## **Walmart Sales Data Analysis Python and SQL**

About This project aims to explore the Walmart Sales data to understand top performing branches and products, sales trend of of different products, customer behaviour. The aims is to study how sales strategies can be improved and optimized. The dataset was obtained from the Kaggle Walmart Sales Forecasting Competition.

"In this recruiting competition, job-seekers are provided with historical sales data for 45 Walmart stores located in different regions. Each store contains many departments, and participants must project the sales for each department in each store. To add to the challenge, selected holiday markdown events are included in the dataset. These markdowns are known to affect sales, but it is challenging to predict which departments are affected and the extent of the impact."

## **Purposes Of The Project**

The major aim of thie project is to gain insight into the sales data of Walmart to understand the different factors that affect sales of the different branches.

```
In [1]:
```

```
#import necessary libraries
import mysql.connector
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import sql.run
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
```

### In [2]:

```
#create a connection and cursor objects
db=mysql.connector.connect(
   host="localhost",
   user="root",
   password="1996",
   database="walmartsales"
)
cursor=db.cursor()
print(db)
```

<mysql.connector.connection\_cext.CMySQLConnection object at 0x00000201A2688220>

```
In [3]:
```

```
sql.run.ResultSet.pretty = None
```

#### In [4]:

```
%load_ext sql
%sql mysql+mysqldb://root:1996@localhost/walmartsales
```

## **Business Questions To Answer**

## **Generic Questions**

## How many unique cities does the data have?

```
In [5]:
```

```
%%sql
SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT city) AS "Number cities"
FROM sales;

* mysql+mysqldb://root:***@localbost/walmartsales
```

\* mysql+mysqldb://root:\*\*\*@localhost/walmartsales
1 rows affected.

Out[5]:

**Number cities** 

3

## In which city is each branch?

## In [6]:

```
%%sql
SELECT
DISTINCT city,
branch
FROM sales;
```

\* mysql+mysqldb://root:\*\*\*@localhost/walmartsales
3 rows affected.

#### Out[6]:

| city      | branch |
|-----------|--------|
| Yangon    | Α      |
| Naypyitaw | С      |
| Mandalay  | В      |

## **PRODUCTS QUESTIONS**

## How many unique product lines does the data have?

```
In [7]:
```

```
%%sql
SELECT
COUNT(DISTINCT product_line) AS "Number of product lines"
FROM sales;
```

\* mysql+mysqldb://root:\*\*\*@localhost/walmartsales 1 rows affected.

Out[7]:

**Number of product lines** 

6

## What is the most common payment method?

## In [8]:

```
%%sql
SELECT
payment,
COUNT(payment) AS cnt
```

```
FROM sales
GROUP BY payment
ORDER BY cnt DESC;
 * mysql+mysqldb://root:***@localhost/walmartsales
3 rows affected.
Out[8]:
  payment cnt
     Cash 344
   Ewallet 342
Credit card 309
cash is the most common payment method
What is the most selling product line?
In [9]:
%%sql
SELECT
product_line,
COUNT(product_line) as cnt
FROM sales
GROUP BY product_line
ORDER BY cnt DESC;
 * mysql+mysqldb://root:***@localhost/walmartsales
6 rows affected.
Out[9]:
        product_line cnt
  Fashion accessories 178
  Food and beverages 174
Electronic accessories 169
    Sports and travel 163
   Home and lifestyle 160
    Health and beauty 151
Fashion accessories is the most selling product line
what is the total revenue by month?
In [10]:
```

```
%%sql
SELECT
month_name AS months,
SUM(total) as revenue
FROM sales
GROUP BY months
ORDER BY revenue DESC ;
```

```
* mysql+mysqldb://root:***@localhost/walmartsales 3 rows affected.
```

#### Out[10]:

months revenue

January 116291.8680

```
mMatths 1088674500
February 95727.3765
```

## What month had the largest COGS?

```
In [11]:
```

```
%%sql
SELECT
month_name AS months,
SUM(cogs) AS cogs
FROM sales
GROUP BY months
ORDER BY cogs DESC;
```

\* mysql+mysqldb://root:\*\*\*@localhost/walmartsales
3 rows affected.

#### Out[11]:

| months   | cogs      |
|----------|-----------|
| January  | 110754.16 |
| March    | 103683.00 |
| February | 91168.93  |

January is the month had the largest COGS

## What product line had the largest revenue?

#### In [12]:

```
%%sql
SELECT
product_line,
SUM(total) AS revenue
FROM sales
GROUP BY product_line
ORDER BY revenue DESC;
```

\* mysql+mysqldb://root:\*\*\*@localhost/walmartsales
6 rows affected.

#### Out[12]:

| product_line           | revenue    |
|------------------------|------------|
| Food and beverages     | 56144.8440 |
| Fashion accessories    | 54305.8950 |
| Sports and travel      | 53936.1270 |
| Home and lifestyle     | 53861.9130 |
| Electronic accessories | 53783.2365 |
| Health and beauty      | 48854.3790 |

Food and beverages had the largest revenue

## What is the city with the largest revenue?

```
In [13]:
```

```
%%sql
SELECT
```

```
city,
SUM(total) as revenue
FROM sales
GROUP BY city
ORDER BY revenue DESC;

* mysql+mysqldb://root:***@localhost/walmartsales
3 rows affected.
Out[13]:
    city revenue
Naypyitaw 110490.7755
Yangon 105861.0105
Mandalay 104534.6085
```

Naypyitaw is the city that had the largest revenue

## What product line had the largest VAT?

```
In [14]:
```

```
%%sql
SELECT
product_line,
AVG(tax_pct) AS VAT
FROM sales
GROUP BY product_line
ORDER BY VAT DESC;
```

\* mysql+mysqldb://root:\*\*\*@localhost/walmartsales
6 rows affected.

#### Out[14]:

| product_line           | VAT         |
|------------------------|-------------|
| Home and lifestyle     | 16.03033124 |
| Sports and travel      | 15.75697549 |
| Health and beauty      | 15.40661591 |
| Food and beverages     | 15.36531029 |
| Electronic accessories | 15.15447632 |
| Fashion accessories    | 14.52806181 |

Home and lifestyle is the productline that had the largest VAT

## Fetch each product line and add a column to those product line showing "Good", "Bad". Good if its greater than average sales

```
In [15]:
```

```
%%sql
SELECT
product_line,SUM(total) AS total_sales,CASE
WHEN SUM(total) > (
    SELECT AVG(line_sales)
    FROM (
     SELECT SUM(total) AS line_sales
    FROM sales
    GROUP BY product_line
    ) AS avg_subquery
)
THEN 'Good'
```

```
ELSE 'Bad'
END AS rating
FROM sales
GROUP BY product line;
* mysql+mysqldb://root:***@localhost/walmartsales
6 rows affected.
Out[15]:
        product_line total_sales rating
  Food and beverages 56144.8440 Good
    Health and beauty 48854.3790
                              Bad
    Sports and travel 53936.1270 Good
  Fashion accessories 54305.8950 Good
   Home and lifestyle 53861.9130 Good
Electronic accessories 53783.2365 Good
Which branch sold more products than average product sold?
In [16]:
%%sql
SELECT
branch,
SUM (quantity) AS qty
FROM sales
GROUP BY branch
```

```
HAVING SUM(quantity) > (SELECT AVG(quantity) FROM sales);
```

\* mysql+mysqldb://root:\*\*\*@localhost/walmartsales 3 rows affected.

### Out[16]:

| branch | qty  |
|--------|------|
| Α      | 1849 |
| С      | 1828 |
| В      | 1795 |

Branch A sold more products than average products sold

## What is the most common product line by gender?

```
In [17]:
```

```
%%sql
SELECT
gender,
product line,
COUNT (gender) AS cnt
FROM sales
GROUP BY gender, product line
ORDER BY cnt DESC;
```

\* mysql+mysqldb://root:\*\*\*@localhost/walmartsales 12 rows affected.

#### Out[17]:

| gender | product_line        | cnt |
|--------|---------------------|-----|
| Female | Fashion accessories | 96  |
| Esmals | Eggd and havarages  | 00  |

| gender<br>Male | roou and beverages  product_line  Health and beauty | cnt<br>88 |
|----------------|---|-----------|
| Female         | Sports and travel                                   | 86        |
| Male           | Electronic accessories                              | 86        |
| Male           | Food and beverages                                  | 84        |
| Female         | Electronic accessories                              | 83        |
| Male           | Fashion accessories                                 | 82        |
| Male           | Home and lifestyle                                  | 81        |
| Female         | Home and lifestyle                                  | 79        |
| Male           | Sports and travel                                   | 77        |
| Female         | Health and beauty                                   | 63        |

In females fashion accessories are the most common productline. In males health and beauty is the most common productline

## What is the average rating of each product line?

```
In [18]:
```

```
%%sql
SELECT
product_line,
ROUND(AVG(rating), 2) AS AVG_rating
FROM sales
GROUP BY product_line
ORDER BY AVG_rating DESC;
```

\* mysql+mysqldb://root:\*\*\*@localhost/walmartsales
6 rows affected.

#### Out[18]:

#### product\_line AVG\_rating

| Food and beverages     | 7.11 |
|------------------------|------|
| Fashion accessories    | 7.03 |
| Health and beauty      | 6.98 |
| Electronic accessories | 6.91 |
| Sports and travel      | 6.86 |
| Home and lifestyle     | 6.84 |

## **SALES QUESTIONS**

## Number of sales made in each time of the day per weekday

#### In [19]:

```
%%sql
SELECT
time_of_day,
COUNT(*) as total_sales
FROM sales
GROUP BY time_of_day
ORDER BY total_sales DESC;
```

\* mysql+mysqldb://root:\*\*\*@localhost/walmartsales
3 rows affected.

## Out[19]:

| time_of_day | total_sales |
|-------------|-------------|
| Evening     | 429         |
| Afternoon   | 376         |
| Morning     | 190         |

## Which of the customer types brings the most revenue?

```
In [20]:
```

```
%%sql
SELECT
customer_type,
SUM(total) as revenue
FROM sales
GROUP BY customer_type
ORDER BY revenue DESC;
```

\* mysql+mysqldb://root:\*\*\*@localhost/walmartsales
2 rows affected.

## Out[20]:

| customer_type | revenue     |
|---------------|-------------|
| Member        | 163625.1015 |
| Normal        | 157261.2930 |

Member customers are customers that bring most revenues

## Which city has the largest tax percent/ VAT (Value Added Tax)?

```
In [21]:
```

```
%%sql
SELECT
city,
AVG(tax_pct) as VAT
FROM sales
GROUP BY city
ORDER BY VAT DESC;
```

\* mysql+mysqldb://root:\*\*\*@localhost/walmartsales
3 rows affected.

## Out[21]:

| city      | VAT         |
|-----------|-------------|
| Naypyitaw | 16.0901085  |
| Mandalay  | 15.13020824 |
| Yangon    | 14.87020798 |

Naypyitaw has the largest VAT

## Which customer type pays the most in VAT?

#### In [22]:

```
%%sql
SELECT
customer_type,
avg(tax_pct) as VAT
```

```
FROM sales
GROUP BY customer_type
ORDER BY VAT DESC;

* mysql+mysqldb://root:***@localhost/walmartsales
2 rows affected.

Out[22]:

customer_type VAT

Member 15.61457214
```

Member cuatomers pays more VAT

Normal 15.0980504

## **CUSTOMER QUESTIONS**

## How many unique customer types does the data have?

```
In [23]:
%%sql
SELECT DISTINCT
customer_type
FROM sales;
```

\* mysql+mysqldb://root:\*\*\*@localhost/walmartsales
2 rows affected.

Out[23]:

#### customer\_type

Normal

Member

the data has two unque customer types, Member and Normal

## What is the most common customer type?

```
In [24]:
```

```
%%sql
SELECT
customer_type,
COUNT(*) AS cnt
FROM sales
GROUP BY customer_type
ORDER BY cnt DESC;
```

\* mysql+mysqldb://root:\*\*\*@localhost/walmartsales
2 rows affected.

Out[24]:

### customer\_type cnt

Member 499

Normal 496

Member customers are the most common customer type

## Which customer type buys the most?

```
%%sql
SELECT
customer_type,
SUM(quantity) as total_quantity
FROM sales
GROUP BY customer_type
ORDER BY total_quantity DESC;
```

\* mysql+mysqldb://root:\*\*\*@localhost/walmartsales
2 rows affected.

#### Out[25]:

In [25]:

#### customer\_type total\_quantity

Member 2773 Normal 2699

Member customers uys the most

## What is the gender of most of the customers?

```
In [26]:
```

```
%%sql
SELECT
gender,
COUNT(*) AS gender_cnt
FROM sales
GROUP BY gender
ORDER BY gender_cnt DESC;
```

\* mysql+mysqldb://root:\*\*\*@localhost/walmartsales 2 rows affected.

## Out[26]:

# Male 498 Female 497

Males are slighty more than females

## What is the gender distribution per branch?

#### In [27]:

```
%%sql
SELECT
gender,
COUNT(*) AS gender_cnt
FROM sales
WHERE branch = 'A'
GROUP BY gender
ORDER BY gender_cnt DESC;
```

\* mysql+mysqldb://root:\*\*\*@localhost/walmartsales
2 rows affected.

#### Out[27]:

#### gender gender\_cnt

Male

179

Bender gender\_t60

## Branch A has more male compared to females

```
In [28]:
```

```
%%sql
SELECT
gender,
COUNT(*) AS gender_cnt
FROM sales
WHERE branch = 'B'
GROUP BY gender
ORDER BY gender_cnt DESC;
```

\* mysql+mysqldb://root:\*\*\*@localhost/walmartsales 2 rows affected.

#### Out[28]:

#### gender gender\_cnt

Male 169 Female 160

## Branch B has more male compared to females

#### In [29]:

```
%%sql
SELECT
gender,
COUNT(*) AS gender_cnt
FROM sales
WHERE branch = 'C'
GROUP BY gender
ORDER BY gender_cnt DESC;
```

\* mysql+mysqldb://root:\*\*\*@localhost/walmartsales 2 rows affected.

#### Out[29]:

#### gender gender\_cnt

| Female | 177 |
|--------|-----|
| Male   | 150 |

#### Branch C has more females compared to males

## Which time of the day do customers give most ratings?

## In [30]:

```
%%sql
SELECT
time_of_day,
AVG(rating) as rating
FROM sales
GROUP BY time_of_day
ORDER BY rating DESC;
```

\* mysql+mysqldb://root:\*\*\*@localhost/walmartsales
3 rows affected.

### Out[30]:

## time\_of\_day rating

```
time of day
Afternoon
    Morning 6.94474
    Evening 6.90536
```

### Customers give most rating in the afternoon

## Which time of the day do customers give most ratings per branch?

```
In [31]:
%%sql
SELECT
time of_day,
AVG(rating) as rating
FROM sales
WHERE branch = 'A'
GROUP BY time of day
ORDER BY rating DESC;
 * mysql+mysqldb://root:***@localhost/walmartsales
3 rows affected.
Out[31]:
time_of_day
            rating
  Afternoon 7.18889
   Morning 7.00548
   Evening 6.87143
For branch A customers give most rating in the afternoon
In [32]:
%%sql
SELECT
time of day,
AVG(rating) as rating
FROM sales
WHERE branch = 'B'
GROUP BY time_of_day
ORDER BY rating DESC;
 * mysql+mysqldb://root:***@localhost/walmartsales
3 rows affected.
Out[32]:
time_of_day
```

## For branch B customers give most rating in the morning

rating

Morning 6.83793 Afternoon 6.81129 Evening 6.75102

```
In [33]:
```

```
%%sql
SELECT
time of day,
AVG(rating) as rating
FROM sales
WHERE branch = 'C'
```

```
GROUP BY time_of_day
ORDER BY rating DESC;
 * mysql+mysqldb://root:***@localhost/walmartsales
3 rows affected.
Out[33]:
time_of_day
            rating
   Evening 7.09859
  Afternoon 7.06667
   Morning 6.97458
For branch C customers give most rating in the evening
Which day fo the week has the best avg ratings?
In [34]:
%%sql
SELECT
day_name,
AVG(rating) AS rating
FROM sales
GROUP BY day name
ORDER BY rating DESC;
 * mysql+mysqldb://root:***@localhost/walmartsales
7 rows affected.
Out[34]:
 day_name
           rating
   Monday 7.13065
    Friday 7.05507
   Tuesday 7.00316
   Sunday 6.98864
  Saturday 6.90183
  Thursday 6.88986
Wednesday 6.76028
Monday has the best average rating
Which day of the week has the best average ratings per branch?
In [35]:
%%sql
SELECT
day_name,
AVG(rating) AS rating
FROM sales
WHERE branch = 'A'
GROUP BY day name
```

ORDER BY rating DESC;

rating

7 rows affected.

Out[35]:

day\_name

\* mysql+mysqldb://root:\*\*\*@localhost/walmartsales

```
        day_frank
        r3th

        Monday
        7.09792

        Sunday
        7.07885

        Tuesday
        7.05882

        Thursday
        6.9587

        Wednesday
        6.84286

        Saturday
        6.746
```

## For branch A friday has the best average rating

```
In [36]:
```

```
%%sql
SELECT
day_name,
AVG(rating) AS rating
FROM sales
WHERE branch = 'B'
GROUP BY day_name
ORDER BY rating DESC;
```

\* mysql+mysqldb://root:\*\*\*@localhost/walmartsales
7 rows affected.

#### Out[36]:

| day_name  | rating  |
|-----------|---------|
| Monday    | 7.26579 |
| Tuesday   | 7.00189 |
| Sunday    | 6.79706 |
| Thursday  | 6.75227 |
| Saturday  | 6.73667 |
| Friday    | 6.69412 |
| Wednesday | 6.37959 |

## For branch B monday has the best average rating

## In [37]:

```
%%sql
SELECT
day_name,
AVG(rating) AS rating
FROM sales
WHERE branch = 'C'
GROUP BY day_name
ORDER BY rating DESC;
```

\* mysql+mysqldb://root:\*\*\*@localhost/walmartsales
7 rows affected.

## Out[37]:

| day_name  | rating  |
|-----------|---------|
| Saturday  | 7.22963 |
| Friday    | 7.20541 |
| Wednesday | 7.064   |
| Monday    | 7.03684 |
| Sunday    | 7.02826 |

| day_name | 6.95185<br><b>rating</b> |
|----------|--------------------------|
| Thursday | 6.95                     |

For branch C saturday has the best average rating

In [ ]: