## Dyplr&Data.table

## Simon Ress

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## R Markdown

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When you click the **Knit** button a document will be generated that includes both content as well as the output of any embedded R code chunks within the document. You can embed an R code chunk like this:

Getting the number of distinct/unique values in a variable

... grouped by another variable

dplyr

```
data %>%
                                                data.dt[,
  group_by(fed) %>%
                                                         .(n = uniqueN(Country)),
  summarize(n = n distinct(Country)) %>%
                                                         by = "fed"][1:4]
 head(4)
                                                ##
                                                       fed n
## 'summarise()' ungrouping output (override w##h1: grpupg' argument)
                                                       NA 32
                                                ## 2:
## # A tibble: 4 x 2
                                                ## 3:
                                                         0 15
       fed
##
               n
                                                ## 4:
                                                         2 5
##
     <int> <int>
## 1
         0
              15
               2
## 2
         1
## 3
         2
               5
## 4
              32
        NA
... filter by values of two other variables
dplyr
                                                data.table
gapminder %>%
                                                data.dt <- as.data.table(gapminder)</pre>
  filter(lifeExp >= 30, lifeExp <= 60) %>%
                                                data.dt[lifeExp >= 30 & lifeExp <= 60,</pre>
  group by(continent) %>%
                                                         .(n = uniqueN(country)),
  summarize(n = n_distinct(country)) %>%
                                                         by = "continent"][1:4]
 head(4)
                                                ##
                                                       continent n
## 'summarise()' ungrouping output (override w##h1: groups; argument)
                                                ## 2:
                                                          Europe 7
## # A tibble: 4 x 2
                                                ## 3:
                                                          Africa 52
##
     continent
                                                ## 4: Americas 19
##
     <fct>
                <int>
## 1 Africa
                   52
## 2 Americas
                   19
## 3 Asia
                   29
## 4 Europe
                    7
... filter by values of two other variables
base-R
                                dplyr
                                                                 data.table
aggregate(country ~ continent, gapminder %>%
                                                                 data.dt <- as.data.table(gapminder)</pre>
          data = subset(gapmin filter(lifeExp >= 30, lifeEx data.dt[lifeExp >= 30 & lifeExp <= 60,
          function(x) count=n_
                                  group_by(continent) %>%
                                                                         .(n = uniqueN(country)),
                                  summarize(n = n_distinct(cou
                                                                         by = "continent"]
                                ## 'summarise()' ungrouping out##ut (cocentriindentwith '.groups' argument)
                                                                 ## 1:
                                                                            Asia 29
                                ## # A tibble: 4 x 2
                                                                 ## 2:
                                                                          Europe 7
##
     continent country
                                      continent
                                ##
                                                    n
                                                                 ## 3:
                                                                          Africa 52
## 1
        Africa
                     52
                                      <fct>
                                                <int>
                                                                 ## 4: Americas 19
                     25
## 2
      Americas
                                ## 1 Africa
                                                   52
## 3
          Asia
                     33
                                ## 2 Americas
                                                   19
                                ## 3 Asia
## 4
        Europe
                     30
                                                    29
## 5
       Oceania
                      2
                                ## 4 Europe
                                                    7
```

data.table