

TET4100 Kretsanalyse – Løsning

Institutt: Elkraftteknikk

Dato: 2012.08.15

Øving 5

20) Transformator 5.A

20.1) Med høyrehandsregelen finner vi at i_1 of i_2 produserer magnetisk fluks i samme retning.

Det betyr at prikkmarkeringene må begge være enten oppe eller nede.

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21) Transformator 5.B

$$21.1) \quad I_1 = I_2 \cdot \frac{N_2}{N_1} = 5,227 \text{ A}$$

$$P_R = -P_s = 2100 \text{ W}$$

$$R = \frac{P_R}{I_1^2} = 76,85 \Omega$$

$$|Z| = \frac{V_s}{I_1} = 407,5 \Omega$$

$$X_1 = \sqrt{|Z|^2 - R^2} = 400,2 \Omega$$

$$21.2) \quad X_m = \frac{V'_s}{I'_s} = 55000 \Omega$$

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22) Transformator 5.C

$$22.1) \quad V_2 = V_2 \angle 0 = 100 \angle 0^\circ \text{ V}$$

$$I_2 = \frac{V_2}{R_L} = \frac{V_2 \angle 0}{R_L} = I_2 \angle 0 = 2,5 \angle 0^\circ \text{ A}$$

$$I_1 = \frac{1}{n} \cdot I_2 = \frac{1}{n} \cdot I_2 \angle 0 = I_1 \angle 0 = 0,5 \angle 0^\circ \text{ A}$$

$$22.2) \quad V_1 = n \cdot V_2 = n \cdot V_2 \angle 0 = V_1 \angle 0$$

$$V_{\text{inn}} = V_1 + R_s \cdot I_1 = V_1 \angle 0 + R_s \cdot I_1 \angle 0 = V_{\text{inn}} \angle 0 = 510 \angle 0^\circ$$

$$22.3) \quad P = \Re(V_{\text{inn}} \cdot I_1^*) = -V_{\text{inn}} \cdot I_1 = -255 \text{ W}$$

$$22.4) \quad Z_{ab} = R_s + n^2 \cdot Z_L = 120 + 75j$$

$$22.5) \quad R_{ab} = \Re(Z_{ab}) = 120$$

$$X_{ab} = \Im(Z_{ab}) = 75$$

$$\frac{P}{Q} = \frac{-I_1^2 \cdot R_{ab}}{-I_1^2 \cdot X_{ab}} = \frac{R_{ab}}{X_{ab}} = \frac{120}{75} = 1,6$$

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23) Transformator 5.D

$$23.1) \quad Z_L' = n^2 \cdot (R_L + j X_L) = 1800 + j 4500 \Omega$$

$$Z = R_s + j X_s + Z_L' = R_s + n^2 R_L + j (X_s + n^2 X_L) = 3800 + j 5000 \Omega$$

$$23.2) \quad \begin{array}{l} I_1 = \frac{V_s}{Z} \quad V_1 = I_1 Z_L' \\ I_2 = n \cdot I_1 \quad V_2 = \frac{1}{n} V_1 \end{array} \quad \left| \quad \begin{array}{l} I_1 = \frac{V_s}{Z} = 5,17 + j 0,68 \text{ A} \\ I_2 = 15 \cdot I_1 = 77,55 + j 10,2 \text{ A} \\ V_1 = I_1 Z_L' = 12380 + j 22040 \text{ V} \\ V_2 = \frac{1}{15} V_1 = 825,3 + j 1469,3 \text{ V} \end{array} \right.$$

$$23.3) \quad X_s + X_L'^* = X_s + n^{*2} X_L = 0$$

$$n^* = \sqrt{-\frac{X_s}{X_L}} = 14,14 \approx 14$$

$$Z_L'^* = n^{*2} \cdot Z_L = 1568 - j 3920 \Omega$$

$$23.4) \quad \eta = -\frac{P_L}{P_s} = \frac{n^2 R_L}{R_s + n^2 R_L} = 0,31$$

$$\eta^* = -\frac{P_L^*}{P_s^*} = \frac{n^{*2} R_L}{R_s + n^{*2} R_L} = 0,28$$

$$\eta > \eta^*$$