```
1
     /* COM1003 Java Programming
 2
         Autumn Semester 2018-9
 3
         Programming Assignment 2
 4
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 6
 7
         Written on: 20/11/18
 8
     */
 9
10
     import sheffield.*;
11
12
     public class Dragon {
13
14
         public static void main(String[] args) {
15
             // Set scalling variable, window dimensions, and original picture dimensions
16
17
             final int SCALLING = 3;
18
             final int WINDOW WIDTH = 188;
19
             final int WINDOW HEIGHT = 130;
20
             final int PICTURE WIDTH = 130;
21
             final int PICTURE HEIGHT = 188;
22
23
             EasyReader fileInput = new EasyReader("dragon.txt");
24
25
             // Creating a scalled graphics window
26
             EasyGraphics picture = new EasyGraphics (WINDOW WIDTH * SCALLING, WINDOW HEIGHT * SCALLING);
27
28
             // creating character array for storing the encrypted picture version
29
             char[][] letter = new char[PICTURE HEIGHT][PICTURE WIDTH];
30
31
             // Read characters from the file one row at a time
32
             for (int i = 0; i < letter.length; i++) {
33
                 for (int j = 0; j < letter[i].length; j++) {</pre>
34
35
                     letter[i][j] = fileInput.readChar();
36
37
             }
38
39
             // Plots the drawing on to the canvas
40
             for (int i = 0; i < letter.length; i++) {</pre>
```

```
41
                 for (int j = 0; j < letter[i].length; j++) {</pre>
42
43
                     // if the number is even then it's represented area is coloured green for the dragon
                     if ((int) letter[i][j] % 2 == 0) {
44
45
46
                         picture.setColor(0, 255, 0);
                         picture.fillRectangle(i * SCALLING, j * SCALLING, SCALLING);
47
48
                     // if the number is odd, then it's represented area is coloured black
49
50
                     else {
51
52
                         picture.setColor(0, 0, 0);
                         picture.fillRectangle(i * SCALLING, j * SCALLING, SCALLING);
53
54
55
56
             }
57
             // minimum and maximum fire burst duration
58
59
             int minFireTime = 1;
             int maxFireTime = 5;
60
61
62
             // minimum and maximum wait duration between fire bursts
63
             int minWaitTime = 1;
64
             int maxWaitTime = 3;
65
66
             // produces 3 randomly timed fire bursts
             for (int k = 0; k < 3; k++) {
67
68
69
                 // waits between 1 and 3 sec for the fire burst to appear
70
                 picture.waitSeconds(minWaitTime +
71
                                      (int) (Math.random() * ((maxWaitTime - minWaitTime) + 1)));
72
7.3
                 // plots the fire burst on the canvas
74
                 for (int i = 0; i < letter.length; i++) {</pre>
75
                     for (int j = 0; j < letter[i].length; j++) {
76
77
                         /* if the Unicode number is odd and divisible by 3
78
                            then number's represented area will be plotted red to make fire appear*/
79
                         if (((int) letter[i][i] % 3 == 0) && ((int) letter[i][i] % 2 != 0)) {
80
```

```
picture.setColor(255, 0, 0);
 81
                              picture.fillRectangle(i * SCALLING, j * SCALLING, SCALLING);
 82
 83
 84
 85
                  }
 86
 87
                  // waits between 1 and 5 sec for the fire burst to disappear
                  picture.waitSeconds (minFireTime +
 88
 89
                                      (int) (Math.random() * ((maxFireTime - minFireTime) + 1)));
 90
 91
                  // fire burst is plotted with black and it disappears
                  for (int i = 0; i < letter.length; i++) {</pre>
 92
 93
                      for (int j = 0; j < letter[i].length; j++) {</pre>
 94
                          /* if the Unicode number is odd and divisible by 3
 95
                             then number's represented area will be plotted
 96
                             black to make the fire disappear */
 97
                          if (((int) letter[i][j] % 3 == 0) && ((int) letter[i][j] % 2 != 0)) {
 98
 99
                              picture.setColor(0, 0, 0);
100
                              picture.fillRectangle(i * SCALLING, j * SCALLING, SCALLING);
101
102
103
104
105
106
107
```