## my Taxi Service

\_

## **Project Plan Document**

Davide Cremona (matr. 852365), Simone Deola (matr. 788181)

January 22, 2016

# **Contents**

1	Introduction			2
2 Project Size, Effort and Cost				3
	2.1	Projec	t Size	3
		2.1.1	Internal Logical Files	5
		2.1.2	External Interface Files	5
		2.1.3	External Inputs	5
		2.1.4	External Inquiries	5
		2.1.5	External Outputs	5
		2.1.6	Computation of Unadjusted Function Points	5
		2.1.7	Fixing Unadjusted Function Points	5
3	Project Tasks and Schedule			6
4	Resources Allocation			7
5	Project Risks and Recovery Actions			8

# Introduction

## **Project Size, Effort and Cost**

#### 2.1 Project Size

The purpose of this section is to estimate Function Points to give an estimation of the project size. We will use this Size Estimation Procedure:

- Determine the function counts by type: Count the number of functions for each Function Type.
- Determine the complexity level for each Function Type.
- Apply weights to the Function Types.
- Compute the Function Points for each Function Type.

Each subsection will take in account a different User Function Type. User Function Types are described in the following table:

	Count each unique user data or user control input
External Innut (Innuts)	type that (i) enters the external boundary of the
External Input (Inputs)	software system being measured and (ii) adds or changes
	data in a logical internal file.
	Count each unique user data or control output type
External Output (Outputs)	that leaves the external boundary of the software system
	being measured.
	Count each major logical group of user data or control
Internal Legical File	information in the software system as a logical internal
Internal Logical File	file type. Include each logical file (e.g., each logical group
(Files)	of data) that is generated, used, or maintained by the
	software system.
External Interface Files	Files passed or shared between software systems should
(Interfaces)	be counted as external interface file types within each system.
	Count each unique input-output combination, where an
External Inquiry (Queries)	input causes and generates an immediate output, as an
,	external inquiry type.

Table 2.1: Function Types

To determine the complexity level of each Function Type, it's used the following tables:

For ILF and EIF					
Record	Data Elements				
Elements	1 - 19	20 - 50	51+		
1	Low	Low	Average		
2 - 5	Low	Average	High		
6+	Average	High	High		

Table 2.2: External Inputs and External Interface Files complexity distribution

For EO and EQ					
Record	Data Elements				
Elements	1 - 5	6 - 19	20+		
0 or 1	Low	Low	Average		
2 - 3	Low	Average	High		
4+	Average	High	High		

Table 2.3: External Output and External Inquiries complexity distribution

Weights			
Function Type	Complexity-Weight		
Function Type	Low	Average	High
Internal Logical Files	7	10	15
External Interface Files	5	7	10
External Inputs	3	4	6
External Outputs	4	5	7
External Inquiries	3	4	6

Table 2.5: Function Types Weights

For El					
Record	Da	nta Elemer	ıts		
Elements	1 - 4	5 - 15	16+		
0 or 1	Low	Low	Average		
2 - 3	Low	Average	High		
3+	Average	High	High		

Table 2.4: External Inputs complexity distribution

To determine the weights for each Function type, the following table has been used (for each Function Type, a weight is assigned):

- 2.1.1 Internal Logical Files
- 2.1.2 External Interface Files
- 2.1.3 External Inputs
- 2.1.4 External Inquiries
- 2.1.5 External Outputs
- 2.1.6 Computation of Unadjusted Function Points
- 2.1.7 Fixing Unadjusted Function Points

# **Project Tasks and Schedule**

# **Resources Allocation**

# **Project Risks and Recovery Actions**