Physics Summative Exam

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$1 \quad \text{Mark Distribution} \rightarrow 120 \; \text{Marks}$

1.1 Summary

- Unit 1: Dynamics and Motion \rightarrow 30 Marks + 10 Bonus
- Unit 2: Fields \rightarrow 25 Marks
- Unit 3: Momentum + Energy \rightarrow 30 Marks
- \bullet Unit 4: Light as a Wave \rightarrow 35 Marks
- Unit 5: Quantum \rightarrow 10 Bonus Marks

2 Unit 1 - Dynamics and Motion (30)

2.1 Incline Plane + Projectile Motion (10)

A 3.84×10^3 kg car is parked at the top of a hill 37.8 m high and 24.6 m wide. As the car rolls down the hill, the hill's thick grass creates friction on the cars wheels. The coefficient of friction (μ) is 4.0×10^{-1} . After the car reaches the bottom of the hill, it falls off of a cliff 64.9 m high at an angle relative to the hill's with a uniform horizontal velocity.

Solve for each of the following:

- a) How fast is the car travelling by the time it reaches the bottom of the hill?
- b) How far does the car travel (horizontally) after falling off the cliff?

2.2 Fletcher's Trolley (5)

A 2.9×10^3 g boulder rests on a level plane and is connected to a Fletcher's trolley apparatus attached to a 6.4 kg cart suspended in the air. As of now the cart is being held up (not released yet). The coefficient of friction on the boulder (μ) is 0.54.

Solve for each of the following:

- a) What is the acceleration of the trolley?
- b) What is the tension in the string once the cart is released?

2.3 Theory (5)

2.3.1 Which of the following are apart of Newton's Laws of Motion?

- a) $v = \frac{\Delta d}{\Delta t}$
- b) $F_{net} = ma$
- c) $E_k = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$

2.3.2 Which of the following are apart of Newton's Laws of Motion?

- a) For every action there is an equal and opposite reaction.
- b) For every action there is an unequal reaction in the opposite direction.
- c) Earth's gravity causes objects to fall to the ground.

2.4 Labs (10)

2.4.1 What is the procedure for the Projectile Motion Lab? (5)

Your procedure must be a minimum of 5 steps.

2.4.2 What is the procedure for the Fletchers Trolley Lab? (5)

Your procedure must be a minimum of 5 steps.

3 Unit 2 - Fields (20)

3.1 Milikans Oil Drop Experiment (10)

3.1.1 Draw the diagram for this experiment (5)

Your diagram must be labeled properly.

3.1.2 What is the significance of this experiment? (5)

Your answer should contain a minimum of 100 characters.

3.2 Electrostatic Forces and Electric Field Intensity (15)

Three charged objects are located at the vertices of a right triangle. The first charge (Charge A) has a charge of $+6.7\mu C$ and is located at the coordinate (0,0). The second charge (Charge B) has a charge of $-3.5\mu C$ and is located at

the coordinate (0,3). The third charge (Charge C) has a charge of $-2.0\mu C$ and is located at the coordinate (4,0). Point D is located at the coordinate (4,3). The difference in coordinates is measured in centimeters.

- a) What is the magnitude of the force on Charge A?
- b) What is the magnitude of the force on Charge B?
- c) What is the magnitude of the force on Charge C?
- d) What is the magnitude of intensity on point D?

4 Unit 3 - Momentum + Energy (30)

4.1 Theory (5)

4.1.1 Describe how Banked Curves work (3)

Your answer should contain a minimum of 100 characters.

4.1.2 What are two ways to reduce the force of a collision? (2)

Your answer should contain a minimum of 100 characters.

4.2 Labs (5)

4.2.1 What is the procedure for the 2D Momentum Lab? (5)

Your procedure must be a minimum of 5 steps.

4.3 Energy + 2D Momentum (10)

Jeremy rolls a bowling ball with a mass of 6.7 kg directly at a stationary bowling pin that has a mass of 3.0×10^3 g. The bowling ball is 0.97m above the ground and moving 1.2 m/s before Jeremy releases it. After the collision, the bowling ball rolls off at a 32° angle counter-clockwise with a velocity of 3.1 m/s. What is the after velocity of the bowling pin?



4.4 Spring Energy + Inelastic Momentum (10)

A child; Michael, with a mass of 20 kg is running towards a 3 kg rope at a velocity of $2.4 \ m/s$. Michael sticks to the rope after their collision and swings forward. The rope is very old so when Michael reaches his highest peak, the rope breaks. Michael falls to the ground and luckily lands on a trampoline that has a spring constant of $164.7 \frac{N}{m}$. The trampoline compresses $0.4 \ m$ before bouncing back to its original height. The trampoline's original height is $1.2 \ m$.



Solve for each of the following:

- a) What is the velocity of Michael and the rope after their collision?
- b) What was Michael's initial velocity before hitting the trampoline?
- c) What is the velocity of Michael after the collision with the trampoline?

4.5 Momentum + Energy + Kinematics + Forces (+10)

On the exoplanet Titan, a boulder with a mass of 18.3 kg is at the top of a hill 27 m above the ground. The gravitational pull on Titan is 7.254 times less than earth. The boulder is already moving with a horizontal velocity of 12 m/s. The boulder rolls down the hill and collides with a stationary spacecraft that has a mass of 2.0×10^2 kg. The boulder and spacecraft stick together after their collision, and roll for 13.7 seconds. The soil at the bottom of the hill has a coefficient of friction (μ) of 0.42.

Solve for each of the following:

- a) What is the velocity of the Boulder and Spacecraft after their collision?
- b) How far does the boulder and spacecraft travel? (Δd)

5 Unit 4 - Light as a Wave (35)

5.1 Theory (25)

5.1.1 Why does an interference pattern appear for single slits? (5)

Your answer should contain a minimum of 100 characters.

5.1.2 Why does an interference pattern appear for double slits? (5)

Your answer should contain a minimum of 100 characters.

5.1.3 Draw the intensity chart for both double and single slits (5)

Your intensity charts must be labeled properly.

5.1.4 Briefly summarize each of the following (10)

Your summaries should contain a minimum of 100 characters.

- a) Diffraction Gratings
- b) Polarization
- c) Red light vs Green light

5.2 Double Slit (5)

Monochromatic light is shone through two slits 4.0×10^5 nm apart. The fringes on the screen are $d \times 5 \times 10^3$ m away from the slits and have a central maxima width of 2.0×10^{-4} km. What is the wavelength of the light? What color would the light be?

5.3 Single Slit (5)

How wide is a single slit if it diffracts a 470 nm beam of light such that it produces a central maxima width of double 3.0 cm on a screen 1.2 m away?

6 Unit 5 - Quantum (+10 Bonus)

6.1 Describe Wave-Particle Duality (+5)

Your description should contain a minimum of 100 characters.

6.2 Elaborate on one of the following (+5)

Your description should contain a minimum of 100 characters.

a) Schrödinger's Cat

- b) Superposition
- c) Heisenberg Uncertainty Principle