```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

#1. mount Google drive
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount("/content/gdrive")
```

```
Mounted at /content/gdrive
```

```
from google.colab import files
uploaded = files.upload()
```

Choose Files No file chosen Upload widget is only available when the cell has been executed in the current browser session. Please rerun this cell to enable.

Saving train.csv to train.csv

```
import io
df = pd.read_csv(io.BytesIO(uploaded['train.csv']))
df
```

	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	F
0	1	0	3	Braund, Mr. Owen Harris	male	22.0	1	0	A/5 21171	7.2
1	2	1	1	Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th...	female	38.0	1	0	PC 17599	71.2
2	3	1	3	Heikkinen, Miss. Laina	female	26.0	0	0	STON/O2. 3101282	7.9
3	4	1	1	Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)	female	35.0	1	0	113803	53.1

```
df.isnull().sum()
```

```
PassengerId         0
Survived            0
Pclass              0
Name                0
Sex                 0
Age                 0
SibSp               0
Parch               0
Ticket              0
Fare                0
Cabin             687
Embarked            0
HasCabin            0
FamilySize          0
IsAlone             0
CategoricalFare     0
CategoricalAge      0
SexNumerical        0
dtype: int64
```

```
df.isnull().sum()
```

```
PassengerId         0
Survived            0
Pclass              0
Name                0
Sex                 0
Age                 0
SibSp               0
Parch               0
Ticket              0
Fare                0
Cabin             687
Embarked            0
HasCabin            0
FamilySize          0
IsAlone             0
CategoricalFare     0
CategoricalAge      0
SexNumerical        0
dtype: int64
```

```
def fill_na_age(df, colname):
    mean = df['Age'].mean()
    sd = df['Age'].std()
    def fill_empty(x):
        if np.isnan(x):
            return np.random.randint(mean-sd, mean+sd, ())
        return x
    return df[colname].apply(fill_empty).astype(int)
df['Age'] = fill_na_age(df, 'Age')
```

```
def create_feat_familly_size(df):
    return df['SibSp'] + df['Parch'] + 1

df['FamilySize'] = create_feat_familly_size(df)


def create_feat_isalone(df, colname):
    def _is_alone(x):
        if x==1:
            return 1
        return 0

    return df[colname].apply(_is_alone)

df['IsAlone'] = create_feat_isalone(df, 'FamilySize')


def create_feat_categoricalFare(df, colname):
    return pd.qcut(df[colname], 4, labels = [0, 1, 2, 3]).astype(int)
df['CategoricalFare'] = create_feat_categoricalFare(df, 'Fare')


def create_feat_categoricalAge(df, colname):
    return pd.qcut(df[colname], 5, labels = [0, 1, 2, 3, 4]).astype(int)
df['CategoricalAge'] = create_feat_categoricalAge(df, 'Age')


def create_feat_categoricalAge(df, colname):
    return pd.qcut(df[colname], 5, labels = [0, 1, 2, 3, 4]).astype(int)
df['CategoricalAge'] = create_feat_categoricalAge(df, 'Age')


import re
def create_feat_title(df, colname):
    def find_title(x):
        title_search = re.search(' ([A-Za-z]+)\.', x)
        if title_search:
            title = title_search.group(1)
            if title in ['Mlle', 'Ms']:
                return 'Miss'
            elif title in ['Mme', 'Mrs']:
                return 'Mrs'
            elif title=='Mr':
                return 'Mr'
            else:
                return 'Rare'
        return ""

    return_title= df[colname].apply(find_title)
    dict_title = {'Miss': 1, 'Mrs':2, 'Mr':3, 'Rare':4}
    return return_title.replace(dict_title)
df['Title'] = create_feat_title(df, 'Name')
```

```
def create_feat_sex(df, colname):
    def sex(x):
        if x=='male':
            return 1
        return 0

    return df[colname].apply(sex)

df['SexNumerical'] = create_feat_sex(df, 'Sex')
df['Embarked'] = df.Embarked.replace({'S': 0, 'C' : 1, 'Q' : 2})


df.isna().sum()
```

```
PassengerId          0
Survived             0
Pclass               0
Name                 0
Sex                  0
Age                  0
SibSp                0
Parch                0
Ticket               0
Fare                 0
Cabin              687
Embarked             0
HasCabin             0
FamilySize           0
IsAlone              0
CategoricalFare      0
CategoricalAge       0
SexNumerical         0
Title                0
dtype: int64
```

```
drop_list = ['PassengerId', 'Cabin', 'Ticket', 'SibSp', 'Name']
titanic = df.drop(drop_list, axis=1)


corrmat = titanic.corr()
corrmat
```

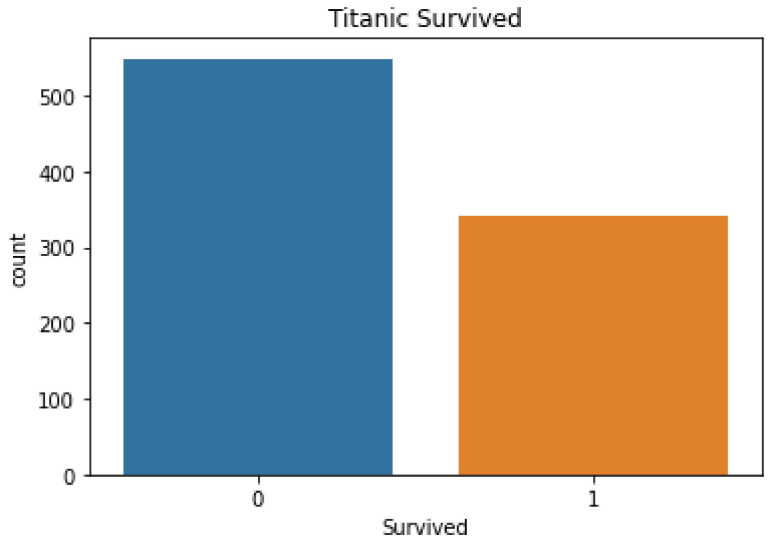
	Survived	Pclass	Age	Parch	Fare	Embarked	HasCabin
Survived	1.000000	-0.338481	-0.055717	0.081629	0.257307	0.106811	0.316912
Pclass	-0.338481	1.000000	-0.322743	0.018443	-0.549500	0.045702	-0.725541
Age	-0.055717	-0.322743	1.000000	-0.177178	0.093048	-0.007816	0.228420
Parch	0.081629	0.018443	-0.177178	1.000000	0.216225	-0.078665	0.036987
Fare	0.257307	-0.549500	0.093048	0.216225	1.000000	0.062142	0.482075
Embarked	0.106811	0.045702	-0.007816	-0.078665	0.062142	1.000000	0.013774
HasCabin	0.316912	-0.725541	0.228420	0.036987	0.482075	0.013774	1.000000
FamilySize	0.016639	0.065997	-0.241633	0.783111	0.217138	-0.080281	-0.009175
IsAlone	-0.203367	0.135207	0.174809	-0.583398	-0.271832	0.017807	-0.158029
CategoricalFare	0.299357	-0.634271	0.077588	0.393881	0.579345	-0.098161	0.500936

```
titanic['Survived'].value_counts()
```

```
0    549
1    342
Name: Survived, dtype: int64
```

```
sns.countplot('Survived', data=titanic)
plt.title("Titanic Survived")
plt.show()
```

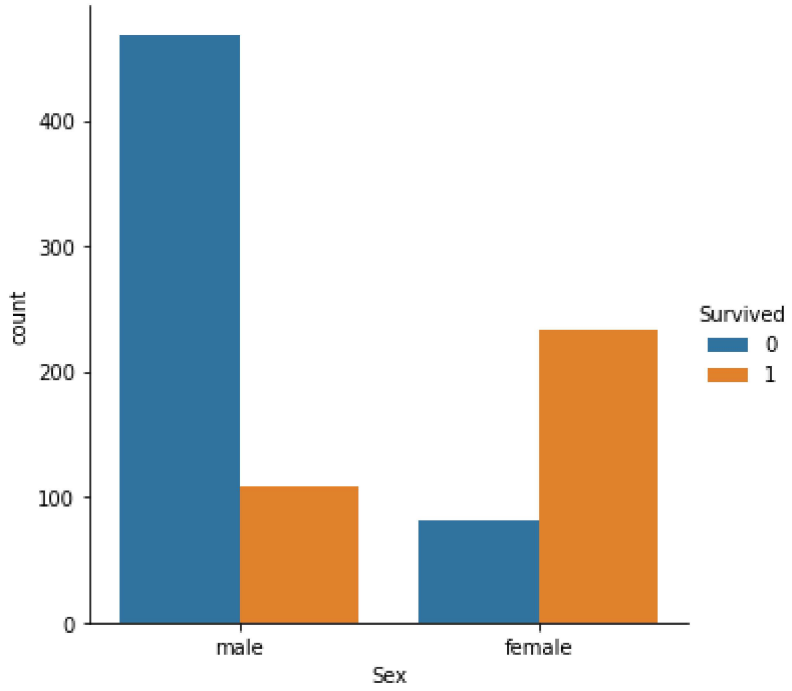
```
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/_decorators.py:43: FutureWarning: Pass th
  FutureWarning
```




```
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Countplot
```

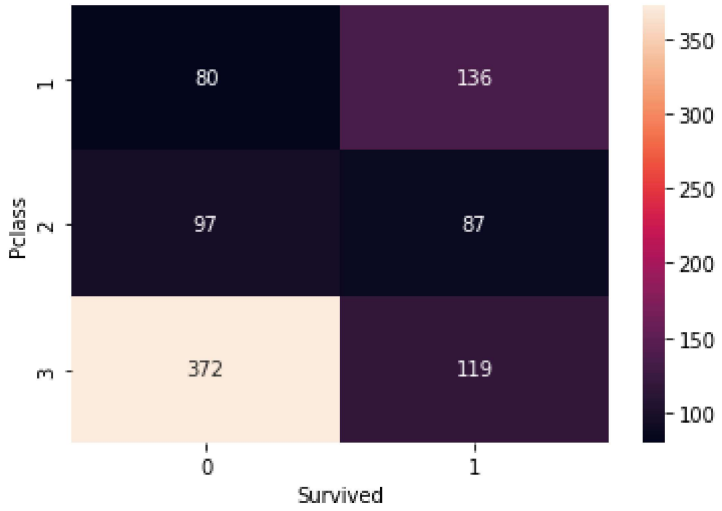
```
sns.catplot(x ="Sex", hue ="Survived",
kind ="count", data = titanic)
```

```
<seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x7f797181e810>
```



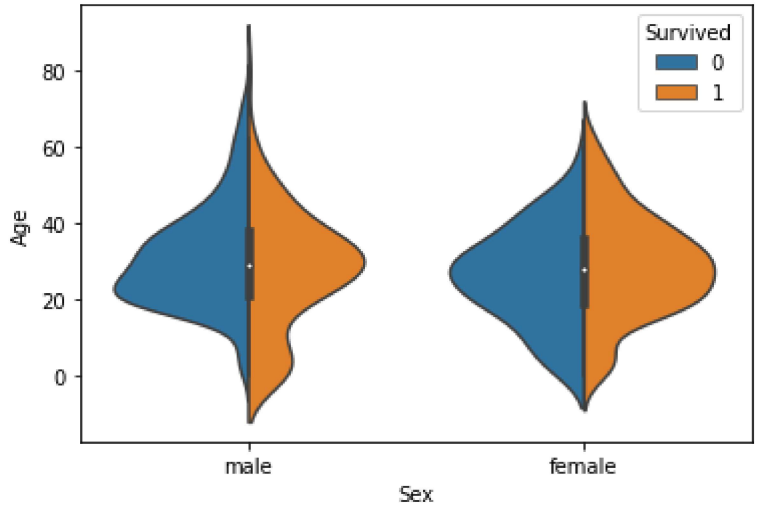

```
# Group the dataset by Pclass and Survived and then unstack them
group = titanic.groupby(['Pclass', 'Survived'])
pclass_survived = group.size().unstack()
# Heatmap - Color encoded 2D representation of data.
sns.heatmap(pclass_survived, annot = True, fmt ="d")
```

```
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f79717f5a10>
```



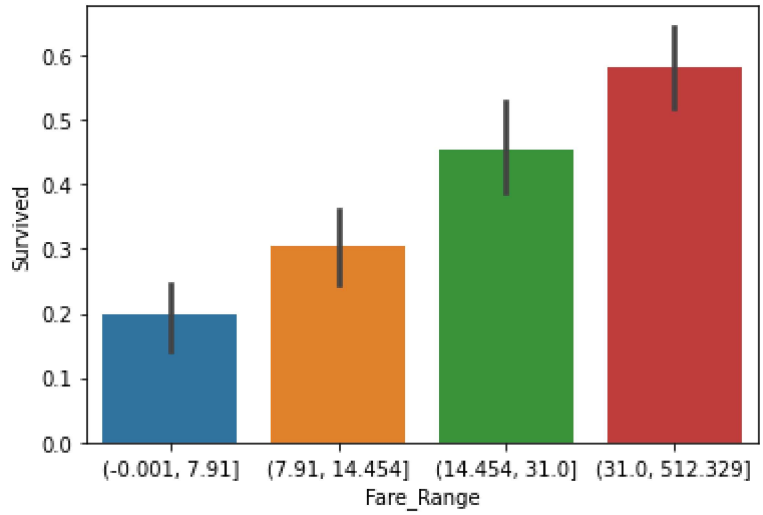

```
# Violinplot Displays distribution of data
# across all levels of a category.
sns.violinplot(x ="Sex", y ="Age", hue ="Survived",
data = titanic, split = True)
```

```
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f79716e4250>
```



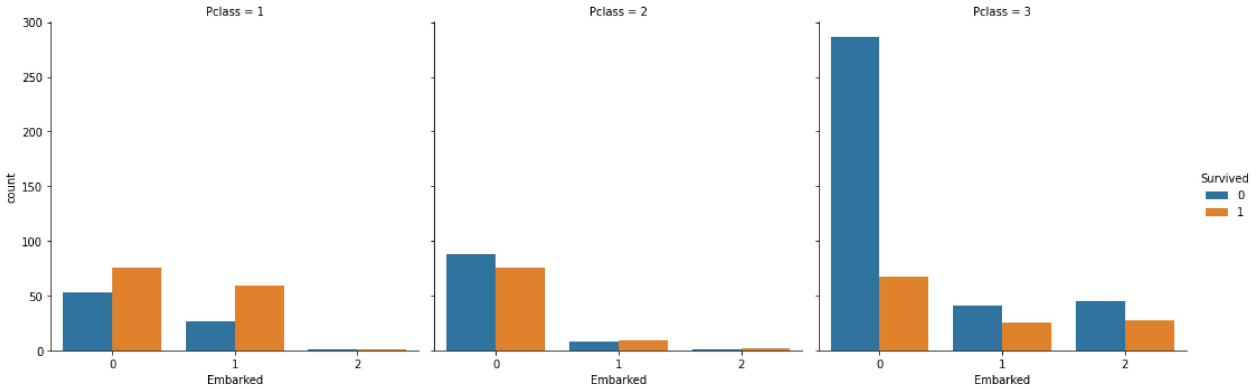

```
## Divide Fare into 4 bins
titanic['Fare_Range'] = pd.qcut(titanic['Fare'], 4)
# Barplot - Shows approximate values based
# on the height of bars.
sns.barplot(x ='Fare_Range', y ='Survived',
data = titanic)
```

```
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f7971677390>
```




```
# Countplot
sns.catplot(x ='Embarked', hue ='Survived',
kind ='count', col ='Pclass', data = titanic)
```

```
<seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x7f79715d6e50>
```



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