

Data Structures

Basic Types



Basic Types

- Array
- List
- Set
- Map

Basic Types

• Array: Fixed-size sequence of elements

• **List:** Sequence of elements

• **Set:** Unique collection of elements

• Map: Unique keys paired to values

Basic Properties

- All **sequences** have an index/position/offset
- All are of finite; have a size/length property
- All store elements of the same type*
- All **abstract data types**; speed of operations dependent on specific implementation

Arrays

- Stores a **sequence** of elements
 - Each element has an associated index
- Allows duplicate elements of same type
- Size may **NOT** change after initialization
- Often implies sequential **memory** allocation

Lists

- Stores a **sequence** of elements
 - Each element has an associated index
- Allows duplicate elements of same type
- Size MAY grow or shrink after initialization
- More flexible but slightly slower than arrays

Sets

- Stores a collection of elements
 - No indices, but still has a size
- Stores unique elements of same type
- Size MAY grow or shrink after initialization
- Usually faster at searching than lists

Maps

- Stores a **collection** of key, value pairs
 - No indices, but still has a size
- Stores unique key elements
- Allows **duplicate** value elements
- Size MAY grow or shrink after initialization

Summary

Type	Index	Size	Unique	Other
Array	Yes	Fixed	No	Lower-level type
List	Yes	Flexible	No	Searching is slow
Set	No	Flexible	Yes	Searching is fast
Мар	No	Flexible	Keys	Maps key, value pairs



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