# Project A1+A2 - Model Selection and Notation

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### A1 Chongjun Liao

- 0. We will use the classroom.csv data for this project.
- a. math1st will be the outcome of interest for this first part
- b. Recall that math1st = mathkind + mathgain
- c. Read in the data (R: store as dat)
- d. Fit all models using REML
- e. It's best if you use lmerTest::lmer rather than lme4::lmer to call the MLM function. The former provides p-values for fixed effects in the summary.
- f. There are 2 common error messages one can get from lmer calls: failed to converge (problem with hessian: negative eigenvalue;  $\max|\text{grad}| = \dots$ ); and singularity. They may both be problematic in a real problem, but the latter suggests that a variance component is on the boundary of the parameter space.
- 1. In your discussion/writeup, consider the latter to be a "convergence problem" and ignore the former.

```
dat <- read.csv("~/Documents/GitHub/mlm_final_project/data/classroom.csv")
dat <- dat %>%
  mutate(math1st = mathkind + mathgain)
```

1. Estimate an Unconditional Means Model (UMM) with random intercepts for both schools and class-rooms (nested in schools).

```
fit1 <- lmer( math1st ~ (1 | schoolid/classid), dat)
summary(fit1)</pre>
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ (1 | schoolid/classid)
```

```
##
       Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 11944.6
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
        Min
                   1Q Median
                                       3Q
                                                Max
   -5.1872 -0.6174 -0.0204 0.5821 3.8339
##
## Random effects:
##
    Groups
                          Name
                                         Variance Std.Dev.
   classid:schoolid (Intercept)
                                           85.46
                                                     9.244
                                          280.68
                                                   16.754
    schoolid
                          (Intercept)
## Residual
                                         1146.80 33.864
## Number of obs: 1190, groups: classid:schoolid, 312; schoolid, 107
## Fixed effects:
                  Estimate Std. Error
##
                                                 df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 522.540
                                    2.037 104.407
                                                       256.6
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
   a. Report the ICC for schools and the ICC for classrooms
      Answer: The ICC for schools is \frac{\sigma_{\zeta_0}^2}{\sigma_{\zeta_0}^2 + \sigma_{\eta_0}^2 + \sigma_{\varepsilon}^2} = 0.1855203 and the ICC for classrooms is \frac{\sigma_{\eta_0}^2}{\sigma_{\zeta_0}^2 + \sigma_{\eta_0}^2 + \sigma_{\varepsilon}^2} = 0.1855203
      0.0564856.
   b. WRITE OUT THIS MODEL using your preferred notation, but use the same choice of notation
      for the remainder of your project
   c. Be mindful and explicit about any assumptions made.
MATH1ST_{ijk} = b_0 + \zeta_{0k} + \eta_{0jk} + \varepsilon_{ijk}, with \zeta_{0k} \sim N(0, \sigma_{\zeta_0}^2), \eta_{0jk} \sim N(0, \sigma_{\eta_0}^2) and \varepsilon_{ijk} \sim N(0, \sigma_{\varepsilon}^2),
independently of one another, j represents classrooms and k represents schools.
2. ADD ALL School level predictors
fit2 <- lmer( math1st ~ housepov + (1 | schoolid/classid), dat)</pre>
anova(fit1,fit2, refit = T)
## refitting model(s) with ML (instead of REML)
## Data: dat
## Models:
## fit1: math1st ~ (1 | schoolid/classid)
## fit2: math1st ~ housepov + (1 | schoolid/classid)
                  AIC BIC logLik deviance Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
##
         npar
## fit1
             4 11956 11976 -5973.9
                                            11948
             5 11948 11973 -5968.8
                                            11938 10.125 1
## fit2
                                                                  0.001463 **
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

## Wald test:

wald.test(b = fixef(fit2), Sigma = summary(fit2)\$vcov, Terms = 2)

```
## -----
##
## Chi-squared test:
## X2 = 10.3, df = 1, P(> X2) = 0.0013
```

a. Report if adding the predictors as a block is justified

**Answer:** There is only one school-level predictor which is housepov, its p-value is 0.0017029 < 0.05, and I do a LRT on model with and without the school-level predictor, the p-value is 0.0014627 < 0.05. So it is reasonable to add school-level predictor. I also do the wald-test, the p-value is also < 0.05.

b. Report change in  $\sigma_{\zeta}^2$ .

The change in  $\sigma_{\zeta}^2$  is 280.6812733-250.9258585 = 29.7554148.

3. ADD ALL Classroom level predictors

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula:
## math1st ~ yearstea + mathknow + mathprep + housepov + (1 | schoolid/classid)
##
      Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10821
##
## Scaled residuals:
       Min
##
                1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
  -3.5552 -0.6118 -0.0311 0.5863
                                    3.8315
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
                     Name
                                 Variance Std.Dev.
## classid:schoolid (Intercept)
                                   94.36
                                           9.714
                                          14.943
## schoolid
                     (Intercept)
                                 223.31
## Residual
                                 1136.43 33.711
## Number of obs: 1081, groups:
                                 classid:schoolid, 285; schoolid, 105
##
## Fixed effects:
                Estimate Std. Error
                                           df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 532.29852
                            5.20495 228.85767 102.268
                                                       < 2e-16 ***
## yearstea
                            0.14717 223.76570
                                                0.421
                                                        0.67432
                 0.06193
## mathknow
                 2.55143
                            1.44530 231.06560
                                                 1.765
                                                        0.07883
                -0.75440
                                               -0.528
## mathprep
                            1.42809 203.20755
                                                        0.59790
## housepov
               -41.62117
                           14.08834 109.83230
                                               -2.954
                                                       0.00383 **
##
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
            (Intr) yearst mthknw mthprp
## yearstea -0.264
## mathknow -0.052 0.030
```

```
## mathprep -0.666 -0.175  0.004
## housepov -0.568  0.077  0.082  0.032

wald.test(b = fixef(fit3), Sigma = summary(fit3)$vcov, Terms = 2:4)

## Wald test:
## -----
##
## Chi-squared test:
## X2 = 3.5, df = 3, P(> X2) = 0.32
```

- a. Report if adding the predictors as a block is justified [must use WALD test, not LRT]

  Answer: The Wald test generates a p-value = 0.32, which shows that we have no reason to add classroom-level predictors as a block. But it might be reasonable to include mathknow since it is significant according to the t-test.
- b. Report change in  $\sigma_{\eta}^2$  and change in  $\sigma_{\epsilon}^2$ . **Answer:** The change in  $\sigma_{\eta}^2$  is 94.3625825-82.3601958 = 12.0023867 and change in  $\sigma_{\epsilon}^2$  is 1136.4309806-1146.9548045 = -10.5238239.
- c. Give a potential reason as to why  $\sigma_{\epsilon}^2$  is reduced, but not  $\sigma_n^2$ ?

One potential reason is that there are only 3~4 sampled student in each classroom. Since the sample size with each classroom is small, the classroom predictors describe aggregate limited individual characteristics, which would explain student-level variation.

4. ADD (nearly) ALL student level predictors (but not mathgain or mathkind, as these are outcomes in this context).

```
fit4 <- lmer( math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
                housepov + (1 | schoolid/classid), dat)
summary(fit4)
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
##
       housepov + (1 | schoolid/classid)
      Data: dat
##
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10729.5
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
       Min
                10 Median
                                30
                                       Max
## -3.8581 -0.6134 -0.0321 0.5971
                                    3.6598
##
## Random effects:
##
   Groups
                     Name
                                 Variance Std.Dev.
##
  classid:schoolid (Intercept)
                                   93.89
                                           9.689
##
  schoolid
                                  169.45
                     (Intercept)
                                          13.017
   Residual
                                 1064.96
                                          32.634
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid:schoolid, 285; schoolid, 105
##
```

```
##
                 Estimate Std. Error
                                             df t value Pr(>|t|)
                             5.31209
## (Intercept)
                539.63041
                                      275.39010 101.585
                             1.54485 1066.56211
                                                  6.506 1.18e-10 ***
## ses
                 10.05076
## minority
                -16.18676
                             3.02605
                                      704.47787
                                                 -5.349
                                                        1.20e-07 ***
                 -1.21419
                             2.09483 1022.42110
                                                 -0.580
                                                            0.562
## sex
## yearstea
                  0.01129
                             0.14141
                                      226.80861
                                                  0.080
                                                            0.936
## mathknow
                  1.35004
                             1.39168
                                      234.49768
                                                  0.970
                                                            0.333
## mathprep
                 -0.27705
                             1.37583
                                      205.27111
                                                 -0.201
                                                            0.841
## housepov
                -17.64850
                            13.21755
                                      113.87814
                                                 -1.335
                                                            0.184
##
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
            (Intr) ses
                          minrty sex
                                        yearst mthknw mthprp
            -0.121
## ses
## minority -0.320
                   0.162
            -0.190 0.020 -0.011
## yearstea -0.259 -0.028 0.024
                                  0.016
## mathknow -0.083 -0.007
                          0.115 0.007
## mathprep -0.631 0.053 0.001 -0.006 -0.172
## housepov -0.451 0.082 -0.178 -0.007 0.071
wald.test(b = fixef(fit4), Sigma = summary(fit4)$vcov, Terms = 2:4)
## Wald test:
##
   _____
##
## Chi-squared test:
## X2 = 85.1, df = 3, P(> X2) = 0.0
```

## Fixed effects:

- a. Report if justified statistically as a block of predictors [must use WALD test, not LRT] **Answer:** The wald test gives a p-value less than 0.05, which justifies the significance of adding a block of individual predictors.
- b. Report change in variance components for all levels **Answer:** The change in  $\sigma_{\eta}^2$  is 93.8853485-94.3625825 = -0.477234, increases; the change in  $\sigma_{\zeta}^2$  is 169.4480999-223.3059856 = -53.8578857, decreases; and change in  $\sigma_{\epsilon}^2$  is 1064.9564422-1136.4309806 = -71.4745383, decreases.
- c. Give a potential reason as to why the school level variance component drops from prior model. The aggregate effect of student predictors, can be seen as the school-level means and student deviation from the school mean. The school means would account for school-level variance, as a result the school-level variance component drops.
- d. WRITE OUT THIS MODEL using your chosen notation (include assumptions).

 $MATH1ST_{ijk} = b_0 + b_1SES_{ijk} + b_2MINORITY_{ijk} + b_3SEX_{ijk} + b_4YEARSTEA_{jk} + b_5MATHKNOW_{jk} + b_6MATHPREP_{jk} + b_7HOUSEPOV_k + \zeta_{0k} + \eta_{0jk} + \varepsilon_{ijk}$ , with  $\zeta_{0k} \sim N(0, \sigma_{\zeta_0}^2)$ ,  $\eta_{0jk} \sim N(0, \sigma_{\eta_0}^2)$  and  $\varepsilon_{ijk} \sim N(0, \sigma_{\varepsilon}^2)$ , independently of one another, j represents classrooms and k represents schools.

5.a. Try to add a random slope for each teacher level predictor (varying at the school level; one by one separately- not all together)

```
fit5.1 <- lmer( math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
                 housepov + (1 | schoolid/classid) + (0 + yearstea | schoolid),
               dat)
## Warning in checkConv(attr(opt, "derivs"), opt$par, ctrl = control$checkConv, :
## Model failed to converge with max|grad| = 0.00805459 (tol = 0.002, component 1)
summary(fit5.1)
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
      housepov + (1 | schoolid/classid) + (0 + yearstea | schoolid)
##
     Data: dat
##
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10729.5
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
      Min
             1Q Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -3.8482 -0.6147 -0.0322 0.5979 3.6603
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
                    Name
                                Variance Std.Dev.
## classid.schoolid (Intercept) 9.247e+01 9.6159
## schoolid
                    (Intercept) 1.684e+02 12.9758
## schoolid.1
                    yearstea
                                1.008e-02 0.1004
## Residual
                                1.065e+03 32.6361
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid:schoolid, 285; schoolid, 105
##
## Fixed effects:
                Estimate Std. Error
                                            df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 539.59885 5.30780 266.47954 101.662 < 2e-16 ***
                10.04528 1.54492 1066.09816
                                               6.502 1.21e-10 ***
## ses
               -16.16715
                            3.02635 702.61831 -5.342 1.24e-07 ***
## minority
## sex
                -1.21060
                            2.09480 1022.21558 -0.578
                                                         0.563
                                               0.079
## yearstea
                0.01128 0.14192 122.87743
                                                         0.937
## mathknow
                1.33106 1.39155 234.33195
                                               0.957
                                                         0.340
                -0.26584
                            1.37588 204.90504 -0.193
## mathprep
                                                         0.847
## housepov
               -17.72082 13.21686 113.58577 -1.341
                                                         0.183
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
           (Intr) ses
                         minrty sex
                                       yearst mthknw mthprp
           -0.121
## ses
## minority -0.320 0.162
           -0.191 0.020 -0.010
## sex
## yearstea -0.258 -0.027 0.023 0.015
## mathknow -0.082 -0.007 0.115 0.006 0.028
## mathprep -0.632 0.053 0.001 -0.006 -0.172 0.003
## housepov -0.450 0.082 -0.179 -0.007 0.070 0.057 0.037
## optimizer (nloptwrap) convergence code: 0 (OK)
## Model failed to converge with max|grad| = 0.00805459 (tol = 0.002, component 1)
```

```
fit5.2 <- lmer( math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
                  housepov + (1 | schoolid/classid) + (0 + mathknow | schoolid),
                dat)
## boundary (singular) fit: see ?isSingular
summary(fit5.2)
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
##
      housepov + (1 | schoolid/classid) + (0 + mathknow | schoolid)
##
      Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10729.5
##
## Scaled residuals:
      Min
##
              1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
## -3.8580 -0.6134 -0.0321 0.5971 3.6598
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
                                 Variance Std.Dev.
                     Name
## classid.schoolid (Intercept) 9.389e+01 9.689654
## schoolid
                     (Intercept) 1.694e+02 13.017245
## schoolid.1
                     mathknow
                                 2.323e-07 0.000482
## Residual
                                 1.065e+03 32.633630
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid:schoolid, 285; schoolid, 105
##
## Fixed effects:
                Estimate Std. Error
##
                                             df t value Pr(>|t|)
```

## (Intercept) 539.63042 5.31210 275.38873 101.585 < 2e-16 \*\*\* ## ses 10.05075 1.54484 1066.56223 6.506 1.18e-10 \*\*\* ## minority -16.18678 3.02605 704.47917 -5.349 1.20e-07 \*\*\* -1.21419 2.09483 1022.42143 -0.580 0.562 ## sex 0.080 ## yearstea 0.01129 0.14141 226.80898 0.936 ## mathknow 1.35004 1.39169 234.49763 0.970 0.333 ## mathprep -0.27705 1.37583 205.27161 -0.201 0.841 ## housepov -17.64848 13.21759 113.87742 -1.335 0.184 ## ---## Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\* 0.001 '\*\* 0.01 '\* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1 ## Correlation of Fixed Effects:

minrty sex

##

## ses

(Intr) ses

-0.190 0.020 -0.011 ## yearstea -0.259 -0.028 0.024 0.016

## mathknow -0.083 -0.007 0.115 0.007 0.029

## optimizer (nloptwrap) convergence code: 0 (OK) ## boundary (singular) fit: see ?isSingular

## mathprep -0.631 0.053 0.001 -0.006 -0.172 0.004

## housepov -0.451 0.082 -0.178 -0.007 0.071 0.058 0.038

-0.121## minority -0.320 0.162 yearst mthknw mthprp

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
##
      housepov + (1 | schoolid/classid) + (0 + mathprep | schoolid)
##
     Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10729.5
##
## Scaled residuals:
      Min
##
              1Q Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -3.8581 -0.6134 -0.0321 0.5971 3.6598
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
                                Variance Std.Dev.
                    Name
## classid.schoolid (Intercept) 9.388e+01 9.689e+00
## schoolid
                    (Intercept) 1.694e+02 1.302e+01
                    mathprep
## schoolid.1
                                2.171e-07 4.659e-04
## Residual
                                1.065e+03 3.263e+01
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid:schoolid, 285; schoolid, 105
##
## Fixed effects:
##
                Estimate Std. Error
                                            df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 539.63039 5.31207 275.39223 101.586 < 2e-16 ***
## ses
               10.05076 1.54485 1066.56201
                                                6.506 1.18e-10 ***
## minority
               -16.18676
                            3.02605 704.47629 -5.349 1.20e-07 ***
                -1.21419
                            2.09483 1022.42070 -0.580
                                                         0.562
## sex
                                               0.080
## yearstea
                0.01129
                         0.14141 226.80838
                                                         0.936
## mathknow
                1.35003 1.39167 234.49786
                                               0.970
                                                         0.333
## mathprep
               -0.27705
                            1.37582 205.27063 -0.201
                                                         0.841
               -17.64851
                          13.21749 113.87941 -1.335
## housepov
                                                         0.184
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
           (Intr) ses
                         minrty sex
                                       yearst mthknw mthprp
## ses
           -0.121
## minority -0.320 0.162
           -0.190 0.020 -0.011
## yearstea -0.259 -0.028 0.024 0.016
## mathknow -0.083 -0.007 0.115 0.007 0.029
## mathprep -0.631 0.053 0.001 -0.006 -0.172 0.004
## housepov -0.451 0.082 -0.178 -0.007 0.071 0.058 0.038
## optimizer (nloptwrap) convergence code: 0 (OK)
## boundary (singular) fit: see ?isSingular
```

- b. Report the model fit or lack of fit **Answer:** The model with random slope on mathknow and the model with random slope on mathprep have convergent problem. Besides, all these three random slopes have variation that is close to 0, which indicates that these models are poorly fitted.
- c. Retry the above, allowing the slopes to be correlated with the random intercepts (still one by one)

```
fit5.c.1 <- lmer( math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
                    housepov + (yearstea | schoolid) + (1 | schoolid:classid),
                  dat)
## Warning in checkConv(attr(opt, "derivs"), opt$par, ctrl = control$checkConv, :
## Model failed to converge with max|grad| = 0.00352934 (tol = 0.002, component 1)
summary(fit5.c.1)
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
##
       housepov + (yearstea | schoolid) + (1 | schoolid:classid)
      Data: dat
##
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10723.7
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
       Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
## -3.7461 -0.6037 -0.0291 0.6041 3.8451
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
                     Name
                                 Variance Std.Dev. Corr
  schoolid:classid (Intercept)
                                   37.8479 6.1521
##
                     (Intercept)
                                  366.2230 19.1370
   schoolid
##
                     yearstea
                                    0.5527 0.7434
                                                    -0.78
  Residual
                                 1066.4855 32.6571
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: schoolid:classid, 285; schoolid, 105
##
## Fixed effects:
                 Estimate Std. Error
                                             df t value Pr(>|t|)
                             5.48812
                                      222.68165 98.203 < 2e-16 ***
## (Intercept) 538.95171
## ses
                 10.15050
                             1.53873 1062.66116
                                                  6.597 6.62e-11 ***
## minority
                -16.44545
                             2.99653 669.47204
                                                 -5.488 5.77e-08 ***
                 -1.33563
                             2.08775 1024.45847
                                                 -0.640
                                                           0.522
## sex
## yearstea
                  0.02205
                             0.15767
                                       75.75723
                                                  0.140
                                                           0.889
## mathknow
                             1.34371
                                      209.64590
                                                  0.779
                                                           0.437
                  1.04618
## mathprep
                  0.05077
                             1.34539
                                      190.74479
                                                  0.038
                                                           0.970
                                                           0.205
## housepov
                -17.14026
                            13.45947
                                      119.64252
                                                 -1.273
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
                                        yearst mthknw mthprp
            (Intr) ses
                          minrty sex
## ses
            -0.119
## minority -0.305 0.168
           -0.184 0.022 -0.012
## sex
```

```
## yearstea -0.370 -0.019 0.032 0.009
## mathknow -0.085 -0.001 0.122 0.008 0.012
## mathprep -0.606  0.049 -0.007 -0.004 -0.139  0.014
## housepov -0.455 0.079 -0.169 -0.004 0.084 0.049 0.050
## optimizer (nloptwrap) convergence code: 0 (OK)
## Model failed to converge with max|grad| = 0.00352934 (tol = 0.002, component 1)
fit5.c.2 <- lmer( math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
                   housepov + (mathknow | schoolid) + (1 | schoolid:classid),
                  dat)
summary(fit5.c.2)
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
      housepov + (mathknow | schoolid) + (1 | schoolid:classid)
##
     Data: dat
##
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10729.5
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -3.8581 -0.6131 -0.0324 0.5969 3.6603
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
                    Name
                                Variance Std.Dev. Corr
## schoolid:classid (Intercept) 9.393e+01 9.6915
##
   schoolid
                    (Intercept) 1.693e+02 13.0118
##
                                9.182e-04 0.0303 0.97
                    mathknow
## Residual
                                1.065e+03 32.6341
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: schoolid:classid, 285; schoolid, 105
## Fixed effects:
                Estimate Std. Error
                                            df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 539.64041 5.31203 275.38950 101.588 < 2e-16 ***
## ses
                10.04788
                            1.54488 1062.12269
                                                6.504 1.20e-10 ***
## minority
               -16.19378
                            3.02608 703.80365 -5.351 1.18e-07 ***
## sex
                -1.21328
                            2.09485 1021.79810 -0.579
                                                          0.563
                            0.14141 226.85275
                                                0.079
                                                          0.937
## yearstea
                 0.01114
## mathknow
                 1.35458
                          1.39201 214.62575
                                                0.973
                                                          0.332
## mathprep
                -0.27754
                          1.37599 201.27759 -0.202
                                                          0.840
## housepov
               -17.64141
                          13.21242 103.98208 -1.335
                                                          0.185
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
           (Intr) ses
                         minrty sex
                                       yearst mthknw mthprp
## ses
           -0.121
## minority -0.320 0.162
           -0.190 0.020 -0.011
## yearstea -0.259 -0.028 0.024 0.016
## mathknow -0.082 -0.007 0.115 0.007 0.029
## mathprep -0.631 0.053 0.001 -0.006 -0.173 0.004
## housepov -0.451 0.082 -0.178 -0.007 0.071 0.057 0.038
```

```
fit5.c.3 <- lmer( math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
                   housepov + (mathprep | schoolid) + (1 | schoolid:classid),
                 dat)
## boundary (singular) fit: see ?isSingular
summary(fit5.c.3)
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
##
      housepov + (mathprep | schoolid) + (1 | schoolid:classid)
##
     Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10724.7
##
## Scaled residuals:
      Min
##
               1Q Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -3.8542 -0.6034 -0.0221 0.5914 3.6475
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
                                Variance Std.Dev. Corr
                    Name
## schoolid:classid (Intercept)
                                  78.46
                                          8.858
## schoolid
                                 552.78 23.511
                    (Intercept)
##
                    mathprep
                                  15.89
                                          3.986
                                                  -1.00
## Residual
                                1064.26 32.623
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: schoolid:classid, 285; schoolid, 105
##
## Fixed effects:
                Estimate Std. Error
##
                                            df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 538.60853 5.60817 159.88504 96.040 < 2e-16 ***
## ses
               10.14166 1.53961 1060.93429
                                                6.587 7.04e-11 ***
## minority
               -16.46420
                            2.99525 663.67458 -5.497 5.52e-08 ***
                -1.16760
                            2.08697 1023.15165
                                               -0.559
                                                          0.576
## sex
## yearstea
                -0.02587
                            0.13949 223.50105 -0.185
                                                          0.853
## mathknow
                 1.29890
                          1.37194 229.68059
                                                0.947
                                                          0.345
## mathprep
                 0.04076
                            1.34846 139.04922
                                                0.030
                                                          0.976
## housepov
               -14.01322
                          12.88712 116.05270 -1.087
                                                          0.279
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
           (Intr) ses
                         minrty sex
                                       yearst mthknw mthprp
## ses
           -0.121
## minority -0.275 0.161
           -0.183 0.024 -0.013
## yearstea -0.260 -0.033 0.025 0.023
## mathknow -0.071 -0.001 0.107 0.002 0.049
## mathprep -0.692  0.061 -0.035 -0.008 -0.155  0.012
## housepov -0.461 0.095 -0.187 0.003 0.089 0.027 0.107
```

## optimizer (nloptwrap) convergence code: 0 (OK)
## boundary (singular) fit: see ?isSingular

Table 1: variation explained by classroom-level random intercept

	five_b	five_c
yearstea	92.466	37.848
mathknow	93.889	93.925
mathprep	93.882	78.462

Table 2: variation explained by school-level random intercept

	five_b	five_c
yearstea	168.372	366.223
mathknow	169.449	169.306
mathprep	169.446	552.775

Table 3: variation explained by school-level random slope

	five_b	five_c
yearstea	0.01	0.553
mathknow	0.00	0.001
mathprep	0.00	15.886

d. Report anything unusual about the variance components (changes that are in a direction you didn't expect) and any potential explanation for why those changes occurred (hint: what did you add to the model?).

Answer: For mathknow, the variation of school-level random slope increase while variation of school-level random intercept decrease. For yearstea and mathprep, both school-level random slope and school-level random intercept increase variation. Potential reason is that random slope on mathknow and random intercept are positively correlated, to explain same amount of school-level variation, the decrease in variation of school-level random intercept would be compensated by the positive covariance. Similarly for yearstea and mathprep the increase in variance of random slope and random intercept would be compensated by the negative covariance. 6. Question: a. Why is it a bad idea to include a classroom-level variable with random slopes at the classroom level?

**Answer:** Classroom-level variables does not vary within classroom, if there is no variation on variable, the slope could not be measured, so adding a random slope on classroom variable at classroom level makes no sense.

### A2 Jeremy Lu

- 7. Question:
- a. For UMM, write down: V\_S, V\_C, V\_E for the three variance components (simply the estimates) **Answer:** We have that  $V_S = 280.68$ ,  $V_C = 85.46$ , and  $V_E = 1146.8$
- b. For the most complicated (all fixed effects) random INTERCEPTS ONLY model, what are: V\_C, V\_S, V\_E?

**Answer:** We have in this model that  $V_S = 169.45$ ,  $V_C = 93.89$ ,  $V_E = 1064.96$ 

c. By what fraction did these each decrease with the new predictors in the model?

Answer: The fraction decrease for V\_S, and V\_E are 0.396, and 0.071, respectively. But for V\_C it actually increased 0.099 fraction-wise.

8. a.

```
fit8.a.1 <- lmer( math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
                housepov + (1 | schoolid/classid) + (0 + ses | schoolid),
                dat)
summary(fit8.a.1)
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
##
       housepov + (1 | schoolid/classid) + (0 + ses | schoolid)
##
      Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10724.8
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
      Min
               10 Median
                                30
                                      Max
## -3.6138 -0.6185 -0.0290 0.5798
                                   3.7130
## Random effects:
## Groups
                                Variance Std.Dev.
                     Name
## classid.schoolid (Intercept)
                                  88.56
                                           9.411
## schoolid
                     (Intercept)
                                 167.98
                                         12.961
##
   schoolid.1
                                   72.50
                                           8.515
                     ses
## Residual
                                 1035.12 32.173
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid:schoolid, 285; schoolid, 105
##
## Fixed effects:
##
                Estimate Std. Error
                                             df t value Pr(>|t|)
                            5.27918 270.54292 102.125 < 2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
               539.13754
                            1.82217
                                      79.01642
                                                 5.373 7.62e-07 ***
## ses
                 9.78982
## minority
               -16.52526
                            3.02189 700.06722
                                                -5.469 6.32e-08 ***
                            2.08170 1011.28952
                                                -0.673
## sex
                -1.40185
                                                           0.501
                                                 0.219
## yearstea
                 0.03079
                            0.14052 223.94368
                                                           0.827
## mathknow
                 1.35576
                            1.38459 232.20020
                                                  0.979
                                                           0.329
## mathprep
                -0.19801
                            1.35994 198.59489
                                                -0.146
                                                           0.884
## housepov
                -16.94561
                           13.21117 112.82498 -1.283
                                                           0.202
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
            (Intr) ses
                         minrty sex
                                       yearst mthknw mthprp
## ses
            -0.091
## minority -0.323
                   0.124
           -0.190 0.017 -0.010
## yearstea -0.260 -0.019 0.024 0.018
## mathknow -0.079 0.006 0.110 0.006 0.028
## mathprep -0.628  0.042  0.001 -0.007 -0.172  0.002
## housepov -0.451 0.076 -0.180 -0.007 0.070 0.056 0.041
```

```
fit8.a.2 <- lmer( math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
               housepov + (1 | schoolid/classid) + (0 + sex | schoolid),
               dat)
summary(fit8.a.2)
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
      housepov + (1 | schoolid/classid) + (0 + sex | schoolid)
##
##
     Data: dat
## REML criterion at convergence: 10728.9
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
               1Q Median
                               3Q
      Min
                                      Max
## -3.8578 -0.6110 -0.0259 0.5922 3.5557
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
                                Variance Std.Dev.
                    Name
## classid.schoolid (Intercept)
                                  96.08
                                          9.802
## schoolid
                    (Intercept)
                                161.63 12.713
## schoolid.1
                    sex
                                  35.84
                                          5.986
## Residual
                                1054.36 32.471
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid:schoolid, 285; schoolid, 105
##
## Fixed effects:
                Estimate Std. Error
                                            df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 539.43517 5.30740 272.54993 101.638 < 2e-16 ***
## ses
                 9.98477 1.54243 1058.27916
                                                6.473 1.46e-10 ***
## minority
                         3.02861 704.25756 -5.338 1.27e-07 ***
               -16.16537
                            2.18747 138.09087 -0.610
## sex
                -1.33535
                                                         0.543
## yearstea
                0.01448
                            0.14163 226.44539
                                               0.102
                                                         0.919
## mathknow
                1.40067
                          1.39464 234.45909
                                                1.004
                                                         0.316
                -0.27193
                            1.38011 205.78530 -0.197
                                                         0.844
## mathprep
## housepov
               -16.77652
                          13.22879 112.39634 -1.268
                                                         0.207
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
                                       yearst mthknw mthprp
           (Intr) ses
                         minrty sex
## ses
           -0.120
## minority -0.320 0.161
## sex
           -0.179 0.020 -0.015
## yearstea -0.259 -0.029 0.024 0.013
## mathknow -0.081 -0.007 0.114 0.007 0.028
## mathprep -0.633 0.052 0.001 -0.004 -0.172 0.004
## housepov -0.449 0.081 -0.178 -0.010 0.070 0.055 0.036
fit8.a.3 <- lmer( math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
               housepov + (1 | schoolid/classid) + (0 + minority | schoolid),
               dat)
```

## boundary (singular) fit: see ?isSingular

#### summary(fit8.a.3)

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
      housepov + (1 | schoolid/classid) + (0 + minority | schoolid)
##
##
     Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10729.5
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
      Min
             1Q Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -3.8580 -0.6134 -0.0321 0.5971 3.6598
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
                    Name
                                Variance Std.Dev.
                                  93.89
                                         9.69
## classid.schoolid (Intercept)
## schoolid
                    (Intercept) 169.45 13.02
## schoolid.1
                    minority
                                   0.00
                                          0.00
## Residual
                                1064.96 32.63
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid:schoolid, 285; schoolid, 105
##
## Fixed effects:
                Estimate Std. Error
                                            df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 539.63041
                            5.31209 275.39107 101.585 < 2e-16 ***
                10.05075
                            1.54484 1066.56217
                                                6.506 1.18e-10 ***
## ses
                            3.02605 704.47765 -5.349 1.20e-07 ***
## minority
               -16.18677
                            2.09483 1022.42106 -0.580
## sex
                -1.21419
                                                          0.562
                                                0.080
## yearstea
                 0.01129
                            0.14141 226.80889
                                                          0.936
## mathknow
                 1.35003
                            1.39168 234.49798
                                                0.970
                                                          0.333
## mathprep
                          1.37583 205.27126 -0.201
                -0.27705
                                                          0.841
## housepov
               -17.64847
                         13.21752 113.87889 -1.335
                                                          0.184
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
           (Intr) ses
                         minrty sex
                                       yearst mthknw mthprp
## ses
           -0.121
## minority -0.320 0.162
           -0.190 0.020 -0.011
## yearstea -0.259 -0.028 0.024 0.016
## mathknow -0.083 -0.007 0.115 0.007 0.029
## mathprep -0.631 0.053 0.001 -0.006 -0.172 0.004
## housepov -0.451 0.082 -0.178 -0.007 0.071 0.058 0.038
## optimizer (nloptwrap) convergence code: 0 (OK)
## boundary (singular) fit: see ?isSingular
```

b. Retry part (a), allowing the slopes to be correlated with the random intercepts.

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
      housepov + (1 | classid) + (ses | schoolid)
##
     Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10724.4
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -3.5646 -0.6166 -0.0264 0.5888 3.7073
##
## Random effects:
                        Variance Std.Dev. Corr
## Groups
           Name
                          86.57
                                9.305
## classid (Intercept)
## schoolid (Intercept) 171.18 13.083
##
                          73.36
                                8.565
            ses
                                          0.19
## Residual
                        1035.90 32.185
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid, 285; schoolid, 105
## Fixed effects:
                Estimate Std. Error
                                           df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 538.72222 5.27648 271.13305 102.099 < 2e-16 ***
                 9.72646 1.82985
                                    78.36212 5.315 9.75e-07 ***
## ses
               -16.26698 3.03580 668.91588 -5.358 1.16e-07 ***
## minority
                            2.08074 1011.40322 -0.675
## sex
                -1.40436
                                                        0.500
## yearstea
                 0.03617
                            0.14002 220.42240
                                               0.258
                                                         0.796
                          1.38201 230.89913
                                               0.912
## mathknow
                1.26025
                                                         0.363
## mathprep
                -0.21697 1.35642 197.10758 -0.160
                                                         0.873
## housepov
               -15.89873 13.15396 111.71336 -1.209
                                                         0.229
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
           (Intr) ses
                         minrty sex yearst mthknw mthprp
## ses
           -0.062
## minority -0.325 0.117
           -0.188 0.018 -0.011
## yearstea -0.259 -0.021 0.021 0.017
## mathknow -0.077 0.007 0.108 0.005 0.028
## mathprep -0.627  0.045  0.002 -0.008 -0.172  0.001
## housepov -0.449 0.070 -0.182 -0.009 0.073 0.057 0.039
fit8.b.2 <- lmer( math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
               housepov + (1 | schoolid:classid) + (sex | schoolid), dat)
summary(fit8.b.2)
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
      housepov + (1 | schoolid:classid) + (sex | schoolid)
##
     Data: dat
##
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10727.6
```

```
##
## Scaled residuals:
      Min
               1Q Median
## -3.8048 -0.6095 -0.0222 0.5969 3.5525
## Random effects:
## Groups
                                Variance Std.Dev. Corr
                    Name
                                  97.33
                                         9.866
## schoolid:classid (Intercept)
                    (Intercept) 206.34 14.364
##
   schoolid
##
                    sex
                                  84.08
                                         9.169
                                                 -0.43
## Residual
                                1041.76 32.276
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: schoolid:classid, 285; schoolid, 105
## Fixed effects:
##
                Estimate Std. Error
                                            df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 5.399e+02 5.363e+00 2.626e+02 100.661 < 2e-16 ***
               9.928e+00 1.540e+00 1.055e+03
                                                6.448 1.72e-10 ***
## ses
## minority
              -1.642e+01 3.027e+00 7.076e+02
                                               -5.425 7.96e-08 ***
              -1.340e+00 2.301e+00 8.742e+01 -0.582
## sex
                                                         0.562
               6.877e-03 1.418e-01 2.277e+02
## yearstea
                                                0.048
                                                         0.961
## mathknow
               1.379e+00 1.396e+00 2.364e+02
                                               0.988
                                                         0.324
## mathprep
              -2.795e-01 1.378e+00 2.061e+02 -0.203
                                                         0.839
## housepov
              -1.742e+01 1.326e+01 1.136e+02 -1.314
                                                         0.191
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
           (Intr) ses
                         minrty sex
                                       yearst mthknw mthprp
           -0.121
## ses
## minority -0.319 0.163
           -0.222 0.018 -0.011
## yearstea -0.258 -0.028 0.024 0.014
## mathknow -0.082 -0.006 0.114 0.006 0.027
## mathprep -0.627 0.053 0.004 -0.005 -0.172 0.004
## housepov -0.449 0.083 -0.178 -0.003 0.072 0.060 0.038
fit8.b.3 <- lmer( math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
               housepov + (1 | classid) + (minority | schoolid), dat)
summary(fit8.b.3)
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
##
      housepov + (1 | classid) + (minority | schoolid)
##
     Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10717.5
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -3.8952 -0.6358 -0.0345 0.6129 3.6444
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
          Name
                        Variance Std.Dev. Corr
```

```
classid (Intercept)
                           86.69
                                   9.311
##
                                 19.524
##
    schoolid (Intercept)
                          381.20
##
             minority
                          343.13
                                  18.524
                                           -0.83
                         1039.39 32.240
##
   Residual
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid, 285; schoolid, 105
##
## Fixed effects:
##
                 Estimate Std. Error
                                             df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
               5.395e+02 5.655e+00
                                      1.731e+02
                                                 95.399 < 2e-16 ***
## ses
                9.431e+00
                          1.543e+00
                                      1.063e+03
                                                  6.111 1.39e-09 ***
## minority
               -1.638e+01
                           3.896e+00
                                      5.824e+01
                                                 -4.203 9.17e-05 ***
## sex
               -8.628e-01
                           2.084e+00
                                      1.022e+03
                                                 -0.414
                                                            0.679
               -4.368e-03
                           1.376e-01
                                      2.172e+02
                                                 -0.032
                                                            0.975
## yearstea
                                                            0.231
## mathknow
                1.632e+00
                           1.359e+00
                                      2.248e+02
                                                   1.201
                                                 -0.218
                                                            0.827
## mathprep
               -2.918e-01
                           1.335e+00
                                      1.981e+02
## housepov
               -1.606e+01
                           1.257e+01
                                      9.999e+01
                                                 -1.277
                                                            0.204
##
                   0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '. ' 0.1 ' 1
## Signif. codes:
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
            (Intr) ses
                          minrty sex
                                        yearst mthknw mthprp
            -0.105
## ses
## minority -0.494
                    0.113
## sex
            -0.172
                   0.024 - 0.014
## yearstea -0.253 -0.021 0.027
                                  0.014
## mathknow -0.078 -0.005 0.099 0.010 0.024
## mathprep -0.576
                   0.052 -0.002 -0.005 -0.167 -0.002
## housepov -0.394 0.089 -0.157 -0.013 0.091 0.061
```

c. Report anything unusual about the variance components (changes that are unexpected)

**Answer:** Adding the correlation between school-level random slope on any of these student-level predictors, and the school-level random intercept, both the variations captured by the school-level random slope and the variation of random intercept increase substantially, especially for adding correlation between random slope on minority and random intercept.

9. a. Take the two predictors that had significant (at .05 level) random slopes, in the forms in which they worked (indep. or correlated) and add both to the model, and test for need of one conditional on already including the other.

```
# check significance of random slope
anova(fit8.a.1,fit4,refit=F)
```

```
anova(fit8.b.1,fit4,refit=F)
## Data: dat
## Models:
## fit4: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep + housepov + (1 | schoolid/cla
## fit8.b.1: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep + housepov + (1 | classid)
                 AIC BIC logLik deviance Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
                                       10730
             11 10752 10806 -5364.8
## fit4
## fit8.b.1
            13 10750 10815 -5362.2
                                       10724 5.1385 2
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
anova(fit8.a.2,fit4,refit=F)
## Data: dat
## Models:
## fit4: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep + housepov + (1 | schoolid/cla
## fit8.a.2: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep + housepov + (1 | schoolid
                  AIC
                        BIC logLik deviance Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
             11 10752 10806 -5364.8
                                       10730
## fit8.a.2
             12 10753 10813 -5364.4
                                       10729 0.6137 1
                                                           0.4334
anova(fit8.b.2,fit4,refit=F)
## Data: dat
## Models:
## fit4: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep + housepov + (1 | schoolid/cla
## fit8.b.2: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep + housepov + (1 | schoolid
                  AIC
                        BIC logLik deviance Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
##
           npar
## fit4
             11 10752 10806 -5364.8
                                       10730
## fit8.b.2
             13 10754 10818 -5363.8
                                       10728 1.8631 2
                                                            0.394
anova(fit8.a.3,fit4,refit=F)
## Data: dat
## Models:
## fit4: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep + housepov + (1 | schoolid/cla
## fit8.a.3: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep + housepov + (1 | schoolid
           npar AIC BIC logLik deviance Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
             11 10752 10806 -5364.8
                                       10730
## fit.4
## fit8.a.3
             12 10754 10813 -5364.8
                                       10730
                                                 0 1
                                                               1
anova(fit8.b.3,fit4,refit=F)
## Data: dat
## Models:
## fit4: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep + housepov + (1 | schoolid/cla
## fit8.b.3: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep + housepov + (1 | classid)
                 AIC BIC logLik deviance Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
           npar
             11 10752 10806 -5364.8
## fit4
## fit8.b.3
            13 10744 10808 -5358.8
                                       10718 11.967 2
                                                          0.00252 **
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
# random slope of ses without correlation and random slope of minority with
# correlation are significant.
fit9 <- lmer( math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
                                 housepov + (1 | classid:schoolid) + (0 + ses | schoolid) +
                                 (minority | schoolid), dat)
anova(fit8.a.1, fit9, refit=F) \#P = 0.00204
## Data: dat
## Models:
## fit8.a.1: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep + housepov + (1 | schoolid
## fit9: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep + housepov + (1 | classid:scho
                                       AIC BIC logLik deviance Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
                        npar
## fit8.a.1 12 10749 10809 -5362.4
                                                                                    10725
                             14 10740 10810 -5356.2
                                                                                    10712 12.39 2
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
anova(fit8.b.3, fit9,refit=F) \#P = 0.02365
## Data: dat
## Models:
## fit8.b.3: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep + housepov + (1 | classid)
## fit9: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep + housepov + (1 | classid:scho
                                                    BIC logLik deviance Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
                        npar
                                       AIC
                            13 10744 10808 -5358.8
## fit8.b.3
                                                                                    10718
## fit9
                             14 10740 10810 -5356.2
                                                                                    10712 5.12 1
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
    b. Is the more complex model (with both random slopes in it) justified?
          Answer: Yes, both random slopes are significant according to the LRT.
    c. WRITE OUT THIS MODEL in your preferred notation (include assumptions)
          MATH1ST_{ijk} = b_0 + (b_1 + \zeta_{1k})SES_{ijk} + (b_2 + \zeta_{2k})MINORITY_{ijk} + b_3SEX_{ijk} + b_4YEARSTEA_{jk} + b_4YEARSTEA_
          b_5MATHKNOW_{jk} + b_6MATHPREP_{jk} + b_7HOUSEPOV_k + \zeta_{0k} + \eta_{0jk} + \varepsilon_{ijk}, \text{ with } \zeta_{0k} \sim N(0, \sigma_{\zeta_0}^2),
          \zeta_{1k} \sim N(0, \sigma_{\zeta_1}^2), \ \zeta_{3k} \sim N(0, \sigma_{\zeta_3}^2) \ \eta_{0jk} \sim N(0, \sigma_{\eta_0}^2) \ \text{and} \ \varepsilon_{ijk} \sim N(0, \sigma_{\varepsilon}^2), \ corr(\zeta_{0k}, \zeta_{1k}) = 0, \ \text{and}
          corr(\zeta_{0k},\zeta_{2k})=0, the other random components are independent of each others.
   10. Now consider the model with a random slope only in minority. We will make predictions at levels of
          minority in the range 0 to 1 for illustrative purposes.
    a. What are: V_C, V_S(minority=0), V_E? i. We need to list 'minority=0' here, or we don't know how
          to use the slope variance. Answer: V_C = 86.69, V_S = 381.20, V_E = 1039.39
data.frame(VarCorr(fit8.b.3))
```

```
var1
                              var2
                                          vcov
                                                    sdcor
          grp
                                     86.69412 9.3109677
## 1 classid (Intercept)
                              <NA>
## 2 schoolid (Intercept)
                                    381.20088 19.5243664
                              <NA>
## 3 schoolid
                 minority
                              <NA>
                                    343.12842 18.5237258
## 4 schoolid (Intercept) minority -299.26986 -0.8274803
                              <NA> 1039.38897 32.2395560
## 5 Residual
                     <NA>
```

b. What are: V\_S(minority=0.25), V\_S(minority=+0.50), V\_S(minority=+0.75)?

## [1] "V\_S(minority=0.25) =253.011478742454"

## [1] "V\_S(minority=0.5) =167.713127497944"

## [1] "V S(minority=0.75) =125.305828492755"

#### Answer:

```
V_S(minority=0.25) = \sigma_{\zeta_{0k}^2} + 2 × 0.25 × \rho_{\zeta_{0k},\zeta_{2k}} + 0.25^2\sigma_{\zeta_{2k}^2} = 253.0114787,

V_S(minority=0.50) = \sigma_{\zeta_{0k}^2} + 2 × 0.5 × \rho_{\zeta_{0k},\zeta_{2k}} + 0.5^2\sigma_{\zeta_{2k}^2} = 167.7131275,

V_S(minority=0.75) = \sigma_{\zeta_{0k}^2} + 2 × 0.75 × \rho_{\zeta_{0k},\zeta_{2k}} + 0.75^2\sigma_{\zeta_{2k}^2} = 125.3058285

c. Is the variance between schools monotonically increasing in the value of minority?

Answer: No, it seems to be decreasing from minority 0 to 0.75 given the variance calculated.
```