

Inheritance

Nested Classes



Nested Classes

- A class defined within another class
 - Not defined in a separate *.java file
 - Only accessible through outer class
- Can improve maintainability
 - Reduces number of files (but not number of classes)
 - Groups together related classes into one file

<http://docs.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/java/javaOO/nested.html>



Nested Classes

- Increases encapsulation/information hiding for small classes used by only one other class
- Can combine composition, inheritance relationships
 - Outer class *has-a* inner class
 - Inner class *is-a* other class

<http://docs.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/java/javaOO/nested.html>



Types of Nested Classes

- **Inner Class**

- A non-static nested class **dependent** on a specific instance of the outer class

- **Static Nested Class**

- A **static** nested class that is **independent** of an instance of the outer class

<http://docs.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/java/javaOO/nested.html>



Nested Class Initialization

- **Inner Class**

- Must have instance of outer class to initialize
- `Outer outer = new Outer();`
`Outer.Inner in = outer.new Inner();`

- **Static Nested Class**

- May initialize without an instance of outer class
- `Outer.Static in = new Outer.Static();`

<http://docs.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/java/javaOO/nested.html>



Outer Member Access

- **Inner Classes**

- May access private instance members of outer class
- May access private class members of outer class

- **Static Nested Classes**

- May *not* access any instance members of outer class
- May access any class members of outer class

<http://docs.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/java/javaOO/nested.html>



Anonymous Classes

- A nested, local class without an explicit name
 - Declared, defined, and instantiated at same time
 - Specify one class or interface to extend/implement
 - Give implementations of abstract methods
- Used for classes defined and used only once
 - Commonly used to create `Comparator` objects
 - Commonly used in multithreading

<http://docs.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/java/javaOO/anonymousclasses.html>



Example Anonymous Class

```
1 Runnable r = new Runnable() {  
2     public void run() {  
3         System.out.println("Hello!");  
4     }  
5 }; // note semicolon!
```

<http://docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/api/java/lang/Runnable.html>





CHANGE THE WORLD FROM HERE