

Optimization Methods for Machine Learning - Fall 2020

## PROJECT # 2

### Support Vector Machines

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#### Instructions

The project will be done in groups formed by 1 to 4 people: each group must hand in their own answers. We will be assuming that, as participants in a graduate course, every single student will be taking the responsibility to make sure his/her personal understanding of the solution to any work arising from such collaboration.

#### Submission

Projects must be uploaded using a google form <https://forms.gle/hFpJDembTM2aBu1z9>. Each team leader is in charge for uploading the files.

The team must upload the python files following the instructions at the end of the project. A typed report in English and in pdf format must be uploaded too. **The report must be of at most 4 pages excluded figures that must be put at the end. Do not include part of the python coding.**

#### Evaluation criteria

The grade is “Italian style” namely in the range  $[0,30]$ , being 18 the minimum degree to pass the exam. Project is due at latest at midnight on the due date. For late submissions, the score will be decreased. It is worth 85% for the next 48 hours. It is worth 70% from 48 to 120 hours after the due date. It is worth 50% credit after 120 hours delay.

The second project accounts for 35% of the total vote of the exam.

For the evaluation of the second project the following criteria will be used:

1. 60% check of the implementation
2. 40% quality of the overall project as explained in the report.

In this project you will implement different optimization methods for training Support Vector Machines (supervised learning) in order to solve a classification problem.

### Data sets.

You are asked to build a classifier that distinguishes between images of handwritten digits from the MNIST database. It is a good database for trying learning techniques on real-world data while spending minimal efforts on preprocessing and formatting. Each sample is a 28x28 grayscale image, associated with a label. **It is necessary to scale the data before the optimization.**

You will be given a full dataset and you will extract the target set made up of images belonging to two (Question 1,2,3) or three (bonus question) classes. Instruction on how to import the data in Python will be provided in a separate file.

For the Questions 1, 2 and 3, the target set will be made of images of the number 3 and 8 (identified by the labels 3 and 8, in the target set, respectively). In the bonus question, there will also be images of 6 (label 6). You are not given a test set. You can obtain it by randomly splitting the target set into a training set and a test set with a percentage of 80 %, 20%. Use one of your matricola numbers as a seed for the random split. A  $k$ -fold cross validation can be used to set the hyperparameters. Please note that the teacher has defined a test set that might be used to check the accuracy of your models.

**The SVM problem** Consider a nonlinear SVM with kernel  $k(\cdot, \cdot)$  and the corresponding nonlinear decision function

$$y(x) = \text{sign} \left( \sum_{p=1}^P \alpha_p y^p k(x^p, x) + b \right)$$

where  $\alpha, b$  are obtained as the optimal solution of the dual nonlinear SVM problem.

As kernel function you may choose either a RBF kernel

$$k(x, y) = e^{-\gamma \|x - y\|^2}$$

where  $\gamma > 0$  is an hyper parameter, or a polynomial kernel

$$k(x, y) = (x^T y + 1)^\gamma$$

with hyper parameter  $\gamma \geq 1$ .

You are requested to train the SVM, namely to both set the values of the hyperparameters  $C$  and  $\gamma$  with an heuristic procedure, and to find the values of the parameters  $\alpha, b$  with an optimization procedure. For this last task you need to follow the different optimization procedures described in the following questions.

### Question 1.

**(max score up 24)** Write a program to find the solution of the SVM dual quadratic problem. Apply any procedure for identifying the values of the hyperparameters  $C$  and  $\gamma$ . To find the solution of the SVM dual quadratic problem, you can use any routine that exploits the gradient of the objective function. Note that using *specific* method for Quadratic Programming problems would be preferable and it will lead to better optimization performances.

**Question 2. (max score up to 27)** Use the same kernel and hyperparameters of Question 1. Write a program which implements a decomposition method for the dual quadratic problem with any **even** value  $q \geq 4$ . You must define the selection rule of the working set, construct the subproblem at each iteration and use a standard algorithm for its solution. You can use any routine that exploits the gradient of the objective function. However the use of specific method for quadratic programming would be preferable. You must implement in the outer optimization loop a stopping criterion based on the optimality conditions.

**Question 3. (max score up to 30)** Fix the dimension of the subproblem to  $q = 2$  and implement the most violating pair (MVP) decomposition method which uses the analytic solution of the subproblems.

**Question 4. Additional bonus exercise. (1 point bonus)**

Consider a three classes problem with the classes of digits 3, 6, 8. Implement a SVM strategy for multiclass classification (either one against one or one against all).

**In the report you must state:**

- the chosen kernel;
- Only for Question 1: the final setting for the hyper parameter  $C$  (upper bound of the constraints of the dual problem) and of the hyper parameter of the kernel chosen; how you have chosen them and if you could identify values that highlight over/under fitting;
- Only for Question 1 and Question 2: which optimization routine you use for solving the quadratic minimization problem and the setting of its parameters, if any;
- For each Question:
  - machine learning performances: report the value of the accuracy on the training and test set; (for question 1, report also the value of the validation accuracy, if computed).
  - optimization performance: report the initial and final value of the objective function of the dual problem, the number of iterations, the number of function evaluations, the violation of the KKT condition, either as it is returned by the optimization routine used or evaluated by yourselves.

The comparison among all the implemented methods - in term of accuracy in learning and computational effort in training - must be gathered into a final table (an example below)

	hyperparameters			ML performance		optimization performance			
question	$C$	$\gamma$	$q$	Training accuracy	Test accuracy	number its	number fun evals	KKT viol	cpu time
Q1									
Q2									
Q3									
Q4									

## Instructions for python code

You are allowed to organize the code as you prefer **BUT** for each question  $i = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$  you have to create a different folder where you must provide two files:

- A file called **run\_i\_GroupName.py** (e.g. run\_1\_Example.py,). This file will be the only one executed in phase of verification of the work done. It can include all the classes, import all the functions and libraries you used for solving the specific question  $i$  but it has to print **ONLY**:
  - Setting values of the hyperparameters
  - classification rate on the training set (% instances correctly classified)
  - classification rate on the test set (% instances correctly classified)
  - The confusion matrix
  - Time necessary for the optimization
  - number of optimization iterations
  - difference between  $m(\alpha)$  and  $M(\alpha)$

Furthermore, in question 2 you must print also:

- value of  $q$

Please, in order to maintain the code as clean/clear as possible, do not define functions inside the run\_i\_GroupName.py file, but make it call functions defined in other files.

- A file with the complete code you have written that includes all the functions that are called from the **run\_i\_GroupName.py file** and all the procedures that have been used to select the hyperparameters.

Further instructions for the python code might be provided in the near future.