

Systemdokumentation Projekt Fuhrpark

Version 1.0

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1 Organisatorisches

1.1 Team

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1.2 Aufteilung der Verantwortlichkeitsbereiche

- Simon Offenberger
 - Design Klassendiagramm
 - Implementierung und Test der Klassen:
 - * Object,
 - * RecordEntry,
 - * DriveRecord,
 - * Vehicle,
 - Implementierung des Testtreibers
 - Dokumentation
- Simon Vogelhuber
 - Design Klassendiagramm
 - Implementierung und Komponententest der Klassen:
 - * Garage
 - * Car,

- * Bike und
- * Truck
- Implementierung des Testtreibers
- Dokumentation

1.3 Aufwand

- Simon Offenberger: geschätzt 10 Ph / tatsächlich x Ph
- Simon Vogelhuber: geschätzt x Ph / tatsächlich x Ph

2 Anforderungsdefinition (Systemspezifikation)

In diesem System werden Fahrzeuge in einem Fuhrpark verwaltet. Zusätzlich soll auch noch ein Fahrtenbuch zu jedem Fahrzeug gespeichert werden.

Funktionen des Fahrtenbuches

- Berechnen des Kilometerstands der aufgezeichneten Fahrten.
- Speichere Datum und Distanz einer Fahrt.

Funktionen des Fuhrparks

- Hinzufügen und löschen eines Fahrzeuges
- Ausgabe aller Fahrzeugdaten inklusive der Fahrtenbucheinträge.
- Suchen nach einem Fahrzeug mit dessen Kennzeichen.
- Berechnung der Gesamtkilomenter aller Fahrzeuge im Fuhrpark.

3 Systementwurf

3.1 Klassendiagramm

Hier wird das Klassendiagramm eingefügt. Sollte dieses nicht auf eine A4-Seite passen, so kann es in eine eingene pdf-Datei ausgelagert werden. Verweisen Sie an dieser Stelle auf diese Datei.

3.2 Designentscheidungen

Im Klassendiagramm wurde der Polymorphismus angewendet, um unterschiedliche Fahrzeugarten mit der gemeinsamen Schnittstelle 'Vehicle' anzusprechen. Die Klasse 'Garage' speichert einen Container mit der abstrakte Basisklasse 'Vehicle' als Elementtyp und kann somit alle bestehenden und auch neuen Fahrzeugarten verwalten, die sich von der gemeinsamen Basisklasse 'Vehicle' ableiten. Für die Aufzeichnung eines Fahrtenbuches wurde die Klasse **DriveRecord** implementiert. Diese Klasse speichert mehrere Objekte der Klasse **RecordEntry**. Die Record Entries werden im Fahrtenbuch in einem **Multiset** gespeichert, damit sind die Einträge ins Fahrtenbuch immer nach dem Datum aufsteigend sortiert. Aus diesem Grund wurde der **operator<** für die Record Entries definiert. Dieser vergleicht das Datum der Einträge. Dadurch, dass die Einträge ins Fahrtenbuch als eigene Klasse implementiert wurde, lassen sich die einzelnen Einträge schnell und einfach erweitern.

Sie beantworten meist folgende Fragen:

- Warum wurde die Klassenhierarchie so gewĤhlt?
- Wurden Design Pattern verwendet und warum?
- Wurde Abstraktion und der Polymorphismus angewendet?
- Wie kann die Klassenstruktur einfach erweitert werden?

•

4 Dokumentation der Komponenten (Klassen)

Die HTML-Startdatei befindet sich im Verzeichnis ./../doxy/html/index.html

5 Testprotokollierung

```
TESTCASE START
 **********
 Test RecordEntry Get Date
 [Test OK] Result: (Expected: 2025-10-13 == Result: 2025-10-13)
 Test RecordEntry Get Distance
 [Test OK] Result: (Expected: 150 == Result: 150)
12
 Test RecordEntry Print
13
 [Test OK] Result: (Expected: true == Result: true)
15 Test RecordEntry Exception Bad Ostream
 [Test OK] Result: (Expected: ERROR: Provided Ostream is bad == Result:
    → ERROR: Provided Ostream is bad)
17
18
 ***********
19
20
21
 ***********
22
             TESTCASE START
 *********
 Test DriveRecord Print Sorted and Add Record
26
 [Test OK] Result: (Expected: true == Result: true)
28
29 Test DriveRecord Get Milage
 [Test OK] Result: (Expected: 450 == Result: 450)
31
32
 Test DriveRecord Exception Bad Ostream
 [Test OK] Result: (Expected: ERROR: Provided Ostream is bad == Result:

→ ERROR: Provided Ostream is bad)
35 Test DriveRecord Empty Print
 [Test OK] Result: (Expected: No Exception == Result: No Exception)
37
38
 *********
40
```

6 Quellcode

6.1 Object.hpp

6.2 RecordEntry.hpp

```
/******

* \file RecordEntry.hpp

* \brief Class that defines an entry in a dirve record.

* \brief This record entry is used by the drive record class.

* \brief The drive record class stores multiple record entries.
     * \author Simon Offenberger
* \date October 2025
    #ifndef RECORD_ENTRY_HPP
#define RECORD_ENTRY_HPP
13
    #include <chrono>
#include "Object.hpp"
14
15
     using TDate = std::chrono::year_month_day;
19
20
21
     class RecordEntry : public Object {
24
           * \brief CTOR of a drive record.
          * \param date : date when the drive happend
* \param distance : the distance of the drive in km
26
28
         RecordEntry(const \ TDate \ \& \ date, const \ size\_t \ \& \ distance) : m\_date \{ \ date \ \}, \ m\_distance \{ \ distance \} \ \{ \} 
30
31
32
33
           \star \brief Getter of the distance member of the Record Entry Class.
34
          \star \return Distance of this Record Entry
35
36
         size_t GetDistance() const;
```

```
38
39
40
         \star \brief Getter of the data member of the Record Entry Class.
         \star \return Date of this Record Entry
42
43
        TDate GetDate() const;
44
45
46
47
48
49
50
          * \return Referenced ostream
51
52
53
54
55
56
        virtual std::ostream& Print(std::ostream& ost = std::cout) const override;
        * \param rh : Righthandside of the less than operator
        * \return true: left hand side is less than the right hand side.
* \return false: left hand side is greather or equal than the right hand side.
57
58
59
60
       bool operator<(const RecordEntry& rh) const;
61
62
       TDate m_date; // private date member size_t m_distance; // private distance member
63
64
65
66
67
68
    #endif // !1
```

6.3 RecordEntry.cpp

```
* \file RecordEntry.cpp
* \brief
   #include "RecordEntry.hpp"
   using namespace std;
12
13
   size_t RecordEntry::GetDistance() const
14
15
     return m_distance;
16
17
  TDate RecordEntry::GetDate() const
18
19
     return m date;
20
21
22
   std::ostream& RecordEntry::Print(std::ostream& ost) const
24
     if (!ost.good()) throw Object::ERROR_BAD_OSTREAM;
    26
27
28
29
30
     if (ost.fail()) throw Object::ERROR_FAIL_WRITE;
32
33
     return ost;
```

```
34 }
35 
36 bool RecordEntry::operator<(const RecordEntry& rh) const
37 {
38    return m_date < rh.m_date;
39 }
```

6.4 DriveRecord.hpp

```
10
   #ifndef DRIVE_RECORD_HPP
#define DRIVE_RECORD_HPP
   #include <set>
#include "RecordEntry.hpp"
#include "Object.hpp"
15
16
   // Using statement for the used container to store the record entries
using TCont = std::multiset<RecordEntry>;
18
19
   class DriveRecord : public Object {
public:
21
22
23
24
25
       \star \brief Methode for adding a record entry to a collection of drive records.
27
      \star \param entry : Record to be added to the colletion
28
29
      void AddRecord(const RecordEntry & entry);
30
31
32
33
34
35
       \star \brief This methode adds up all the distance of all record entries.
       \star \return the sum of all distances in the collection
36
37
      size_t GetMilage() const;
      38
39
40
41
       * \param ost : Reference to an ostream where the Entries should be printed at.  
* \return Referenced ostream
42
43
44
      virtual std::ostream& Print(std::ostream& ost = std::cout) const override;
45
46
47
   private:
48
49
50
      TCont m_driveRecords;
   #endif // !1
```

6.5 DriveRecord.cpp

```
#include <numeric>
   #include "DriveRecord.hpp"
    void DriveRecord::AddRecord(const RecordEntry& entry)
      m_driveRecords.insert(entry);
10
   size_t DriveRecord::GetMilage() const
      return std::accumulate(m_driveRecords.cbegin(), m_driveRecords.cend(), static_cast<size_t>(0),
    [](const size_t val,const RecordEntry& entry) {return val + entry.GetDistance();});
12
13
14
15
16
   std::ostream& DriveRecord::Print(std::ostream& ost) const
17
18
       if (!ost.good()) throw Object::ERROR_BAD_OSTREAM;
20
      std::for_each(m_driveRecords.cbeqin(), m_driveRecords.cend(), [&](const RecordEntry& entry) {entry.Print(ost);});
21
22
23
       if (ost.fail()) throw Object::ERROR_FAIL_WRITE;
24
25
       return ost;
```

6.6 Garage.hpp

```
* \file Vehicle.hpp
* \brief This Class implements a polymorph container containing
* \brief all derivatives of the 'Vehicle' Class.
    *********

#include <vector>
#include <string>
#include "Object.hpp"
#include "Vehicle.hpp"
    using TGarageCont = std::vector<Vehicle const*>;
14
15
16
17
    class Garage : public Object {
    public:
18
        inline static const std::string ERROR_NULLPTR= "ERROR: Passed in Nullptr!";
19
20
21
        Garage() = default;
22
23
         24
25
26
27
28
          * \brief A car is a Vehicle.

* \brief This casted Pointer is copied ito this methode and added to the collection
* \param newVehicle : Pointer to a Vehicle.
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
        void AddVehicle(Vehicle const * const newVehicle);
         * \brief deletes Vehicle inside garage from provided pointer.
* \param pVehicle : Pointer to a Vehicle.
         void DeleteVehicle(Vehicle * const pVehicle);
```

```
38
39
            * \brief Functions searches for vehicle with matching plate.
* \param pVehicle : Pointer to a Vehicle.
* \return pointer to the vehicle inside the garage
41
42
43
44
45
46
47
            const Vehicle* SearchPlate(const std::string & plate);
            /**

* \brief Formatted of every car and its drive record

* \param ost : Reference to an ostream where the Entry should be printed at.

* \return Referenced ostream
48
49
            std::ostream& Print(std::ostream& ost = std::cout) const override;
50
51
52
53
54
55
56
57
            // TODO: Copy / assignement implementation // is identical to the Simple Animal Project.
            Garage(const Garage&);
           void operator=(Garage garage);
            ~Garage();
58
59
60
            TGarageCont m_vehicles;
61
```

6.7 Garage.cpp

```
* \lambda Venicie.C

* \brief Implementation of Garage.h

* \author Simon Vogelhuber
      * \date October 2025
     #include "Garage.hpp"
     #include <algorithm>
     * \brief Adds a vehicle to a vehicle collection.

* \brief A specific vehicle is passed in and casted to a vehicle Pointer.

* \brief This is allowed because Car,Truck and Bike are derived from Vehicle.

* \brief A car is a Vehicle.
     * \brief This casted Pointer is copied ito this methode and added to the collection * \param newVehicle : Pointer to a Vehicle.
15
16
17
18
19
     void Garage::AddVehicle(Vehicle const * const newVehicle)
20
21
           if (newVehicle == nullptr) throw ERROR_NULLPTR;
22
           m_vehicles.push_back(newVehicle);
23
24
25
26
27
     * \brief deletes Vehicle inside garage from provided pointer.
* \param pVehicle : Pointer to a Vehicle.
28
29
     void Garage::DeleteVehicle(Vehicle* pVehicle)
30
          // if pVehicle is inside m_Vehicles -> erase and free
auto itr = std::find(m_vehicles.begin(), m_vehicles.end(), pVehicle);
if (itr != m_vehicles.end())
32
33
34
35
                 m_vehicles.erase(itr);
36
37
38
39
                 delete pVehicle;
40
      \star \brief Functions searches for vehicle with matching plate.
```

```
* \param pVehicle : Pointer to a Vehicle.
* \return pointer to the vehicle inside the garage
43
44
45
     const Vehicle* Garage::SearchPlate(const std::string & plate)
46
47
          for (const auto &elem : m_vehicles)
48
49
50
51
52
53
              if (elem->GetPlate() == plate)
                     return elem;
54
55
56
57
         return nullptr;
58
59
     * \brief Formatted of every car and its drive record

* \param ost : Reference to an ostream where the Entry should be printed at.

* \return Referenced ostream
60
61
62
63
     std::ostream& Garage::Print(std::ostream& ost) const
64
65
         if (ost.fail())
66
67
                throw Object::ERROR_BAD_OSTREAM;
68
          for (auto& elem : m_vehicles)
69
70
71
              elem->Print(ost);
72
73
74
75
76
77
78
         return ost;
    Garage::Garage(const Garage&)
          for_each(
              m_vehicles.cbegin(), m_vehicles.cend(),
[&](auto v) {AddVehicle(v->Clone());
80
82
83
     void Garage::operator=(Garage garage)
84
86
          std::swap(m_vehicles, garage.m_vehicles);
87
88
89
90
91
     * \brief Frees every vehicle from memory.
* \brief Caution! pointers get invalidated.
92
93
    Garage::~Garage()
94
          for (auto elem : m_vehicles)
95
96
97
98
99
              delete elem;
100
          m_vehicles.clear();
101
```

6.8 Vehicle.hpp

```
11
   #include "Object.hpp"
#include "DriveRecord.hpp"
13
14
15
   // Enumeration for a fuel type
   enum TFuel {
   Diesel = 0,
   Benzin = 1,
16
17
      Elektro = 2,
19
20
21
   class Vehicle: public Object {
22
23
   public:
24
25
26
27
       \star \brief Getter for the brand member.
28
29
       \star \return string with the brand name
30
      std::string GetBrand() const;
31
      32
33
34
35
       * \return string with the plate name
36
37
      std::string GetPlate() const;
38
39
40
       \star \brief Getter for the fuel member.
41
42
43
44
45
      TFuel GetFuelType() const;
46
47
48
       * \brief Getter for the drive record.
49
50
       \star \return const reference to the drive record
51
52
53
54
55
56
57
58
      const DriveRecord & GetDriveRecord() const;
      * \param plate : string that represents the plate
      void SetPlate(const std::string & plate);
59
60
61
       * \brief Methode for adding a record entry to the drive record collection.
62
63
64
       \star \param entry : Entry which should be added to the drive recod
      void AddRecord(const RecordEntry& entry);
65
66
67
68
       * \brief Getter for the total milage of a vehicle.
69
70
        \star \return Total milage of a vehicle
71
72
73
74
75
76
77
78
79
80
      size_t GetMilage() const;
        * @brief Creates a clone of the vehicle.
       * \return a excat replicate of a vehicle
      virtual Vehicle const* Clone() const = 0;
```

6.9 Vehicle.cpp

```
#include "Vehicle.hpp"
   std::string Vehicle::GetBrand() const
       return m_brand;
   std::string Vehicle::GetPlate() const
10
       return m_plate;
11
13
   TFuel Vehicle::GetFuelType() const
14
15
       return m_fuel;
16
17
18
19
   const DriveRecord & Vehicle::GetDriveRecord() const
20
21
       return m_record;
   void Vehicle::SetPlate(const std::string & plate)
24
25
       m_plate = plate;
26
27
28
29
   void Vehicle::AddRecord(const RecordEntry& entry)
30
31
       m_record.AddRecord(entry);
32
33
34
35
36
   size_t Vehicle::GetMilage() const
       return m_record.GetMilage();
```

6.10 Car.hpp

6.11 Car.cpp

```
#include "Car.hpp"

using namespace std;

std::ostream& Car::Print(std::ostream& ost) const

{
    if (!ost.good()) throw Object::ERROR_BAD_OSTREAM;

    ost <<endl<< left << setw(14) << "Fahrzeugart:" << "Auto" << endl;
    ost << left << setw(14) << "Marke:" << GetBrand() << endl;
    ost << left << setw(14) << "Kennzeichen:" << GetPlate() << endl;
    GetDriveRecord().Print(ost);

if (ost.fail()) throw Object::ERROR_FAIL_WRITE;

return ost;
}

Vehicle const* Car::Clone() const

{
    return new Car(*this);
}

return new Car(*this);
}</pre>
```

6.12 Truck.hpp

6.13 Truck.cpp

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6.14 Bike.hpp		
6.15 Bike.cpp		