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N Queens problem using Genetic Algorithm
Code:
# 120CS0124 Maloth Aditya
# n-queens problem using Genetic algorithm
# Generate a random state of the 8-queens and arrange them in such a way that
no queens attach each other
import random
def random chromosome(size):
  return [ random.randint(1, nq) for _ in range(nq) ]
def fitness(chromosome):
  horizontal collisions = sum([chromosome.count(queen)-1 for queen in
chromosome])/2
  diagonal collisions = 0
  n = len(chromosome)
  left diagonal = [0] * 2*n
  right diagonal = [0] * 2*n
  for i in range(n):
    left diagonal[i + chromosome[i] - 1] += 1
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right diagonal[len(chromosome) - i + chromosome[i] - 2] += 1
  diagonal collisions = 0
  for i in range(2*n-1):
    counter = 0
    if left diagonal[i] > 1:
      counter += left diagonal[i]-1
    if right_diagonal[i] > 1:
      counter += right diagonal[i]-1
    diagonal collisions += counter / (n-abs(i-n+1))
  return int(maxFitness - (horizontal_collisions + diagonal_collisions)) #28-
(2+3)=23
def probability(chromosome, fitness):
  return fitness(chromosome) / maxFitness
def random pick(population, probabilities):
  populationWithProbabilty = zip(population, probabilities)
  total = sum(w for c, w in populationWithProbabilty)
  r = random.uniform(0, total)
  upto = 0
  for c, w in zip(population, probabilities):
    if upto + w >= r:
       return c
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upto += w
  assert False, "Shouldn't get here"
def reproduce(x, y): #doing cross over between two chromosomes
  n = len(x)
  c = 3
  return x[0:c] + y[c:n]
def mutate(x): #randomly changing the value of a random index of a
chromosome
  n = len(x)
  c = random.randint(0, n - 1)
  m = random.randint(1, n)
  x[c] = m
  return x
def genetic_queen(population, fitness):
  mutation probability = 0.03
  new population = []
  probabilities = [probability(n, fitness) for n in population]
  for i in range(len(population)):
    x = random pick(population, probabilities) #best chromosome 1
    y = random pick(population, probabilities) #best chromosome 2
    child = reproduce(x, y) #creating two new chromosomes from the best 2
chromosomes
```

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if random.random() < mutation probability:</pre>
      child = mutate(child)
    print chromosome(child)
    new population.append(child)
    if fitness(child) == maxFitness: break
  return new population
def print chromosome(chrom):
  print("Chromosome = {}, Fitness = {}"
    .format(str(chrom), fitness(chrom)))
if __name__ == "__main__":
  nq = int(input("Enter Number of Queens: ")) #say N = 8
  maxFitness = (nq*(nq-1))/2 # 8*7/2 = 28
  population = [random chromosome(ng) for in range(100)]
  generation = 1
  while not maxFitness in [fitness(chrom) for chrom in population]:
    print("=== Generation {} ===".format(generation))
    population = genetic queen(population, fitness)
    print("")
    print("Maximum Fitness = {}".format(max([fitness(n) for n in population])))
    generation += 1
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chrom_out = []
print("Solved in Generation {}!".format(generation-1))
for chrom in population:
  if fitness(chrom) == maxFitness:
    print("");
    print("One of the solutions: ")
    chrom_out = chrom
    print_chromosome(chrom)
board = []
for x in range(nq):
  board.append(["x"] * nq)
for i in range(nq):
  board[nq-chrom_out[i]][i]="Q"
def print_board(board):
  for row in board:
    print (" ".join(row))
print()
print_board(board)
```

OUTPUT:

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Chromosome = [7, 1, 8, 4, 5, 7, 3, 6],
                                         Fitness = 26
Chromosome = [7, 1, 8, 4, 5, 8, 3, 7], Fitness = 25
Chromosome = [7, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 3, 6], Fitness = 25
Chromosome = [5, 1, 8, 4, 2, 7, 3, 6], Fitness = 28
Maximum Fitness = 28
Solved in Generation 13095!
One of the solutions:
Chromosome = [5, 1, 8, 4, 2, 7, 3, 6], Fitness = 28
x x Q x x x x x
X X X X X Q X X
x x x x x x x Q
Qxxxxxx
x \times x \times Q \times x \times x
x x x x x x Q x
x x x x Q x x x
x Q x x x x x x
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