



**SVKM's NMIMS**  
**MUKESH PATEL SCHOOL OF TECHNOLOGY MANAGEMENT & ENGINEERING**

Programme: MBA Tech (COMPUTER)

Year: II

Semester: IV

**Academic Year: 2016-2017**

Subject: Computer Network

Date: 08 May 2017

Marks: 70

Time: 2.00 pm to 5.00 pm

Durations: 3 (hrs)

No. of pages: 2

**Final-Examination**

**Instructions:** Candidates should read carefully the instructions printed on the question paper and on the cover of the Answer Book, which is provided for their use.

- 1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.
- 2) Out of remaining questions, attempt any four questions.
- 3) **In all five questions to be attempted.** (Compulsory)
- 4) All questions carry equal marks.
- 5) **Answer to each new question to be started on a fresh page.** (Compulsory)
- 6) All questions carry equal marks.
- 7) Assume Suitable data if necessary.

Q1.

- a) Difference between i) broadcasting and multicasting  
ii) connection-oriented and connectionless Service [2 marks each]
- b) What is framing? Explain Bit Stuffing and what is the output string for input string 10010000001100000100 if the flag pattern is 10000001? [3]
- c) The message 11001001 is to be transmitted using the CRC Polynomial  $x^3+1$  to protect it from errors. Find out the message that should be transmitted. [3]
- d) Categorise the IP Address into various classes. [4]

Q2.

- a) Explain the OSI Layered architecture. [7]
- b) What is switching? Compare circuit and packet switching. [7]

Q3.

- a) Compare Analog and Digital signals. [8]
- b) Explain the following terms (Any 4): [6]
  - i) Data Rate
  - ii) Channel capacity
  - iii) Transfer Time
  - iv) Transmission Time
  - v) Propagation Time

Q4.

- a) The distance between two stations M and N is 'L' km. All frames are 'K' bits long. The propagation delay per kilometre is 't' seconds. Let R b/s be the channel capacity. What is the minimum number of bits for the sequence number field in a frame? [7]
- b) Explain the CSMA/CD (Carrier Sense Multiple Access/Collision Detection) method in detail. [7]

Q5.

- a) Explain IPv4 header format with the help of neat suitable diagram. [7]
- b) If a class B network on the network has a subnet mask of 255.255.248.0, what is the maximum number of hosts per subnet? [3]
- c) Explain the Dijkstra's Shortest Path Algorithm with example. [4]

Q6.

- a) Explain the features of transmission control protocol. Draw the header format of TCP. [7]
- b) Explain about the following issues of transport protocol : [7]
- i) Establishing a connection
- ii) Releasing a connection

Q7.

- a) Explain DNS addressing scheme. [7]
- b) Match the following:- [7]

List I	List II
1) Data Link Layer	a) Path determination and IP.
2) Network Layer	b) Ensures reliable transport of data over a physical point-to-point link.
3) Transport Layer	c) Inter host Communication
4) Presentation	d) Allows end-to-end communication between two processes.
5) Session	e) Network Process to application
6) Application	f) Media, signal and binary transmission
7) Physical	g) Data representation and encryption.

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