## Main

#### April 22, 2021

## 1 Data Exploration

In this chapter we are going to explore the data and extract useful insights in order to increase business understanding and problem knowledge to perform better modeling.

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import matplotlib.patches as patches
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
import seaborn as sns
from openpyxl import load_workbook
np.set_printoptions(suppress=True)
pd.set_option('display.float_format', lambda x: '%.2f' % x)
```

```
[2]: xls = pd.ExcelFile('data/main dataset.xlsx')
    ad_post = pd.read_excel(xls, 'Ad-Post')
    ad_story = pd.read_excel(xls, 'Ad-Story')
    influencer = pd.read_excel(xls, 'Influencer')
    leaders_post = pd.read_excel(xls, 'Leaders-Post')
    leaders_story = pd.read_excel(xls, 'Leaders-Story')
    post = pd.read_excel(xls, 'Post')
    story = pd.read_excel(xls, 'Story')
    print('Datasets Loaded Completely.')
```

Datasets Loaded Completely.

In the below cells you can the top 5 row and features of prepared datasets. Please have in mind that we already tackle the problem of missing data with imputations which you can see implementation in separate file.

```
[3]: print('Advertising Posts first 5 rows:') ad_post.head()
```

Advertising Posts first 5 rows:

```
[3]:
        ad_post_no
                                 name
                                       follower
                                                          field
                                                                  view
                                                                          cost
                                        1000000
                                                          video
                                                                  9435
                                                                        450000
     0
                 1
                              3kanstv
                 2
                                                                        450000
     1
                    bazigaran.iraani
                                        1700000
                                                          video
                                                                  7926
     2
                 3
                             bedaanim
                                        1700000
                                                           fact
                                                                 19433
                                                                        404607
                 4
                           bekhaanim
     3
                                         224000 art & culture
                                                                  8424
                                                                        175393
     4
                 5
                           beyond.mag
                                        1000000
                                                           fact
                                                                  8212
                                                                        350000
        threshold
     0
               30
               30
     1
     2
               30
     3
               30
     4
               30
[4]: print('Advertising Stories first 5 rows:')
     ad story.head()
    Advertising Stories first 5 rows:
        ad_story_no
[4]:
                               name
                                      field
                                               view
                                                      threshold
                                                                 follower
                                                                           action \
     0
                  0
                      4rahesalamat health
                                               6260
                                                              8
                                                                   686000
                                                                                82
     1
                  1
                     90tv.official
                                       news
                                              58990
                                                              8
                                                                   877000
                                                                               234
     2
                  2
                     ancientworld1
                                             101631
                                                              8
                                                                  2600000
                                                                               273
                                       fact
     3
                  3
                        ayamidooni
                                       fact
                                              97671
                                                              8
                                                                  2300000
                                                                               365
     4
                     banooye_khone
                                              21887
                                                              8
                                                                               239
                                      women
                                                                  2400000
        interaction
                     impression
                                    cost
     0
                  7
                            6374
                                  190578
     1
                 90
                           58568
                                  444000
     2
                218
                           94682
                                  556000
     3
                488
                                  650000
                           92023
     4
                 38
                           74414
                                  430000
[5]: print('Minor Influencers first 5 rows:')
     influencer.head()
    Minor Influencers first 5 rows:
[5]:
        story_no
                          influ_name
                                      gender
                                                  field l_threshold h_threshold
     0
               0
                  ali bakhtiarvandi family lifestyle
                                                                   20
                                                                                 60
     1
               1
                  ali_bakhtiarvandi family lifestyle
                                                                   20
                                                                                 60
     2
                  ali bakhtiarvandi family lifestyle
                                                                   20
                                                                                 60
               2
     3
                  ali bakhtiarvandi
                                      family
                                              lifestyle
                                                                   20
                                                                                 60
     4
                  ali_bakhtiarvandi
                                      family lifestyle
                                                                   20
                                                                                 60
        follower
                  view action
                                impression cta
                                                  interaction
                                                                  cost
     0
          141000
                  3996
                             14
                                       4186
                                               0
                                                                360000
     1
          141000
                  3279
                             30
                                       3473
                                               1
                                                            28
                                                                360000
```

```
141000 3636
                                                    0 360000
2
                      5
                                3867
                                        0
3
     141000 3145
                      16
                                3317
                                        1
                                                    11 360000
4
    141000 3113
                                                   22 360000
                      30
                                3286
                                        1
```

```
[6]: print('Main influencers stories first 5 rows:') leaders_story.head()
```

Main influencers stories first 5 rows:

[6]:	story_no	name	gender	cost	follower	view	action	\
0	0	aidapooryanasab	female	0	692000	103909	651	
1	1	alimona.trips	family	0	73400	4169	162	
2	2	${\tt amirparsaneshat}$	male	0	146000	26972	527	
3	3	ghonche.ostovarnia	female	0	122000	8381	205	
4	4	maandani	male	0	128000	10493	178	

	interaction	impression
0	562	107902
1	130	3548
2	335	26925
3	154	8381
4	151	10952

```
[7]: print('Main influencers posts first 5 rows:') leaders_post.head()
```

Main influencers posts first 5 rows:

[7]:	post_no			name	gender	l_threshold	h_thresho	ld follow	er \
0	0	ai	dapooryan	asab	female	200	4	00 6920	00
1	1		alimona.t	rips	family	200	4	00 734	00
2	2	am	irparsane	shat	male	200	4	00 1460	00
3	3	ghonc	he.ostova	rnia	female	200	4	00 1220	00
4	4		maan	dani	male	200	4	00 1280	00
	view	like	comment	share	save	<pre>profile_visit</pre>	reach	impression	n \
0	78137	17500	205	275	272	1374	149048	16253	2
1	20220	5099	140	238	138	463	31642	3843	7
2	128378	25940	573	7732	2 7207	2593	146276	18010	4
3	103347	12300	733	261	471	6611	156349	17235	4
4	15002	2408	68	98	3 232	482	27562	3020	4

cost

0 30000000

1 5000000

2 15200000

3 6000000

4 5200000

```
[8]: print('Campain stories first 5 rows:')
     story.head()
    Campain stories first 5 rows:
                                 action
                                          reply profile_visit
                                                                          website_click \
        story_no
                    type view
                                                                  share
     0
                0
                   share
                           1337
                                      53
                                                               49
                                                                       0
                                               2
     1
                1
                   share
                           1164
                                     114
                                                             110
                                                                       1
                                                                                        1
     2
                2
                   share
                            727
                                      21
                                               1
                                                              20
                                                                       0
                                                                                        0
     3
                3
                            850
                                      45
                                               5
                                                              40
                                                                       0
                                                                                        0
                   share
     4
                                               8
                                                              58
                                                                                        3
                   share 1294
                                      69
                                                                       0
                                            navigation
                       impression
                                    follow
                                                                           next
                                                                                 exit
        sticker_tap
                                                          back
                                                                forward
     0
                                         0
                                                            28
                             1380
                                                   1618
                                                                    1048
                                                                            179
                                                                                  363
                   0
     1
                             1190
                                         1
                                                   1490
                                                           106
                                                                     919
                                                                            119
                                                                                  350
     2
                   0
                              765
                                         0
                                                    772
                                                            38
                                                                     428
                                                                             92
                                                                                  214
     3
                   0
                              930
                                         1
                                                   1038
                                                            31
                                                                     531
                                                                            125
                                                                                  351
     4
                   0
                                         0
                                                   1522
                             1384
                                                            35
                                                                     909
                                                                            186
                                                                                  392
        vote
     0
            0
     1
            0
     2
            0
     3
            0
            0
[9]: print('Campaign posts first 5 rows:')
     post.head()
    Campaign posts first 5 rows:
[9]:
        post_no
                  like
                         comment
                                   share
                                          save
                                                 profile_visit
                                                                  reach
                                                                         impression \
                                                                               16292
               1
                  2118
                           15636
                                    1448
                                            381
                                                            339
                                                                  13760
     1
               2
                   611
                              26
                                      44
                                             41
                                                            112
                                                                   3968
                                                                                5018
     2
               3
                  1408
                           15438
                                     862
                                            129
                                                            345
                                                                   8157
                                                                                9908
     3
               4
                   741
                             566
                                     109
                                                             73
                                                                   4957
                                                                                6024
                                             68
```

first thing first, we must check how many records and features are there in our datasets.

ig\_tv

1 170437.00

2762.00

view 98313.00

nan

nan

```
[10]: print(f'There are {ad_story.shape[0]} Records and {ad_story.shape[1]} Features

→in Advertising Stories Dataset.')
```

```
There are 27 Records and 10 Features in Advertising Stories Dataset. There are 27 Records and 7 Features in Advertising Posts Dataset. There are 102 Records and 13 Features in Minor Influencers Dataset. There are 12 Records and 9 Features in Main Influencers Stories Dataset. There are 9 Records and 15 Features in Main Influencers Posts Dataset. There are 40 Records and 17 Features in Campaign Stories Dataset. There are 13 Records and 10 Features in Posts Dataset.
```

#### 1.1 Media Effectiveness Indicator

In this step we are going to implement new feature based on threshold and paid price for the media. For datasets that have a range threshold we are going to implement multi class feature for them.

It's important to have this facts in mind: - Negative value in price difference means that specific medium charged us more than it should and positive value means that we benefitted from that medium more than we paid based on main deciding factor, which is view. - 'Benefit' feature is a binary class which shows that we are benefitting or not.

```
[11]: ad_post['cost_per_view'] = ad_post['view'] * ad_post['threshold']
    ad_post['price_difference'] = ad_post['cost_per_view'] - ad_post['cost']
    ad_post['benefit'] = (ad_post['price_difference'] >= 0).astype(int)

ad_story['cost_per_view'] = ad_story['view'] * ad_story['threshold']
    ad_story['price_difference'] = ad_story['cost_per_view'] - ad_story['cost']
    ad_story['benefit'] = (ad_story['price_difference'] >= 0).astype(int)

influencer['lowest_cost_per_view'] = influencer['l_threshold'] *_\(\price\)
    \(\price\) influencer['view']

influencer['highest_cost_per_view'] = influencer['h_threshold'] *_\(\price\)
    \(\price\) influencer['benefit'] = np.where(influencer['cost'] <_\(\price\)
    \(\price\) influencer['lowest_cost_per_view'], 1, np.where(influencer['cost'] >_\(\price\)
    \(\price\) influencer['highest_cost_per_view'], -1, 0))
```

```
leaders_post['lowest_cost_per_view'] = leaders_post['l_threshold'] *_\( \to \) leaders_post['view']
leaders_post['highest_cost_per_view'] = leaders_post['h_threshold'] *_\( \to \) leaders_post['view']
leaders_post['view']
leaders_post['benefit'] = np.where(leaders_post['cost'] <_\( \to \) leaders_post['lowest_cost_per_view'], 1, np.where(leaders_post['cost'] >_\( \to \) leaders_post['highest_cost_per_view'], -1, 0))
```

#### 1.1.1 Overall Cost Status for Paid Media

In this section we are going to review overall status of paid media for different approaches used for this campaign.

```
[12]: print('In Advertising Posts:')
      print(f'\tNumber of Benefit media: {ad_post["benefit"].value_counts()[1]}')
      print(f'\tNumber of Loss media: {ad_post["benefit"].value_counts()[0]}')
      print(f'\t0verall Cost: {ad_post["cost"].sum():,}')
      print(f'\tActual Cost per View: {ad post["cost per view"].sum():,}')
      print(f'\tBenefit Amount: {ad_post["price_difference"].sum():,}')
      print('\nIn Advertising Stories:')
      print(f'\tNumber of Benefit media: {ad_story["benefit"].value_counts()[1]}')
      print(f'\tNumber of Loss media: {ad story["benefit"].value_counts()[0]}')
      print(f'\t0verall Cost: {ad_story["cost"].sum():,}')
      print(f'\tActual Cost per View: {ad_story["cost_per_view"].sum():,}')
      print(f'\tBenefit Amount: {ad_story["price_difference"].sum():,}')
      print('\nIn Influencers:')
      print(f'\tNumber of Benefit media: {influencer["benefit"].value counts()[1]}')
      print(f'\tNumber of Neutral media: {influencer["benefit"].value_counts()[0]}')
      print(f'\tNumber of Loss media: {influencer["benefit"].value counts()[-1]}')
      print(f'\t0verall Cost: {influencer["cost"].sum():,}')
      print(f'\tLowest Anticipated Overall Cost: {influencer["lowest_cost_per_view"].
       →sum():,}')
      print(f'\tHighest Anticipated Overall Cost:
      →{influencer["highest_cost_per_view"].sum():,}')
      print(f'\tAverage Anticipated Overall Cost:
      →{((influencer["highest_cost_per_view"].sum() +
      →influencer["lowest_cost_per_view"].sum()) / 2):,}')
      print('\nIn Main Influencers Posts:')
      print(f'\tNumber of Benefit media: {leaders post["benefit"].value counts()[1]}')
      print(f'\tNumber of Neutral media: {leaders post["benefit"].value counts()[0]}')
      print(f'\tNumber of Loss media: {leaders_post["benefit"].value_counts()[-1]}')
      print(f'\t0verall Cost: {leaders_post["cost"].sum():,}')
```

```
print(f'\tLowest Anticipated Overall Cost: __
 →{leaders_post["lowest_cost_per_view"].sum():,}')
print(f'\tHighest Anticipated Overall Cost:__
 →{leaders_post["highest_cost_per_view"].sum():,}')
print(f'\tAverage Anticipated Overall Cost:__
 →{((leaders_post["highest_cost_per_view"].sum() +
 →leaders_post["lowest_cost_per_view"].sum()) / 2):,}')
In Advertising Posts:
       Number of Benefit media: 18
        Number of Loss media: 9
        Overall Cost: 14,485,000
        Actual Cost per View: 15,108,510
        Benefit Amount: 623,510
In Advertising Stories:
        Number of Benefit media: 19
        Number of Loss media: 8
        Overall Cost: 10,564,000
        Actual Cost per View: 11,966,600
        Benefit Amount: 1,402,600
In Influencers:
        Number of Benefit media: 35
        Number of Neutral media: 46
        Number of Loss media: 21
        Overall Cost: 56,199,993
        Lowest Anticipated Overall Cost: 56,378,000
        Highest Anticipated Overall Cost: 139,699,000
        Average Anticipated Overall Cost: 98,038,500.0
In Main Influencers Posts:
        Number of Benefit media: 2
        Number of Neutral media: 6
        Number of Loss media: 1
        Overall Cost: 122,400,000
       Lowest Anticipated Overall Cost: 101,448,400
       Highest Anticipated Overall Cost: 202,896,800
        Average Anticipated Overall Cost: 152,172,600.0
```

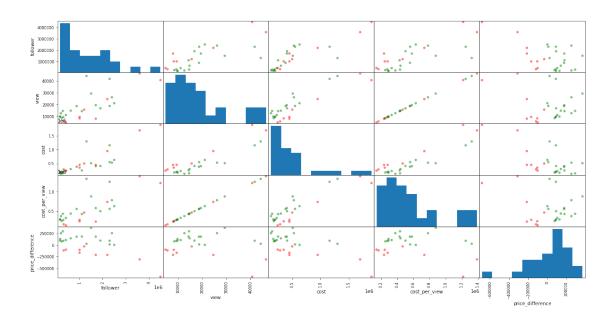
A very interesting insight that can be get from this exploration is that the threshold for influencers are not set correctly. Agency charged customer less than the anticipated price for this number of views.

#### 1.1.2 Descriptive Analysis of Datasets

In this part we are going to check the descriptive analysis of datasets and their scatter matrix among every single feature.

#### Advertising Posts:

```
[13]: ad_post.describe()
[13]:
             ad_post_no
                           follower
                                         view
                                                           threshold
                                                                      cost_per_view \
                                                     cost
                   27.00
                              27.00
                                        27.00
                                                    27.00
                                                               27.00
                                                                               27.00
      count
                                                                           559574.44
      mean
                   14.00 1337814.81 18652.48
                                               536481.48
                                                               30.00
      std
                   7.94 1112368.09 12119.83
                                               467384.04
                                                                0.00
                                                                           363594.93
      min
                    1.00
                          153000.00
                                      4808.00
                                               125352.00
                                                               30.00
                                                                           144240.00
      25%
                   7.50
                          359500.00 9581.00
                                               235507.00
                                                               30.00
                                                                           287430.00
      50%
                   14.00 1100000.00 14744.00
                                               404607.00
                                                               30.00
                                                                           442320.00
      75%
                   20.50 2050000.00 22814.50
                                               540000.00
                                                               30.00
                                                                           684435.00
                   27.00 4500000.00 46340.00 1900000.00
                                                               30.00
                                                                          1390200.00
      max
             price_difference
                                benefit
      count
                         27.00
                                   27.00
                      23092.96
                                   0.67
      mean
      std
                     217612.53
                                   0.48
                    -681100.00
                                   0.00
      min
                    -101567.00
      25%
                                   0.00
      50%
                      87921.00
                                    1.00
      75%
                     159502.00
                                    1.00
                     368707.00
                                    1.00
      max
[14]: pd.plotting.scatter_matrix(ad_post.drop(['ad_post_no', 'threshold', 'benefit'],__
       \Rightarrowaxis=1), figsize=(20,10), s=100,
                                  c = np.where(ad_post['benefit'] == 1, 'green', 'red'))
      plt.show()
```

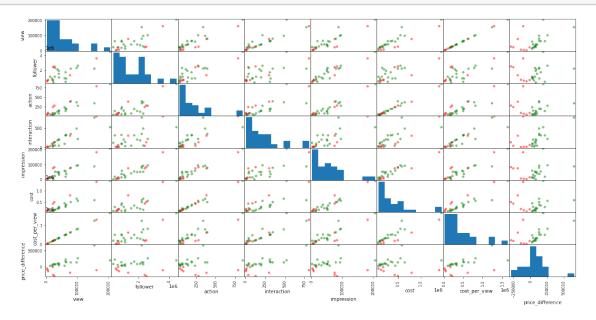


#### **Advertising Stories:**

```
[15]: ad_story.describe()
```

```
[15]:
             ad_story_no
                                      threshold
                                                                      interaction
                               view
                                                   follower
                                                             action
      count
                    27.00
                               27.00
                                          27.00
                                                      27.00
                                                              27.00
                                                                            27.00
                                                             209.96
                    13.00
                           55400.93
                                           8.00 1577074.07
                                                                           215.48
      mean
                     7.94
                           51021.85
                                           0.00 1031146.56
                                                             210.22
                                                                           219.63
      std
                     0.00
                            2514.00
                                                              33.00
                                                                             7.00
      min
                                           8.00
                                                 311000.00
      25%
                     6.50
                           21549.50
                                           8.00 769000.00
                                                              66.50
                                                                            44.50
      50%
                    13.00
                           40400.00
                                           8.00 1300000.00
                                                             135.00
                                                                           137.00
                           70493.50
                                           8.00 2250000.00
                                                             275.50
      75%
                    19.50
                                                                           311.00
                    26.00 205375.00
                                           8.00 4500000.00
                                                             850.00
                                                                           807.00
      max
             impression
                                      cost_per_view price_difference
                                                                         benefit
                                cost
                   27.00
                                                                           27.00
      count
                              27.00
                                              27.00
                                                                  27.00
                                                              51948.15
                                                                            0.70
      mean
               53746.30
                          391259.26
                                          443207.41
                                          408174.77
                                                              181642.78
                                                                            0.47
               50542.85
                          355078.14
      std
      min
                 1141.00
                           75000.00
                                           20112.00
                                                            -290192.00
                                                                            0.00
      25%
               14319.50
                          154275.50
                                          172396.00
                                                              -33363.50
                                                                            0.00
      50%
                          280410.00
                                                               68801.00
                                                                            1.00
               49339.00
                                          323200.00
      75%
               76583.50
                          500000.00
                                          563948.00
                                                              131180.00
                                                                            1.00
      max
              206633.00 1450000.00
                                         1643000.00
                                                             653552.00
                                                                            1.00
```

# plt.show()



## Minor Influencers:

[17]:	influe	ncer.descri	be()							
[17]:		story_no [	l_threshold	h_thresh	nold	follow	ver	view	action	\
	count	102.00	102.00	102	2.00	102.	.00	102.00	102.00	
	mean	50.50	28.24	64	1.12	183950	.00	21864.71	254.63	
	std	29.59	9.89	4	1.95	159314	.56	28090.10	565.16	
	min	0.00	20.00	60	0.00	18000.	.00	396.00	3.00	
	25%	25.25	20.00	60	0.00	47000.	.00	4628.25	30.00	
	50%	50.50	20.00	60	0.00	141000	.00	12000.00	103.50	
	75%	75.75	40.00	70	0.00	266000	.00	21874.25	229.00	
	max	101.00	40.00	70	0.00	570000	.00	125371.00	4108.00	
		impression	cta int	eraction		cost	10	west_cost	per view	\
	count	-	102.00	102.00		102.00			102.00	
	mean	22799.44	0.61	183.68	550	980.32		į	552725.49	
	std	28774.04	0.49	454.80	403	3312.45		(	353557.61	
	min	823.00	0.00	0.00	100	00.000			15840.00	
	25%	4967.00	0.00	0.00	225	5000.00		:	142640.00	
	50%	12876.00	1.00	42.50	450	000.00		2	240000.00	
	75%	22286.75	1.00	184.25	785	5714.00		(	584960.00	
	max	129903.00	1.00	3284.00	1633	3333.00		25	507420.00	
		highest_cos	st_per_view	benefit						
	count	3 -	102.00	102.00						

```
1369598.04
                                   0.14
mean
                   1711763.68
                                   0.73
std
                                  -1.00
min
                     27720.00
25%
                                   0.00
                    317677.50
50%
                    720000.00
                                   0.00
75%
                   1370010.00
                                   1.00
                   7522260.00
                                   1.00
max
```

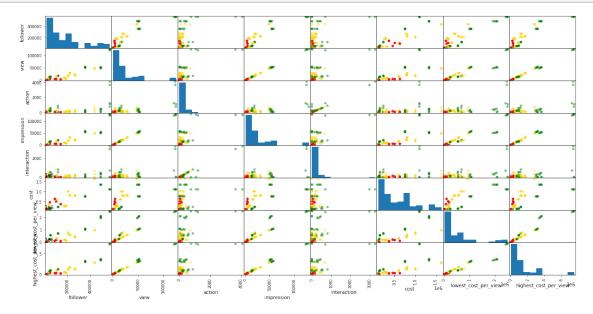
```
[18]: pd.plotting.scatter_matrix(influencer.drop(['story_no', 'l_threshold', \_\]

→'benefit', 'h_threshold', 'cta'], axis=1), figsize=(20,10), s=100,

c=np.where(influencer['benefit'] == 1, 'green', np.

→where(influencer['benefit'] == -1, 'red', 'gold')))

plt.show()
```



### Major Influencers Advertising Posts:

[19]: leaders\_post.describe()

[19]:		post_no	l_threshold	h_threshold	follower	view	like	\
	count	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	
	mean	4.00	200.00	400.00	254933.33	56360.22	9759.44	
	std	2.74	0.00	0.00	269557.86	47940.99	8203.85	
	min	0.00	200.00	400.00	54000.00	6191.00	1201.00	
	25%	2.00	200.00	400.00	122000.00	15701.00	2766.00	
	50%	4.00	200.00	400.00	133000.00	31714.00	7890.00	
	75%	6.00	200.00	400.00	189000.00	103347.00	12731.00	
	max	8.00	200.00	400.00	757000.00	128378.00	25940.00	

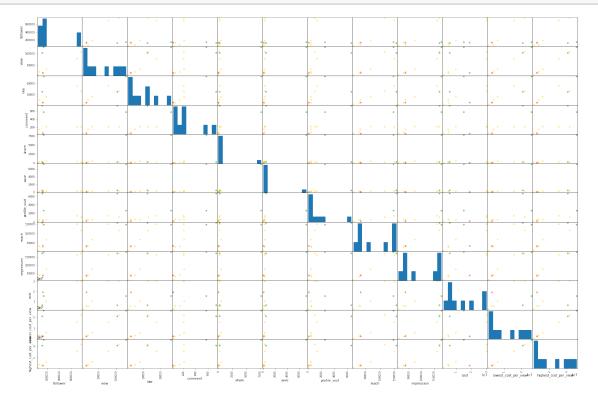
```
profile_visit
                                                           impression \
       comment
                 share
                           save
                                                    reach
                                                     9.00
                                                                  9.00
          9.00
                  9.00
                           9.00
                                           9.00
count
mean
        246.00 1041.22
                         996.33
                                       1466.56
                                                 81695.44
                                                              97358.44
        244.42 2513.23 2332.72
                                                 60007.57
                                                             72536.55
std
                                        2083.63
         35.00
                 15.00
                          24.00
                                          64.00
                                                  8311.00
                                                              9589.00
min
                 98.00
25%
         68.00
                         138.00
                                         427.00
                                                31642.00
                                                             36830.00
50%
        205.00 238.00
                         272.00
                                         482.00 67071.00
                                                             74606.00
75%
        211.00 275.00 278.00
                                        1374.00 146276.00
                                                             171570.00
        733.00 7732.00 7207.00
                                       6611.00 156349.00
                                                             180104.00
max
                    lowest_cost_per_view highest_cost_per_view
             cost
                                                                   benefit
             9.00
                                    9.00
                                                            9.00
                                                                      9.00
count
mean 13600000.00
                             11272044.44
                                                     22544088.89
                                                                      0.11
std
      10720541.03
                              9588197.17
                                                     19176394.35
                                                                      0.60
       2000000.00
                              1238200.00
                                                      2476400.00
                                                                     -1.00
min
25%
       5200000.00
                              3140200.00
                                                      6280400.00
                                                                      0.00
50%
      1000000.00
                              6342800.00
                                                     12685600.00
                                                                      0.00
75%
      1900000.00
                             20669400.00
                                                     41338800.00
                                                                      0.00
      3000000.00
max
                             25675600.00
                                                     51351200.00
                                                                      1.00
```

```
[20]: pd.plotting.scatter_matrix(leaders_post.drop(['post_no', 'l_threshold', \_ \top 'benefit', 'h_threshold'], axis=1), figsize=(30,20), s=100,

c=np.where(leaders_post['benefit'] == 1, 'green', np.

where(leaders_post['benefit'] == -1, 'red', 'gold')))

plt.show()
```



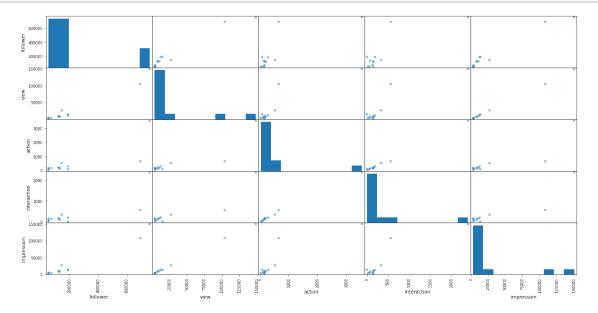
## Major Influencers Advertising Stories:

```
[21]: leaders_story.describe()
```

[21]:		story_no	cost	follower	view	action	interaction	impression	
	count	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	
	mean	5.50	0.00	215950.00	29196.67	505.00	352.25	29381.58	
	std	3.61	0.00	242740.18	46663.27	972.49	660.23	47822.71	
	min	0.00	0.00	54000.00	3803.00	34.00	0.00	3002.00	
	25%	2.75	0.00	68550.00	4823.50	122.00	70.25	4058.75	
	50%	5.50	0.00	130500.00	9437.00	170.00	152.50	9666.50	
	75%	8.25	0.00	189000.00	18008.75	347.75	229.25	16875.00	
	max	11.00	0.00	757000.00	148197.00	3538.00	2392.00	150001.00	

```
[22]: pd.plotting.scatter_matrix(leaders_story.drop(['story_no', 'cost'], axis=1), 

→figsize=(20,10), s=100)
plt.show()
```



## Campaign Posts:

```
[23]: post.describe()
```

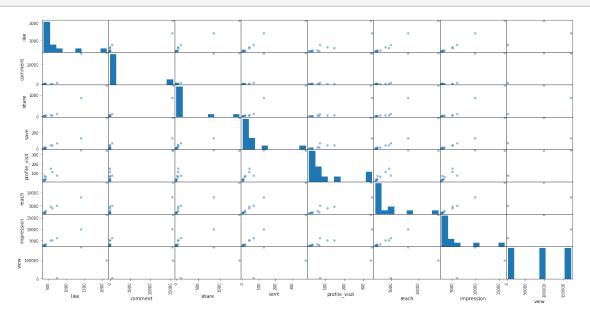
[23]:		post_no	like	comment	share	save	<pre>profile_visit</pre>	reach	\
	count	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	
	mean	7.00	664.15	2443.15	199.38	55.15	100.23	4192.23	
	std	3.89	520.58	5813.36	441.72	104.46	113.97	3353.03	
	min	1.00	368.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	15.00	2057.00	

```
25%
          4.00 391.00
                          11.00
                                   3.00
                                          4.00
                                                        31.00 2282.00
50%
          7.00 424.00
                          13.00
                                  19.00
                                         15.00
                                                        60.00 2474.00
75%
         10.00 611.00
                          26.00
                                  47.00
                                         42.00
                                                       112.00 4616.00
         13.00 2118.00 15636.00 1448.00 381.00
                                                       345.00 13760.00
max
```

```
impression ig_tv
                              view
            13.00
                   13.00
                              3.00
count
          5038.62
                    0.23 90504.00
mean
          3959.25
                    0.44 84109.82
std
min
          2655.00
                    0.00
                           2762.00
25%
          2823.00
                    0.00 50537.50
50%
          3061.00
                    0.00 98313.00
75%
                    0.00 134375.00
          5024.00
         16292.00
                    1.00 170437.00
max
```

```
[24]: pd.plotting.scatter_matrix(post.drop(['post_no', 'ig_tv'], axis=1), 

→figsize=(20,10), s=100)
plt.show()
```



## Campaign Story:

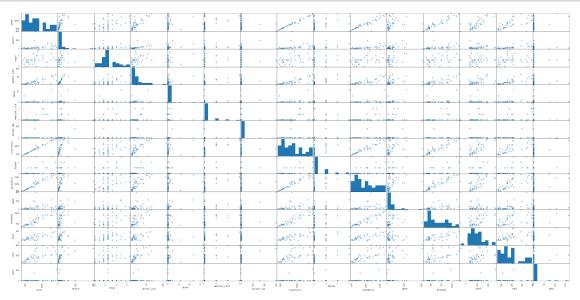
[25]: story.describe()

[25]:		story_no	view	action	reply	<pre>profile_visit</pre>	share	website_click	\
	count	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	
	mean	19.50	812.62	41.15	3.17	21.27	5.05	0.28	
	std	11.69	290.68	68.53	1.93	21.46	15.84	0.68	
	min	0.00	393.00	5.00	0.00	3.00	0.00	0.00	

25%	9.	75 57	7.25	11.25	2.00	8	.25 0.	00	0.0	)0
50%	19.	50 770	0.50	19.50	3.00	13	.50 0.	00	0.0	)0
75%	29.	25 102	1.50	39.00	4.00	25	.50 1.	25	0.0	)0
max	39.	00 1434	4.00	397.00	8.00	110	.00 80.	00	3.0	)0
	sticke	r_tap	impr	ression	follow	navigation	back	forward	next	\
count		40.00		40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	
mean		11.38		843.15	0.45	983.60	58.45	647.33	93.38	
std		52.56		308.03	0.81	360.90	76.89	228.79	63.63	
min		0.00		410.00	0.00	472.00	6.00	332.00	-53.00	
25%		0.00		586.00	0.00	664.75	17.75	455.25	47.75	
50%		0.00		792.00	0.00	946.50	30.00	575.50	88.00	
75%		0.00	1	.072.50	1.00	1267.75	65.25	876.00	126.50	
max	2	96.00	1	465.00	3.00	1702.00	405.00	1160.00	264.00	
	exit	vote								
count	40.00	40.00								
mean	183.05	8.70								

32.64 std 94.68 58.00 0.00  ${\tt min}$ 25% 116.00 0.00 50% 156.00 0.00 75% 214.25 0.00 392.00 165.00 max





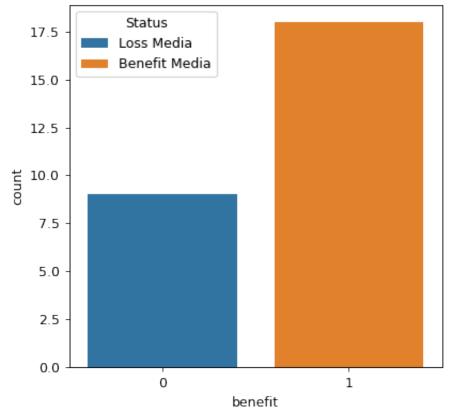
#### 1.1.3 Data Exploration:

In this step we are going to explore the data and extract some insights from it.

```
[27]: plt.figure(figsize=(5,5), dpi=90)
    g = sns.countplot(x="benefit", data = ad_post, dodge = False, hue='benefit')
    h,1 = g.get_legend_handles_labels()
    labels=['Loss Media', 'Benefit Media']
    g.legend(h,labels,title="Status", loc="upper left")
    plt.title('Loss vs Benefit - Advertising Posts')
    plt.show()

count_benefit = len(ad_post[ad_post['benefit'] == 1])
    count_loss = len(ad_post[ad_post['benefit'] == 0])
    print(f'The number of benefit media are: {count_benefit}.')
    print(f'The number of loss media are: {count_loss}.')
```

## Loss vs Benefit - Advertising Posts



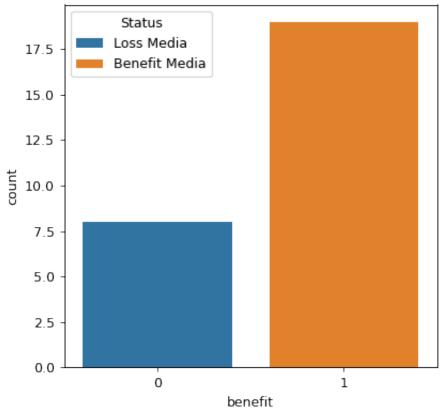
The number of benefit media are: 18.

The number of loss media are: 9.

```
[28]: plt.figure(figsize=(5,5), dpi=90)
    g = sns.countplot(x="benefit", data = ad_story, dodge = False, hue='benefit')
    h,l = g.get_legend_handles_labels()
    labels=['Loss Media', 'Benefit Media']
    g.legend(h,labels,title="Status", loc="upper left")
    plt.title('Loss vs Benefit - Advertising Stories')
    plt.show()

count_benefit = len(ad_story[ad_story['benefit'] == 1])
    count_loss = len(ad_story[ad_story['benefit'] == 0])
    print(f'The number of benefit media are: {count_benefit}.')
    print(f'The number of loss media are: {count_loss}.')
```

## Loss vs Benefit - Advertising Stories



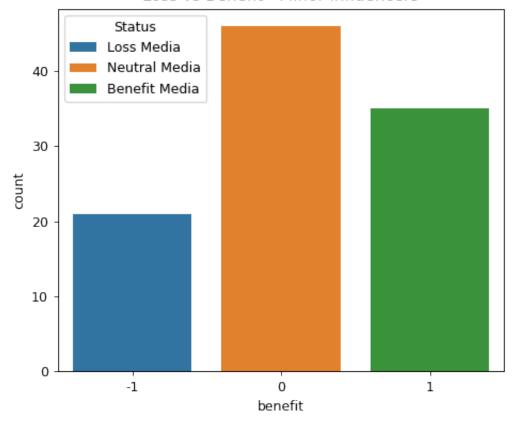
The number of benefit media are: 19. The number of loss media are: 8.

```
[29]: plt.figure(figsize=(6,5), dpi=90)
g = sns.countplot(x="benefit", data = influencer, dodge = False, hue='benefit')
```

```
h,l = g.get_legend_handles_labels()
labels=['Loss Media','Neutral Media', 'Benefit Media']
g.legend(h,labels,title="Status", loc="upper left")
plt.title('Loss vs Benefit - Minor Influencers')
plt.show()

count_benefit = len(influencer[influencer['benefit'] == 1])
count_loss = len(influencer[influencer['benefit'] == -1])
count_neutral = len(influencer[influencer['benefit'] == 0])
print(f'The number of benefit media are: {count_benefit}.')
print(f'The number of loss media are: {count_loss}.')
print(f'The number of neutral media are: {count_neutral}.')
```

### Loss vs Benefit - Minor Influencers



```
The number of benefit media are: 35. The number of loss media are: 21. The number of neutral media are: 46.
```

```
[30]: plt.figure(figsize=(6,5), dpi=90)
```

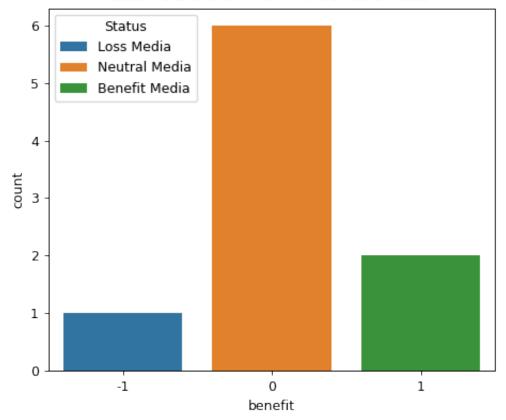
```
g = sns.countplot(x="benefit", data = leaders_post, dodge = False,_u

_hue='benefit')

h,l = g.get_legend_handles_labels()
labels=['Loss Media','Neutral Media', 'Benefit Media']
g.legend(h,labels,title="Status", loc="upper left")
plt.title('Loss vs Benefit - Main Influencers Posts')
plt.show()

count_benefit = len(leaders_post[leaders_post['benefit'] == 1])
count_loss = len(leaders_post[leaders_post['benefit'] == -1])
count_neutral = len(leaders_post[leaders_post['benefit'] == 0])
print(f'The number of benefit media are: {count_benefit}.')
print(f'The number of neutral media are: {count_neutral}.')
```

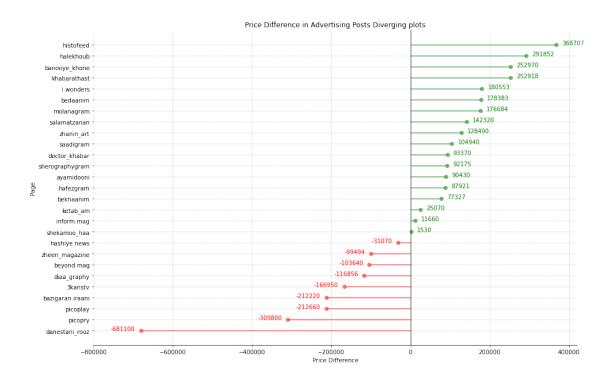
#### Loss vs Benefit - Main Influencers Posts



The number of benefit media are: 2. The number of loss media are: 1. The number of neutral media are: 6.

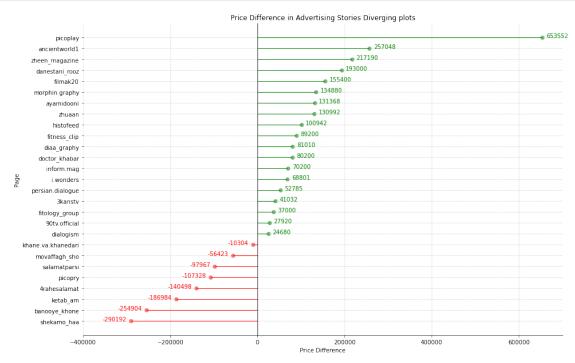
1.1.4 Price Difference among advertising approaches diverging plot and Anticipated Cost vs Actual cost in Minor and Major Influencers

```
[201]: temp_df = ad_post.sort_values('price_difference')
       temp_df.reset_index(inplace = True)
       colors = []
       for x in temp_df['price_difference']:
           if x < 0:
               colors.append('red')
           elif x > 0:
               colors.append('green')
           else:
               colors.append('goldenrod')
       fig = plt.figure(figsize = (15, 10))
       ax = fig.add_subplot()
       ax.hlines(y = temp_df.index, xmin = 0, color = colors, xmax =_
        →temp_df['price_difference'], linewidth = 1)
       for x, y in zip(temp_df['price_difference'], temp_df['name']):
           c = None
           if x < 0:
               c = 'red'
           elif x > 0:
               c = 'green'
           else:
               c = 'goldenrod'
           ax.text(x - 15000 if x < 0 else x + 15000,
                    у,
                    round(x, 2),
                    color = c,
                    horizontalalignment='right' if x < 0 else 'left',
           ax.scatter(x,
                       color = c,
                       alpha = 0.5)
       ax.set_title("Price Difference in Advertising Posts Diverging plots")
       ax.set_xlim(-800_000)
       ax.set_xlabel("Price Difference")
       ax.set_ylabel("Page")
       ax.grid(linestyle='--', alpha=0.5)
       ax.set_yticks(temp_df.index)
       ax.spines["top"].set_color("None")
       ax.spines["left"].set_color("None")
       ax.spines['right'].set position(('data',0))
       ax.spines['right'].set_color('black')
       plt.show()
```



```
[202]: temp_df = ad_story.sort_values('price_difference')
       temp_df.reset_index(inplace = True)
       colors = []
       for x in temp_df['price_difference']:
           if x < 0:
               colors.append('red')
           elif x > 0:
               colors.append('green')
           else:
               colors.append('goldenrod')
       fig = plt.figure(figsize = (15, 10))
       ax = fig.add_subplot()
       ax.hlines(y = temp_df.index, xmin = 0, color = colors, xmax =__
       →temp_df['price_difference'], linewidth = 1)
       for x, y in zip(temp_df['price_difference'], temp_df['name']):
           c = None
           if x < 0:
               c = 'red'
           elif x > 0:
               c = 'green'
           else:
               c = 'goldenrod'
           ax.text(x - 10000 if x < 0 else x + 10000,
```

```
у,
             round(x, 2),
             color = c,
             horizontalalignment='right' if x < 0 else 'left',
    ax.scatter(x,
                color = c,
                alpha = 0.5
ax.set_title("Price Difference in Advertising Stories Diverging plots")
ax.set xlim(-400 000)
ax.set_xlabel("Price Difference")
ax.set_ylabel("Page")
ax.grid(linestyle='--', alpha=0.5)
ax.set_yticks(temp_df.index)
ax.spines["top"].set_color("None")
ax.spines["left"].set_color("None")
ax.spines['right'].set_position(('data',0))
ax.spines['right'].set_color('black')
plt.show()
```

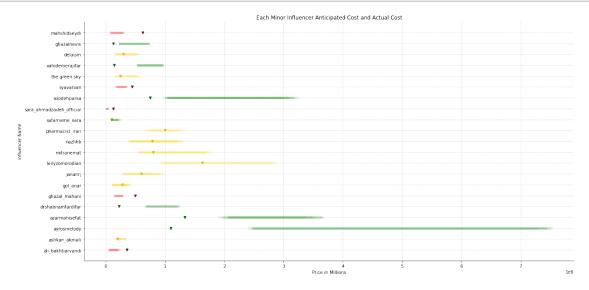


```
[31]: x1 = influencer['lowest_cost_per_view']
x2 = influencer['highest_cost_per_view']
y = influencer['influ_name']
```

```
z = influencer['benefit']
c = influencer['cost']
fig = plt.figure(figsize = (20, 10))
ax = fig.add_subplot()
for x1_, x2_, y_, z_, c_ in zip(x1, x2, y, z, c):
    ax.plot([int(x1_), int(x2_)], [y_, y_], color = "red" if z_ == -1 else_\[ \]

¬"green" if z_ == 1 else 'gold', linewidth=5, alpha=.11)

    ax.scatter(c_, y_, s=20, marker='v', c="darkred" if z_{-} == -1 else_1
→"darkgreen" if z_ == 1 else 'goldenrod')
ax.grid(linestyle='--', alpha=0.5)
ax.set_title('Each Minor Influencer Anticipated Cost and Actual Cost')
ax.spines["top"].set_color("None")
ax.spines["right"].set_color("None")
ax.set_ylabel('Influencer Name')
ax.set_xlabel('Price in Millions')
plt.show()
```

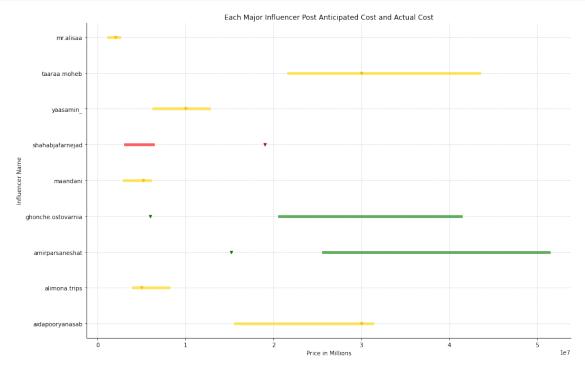


In the Graph above you can see each minor influencer lowest and highest anticipated cost as a bar and their actual cost as triangle. with quick glimpse we can deduce that: - The distance between highest anticipated cost and actual cost for not benefitted influencers are not very far, the most over paid influencer is "mahshidseydi". - the distance between lowest anticipated cost and actual cost for benefitted influencers are far and thats good sign, the most under paid influencers are "ayrosmelody" and in second place is "azarmahisefat".

```
[32]: x1 = leaders_post['lowest_cost_per_view']
x2 = leaders_post['highest_cost_per_view']
```

```
y = leaders_post['name']
z = leaders_post['benefit']
c = leaders_post['cost']
fig = plt.figure(figsize = (15, 10))
ax = fig.add_subplot()
for x1_, x2_, y_, z_, c_ in zip(x1, x2, y, z, c):
    ax.plot([int(x1_), int(x2_)], [y_, y_], color = "red" if z_ == -1 else_\[ \]
\rightarrow "green" if z_ == 1 else 'gold', linewidth=5, alpha=.6)
    ax.scatter(c_, y_, s=20, marker='v', c="darkred" if z_ == -1 else_

¬"darkgreen" if z_ == 1 else 'darkorange')
ax.grid(linestyle='--', alpha=0.5)
ax.set_title('Each Major Influencer Post Anticipated Cost and Actual Cost')
ax.spines["top"].set_color("None")
ax.spines["right"].set_color("None")
ax.set_ylabel('Influencer Name')
ax.set_xlabel('Price in Millions')
plt.show()
```



In the Graph above you can see each major influencer lowest and highest anticipated cost as a bar and their actual cost as triangle. with quick glimpse we can deduce that: - There are only 1 influencer which was overpaid, the distance between its cost and highest anticipated value are high.

It's advised to review the price and further project with "shahabjafarnejad". - There are 2 influencer which was underpaid and the distance between their actual cost and lowest anticipated value are far and that's a good sign. These influencers are "amirparsaneshat" and "ghonche.ostovarnia". - The 2 underpaid influencer are the main reason that this approach was benefitted for the agency.

```
[33]: ad_post.drop(columns = ['ad_post_no', 'threshold']).groupby('benefit').mean()

[33]: follower view cost cost_per_view price_difference benefit
0 1769111.11 18134.11 758888.89 544023.33 -214865.56
1 1122166.67 18911.67 425277.78 567350.00 142072.22
```

In the cell above you can see the advertising post media grouped by their benefit status, based on that information we can deduce that: - benefit media had less followers but they actually brought more views in contrast of non-benefit media. - price difference between benefit and non-benefit media are significant. - high follower media tend to charge more but their view amounts are not correlated with their followers and thats a sign of fake followers.

```
[34]: |ad_story.drop(columns = ['ad_story_no', 'threshold']).groupby('benefit').mean()
[34]:
                                    action
                                           interaction
                                                          impression
                  view
                          follower
                                                                          cost
      benefit
      0
              40084.38 1521000.00
                                    243.75
                                                 171.38
                                                            55173.88 463750.00
      1
              61850.00 1600684.21
                                    195.74
                                                 234.05
                                                            53145.21 360736.84
               cost per view price difference
      benefit
      0
                   320675.00
                                     -143075.00
      1
                   494800.00
                                      134063.16
```

In the cell above you can see the advertising story media grouped by their benefit status, based on that information we can deduce that: - the difference between the mean value of benefit and non-benefit media followers are 100k. - although the non-benefit media got more impressions that benefit ones, benefit media got more views, almost 33% more. - the difference between the prices are not very significant.

```
[35]:
     influencer.drop(columns = ['story_no']).groupby('benefit').mean()
[35]:
               l_threshold h_threshold
                                                        view
                                                               action
                                                                       impression
      benefit
      -1
                      31,43
                                   65.71 82428.57
                                                     3445.05
                                                                63.90
                                                                          3697.24 0.67
       0
                      24.35
                                   62.17 174750.00 15745.87
                                                               144.52
                                                                         16470.07 0.63
       1
                      31.43
                                   65.71 256954.29 40958.40
                                                                         42579.37 0.54
                                                              513.77
               interaction
                                       lowest_cost_per_view
                                                              highest_cost_per_view
      benefit
      -1
                      50.05 409523.81
                                                   103733.33
                                                                           224119.05
                     119.91 586956.41
                                                                           965765.43
       0
                                                   356943.91
                     347.66 588571.37
       1
                                                  1079433.71
                                                                          2587636.86
```

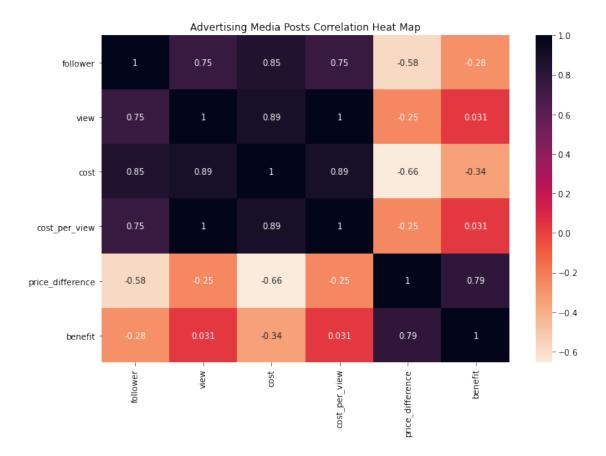
In the cell above you can see the minor influencers grouped by their benefit status, based on that information we can deduce that: - more followers in minor influencers means the higher chance of being benefitted. this fact can be interpreted as selected influencers had almost no fake followers and their view counts are organic. - high follower influencers got more action percentage regarding their story than low followers influencers. This means that followers of high follower influencers engage more with their story. this fact should be in mind when proposing action-based campaign to customers.

```
[36]: leaders post.drop(columns = ['post no', 'l threshold', 'h threshold']).

¬groupby('benefit').mean()
[36]:
               follower
                                        like
                                              comment
                                                                        profile_visit
                              view
                                                         share
                                                                  save
      benefit
      -1
              133000.00
                          15701.00
                                    2766.00
                                                35.00
                                                         46.00
                                                                 73.00
                                                                                125.00
       0
              315566.67
                          43302.67
                                    7804.83
                                               145.50
                                                       222.00
                                                                202.67
                                                                                645.00
       1
              134000.00 115862.50 19120.00
                                               653.00 3996.50 3839.00
                                                                               4602.00
                                                   lowest_cost_per_view
                  reach
                          impression
                                             cost
      benefit
      -1
               33338.00
                            36830.00 19000000.00
                                                              3140200.00
       0
               66549.33
                            81156.33 13700000.00
                                                              8660533.33
                           176229.00 10600000.00
       1
              151312.50
                                                             23172500.00
               highest_cost_per_view
      benefit
      -1
                           6280400.00
       0
                          17321066.67
       1
                          46345000.00
```

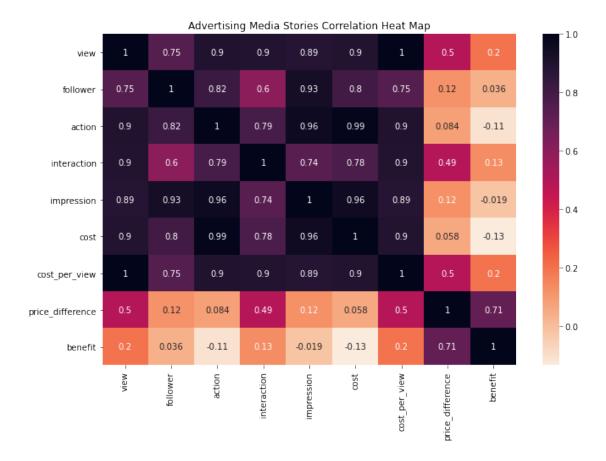
In the cell above you can see the major influencers grouped by their benefit status, based on that information we can deduce that: - the deciding factor regarding the benefit are view, thus performance metric which are corrolated with view are important. we can vaguly see this effect in benefit and neutral media. - as you can see benefit and neutral media are rich in performance metrics. - as we said earlier, the only major influencer which was not benefit and overpaid is "shahabjafarnejad".

```
[37]: intercor = ad_post.drop(columns = ['ad_post_no', 'threshold']).corr()
    plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
    sns.heatmap(intercor,annot=True, cmap = 'rocket_r')
    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.title('Advertising Media Posts Correlation Heat Map')
    plt.show()
```

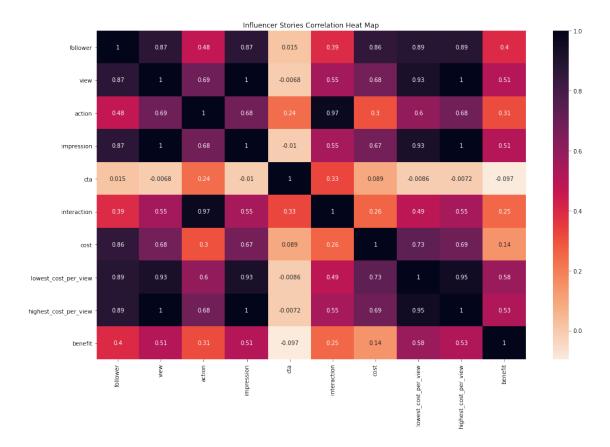


In the Graph above you can see the feature correlation heatmap for advertising media posts, based on that there are some worth mentioning insights: - the strongest correlation is between "cost per view" and "view", it's obvious since cost per view is calculated by view. - second strongest correlation are for "cost per view" and "cost" and "cost" and "view". since view is our main performance metric and cost is a important feature we are trying to optimize. - the correlation between cost and follower are more than view and follower. this means that in order to make our media optimized cost-wise we must focus on view more than follower.

```
[38]: intercor = ad_story.drop(columns = ['ad_story_no', 'threshold']).corr()
    plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
    sns.heatmap(intercor,annot=True, cmap = 'rocket_r')
    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.title('Advertising Media Stories Correlation Heat Map')
    plt.show()
```



In the graph above you can see the feature correlation heatmap for advertising media stories, some interesting insights: - view is strongly correlated with action, interaction, impression and improtantly, cost and cost per view. - although view and follower are correlated positevly, their relationship strength is less than forementioned features. - follower and impression are very strongly correlated in stories. - although action and impression are strongly correlated with cost, interaction are less correlated. this means that other actions except sticker tap are far more important for a story to be estimated costly benefical. - follower and interaction are not correlated very strongly. this suggest that the increase of followers are not linearly affect interaction quantity, so if we are performing a interaction-based campaign, it's wise to consider medium and low media since their followers are interacting partially more.

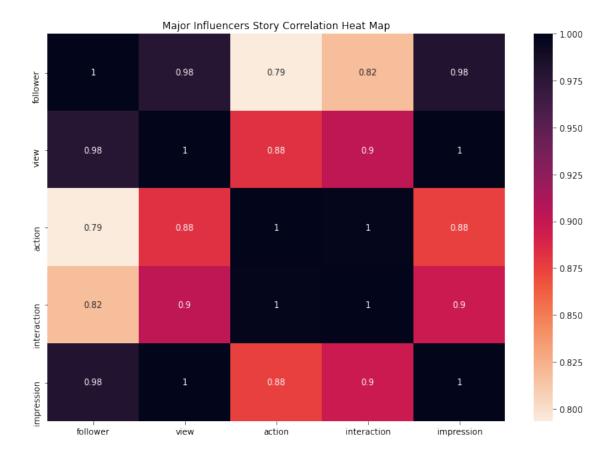


In the cell above you can see the features correlation heatmap of minor influencers. almost the same insight as advertising stories can be deduced from this heatmap.



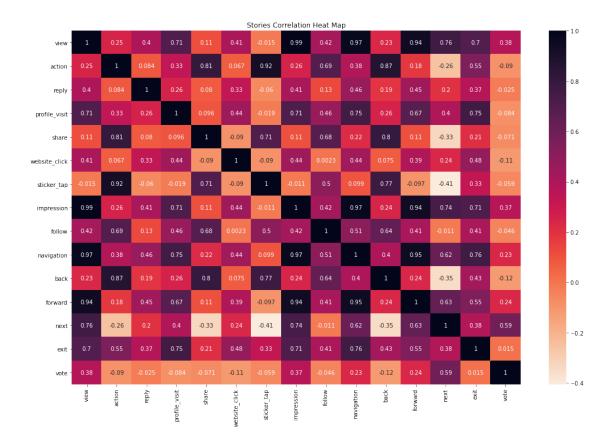
In the cell above you can see the feature correlation heatmap for Major influencers advertising posts. some interesting insights from this graph are: - there is strong positive between share and save. this could be interpreted as almost everyone who shared their post, also saved their post too. - major influencers cost are strongly correlated to their quantity of followers and far less dependent to their view. this means that we should be looking precisely to their view count when we are selecting influencers, not their followers. - in video type contents, there are strong correlation between view and like. this can be interpreted as whoever watches a video in influencers page, like that video too. - follower correlation with comment, share, save and profile visit are negative. this can be interpreted as the more follower an influencer get, the less engagement he/she will get from their follower. also this can be a sign of a passive/fake followers for influencers.

```
[41]: intercor = leaders_story.drop(columns = ['story_no', 'cost']).corr()
    plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
    sns.heatmap(intercor,annot=True, cmap = 'rocket_r')
    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.title('Major Influencers Story Correlation Heat Map')
    plt.show()
```



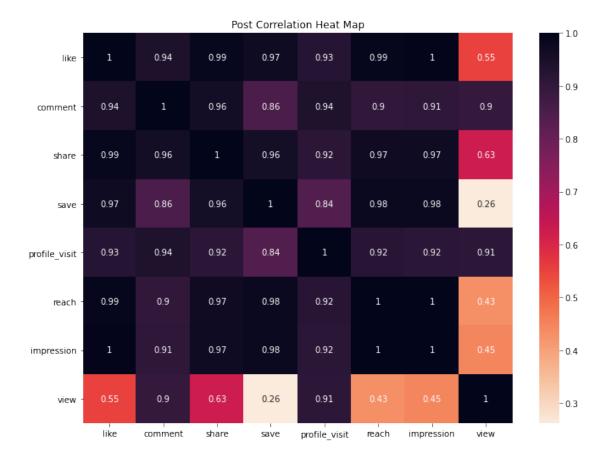
In the cell above you can see the correlation heatmap for Major influencers advertising story contents, some interesting insights from this data are: - view and follower are strongly correlated, this means that almost the good amount of major influencers followers watch their stories. also this fact should be taken in mind when the goal of a campaign is awareness. - action and follower are mediocore strength-wise. this means that followers engage with influencers content type, but when proposing action-based campaign should be take in mind that it's probably need a lot of influencers.

```
[42]: intercor = story.drop(columns = ['story_no']).corr()
   plt.figure(figsize=(15,10))
   sns.heatmap(intercor,annot=True, cmap = 'rocket_r')
   plt.tight_layout()
   plt.title('Stories Correlation Heat Map')
   plt.show()
```



In the cell above you can see the feature correlation heatmap for stories, some interesting insights are: - majority of actions in instagram stories are sticker taps. this means that putting tappable stickers in stories always attract the majority of actions for a story. - on the other hand, correlation between action and view are at 0.25. this indicates that people are not very interacting with stories if we are using this approach. - as you can see influencers' followers have more action with influencers' stories than campaign page stories. we must take follower quantity in mind but generally when we are proposing action-based campaigns, it's better to invest in influencers. - majority quantity of navigation comes from forward and in the second plance, exit. - people who vote in instagram stories are more likely to push to next story than just wait for story time to finish.

```
[43]: intercor = post.drop(columns = ['post_no', 'ig_tv']).corr()
    plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
    sns.heatmap(intercor,annot=True, cmap = 'rocket_r')
    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.title('Post Correlation Heat Map')
    plt.show()
```



In the cell above you can see the correlation heatmap for posts, since we have just 12 posts is not very accurate, but it will we worthy to have glimpse at the result.

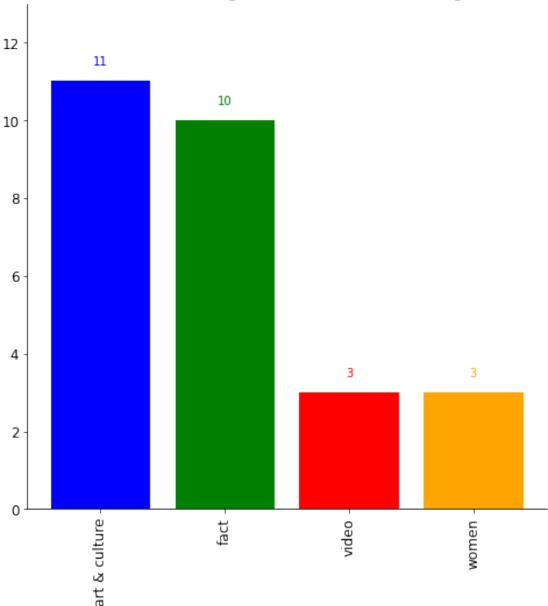
[44]:	ad_post.drop(	d_post.drop(columns = ['ad_post_no', 'threshold']).groupby('field').mean()												
[44]:		follower	view	cost	cost_per_view	price_difference	\							
	field													
	art & culture	418636.36	13519.45	312763.00	405583.64	92820.64								
	fact	2210000.00	26001.70	818460.70	780051.00	-38409.70								
	video	1300000.00	10997.33	466666.67	329920.00	-136746.67								
	women	1838666.67	20631.33	486666.67	618940.00	132273.33								
		benefit												
	field													
	art & culture	0.82												
	fact	0.60												
	video	0.00												
	women	1.00												

The table above is the mean of features grouped by field in advertising posts. we can deduce from that information: - fact media has most followers and in the second place women field. - although

fact media cost twice as much women field, their view difference are not significant. - although video field has significant followers, but their view are fairly low, this could be interpreted as fake/passive followers.

```
[45]: d = ad_post['field'].value_counts().to_dict()
      colors = ['blue', 'green', 'red', 'orange']
      fig = plt.figure(figsize = (8, 8))
      ax = fig.add_subplot()
      ax.bar(d.keys(), d.values(), color = colors)
      for i, (k, v) in enumerate(d.items()):
          ax.text(k,
                  v + .5,
                  v,
                  color = colors[i],
                  fontsize = 10,
                  horizontalalignment = 'center',
                  verticalalignment = 'center')
      ax.tick_params(axis = 'x', labelrotation = 90, labelsize = 12)
      ax.tick_params(axis = 'y', labelsize = 12)
      ax.spines["top"].set_color("None")
      ax.spines["right"].set_color("None")
      ax.set_ylim(0, 13)
      ax.set_title("Number of Advertising Posts fields Per advertising media", __
       \rightarrowfontsize = 14);
      plt.show()
      total = sum(ad_post['field'].value_counts())
      print('the top 3 field in advertising posts and their percentages are:')
      print(f'1. "{list(d.keys())[0]}": {(ad_post["field"].value_counts()[0]) / total__
       →* 100} %')
      print(f'2. "{list(d.keys())[1]}": {(ad_post["field"].value_counts()[1]) / totalu
       →* 100} %')
      print(f'3. "{list(d.keys())[2]}": {(ad_post["field"].value_counts()[2]) / total__
       →* 100} %')
```





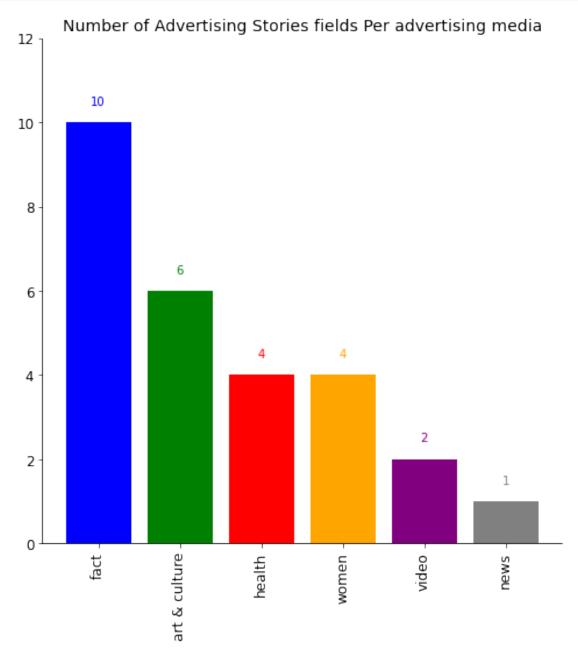
```
the top 3 field in advertising posts and their percentages are:
```

- 1. "art & culture": 40.74074074074074 %
- 2. "fact": 37.03703703703704 %
- 3. "video": 11.1111111111111 %

```
art & culture 52953.50 1029000.00
                                    195.67
                                                  238.00
                                                            36994.50 356666.67
              87894.60 2260500.00
                                    299.30
                                                  325.60
                                                            83649.20 553100.00
fact
health
              16256.25 1050750.00
                                     75.25
                                                   72.25
                                                            18878.00 158116.25
news
              58990.00 877000.00
                                    234.00
                                                   90.00
                                                            58568.00 444000.00
              51652.00 1350000.00
                                                  255.50
                                                            42506.00 315000.00
video
                                    165.50
              17959.75 1505500.00
                                    159.00
                                                   61.00
                                                            43399.75 296633.75
women
               cost_per_view price_difference
                                                  benefit
field
art & culture
                                                     0.83
                    423628.00
                                       66961.33
                                                     0.90
fact
                    703156.80
                                      150056.80
health
                    130050.00
                                      -28066.25
                                                     0.50
news
                    471920.00
                                       27920.00
                                                     1.00
video
                    413216.00
                                       98216.00
                                                     1.00
                    143678.00
                                     -152955.75
                                                     0.00
women
```

The table above is the mean of features grouped by field in advertising stories. some interesting facts from this table is: - fact category got more followers and view than other categories. - although video category is not top 3 in view, but it got significant amount of interactions. this means that this type of medium is good for action-based campaigns. - news category despite being with the least follower among other categories, it got more view than other type of media except fact.

```
[47]: d = ad story['field'].value counts().to dict()
      colors = ['blue', 'green', 'red', 'orange', 'purple', 'gray', 'brown']
      fig = plt.figure(figsize = (8, 8))
      ax = fig.add_subplot()
      ax.bar(d.keys(), d.values(), color = colors)
      for i, (k, v) in enumerate(d.items()):
          ax.text(k,
                  v + .5,
                  v,
                  color = colors[i],
                  fontsize = 10.
                  horizontalalignment = 'center',
                  verticalalignment = 'center')
      ax.tick_params(axis = 'x', labelrotation = 90, labelsize = 12)
      ax.tick_params(axis = 'y', labelsize = 12)
      ax.spines["top"].set_color("None")
      ax.spines["right"].set_color("None")
      ax.set_ylim(0, 12)
      ax.set_title("Number of Advertising Stories fields Per advertising media", __
       \rightarrowfontsize = 14);
      plt.show()
      total = sum(ad_story['field'].value_counts())
      print('the top 3 fields in advertising stories and their percentages are:')
```



the top 3 fields in advertising stories and their percentages are: 1. "fact": 37.03703703703704 %

```
2. "art & culture": 22.222222222222 %
     3. "health": 14.814814814814813 %
[48]: influencer.drop(columns = ['story_no', 'l_threshold', 'h_threshold']).

¬groupby('field').mean()
[48]:
                 follower
                              view action impression cta interaction
                                                                               cost \
      field
                491000.00 50626.50
                                    293.33
                                                                  244.00 1333333.00
      cooking
                                              51752.50 0.67
     health
                123366.67 15702.00
                                    262.08
                                              16774.50 0.58
                                                                  178.42 450000.00
                                              26221.20 0.66
      lifestyle 206315.38 25158.05
                                    286.02
                                                                  206.89 599999.92
      sport
                 60000.00 2184.38
                                     59.00
                                               2524.38 0.38
                                                                   37.88 312500.00
      tourism
                 40545.45 7751.73 182.18
                                               8105.55 0.45
                                                                  125.36 118181.82
                 lowest_cost_per_view highest_cost_per_view benefit
      field
      cooking
                           2025060.00
                                                  3543855.00
                                                                 1.00
     health
                            548080.00
                                                  1059140.00
                                                                 0.67
     lifestyle
                            516014.15
                                                  1515909.38
                                                                -0.03
      sport
                             87375.00
                                                   152906.25
                                                                -1.00
      tourism
                            310069.09
                                                   542620.91
                                                                 0.91
```

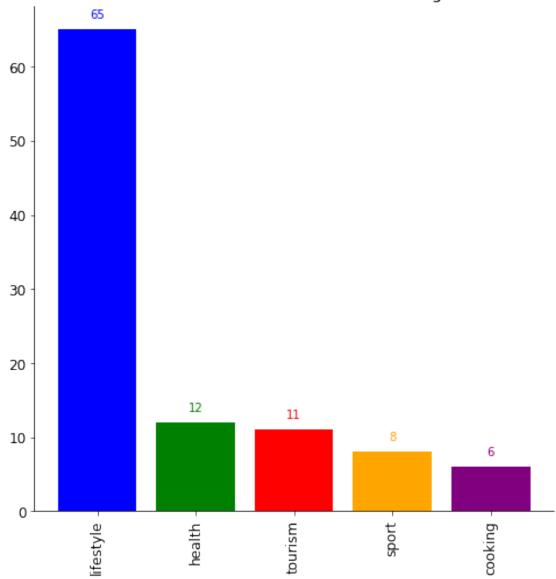
The table above is the mean of features grouped by field in minor influencers advertising, intersting insights are listed as below: - lifestyle category despite having less than half o cooking category followers, it go almost the same amount of action and interaction. important thing to remember when designing action-based campaigns. - the best performing category is for cooking. please have in mind that we only had 1 influencer in this category. - sport category despite having not the least amount of follower, but this category performed worst. please have in mind that we only had 1 influencer in this category.

```
[49]: d = influencer['field'].value counts().to dict()
      colors = ['blue', 'green', 'red', 'orange', 'purple', 'gray', 'brown']
      fig = plt.figure(figsize = (8, 8))
      ax = fig.add_subplot()
      ax.bar(d.keys(), d.values(), color = colors)
      for i, (k, v) in enumerate(d.items()):
          ax.text(k,
                  v + 2,
                  v,
                  color = colors[i],
                  fontsize = 10,
                  horizontalalignment = 'center',
                  verticalalignment = 'center')
      ax.tick_params(axis = 'x', labelrotation = 90, labelsize = 12)
      ax.tick params(axis = 'v', labelsize = 12)
      ax.spines["top"].set_color("None")
      ax.spines["right"].set color("None")
      # ax.set_ylim(0, 70)
```

```
ax.set_title("Number of Influencer fields Per advertising media", fontsize =_\
\( \times 14\);
plt.show()

total = sum(influencer['field'].value_counts())
print('the top 3 fields in minor influencers and their percentages are:')
print(f'1. "{list(d.keys())[0]}": {(influencer["field"].value_counts()[0]) /_\(\times \) \( \times \) total * 100} %')
print(f'2. "{list(d.keys())[1]}": {(influencer["field"].value_counts()[1]) /_\(\times \) \( \times \) total * 100} %')
print(f'3. "{list(d.keys())[2]}": {(influencer["field"].value_counts()[2]) /_\(\times \) \( \times \) \(
```

## Number of Influencer fields Per advertising media

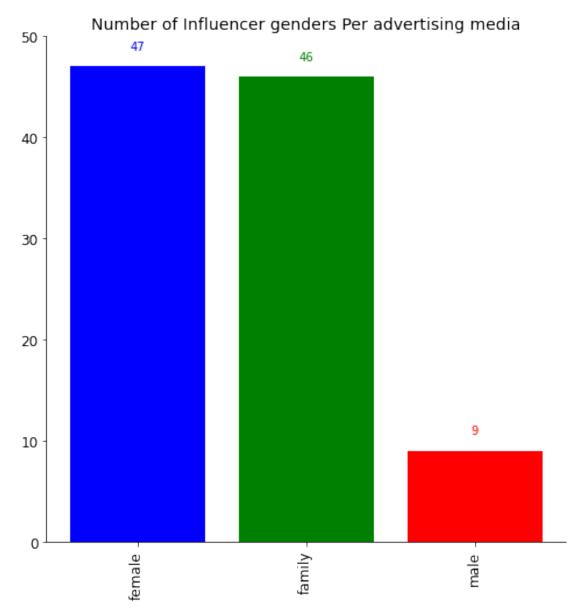


```
the top 3 fields in minor influencers and their percentages are:
     1. "lifestyle": 63.725490196078425 %
     2. "health": 11.76470588235294 %
     3. "tourism": 10.784313725490197 %
[50]: influencer.drop(columns = ['story_no', 'l_threshold', 'h_threshold']).

¬groupby('gender').mean()
[50]:
              follower
                                                                            cost \
                           view action impression cta interaction
      gender
      family 268130.43 32021.26
                                 334.52
                                           33309.26 0.63
                                                                231.57 689130.33
      female 128848.94 15222.32 190.83
                                           15877.64 0.55
                                                                140.60 461702.09
      male
              41444.44 4641.44 179.44
                                            5229.78 0.78
                                                                163.89 311111.11
              lowest_cost_per_view highest_cost_per_view benefit
      gender
      family
                                                              0.04
                         640425.22
                                               1921275.65
      female
                                                              0.34
                         537181.28
                                               1029706.60
     male
                         185657.78
                                                324901.11
                                                             -0.44
```

The table above is the mean of features grouped by gender in minor influencers advertising, intersting insights are listed as below: - best performing category is for family, in the second spot, females and in the last spot males. - male category despite of having less follower and views, got almost the same amount of action in contrast of female category, and more interaction than female category. - male category generally was not benefitual but the female and family category was generally benefitual at this campaign.

```
[51]: d = influencer['gender'].value_counts().to_dict()
      colors = ['blue', 'green', 'red', 'orange', 'purple', 'gray', 'brown']
      fig = plt.figure(figsize = (8, 8))
      ax = fig.add_subplot()
      ax.bar(d.keys(), d.values(), color = colors)
      for i, (k, v) in enumerate(d.items()):
          ax.text(k,
                  v + 2,
                  v,
                  color = colors[i],
                  fontsize = 10,
                  horizontalalignment = 'center',
                  verticalalignment = 'center')
      ax.tick_params(axis = 'x', labelrotation = 90, labelsize = 12)
      ax.tick_params(axis = 'y', labelsize = 12)
      ax.spines["top"].set_color("None")
      ax.spines["right"].set_color("None")
      ax.set_ylim(0, 50)
```



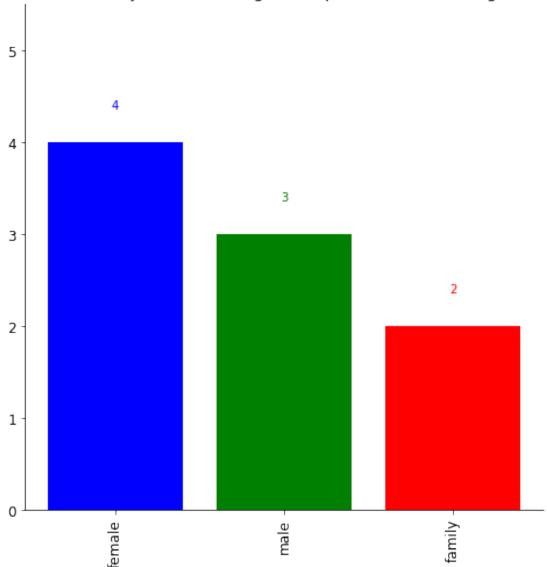
```
the top 3 genders in minor influencers and their percentages are:
     1. "female": 46.07843137254902 %
     2. "family": 45.09803921568628 %
     3. "male": 8.823529411764707 %
[52]: | leaders_post.drop(columns = ['post_no', 'l_threshold', 'h_threshold']).

¬groupby('gender').mean()
[52]:
              follower
                                                              save profile_visit \
                           view
                                    like
                                          comment
                                                     share
      gender
                                                                           263.50
      family
              63700.00 13205.50 3150.00
                                            90.50
                                                   126.50
                                                             81.00
      female 440000.00 80437.50 12605.25
                                            339.25 310.50
                                                           323.25
                                                                          2368.00
      male
             135666.67 53027.00 10371.33
                                           225.33 2625.33 2504.00
                                                                          1066.67
                 reach impression
                                                lowest_cost_per_view \
                                          cost
      gender
      family 19976.50
                          24013.00 3500000.00
                                                           2641100.00
      female 122032.50
                         145265.50 19000000.00
                                                          16087500.00
      male
              69058.67
                          82379.33 13133333.33
                                                          10605400.00
              highest_cost_per_view benefit
      gender
      family
                         5282200.00
                                        0.00
                                        0.25
      female
                        32175000.00
                        21210800.00
                                        0.00
     male
```

The table above is the mean of features groued by gender in Major influencers advertising posts. interesting insights are listed below: - the best performing group of major influencers was female and in the second place male and in the last spot family. - male group despite being in second spot got a significant amount share and save in contrast of other categories. - the only group that the mean of their benefit status was positive, is female and the two other categories are neutral in benefit feature.

```
ax.tick_params(axis = 'x', labelrotation = 90, labelsize = 12)
ax.tick_params(axis = 'y', labelsize = 12)
ax.spines["top"].set_color("None")
ax.spines["right"].set_color("None")
ax.set_ylim(0, 5.5)
ax.set_title("Number of Major influencers genders posts Per advertising media", __
\hookrightarrowfontsize = 14);
plt.show()
total = sum(leaders_post['gender'].value_counts())
print('the top 3 genders in major influencers advertising posts and their ⊔
→percentages are:')
print(f'1. "{list(d.keys())[0]}": {(leaders_post["gender"].value_counts()[0]) /__
→total * 100} %')
print(f'2. "{list(d.keys())[1]}": {(leaders_post["gender"].value_counts()[1]) /__
→total * 100} %')
print(f'3. "{list(d.keys())[2]}": {(leaders_post["gender"].value_counts()[2]) /__
 →total * 100} %')
```

## Number of Major influencers genders posts Per advertising media



the top 3 genders in major influencers advertising posts and their percentages are:

```
1. "female": 44.444444444444 % % 2. "male": 33.3333333333333333 % % 3. "family": 22.22222222222 %
```

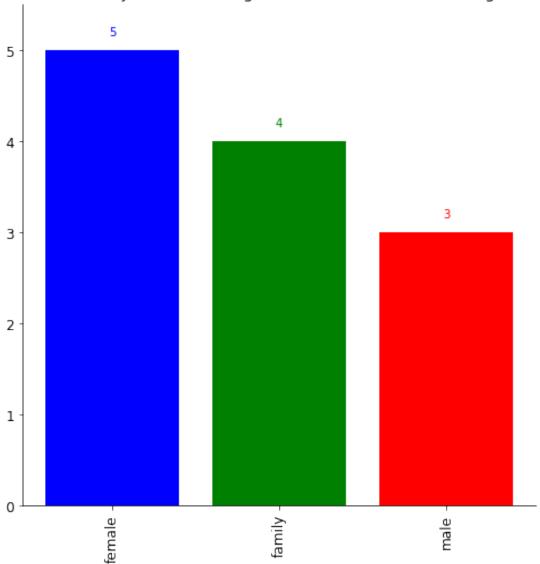
```
[54]: leaders_story.drop(columns = ['story_no', 'cost']).groupby('gender').mean()
```

[54]: follower view action interaction impression gender family 58850.00 4306.50 115.50 91.25 3565.50

```
female 389800.00 57572.00 953.00 660.40 58489.80 male 135666.67 15091.33 277.67 186.67 15289.33
```

```
[55]: d = leaders_story['gender'].value_counts().to_dict()
      colors = ['blue', 'green', 'red', 'orange', 'purple', 'gray', 'brown']
      fig = plt.figure(figsize = (8, 8))
      ax = fig.add_subplot()
      ax.bar(d.keys(), d.values(), color = colors)
      for i, (k, v) in enumerate(d.items()):
          ax.text(k,
                  v + .2,
                  v,
                  color = colors[i],
                  fontsize = 10,
                  horizontalalignment = 'center',
                  verticalalignment = 'center')
      ax.tick_params(axis = 'x', labelrotation = 90, labelsize = 12)
      ax.tick_params(axis = 'y', labelsize = 12)
      ax.spines["top"].set_color("None")
      ax.spines["right"].set_color("None")
      ax.set ylim(0, 5.5)
      ax.set title("Number of Major influencers genders stories Per advertising,
      →media", fontsize = 14);
      plt.show()
      total = sum(leaders story['gender'].value counts())
      print('the top 3 genders in major influencers advertising posts and their ⊔
      →percentages are:')
      print(f'1. "{list(d.keys())[0]}": {(leaders_story["gender"].value_counts()[0]) /
      → total * 100} %')
      print(f'2. "{list(d.keys())[1]}": {(leaders_story["gender"].value_counts()[1]) /
      → total * 100} %')
      print(f'3. "{list(d.keys())[2]}": {(leaders_story["gender"].value_counts()[2]) /
       → total * 100} %')
```





the top 3 genders in major influencers advertising posts and their percentages are:

3. "male": 25.0 %

In the table above you can see the mean of features grouped by gender in major infuencers advertising stories. interesting insights are listed below: - female category was the best performing category and in the second spot male and in the last spot family. - other performance metric features are fairly similar and anticipated.

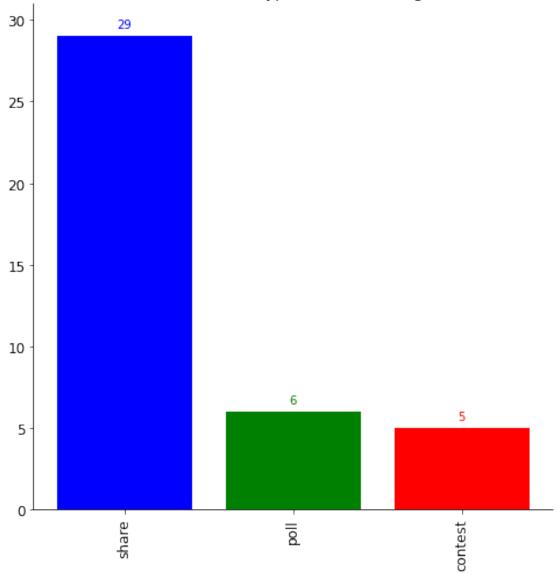
```
[56]: story.drop(columns = ['story_no']).groupby('type').mean()
```

```
[56]:
                 view action reply profile_visit share website_click \
      type
      contest 807.80
                      128.20
                                2.80
                                              15.80
                                                     18.60
                                                                     0.00
     poll
              1028.50
                        22.83
                                3.00
                                              17.00
                                                      2.33
                                                                     0.50
                        29.93
                                3.28
                                                      3.28
                                                                     0.28
      share
               768.79
                                              23.10
               sticker tap
                           impression follow navigation
                                                             back forward
                                                                             next \
      type
                     91.00
                                842.80
                                          0.80
                                                   1067.00 172.20
                                                                    645.40 54.80
      contest
     poll
                      0.00
                               1052.00
                                          0.33
                                                   1155.00 39.17
                                                                    776.67 161.83
                      0.00
                                800.00
                                          0.41
                                                    933.76 42.83
                                                                    620.90 85.86
      share
                exit vote
      type
      contest 204.00 0.00
     poll
              176.17 58.00
      share
              180.86 0.00
```

In the table above you can see the mean of features grouped by their type in campaign published stories. some interesting insights: - poll category got the most view and contest and share categories in the next spots. - contest type stories got much more action in contrast of other categories. - contest type stories shared much more than other type of stories.

```
[57]: | d = story['type'].value_counts().to_dict()
      colors = ['blue', 'green', 'red', 'orange', 'purple', 'gray', 'brown']
      fig = plt.figure(figsize = (8, 8))
      ax = fig.add_subplot()
      ax.bar(d.keys(), d.values(), color = colors)
      for i, (k, v) in enumerate(d.items()):
          ax.text(k.
                  v + .7,
                  v,
                  color = colors[i],
                  fontsize = 10,
                  horizontalalignment = 'center',
                  verticalalignment = 'center')
      ax.tick_params(axis = 'x', labelrotation = 90, labelsize = 12)
      ax.tick_params(axis = 'y', labelsize = 12)
      ax.spines["top"].set_color("None")
      ax.spines["right"].set_color("None")
      ax.set_ylim(0, 31)
      ax.set_title("Number of stories type Per advertising media", fontsize = 14);
      plt.show()
      total = sum(story['type'].value counts())
      print('the top 3 types in campaign published stories and their percentages are:
       ' )
```

## Number of stories type Per advertising media



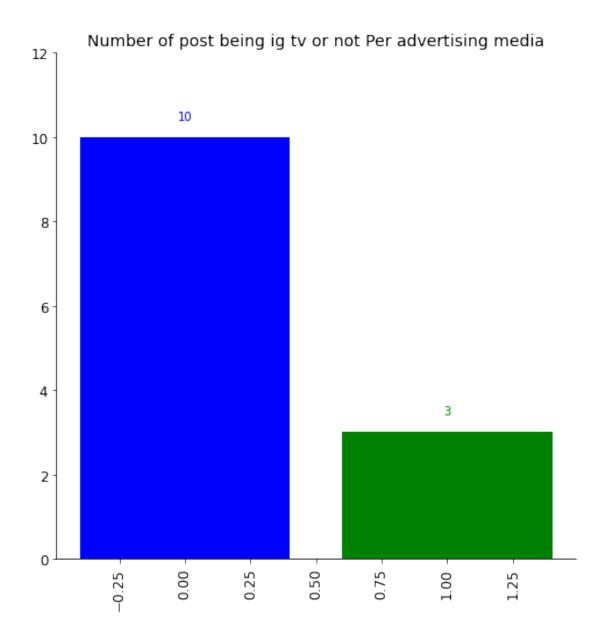
the top 3 types in campaign published stories and their percentages are:

- "share": 72.5 %
   "poll": 15.0 %
- 3. "contest": 12.5 %

```
[58]: post.drop(columns = ['post_no']).groupby('ig_tv').mean()
[58]:
                                      save profile visit
                                                            reach impression \
               like comment
                              share
      ig_tv
      0
             436.70
                       12.10 17.30 13.90
                                                    54.60 2762.50
                                                                       3327.80
            1422.33 10546.67 806.33 192.67
                                                   252.33 8958.00
                                                                     10741.33
                view
      ig_tv
      0
                 nan
            90504.00
      1
```

In the table above you can see the mean of features grouped by their bein ig\_tv or not in campaign published posts. as it's obvious ig\_tv posts got much more love from followers.

```
[59]: | d = post['ig_tv'].value_counts().to_dict()
                  colors = ['blue', 'green', 'red', 'orange', 'purple', 'gray', 'brown']
                  fig = plt.figure(figsize = (8, 8))
                  ax = fig.add_subplot()
                  ax.bar(d.keys(), d.values(), color = colors)
                  for i, (k, v) in enumerate(d.items()):
                              ax.text(k,
                                                       v + .5,
                                                       v,
                                                       color = colors[i],
                                                       fontsize = 10,
                                                      horizontalalignment = 'center',
                                                       verticalalignment = 'center')
                  ax.tick_params(axis = 'x', labelrotation = 90, labelsize = 12)
                  ax.tick_params(axis = 'y', labelsize = 12)
                  ax.spines["top"].set_color("None")
                  ax.spines["right"].set_color("None")
                  ax.set_ylim(0, 12)
                  ax.set_title("Number of post being ig tv or not Per advertising media", __
                    \rightarrowfontsize = 14);
                  plt.show()
                  total = sum(post['ig_tv'].value_counts())
                  print('the 2 post being ig tv or not in campaign published posts and their ⊔
                     →percentages are:')
                  print(f'1. "{list(d.keys())[0]}": {(post["ig_tv"].value_counts()[0]) / total *__
                  print(f'2. "{list(d.keys())[1]}": {(post["ig_tv"].value_counts()[1]) / total *_\primerrow for the counts()[1]) /
                     →100} %¹)
```



the 2 post being ig tv or not in campaign published posts and their percentages are:

```
1. "0": 76.92307692307693 %
2. "1": 23.076923076923077 %
```

```
[60]: temp_df = ad_post[['name', 'view', 'benefit']].sort_values('view')
x = temp_df['name']
y = temp_df['view']
z = temp_df['benefit']

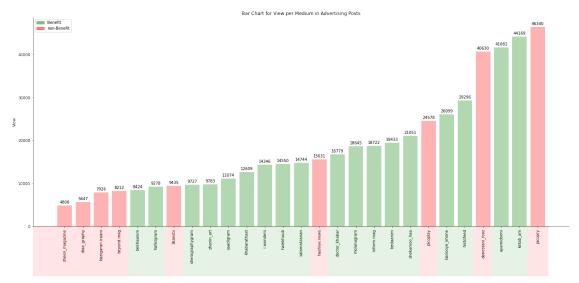
fig = plt.figure(figsize = (25, 10))
```

```
ax = fig.add_subplot()
for x_{, y_{, z_{in}}} zip(x, y, z):
    ax.bar(x_, y_, color = "red" if z_ == 0 else "green", alpha = .3)
    ax.text(x_, y_ + 500, round(y_, 1), horizontal alignment = 'center')
p1 = patches.Rectangle((.125, -.055), width = .138, height = .18, alpha = .1, ___

→facecolor = 'red', transform = fig.transFigure)
fig.add_artist(p1)
p2 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .138, -.055), width = .0524, height = .18, alpha_{\square}
→= .1, facecolor = 'green', transform = fig.transFigure)
fig.add artist(p2)
p3 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .138 + .0524, -.055), width = .026, height = .18_U
→, alpha = .1, facecolor = 'red', transform = fig.transFigure)
fig.add_artist(p3)
p4 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .138 + .0524 + .026, -.055), width = .184,__
→height = .18 , alpha = .1, facecolor = 'green', transform = fig.transFigure)
fig.add artist(p4)
p5 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .138 + .0524 + .026 + .184, -.055)), width = .
\rightarrow026, height = .18, alpha = .1, facecolor = 'red', transform = fig.
→transFigure)
fig.add_artist(p5)
p6 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .138 + .0524 + .026 + .184 + .026, -.055), width_{\cup}
\rightarrow= .132, height = .18 , alpha = .1, facecolor = 'green', transform = fig.
→transFigure)
fig.add artist(p6)
p7 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .138 + .0524 + .026 + .184 + .026 + .132, -...)
→055), width = .026, height = .18 , alpha = .1, facecolor = 'red', transform
→= fig.transFigure)
fig.add_artist(p7)
p8 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .138 + .0524 + .026 + .184 + .026 + .132 + .026, __
\rightarrow-.055), width = .0524, height = .18, alpha = .1, facecolor = 'green', \Box
→transform = fig.transFigure)
fig.add_artist(p8)
p9 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .138 + .0524 + .026 + .184 + .026 + .132 + .026_{\bot})
\hookrightarrow+ .0524, -.055),
                        width = .026, height = .18, alpha = .1, facecolor = \Box
→'red', transform = fig.transFigure)
fig.add_artist(p9)
p10 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .138 + .0524 + .026 + .184 + .026 + .132 + .026_{\square})
\rightarrow+ .0524 + .026, -.055),
                        width = .0524, height = .18 , alpha = .1, facecolor = _{\square}
fig.add_artist(p10)
p11 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .138 + .0524 + .026 + .184 + .026 + .132 + .026_{\cup})
\rightarrow+ .0524 + .026 + .0524, -.055),
```

```
width = .03, height = .18 , alpha = .1, facecolor =
'red', transform = fig.transFigure)
fig.add_artist(p11)

ax.set_xticklabels(x, rotation=90)
ax.set_ylabel("View")
ax.set_title("Bar Chart for View per Medium in Advertising Posts");
ax.spines["top"].set_color("None")
ax.spines["right"].set_color("None")
red_patch = patches.Patch(color='red', alpha = .5, label='non-Benefit')
green_patch = patches.Patch(color='green', alpha = .5, label='Benefit')
plt.legend(handles=[green_patch, red_patch])
plt.show()
```



as you can see in the graph above, the ability of getting huge amount of views are used by media owners to push their advertising price to a state that ad wont't be beneficial cost-wise for agency.

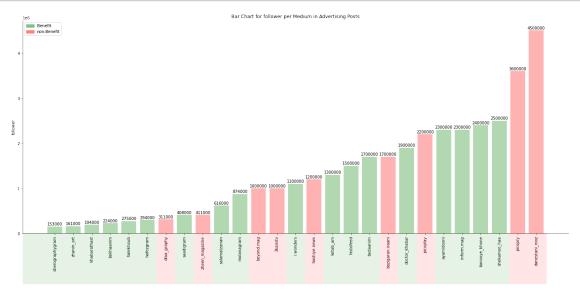
```
[61]: temp_df = ad_post[['name', 'follower', 'benefit']].sort_values('follower')
    x = temp_df['name']
    y = temp_df['follower']
    z = temp_df['benefit']

fig = plt.figure(figsize = (25, 10))
    ax = fig.add_subplot()

for x_, y_, z_ in zip(x, y, z):
    ax.bar(x_, y_, color = "red" if z_ == 0 else "green", alpha = .3)
    ax.text(x_, y_ + 25_000, round(y_, 1), horizontalalignment = 'center')
```

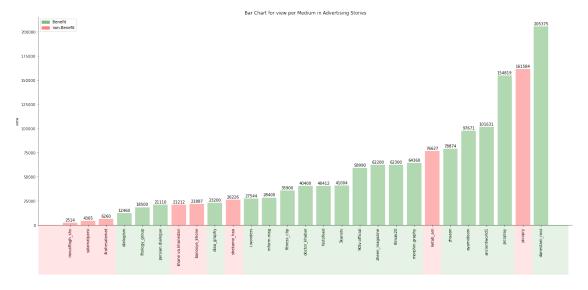
```
p1 = patches.Rectangle((.125, -.055), width = .19, height = .18, alpha = .1,
   →facecolor = 'green', transform = fig.transFigure)
fig.add_artist(p1)
p2 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .19, -.055), width = .0264, height = .18, alpha_{\perp}
   →= .1, facecolor = 'red', transform = fig.transFigure)
fig.add_artist(p2)
p3 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .19 + .0264, -.055), width = .0264, height = .18_{\square}
   →, alpha = .1, facecolor = 'green', transform = fig.transFigure)
fig.add artist(p3)
p4 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .19 + .0264 + .0264, -.055), width = .0264, __
   →height = .18 , alpha = .1, facecolor = 'red', transform = fig.transFigure)
fig.add_artist(p4)
p5 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .19 + .0264 + .0264 + .0264, -.055), width = .
   →0528, height = .18, alpha = .1, facecolor = 'green', transform = fig.
  →transFigure)
fig.add artist(p5)
p6 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .19 + .0264 + .0264 + .0264 + .0528, -.055),_{\cup}
   →width = .0528, height = .18, alpha = .1, facecolor = 'red', transform = fig.
  →transFigure)
fig.add_artist(p6)
p7 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .19 + .0264 + .0264 + .0264 + .0528 + .0528, -.
  \rightarrow055), width = .0264, height = .18, alpha = .1, facecolor = 'green',
  →transform = fig.transFigure)
fig.add_artist(p7)
p8 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .19 + .0264 + .0264 + .0264 + .0528 + .0528 + .
  \hookrightarrow0264, -.055), width = .0264, height = .18, alpha = .1, facecolor = 'red', \sqcup
  →transform = fig.transFigure)
fig.add_artist(p8)
p9 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .19 + .0264 + .0264 + .0264 + .0528 + .0528 + .
  \rightarrow0264 + .0264, -.055),
                                                                                    width = .0792, height = .18, alpha = .1, facecolor = \square
 fig.add artist(p9)
p10 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .19 + .0264 + .0264 + .0264 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 
  \rightarrow0264 + .0264 + .0792, -.055),
                                                                                    width = .0264, height = .18 , alpha = .1, facecolor =_{\sqcup}
  fig.add_artist(p10)
p11 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .19 + .0264 + .0264 + .0264 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 
   \rightarrow0264 + .0264 + .0792 + .0264, -.055),
                                                                                    width = .0264, height = .18 , alpha = .1, facecolor = _{\sqcup}
 fig.add_artist(p11)
p12 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .19 + .0264 + .0264 + .0264 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 + .0528 
  0264 + .0264 + .0792 + .0264 + .0264, -.055,
```

```
width = .0264, height = .18, alpha = .1, facecolor =
→'red', transform = fig.transFigure)
fig.add_artist(p12)
p13 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .19 + .0264 + .0264 + .0264 + .0528 + .0528 + .
\hookrightarrow0264 + .0264 + .0792 + .0264 + .0264 + .0264, -.055),
                      width = .1056, height = .18, alpha = .1, facecolor = \square
fig.add artist(p13)
p14 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .19 + .0264 + .0264 + .0264 + .0528 + .0528 + .
\hookrightarrow0264 + .0264 + .0792 + .0264 + .0264 + .0264 + .1056, -.055),
                      width = .0528, height = .18, alpha = .1, facecolor = \Box
fig.add_artist(p14)
ax.set_xticklabels(x, rotation=90)
ax.set_ylabel("follower")
ax.set_title("Bar Chart for follower per Medium in Advertising Posts");
ax.spines["top"].set_color("None")
ax.spines["right"].set_color("None")
red_patch = patches.Patch(color='red', alpha = .5, label='non-Benefit')
green_patch = patches.Patch(color='green', alpha = .5, label='Benefit')
plt.legend(handles=[green_patch, red_patch])
plt.show()
```



as you can see in the graph above, with proper pricing, both high follower and low followers media could be beneficial.

```
[103]: | temp df = ad story[['name', 'view', 'benefit']].sort_values('view')
       x = temp_df['name']
       y = temp_df['view']
       z = temp_df['benefit']
       fig = plt.figure(figsize = (25, 10))
       ax = fig.add_subplot()
       for x_{-}, y_{-}, z_{-} in zip(x, y, z):
           ax.bar(x_, y_, color = "red" if z_ == 0 else "green", alpha = .3)
           ax.text(x_, y_ + 1_500, round(y_, 1), horizontalalignment = 'center')
       p1 = patches.Rectangle((.125, -.055), width = .112, height = .18, alpha = .1, \square
       →facecolor = 'red', transform = fig.transFigure)
       fig.add artist(p1)
       p2 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .112, -.055), width = .0792, height = .18, alpha_
       →= .1, facecolor = 'green', transform = fig.transFigure)
       fig.add artist(p2)
       p3 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .112 + .0792, -.055), width = .0528, height = .
       →18 , alpha = .1, facecolor = 'red', transform = fig.transFigure)
       fig.add_artist(p3)
       p4 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .112 + .0792 + .0528, -.055), width = .0264, ___
       →height = .18 , alpha = .1, facecolor = 'green', transform = fig.transFigure)
       fig.add_artist(p4)
       p5 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .112 + .0792 + .0528 + .0264, -.055)), width = ...
       \rightarrow0264, height = .18 , alpha = .1, facecolor = 'red', transform = fig.
       →transFigure)
       fig.add_artist(p5)
       p6 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .112 + .0792 + .0528 + .0264 + .0264, -.055),_{\bot}
        \rightarrowwidth = .2615, height = .18 , alpha = .1, facecolor = 'green', transform =
       →fig.transFigure)
       fig.add_artist(p6)
       p7 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .112 + .0792 + .0528 + .0264 + .0264 + .2615, -.
       →055), width = .0264, height = .18 , alpha = .1, facecolor = 'red', transformu
       →= fig.transFigure)
       fig.add_artist(p7)
       p8 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .112 + .0792 + .0528 + .0264 + .0264 + .2615 + .
       \rightarrow0264, -.055),
                              width = .1056, height = .18, alpha = .1, facecolor = \square
       fig.add_artist(p8)
       p9 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .112 + .0792 + .0528 + .0264 + .0264 + .2615 + .
       \rightarrow0264 + .1056, -.055),
                              width = .0264, height = .18, alpha = .1, facecolor =
       →'red', transform = fig.transFigure)
       fig.add_artist(p9)
```

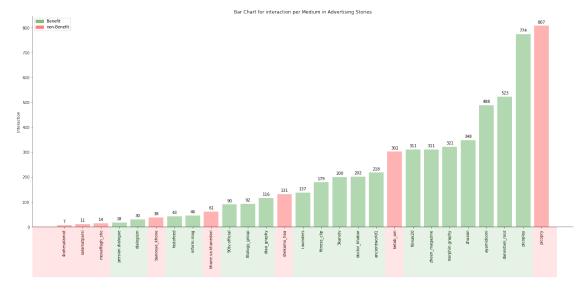


In the graph above you can see the view per medium in advertising stories. almost the same conclusion from advertising posts can be drawn from this graph too.

```
ax.bar(x_, y_, color = "red" if z_ == 0 else "green", alpha = .3)
    ax.text(x_, y_ + 10, round(y_, 1), horizontalalignment = 'center')
p1 = patches.Rectangle((.125, -.055), width = .112, height = .18, alpha = .1, \square
→facecolor = 'red', transform = fig.transFigure)
fig.add artist(p1)
p2 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .112, -.055), width = .0528, height = .18, alpha_
→= .1, facecolor = 'green', transform = fig.transFigure)
fig.add_artist(p2)
p3 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .112 + .0528, -.055), width = .0264, height = .
→18, alpha = .1, facecolor = 'red', transform = fig.transFigure)
fig.add artist(p3)
p4 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .112 + .0528 + .0264, -.055), width = .0528, 
→height = .18, alpha = .1, facecolor = 'green', transform = fig.transFigure)
fig.add_artist(p4)
p5 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .112 + .0528 + .0264 + .0528, -.055), width = .
\rightarrow0264, height = .18, alpha = .1, facecolor = 'red', transform = fig.
→transFigure)
fig.add_artist(p5)
p6 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .112 + .0528 + .0264 + .0528 + .0264, -.055), u
 ⇒width = .0764, height = .18, alpha = .1, facecolor = 'green', transform = ∪
→fig.transFigure)
fig.add_artist(p6)
p7 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .112 + .0528 + .0264 + .0528 + .0264 + .0764, -.
\hookrightarrow055), width = .0264, height = .18, alpha = .1, facecolor = 'red', transform_\( \sigma \)
→= fig.transFigure)
fig.add_artist(p7)
p8 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .112 + .0528 + .0264 + .0528 + .0264 + .0764 + .
\rightarrow0264, -.055),
                       width = .132, height = .18, alpha = .1, facecolor = \square
fig.add_artist(p8)
p9 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .112 + .0528 + .0264 + .0528 + .0264 + .0764 + .
 \rightarrow0264 + .132, -.055),
                       width = .0264, height = .18, alpha = .1, facecolor = \square
→'red', transform = fig.transFigure)
fig.add_artist(p9)
p10 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .112 + .0528 + .0264 + .0528 + .0264 + .0764 + .
\rightarrow0264 + .132 + .0264, -.055),
                       width = .185, height = .18, alpha = .1, facecolor =_{\sqcup}
fig.add_artist(p10)
p11 = patches.Rectangle((.125 + .112 + .0528 + .0264 + .0528 + .0264 + .0764 + .
\rightarrow0264 + .132 + .0264 + .185, -.055),
                       width = .035, height = .18, alpha = .1, facecolor =
→'red', transform = fig.transFigure)
```

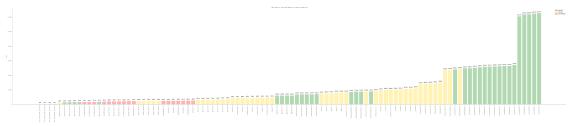
```
fig.add_artist(p11)

plt.xticks(rotation = 90)
ax.set_ylabel("Interaction")
ax.set_title("Bar Chart for interaction per Medium in Advertising Stories");
ax.spines["top"].set_color("None")
ax.spines["right"].set_color("None")
red_patch = patches.Patch(color='red', alpha = .5, label='non-Benefit')
green_patch = patches.Patch(color='green', alpha = .5, label='Benefit')
plt.legend(handles=[green_patch, red_patch])
plt.show()
```



In the graph above you can see the bar chart of interaction per medium for advertising stories. although danestani\_rooz medium got the most views but its interaction rate are fairly low in contrast of picopry and picoplay.

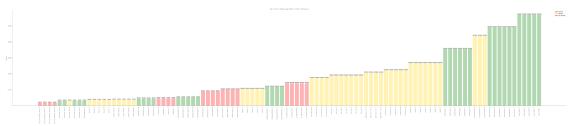
```
plt.xticks(rotation = 90)
ax.set_ylabel("view")
ax.set_title("Bar Chart for view per Medium in Minor Influencers");
ax.spines["top"].set_color("None")
ax.spines["right"].set_color("None")
red_patch = patches.Patch(color='red', alpha = .5, label='non-Benefit')
green_patch = patches.Patch(color='green', alpha = .5, label='Benefit')
gold_patch = patches.Patch(color='gold', alpha = .5, label='Neutral')
plt.legend(handles=[green_patch, gold_patch, red_patch])
plt.show()
```



In the graph above you can see the bar chart of view per medium in minor influencers. it's worth to mentions: - this campaign influencer selection was very percise and you can obviously see the gradual growth of their view is smooth. - ayrosmelody performance was amazing regarding its cost, it's worthy to have her in mind for other campaign since her is very beneficial with current price.

```
[123]: |temp_df = influencer[['story_no', 'influ_name', 'follower', 'benefit']].
       ⇔sort_values('follower')
       x = temp_df['influ_name'] + ' ' + temp_df['story_no'].astype(str)
       y = temp_df['follower']
       z = temp_df['benefit']
       fig = plt.figure(figsize = (85, 15))
       ax = fig.add_subplot()
       for x_{, y_{, z_{in}}} z_{in} z_{in} z_{in}
           ax.bar(x_, y_, color = "red" if z_ == -1 else "green" if z_ == 1 else_
        \rightarrow "gold", alpha = .3)
           ax.text(x_, y_ + 1_500, round(y_, 1), horizontalalignment = 'center')
       plt.xticks(rotation = 90)
       ax.set_ylabel("follower")
       ax.set_title("Bar Chart for follower per Medium in Minor Influencers");
       ax.spines["top"].set_color("None")
       ax.spines["right"].set_color("None")
       red_patch = patches.Patch(color='red', alpha = .5, label='non-Benefit')
```

```
green_patch = patches.Patch(color='green', alpha = .5, label='Benefit')
gold_patch = patches.Patch(color='gold', alpha = .5, label='Neutral')
plt.legend(handles=[green_patch, gold_patch, red_patch])
plt.show()
```



In the graph above you can see the bar chart of follower per medium in minor influencers. as we said earlier the selection of influencers was very good so we can see an even distribution of high-low to high-medium influencers was used in this campaign.

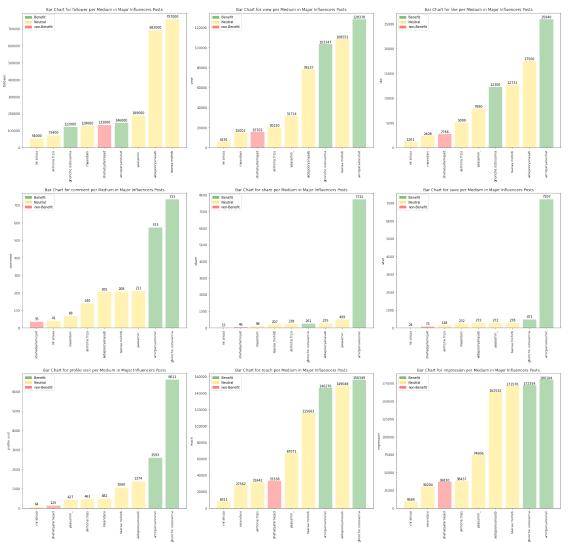
```
[175]: fig = plt.figure(figsize = (24, 22))
       ax1 = fig.add_subplot(3,3,1)
       ax2 = fig.add_subplot(3,3,2)
       ax3 = fig.add_subplot(3,3,3)
       ax4 = fig.add_subplot(3,3,4)
       ax5 = fig.add_subplot(3,3,5)
       ax6 = fig.add_subplot(3,3,6)
       ax7 = fig.add_subplot(3,3,7)
       ax8 = fig.add_subplot(3,3,8)
       ax9 = fig.add_subplot(3,3,9)
       fig.tight_layout(h_pad = 12, w_pad = 4)
       red_patch = patches.Patch(color='red', alpha = .5, label='non-Benefit')
       green_patch = patches.Patch(color='green', alpha = .5, label='Benefit')
       gold_patch = patches.Patch(color='gold', alpha = .5, label='Neutral')
       temp_df = leaders_post[['name', 'follower', 'benefit']].sort_values('follower')
       x = temp_df['name']
       y = temp_df['follower']
       z = temp_df['benefit']
       for x_{, y_{, z_{in}}} zip(x, y, z):
           ax1.bar(x_, y_, color = "red" if z_ == -1 else "green" if z_ == 1 else_\( \)
        \rightarrow "gold", alpha = .3)
           ax1.text(x_, y_ + 10_000, round(y_, 1), horizontalalignment = 'center')
       ax1.set ylabel("follower")
       ax1.set_title("Bar Chart for follower per Medium in Major Influencers Posts")
       ax1.set_xticklabels(x, rotation=90)
       ax1.legend(handles=[green_patch, gold_patch, red_patch])
       temp_df = leaders_post[['name', 'view', 'benefit']].sort_values('view')
```

```
x = temp_df['name']
y = temp_df['view']
z = temp_df['benefit']
for x_{, y_{, z_{in}}} zip(x, y, z):
    ax2.bar(x_, y_, color = "red" if z_ == -1 else "green" if z_ == 1 else_{\sqcup}
\hookrightarrow "gold", alpha = .3)
    ax2.text(x_, y_ + 1000, round(y_, 1), horizontalalignment = 'center')
ax2.set_ylabel("view")
ax2.set_title("Bar Chart for view per Medium in Major Influencers Posts")
ax2.set_xticklabels(x, rotation=90)
ax2.legend(handles=[green_patch, gold_patch, red_patch])
temp_df = leaders_post[['name', 'like', 'benefit']].sort_values('like')
x = temp_df['name']
y = temp_df['like']
z = temp_df['benefit']
for x_{, y_{, z_{in}}} zip(x, y, z):
    ax3.bar(x_, y_, color = "red" if z_ == -1 else "green" if z_ == 1 else_\( \)
\hookrightarrow "gold", alpha = .3)
    ax3.text(x_, y_ + 200, round(y_, 1), horizontalalignment = 'center')
ax3.set_ylabel("like")
ax3.set_title("Bar Chart for like per Medium in Major Influencers Posts")
ax3.set_xticklabels(x, rotation=90)
ax3.legend(handles=[green_patch, gold_patch, red_patch])
temp_df = leaders_post[['name', 'comment', 'benefit']].sort_values('comment')
x = temp df['name']
y = temp_df['comment']
z = temp_df['benefit']
for x_{, y_{, z_{in}}} zip(x, y, z):
    ax4.bar(x_, y_, color = "red" if z_ == -1 else "green" if z_ == 1 else_\( \)
\rightarrow "gold", alpha = .3)
    ax4.text(x_, y_ + 10, round(y_, 1), horizontalalignment = 'center')
ax4.set_ylabel("comment")
ax4.set_title("Bar Chart for comment per Medium in Major Influencers Posts")
ax4.set_xticklabels(x, rotation=90)
ax4.legend(handles=[green_patch, gold_patch, red_patch])
temp_df = leaders_post[['name', 'share', 'benefit']].sort_values('share')
x = temp_df['name']
y = temp_df['share']
z = temp_df['benefit']
for x_{, y_{, z_{in}}} zip(x, y, z):
    ax5.bar(x_, y_, color = "red" if z_ == -1 else "green" if z_ == 1 else_
\rightarrow "gold", alpha = .3)
    ax5.text(x_, y_ + 100, round(y_, 1), horizontalalignment = 'center')
ax5.set_ylabel("share")
```

```
ax5.set_title("Bar Chart for share per Medium in Major Influencers Posts")
ax5.set_xticklabels(x, rotation=90)
ax5.legend(handles=[green_patch, gold_patch, red_patch])
temp_df = leaders_post[['name', 'save', 'benefit']].sort_values('save')
x = temp_df['name']
y = temp_df['save']
z = temp_df['benefit']
for x_{, y_{, z_{in}}} zip(x, y, z):
    ax6.bar(x_, y_, color = "red" if z_ == -1 else "green" if z_ == 1 else_
\rightarrow "gold", alpha = .3)
    ax6.text(x_, y_ + 100, round(y_, 1), horizontalalignment = 'center')
ax6.set_ylabel("save")
ax6.set_title("Bar Chart for save per Medium in Major Influencers Posts")
ax6.set_xticklabels(x, rotation=90)
ax6.legend(handles=[green_patch, gold_patch, red_patch])
temp_df = leaders_post[['name', 'profile_visit', 'benefit']].
⇔sort_values('profile_visit')
x = temp_df['name']
y = temp_df['profile_visit']
z = temp_df['benefit']
for x_, y_, z_in zip(x, y, z):
    ax7.bar(x_, y_, color = "red" if z_ == -1 else "green" if z_ == 1 else_
\rightarrow"gold", alpha = .3)
    ax7.text(x_, y_ + 100, round(y_, 1), horizontalalignment = 'center')
ax7.set_ylabel("profile visit")
ax7.set_title("Bar Chart for profile visit per Medium in Major Influencersu
→Posts")
ax7.set_xticklabels(x, rotation=90)
ax7.legend(handles=[green_patch, gold_patch, red_patch])
temp_df = leaders_post[['name', 'reach', 'benefit']].sort_values('reach')
x = temp_df['name']
y = temp_df['reach']
z = temp_df['benefit']
for x_{-}, y_{-}, z_{-} in zip(x, y, z):
    ax8.bar(x_, y_, color = "red" if z_ == -1 else "green" if z_ == 1 else_
\rightarrow "gold", alpha = .3)
    ax8.text(x_, y_ + 1000, round(y_, 1), horizontalalignment = 'center')
ax8.set_ylabel("reach")
ax8.set_title("Bar Chart for reach per Medium in Major Influencers Posts")
ax8.set_xticklabels(x, rotation=90)
ax8.legend(handles=[green_patch, gold_patch, red_patch])
temp_df = leaders_post[['name', 'impression', 'benefit']].
⇔sort_values('impression')
```

```
x = temp_df['name']
y = temp_df['impression']
z = temp_df['benefit']
for x_, y_, z_ in zip(x, y, z):
    ax9.bar(x_, y_, color = "red" if z_ == -1 else "green" if z_ == 1 else_u

--"gold", alpha = .3)
    ax9.text(x_, y_ + 1000, round(y_, 1), horizontalalignment = 'center')
ax9.set_ylabel("impression")
ax9.set_title("Bar Chart for impression per Medium in Major Influencers Posts")
ax9.set_xticklabels(x, rotation=90)
ax9.legend(handles=[green_patch, gold_patch, red_patch])
```



In the graph above you can see the collection of every performance metric in major influencers post for each medium and benefit status marked with color, some interesting insights are: - although amirparsaneshat and ghoncheostovarnia don't have highest amount of followers, they are performing very well in performance metrics. amirparsaneshat performance in like, share, save and comment are height defining. - amirparsaneshat and ghoncheostovarnia are only major influencers that we benefitted from them. - as we said earlier the only not beneficial major influencer is shahabjafanejad and you can see his performance are farily low in contrast of other influencers.

## 2 Made By: Ramin Ferdos, @SimplyRamin

[]: