## A Search lab

October 24, 2021

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[1]: def aStarAlgo(start_node, stop_node):
             open_set = set(start_node)
             closed set = set()
             g = {} #store distance from starting node
             parents = {}# parents contains an adjacency map of all nodes
             #ditance of starting node from itself is zero
             g[start_node] = 0
             #start_node is root node i.e it has no parent nodes
             #so start_node is set to its own parent node
             parents[start_node] = start_node
             while len(open_set) > 0:
                 n = None
                 #node with lowest f() is found
                 for v in open_set:
                     if n == None \ or \ g[v] + heuristic(v) < g[n] + heuristic(n):
                         n = v
                 if n == stop_node or Graph_nodes[n] == None:
                     pass
                 else:
                     for (m, weight) in get_neighbors(n):
                          #nodes 'm' not in first and last set are added to first
                         #n is set its parent
                         if m not in open_set and m not in closed_set:
                             open_set.add(m)
                             parents[m] = n
                             g[m] = g[n] + weight
                         #for each node m, compare its distance from start i.e g(m)
      \rightarrow to the
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#from start through n node
                         else:
                             if g[m] > g[n] + weight:
                                 #update q(m)
                                 g[m] = g[n] + weight
                                 #change parent of m to n
                                 parents[m] = n
                                 #if m in closed set, remove and add to open
                                 if m in closed_set:
                                      closed set.remove(m)
                                      open_set.add(m)
                 if n == None:
                     print('Path does not exist!')
                     return None
                 # if the current node is the stop_node
                 # then we begin reconstructin the path from it to the start_node
                 if n == stop_node:
                     path = []
                     while parents[n] != n:
                         path.append(n)
                         n = parents[n]
                     path.append(start_node)
                     path.reverse()
                     print('Path found: {}'.format(path))
                     return path
                 # remove n from the open_list, and add it to closed_list
                 # because all of his neighbors were inspected
                 open_set.remove(n)
                 closed_set.add(n)
             print('Path does not exist!')
             return None
[2]: def get_neighbors(v):
         if v in Graph_nodes:
             return Graph_nodes[v]
         else:
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return None

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[6]: def heuristic(n):
             H_dist = {
                 'A': 11,
                 'B': 6,
                 'C': 99,
                 'D': 1,
                 'E': 7,
                 'G': 0,
             }
             return H_dist[n]
[7]: Graph_nodes = {
         'A': [('B', 2), ('E', 3)],
         'B': [('C', 1),('G', 9)],
         'C': None,
         'E': [('D', 6)],
         'D': [('G', 1)],
     aStarAlgo('A', 'G')
    Path found: ['A', 'E', 'D', 'G']
[7]: ['A', 'E', 'D', 'G']
[]:
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