + housepov + (1 | schoolid
## fit9: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep + housepov + (1 | classid) + (
                         BIC logLik deviance Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
##
```

anova(fit8.b.3,fit4)

```
## fit8.a.2 12 10776 10836 -5375.9 10752
## fit9 14 10764 10833 -5367.8 10736 16.139 2 0.0003129 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

- b. Is the more complex model (with both random slopes in it) justified? **Answer:** It is only justified compared to the model that has just sex as a random slope. Based on the LRT having ses with a random slope as well is justified based on the 0.02 p-value.
- c. WRITE OUT THIS MODEL in your preferred notation (include assumptions) $MATH1ST_{ijk} = b_0 + (b_1 + \zeta_{1k})SES_{ijk} + (b_2 + \zeta_{2k})MINORITY_{ijk} + b_3SEX_{ijk} + b_4YEARSTEA_{jk} + b_5MATHKNOW_{jk} + b_6MATHPREP_{jk} + b_7HOUSEPOV_k + \zeta_{0k} + \eta_{0jk} + \varepsilon_{ijk}$, with $\zeta_{0k} \sim N(0, \sigma_{\zeta_0}^2)$, $\zeta_{1k} \sim N(0, \sigma_{\zeta_1}^2)$, $\zeta_{3k} \sim N(0, \sigma_{\zeta_2}^2)$ $\eta_{0jk} \sim N(0, \sigma_{\eta_0}^2)$ and $\varepsilon_{ijk} \sim N(0, \sigma_{\varepsilon}^2)$, $corr(\zeta_{0k}, \zeta_{1k}) = 0$, and $corr(\zeta_{0k}, \zeta_{2k}) = 0$
- 10. Now consider the model with a random slope *only* in minority. We will make predictions at levels of minority in the range 0 to 1 for illustrative purposes.
- a. What are: V_C , V_S (minority=0), V_E ? i. We need to list 'minority=0' here, or we don't know how to use the slope variance. **Answer:** $V_C = 86.69$, $V_S = 381.20$, $V_E = 1039.39$

summary(fit8.b.3)

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
  lmerModLmerTest]
  Formula: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
       housepov + (1 | classid) + (minority | schoolid)
##
##
      Data: dat
    Subset: in_sample
##
##
##
  REML criterion at convergence: 10717.5
##
##
  Scaled residuals:
##
       Min
                1Q Median
                                 ЗQ
                                        Max
   -3.8952 -0.6358 -0.0345
##
                            0.6129
                                     3.6444
##
## Random effects:
##
    Groups
             Name
                          Variance Std.Dev. Corr
                            86.69
##
    classid (Intercept)
                                    9.311
##
    schoolid (Intercept)
                           381.20
                                   19.524
##
                           343.13
                                   18.524
                                            -0.83
             minority
##
    Residual
                          1039.39
                                   32.240
##
  Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid, 285; schoolid, 105
##
## Fixed effects:
##
                 Estimate Std. Error
                                              df t value Pr(>|t|)
                5.395e+02 5.655e+00
                                       1.731e+02
                                                  95.399
                                                         < 2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
                                                   6.111 1.39e-09 ***
## ses
                9.431e+00
                           1.543e+00
                                       1.063e+03
                                                  -4.203 9.17e-05 ***
               -1.638e+01
                           3.896e+00
                                       5.824e+01
## minority
## sex
               -8.628e-01
                            2.084e+00
                                       1.022e+03
                                                  -0.414
                                                             0.679
## yearstea
               -4.368e-03
                           1.376e-01
                                       2.172e+02
                                                  -0.032
                                                             0.975
## mathknow
                1.632e+00
                           1.359e+00
                                       2.248e+02
                                                   1.201
                                                             0.231
## mathprep
               -2.918e-01 1.335e+00
                                       1.981e+02
                                                  -0.218
                                                             0.827
               -1.606e+01 1.257e+01 9.999e+01 -1.277
## housepov
                                                             0.204
```

```
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
           (Intr) ses
                        minrty sex yearst mthknw mthprp
## ses
           -0.105
## minority -0.494 0.113
           -0.172 0.024 -0.014
## sex
## yearstea -0.253 -0.021 0.027 0.014
## mathknow -0.078 -0.005 0.099 0.010 0.024
## mathprep -0.576  0.052 -0.002 -0.005 -0.167 -0.002
## housepov -0.394 0.089 -0.157 -0.013 0.091 0.061 0.037
```

- b. What are: V_S(minority=0.25), V_S(minority=+0.50), V_S(minority=+0.75)? Answer: $\begin{array}{l} \text{V_S(minority=0.25)}, \text{ V_S(minority=+0.50)}, \text{ V_S(minority=-0.50)}, \text{ V_S(minority=0.50)} \\ \text{V_S(minority=0.25)} = \sigma_{\zeta_{0k}^2} + 0.25^2\sigma_{\zeta_{2k}^2} = 402.6464083, \text{ V_S(minority=0.50)} = \sigma_{\zeta_{0k}^2} + 0.5^2\sigma_{\zeta_{2k}^2} \\ 466.9829867, \text{V_S(minority=0.75)} = \sigma_{\zeta_{0k}^2} + 0.75^2\sigma_{\zeta_{2k}^2} = 574.2106173 \\ \text{c. Is the variance between schools monotonically } increasing in the value of minority? \textbf{Answer: Yes.} \end{array}$