Fake News Detection Using Machine Learning

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September 10, 2019

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Introduction

Fake news used to influence elections

2016 US presidential elections (Allcott et al.)[1]

- 62% of US citizens get their news for social medias[2]
- Fake news had more share on Facebook than mainstream news[3].

- 1. Expliquer l'inpact des fake news sur les elections
- 2. La suite dfinit ce que sont les fake news

Definition

Definition

Fake news is a news article that is intentionally and verifiable false[4]

1. Dire que l'on peut caracteriser les fake news de plusieurs faon: le contenu et le context

Fake News Characterisation I

News content features:

- **Source**: Where does the news come from, who wrote it, is this source reliable or not.
- **Headline**: Short summary of the news content that try to attract the reader.
- Body Text: The actual text content of the news.
- Image/Video: Usualy, textual information is agreemnted with visual information such as images, videos or audio.

Fake News Characterisation II



Fake News Characterisation III

Different kind of models:

- Expert-oriented: relies on experts, such as journalists or scientists, to assess the news content.
- **Crowdsourcing-oriented**: relies on the wisdom of crowd that says that if a sufficiently large number of persons say that something is false or true then it should be.
- Computational-oriented: relies on automatic fact checking, that could be based on external resources such as DBpedia.

Methodology

Methodology I

Goal:

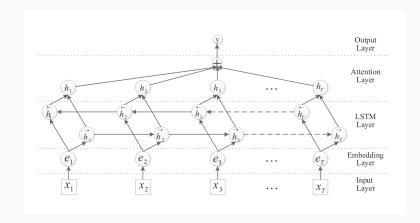
- Comparing the performances of "traditional" machine learning techniques and deep learning techniques
- Comparing the performances of these techniques on two differents datasets.

Methodology II

Models used:

- Naïve-Bayes
- SVM
- Decision Tree
- Ridge Classifier
- LSTM
- Attention Mechanism[5]

Attention Mechanism I



Word Embedding

- One-hot encoding
- Word2Vec[6]
- $e_i = W_e * x_i$
- $e_i = \text{dictionary lookup}$

 W_e is a tunnable parameters and word2vec are pretrainedOne-hot vector are made from the training set by building a dictionary

Attention Mechanism

$$H = [h_1, h_2, ..., h_T]$$
 (1)

Where T is the sequence length. Then we define

$$M = \tanh(H) \tag{2}$$

$$\alpha = softmax(w^{T}M) \tag{3}$$

$$r = H\alpha^{\mathsf{T}} \tag{4}$$

Finally, we compute $h^* = \tanh(r)$.

Results

Machine learning

	fake	reliable	accuracy	macro avg	weighted avg		
f1-score	0.514399	0.679764	0.614049	0.597082	0.607588		
precision	0.570485	0.638376	0.614049	0.604430	0.608744		
recall	0.468354	0.726891	0.614049	0.597623	0.614049		
support	1106.000000	1428.000000	0.614049	2534.000000	2534.000000		
	(a) Raw results for Linear SVM						
	fake	reliable	accuracy	macro avg	weighted avg		
f1-score	0.412107	0.698507	0.601421	0.555307	0.573504		
precision	0.578431	0.608741	0.601421	0.593586	0.595512		
recall	0.320072	0.819328	0.601421	0.569700	0.601421		
support	1106.000000	1428.000000	0.601421	2534.000000	2534.000000		
	(b) Raw results for Naïve-Bayes						
	fake	reliable	accuracy	macro avg	weighted avg		
f1-score	0.496366	0.691279	0.617206	0.593822	0.606207		
precision	0.582927	0.633606	0.617206	0.608266	0.611486		
recall	0.432188	0.760504	0.617206	0.596346	0.617206		
support	1106.000000	1428.000000	0.617206	2534.000000	2534.000000		
(c) Raw results for Ridge Classifer.							
	fake	reliable	accuracy	macro avg	weighted avg		
f1-score	0.479354	0.591549	0.542226	0.535451	0.542580		
precision	0.475936	0.594901	0.542226	0.535418	0.542977		
recall	0.482821	0.588235	0.542226	0.535528	0.542226		
support	1106.000000	1428.000000	0.542226	2534.000000	2534.000000		
(d) Raw results for Decision Tree							

Table 4.1: Raw results on Liar-Liar Corpus.

Machine learning II

	fake	reliable	accuracy	macro avg	weighted avg		
f1-score	0.894700	0.965364	0.947874	0.930032	0.947620		
precision	0.907861	0.960783	0.947874	0.934322	0.947494		
recall	0.881916	0.969989	0.947874	0.925952	0.947874		
support	17496.000000	52181.0000000	0.947874	69677.000000	69677.000000		
(a) Raw results for Linear SVM on Fake News Corpus							
	fake	reliable	accuracy	macro avg	weighted avg		
fl-score	0.674458	0.905634	0.853682	0.790046	0.847585		
precision	0.764127	0.875841	0.853682	0.819984	0.847790		
recall	0.603624	0.937525	0.853682	0.770574	0.853682		
support	17496.000000	52181.0000000	0.853682	69677.000000	69677.000000		
(b) Raw results for Naïve-Bayes on Fake News Corpus							
	fake	reliable	accuracy	macro avg	weighted avg		
f1-score	0.874220	0.960438	0.939808	0.917329	0.938788		
precision	0.919674	0.945736	0.939808	0.932705	0.939192		
recall	0.833048	0.975604	0.939808	0.904326	0.939808		
support	17496.000000	52181.000000	0.939808	69677.000000	69677.000000		
(c) Raw results for Ridge Classifier on Fake News Corpus							
	fake	reliable	accuracy	macro avg	weighted avg		
f1-score	0.791687	0.929799	0.894987	0.860743	0.895119		
precision	0.788700	0.930987	0.894987	0.859844	0.895258		
recall	0.794696	0.928614	0.894987	0.861655	0.894987		
support	17496.000000	52181.000000	0.894987	69677.000000	69677.000000		
(d) Raw results for Decision Tree on ${\bf Fake\ News\ Corpus}$							

Table 4.2: Results on Fake News Corpus without using SMOTE.

Machine learning III

	fake	reliable	accuracy	macro avg	weighted avg	
f1-score	0.891373	0.962340	0.94407	0.926857	0.944520	
precision	0.869960	0.970623	0.94407	0.920291	0.945346	
recall	0.913866	0.954198	0.94407	0.934032	0.944070	
support	17496.000000	52181.000000	0.94407	69677.000000	69677.000000	
(a) Raw results of linear sym on Fake News Corpus when training using SMOTE						
	fake	reliable	accuracy	macro avg	weighted avg	
f1-score	0.714816	0.873538	0.824777	0.794177	0.833683	
precision	0.604424	0.950521	0.824777	0.777472	0.863615	
recall	0.874543	0.808091	0.824777	0.841317	0.824777	
support	17496.000000	52181.0000000	0.824777	69677.000000	69677.000000	
(b) Raw results of Naïve-Bayes on Fake News Corpus when training using SMOTE						
	fake	reliable	accuracy	macro avg	weighted avg	
f1-score	0.877755	0.956129	0.935431	0.916942	0.936449	
precision	0.836588	0.973317	0.935431	0.904953	0.938984	
recall	0.923182	0.939537	0.935431	0.931360	0.935431	
support	17496.000000	52181.000000	0.935431	69677.000000	69677.000000	
(c) Raw results of Ridge Classifier on Fake News Corpus when training using SMOT						
	fake	reliable	accuracy	macro avg	weighted avg	
f1-score	0.787226	0.921178	0.884969	0.854202	0.887542	
precision	0.734992	0.946085	0.884969	0.840539	0.893079	
recall	0.847451	0.897549	0.884969	0.872500	0.884969	
support	17496.000000	52181.000000	0.884969	69677.000000	69677.000000	
(d) Raw results of Decision tree on Fake News Corpus when training using SMOTE						

Table 4.3: Results on Fake News Corpus when training with SMOTE.

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