Hand Written Digit Prediction - Classification Analysis

The digits dataset consists of 8x8 pixel images of digits. The images attribute of the dataset stores 8x8 arrays of grayscale values for each image. We will use these arrays to visualize the first 4 images. The target attribute.

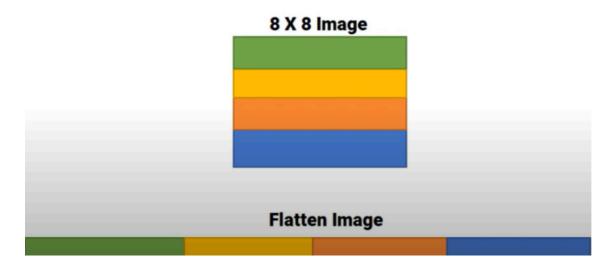
Import Library

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

Import Data

Data Processing

Flatten Image



```
df.images.shape
 → (1797, 8, 8)
df.images[0]
 → array([[ 0., 0., 5., 13., 9., 1.,
                [ 0., 0., 13., 15., 10., 15., 5., 0.],
                [ 0., 3., 15., 2., 0., 11., 8., 0.], [ 0., 4., 12., 0., 0., 8., 8., 0.],
               [ 0., 5., 8., 0., 0., 9., 8., 0.],
[ 0., 4., 11., 0., 1., 12., 7., 0.],
[ 0., 2., 14., 5., 10., 12., 0., 0.],
                [ 0., 0., 6., 13., 10., 0., 0., 0.]])
df.images[0].shape
→ (8, 8)
len(df.images)
 → 1797
n_samples = len(df.images)
data = df.images.reshape((n_samples,-1))
data[0]
 → array([ 0., 0.,
                                           9., 1., 0., 0., 0., 13., 15., 10.,
                              5., 13.,
               15., 5., 0., 0., 3., 15., 2., 0., 11., 8., 0., 0., 4., 12., 0., 0., 8., 8., 0., 0., 5., 8., 0., 0., 9., 8., 0., 0., 4., 11., 0., 1., 12., 7., 0., 0., 2., 14., 5., 10., 12., 0., 0., 0., 0., 6., 13., 10., 0., 0., 0.])
data[0].shape
 → (64,)
data.shape
 → (1797, 64)
       (1797, 64)
Scaling Image Data
data.min()
 → 0.0
data.max()
 → 16.0
data = data/16
data.min()
<del>→</del> 0.0
data.max()
→ 1.0
data[0]
```

, 0. , 0.3125, 0.8125, 0.5625, 0.0625, 0. , 0. , 0. , 0. 8125, 0.9375, 0.625 , 0.9375, 0.3125, 0.

, 0.1875, 0.9375, 0.125 , 0. , 0.6875, 0.5 , 0. , 0.25 , 0.75 , 0. , 0. , 0.5 , 0.5 , 0. , 0.3125, 0.5 , 0. , 0. , 0.5625, 0.5 , 0.

 \rightarrow array([0.

0. 0.

```
0. , 0.25 , 0.6875, 0. , 0.0625, 0.75 , 0.4375, 0. , 
0. , 0.125 , 0.875 , 0.3125, 0.625 , 0.75 , 0. , 0. , 
0. , 0. , 0.375 , 0.8125, 0.625 , 0. , 0. , 0. ])
```

Train Test Split Data

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(data,df.target,test_size = 0.3)

x_train.shape,x_test.shape,y_train.shape,y_test.shape

$\frac{1}{2}$ ((1257, 64), (540, 64), (1257,), (540,))
```

Random Forest Model

Predict Test Data

```
y_pred = rf.predict(x_test)
y_pred
            3, 6, 7, 5, 2, 1, 0, 4, 5, 7, 7, 2, 9, 6, 1, 3, 6, 8, 9, 7, 7, 0,
            6, 0, 4, 0, 5, 6, 7, 1, 4, 3, 6, 1, 2, 0, 9, 0, 2, 1, 6, 8, 2, 0,
            0, 5, 7, 2, 8, 3, 3, 2, 1, 7, 4, 6, 9, 3, 8, 3, 1, 7, 3, 9, 8, 9,
            6, 2, 1, 1, 1, 2, 9, 6, 5, 8, 8, 6, 4, 5, 4, 7, 0, 4, 9, 1, 7, 9,
            2, 2, 4, 7, 5, 0, 8, 0, 0, 8, 6, 4, 9, 8, 4, 5, 5, 1, 4, 1, 1, 0,
            9, 2, 1, 6, 2, 2, 9, 1, 5, 0, 3, 1, 3, 1, 4, 1, 3, 2, 3, 9, 7, 6,
              7, 9, 6, 7, 6, 7, 3, 2, 6, 5, 5, 5, 1, 1, 4, 6, 8, 5, 5, 7, 5,
            1, 9, 6, 5, 7, 4, 8, 5, 4, 3, 1, 1, 1, 7, 7, 3, 6, 1, 5, 7, 6, 8,
              0, 3, 9, 0, 3, 3, 9, 1, 1, 7,
                                             7, 4, 3, 6, 1, 9, 5, 4, 0, 8, 0,
            8, 9, 9, 6, 9, 4, 8, 3, 0, 4, 3, 7, 5, 0, 4, 5, 1, 7, 8, 5, 3, 4,
            4, 4, 8, 3, 7, 7, 3, 5, 1, 7, 9, 1, 8, 3, 4, 7, 4, 1, 8, 8, 1, 5,
            5, 2, 7, 6, 9, 5, 7, 2, 5, 6, 1, 5, 1, 8, 9, 6, 9, 5, 8, 6, 7, 7,
            9, 1, 0, 8, 7, 8, 0, 6, 1, 0, 4, 8, 6, 0, 6, 6, 4, 1,
                                                                  6,
            8, 0, 1, 0, 6, 4, 6, 2, 2, 8, 6, 2, 6, 7, 3, 6, 0, 3, 6, 9, 4, 9,
               3, 5, 3, 0, 3, 4, 6, 1, 2, 8, 6, 0, 4, 9, 8, 8, 6, 5, 8, 2, 6,
            0, 5, 1, 7, 0, 0, 1, 0, 2, 4, 4, 9, 1, 4, 3, 8, 8,
               7, 8, 5, 1, 3, 2, 4, 2, 1, 0, 2, 0, 5, 4, 4, 6, 3, 5, 4, 0, 5,
            5, 3, 5, 2, 3, 2, 7, 6, 3, 6, 0, 1, 5, 4, 2, 3, 1, 2, 9, 2, 2, 8,
            7, 4, 6, 3, 7, 1, 9, 4, 8, 6, 7, 3, 4, 1, 7, 4, 6, 6, 0, 0, 9, 4,
            6, 6, 2, 7, 8, 5, 2, 9, 7, 5, 5, 9, 7, 0, 4, 0, 6, 8, 4,
            2, 1, 0, 7, 1, 1, 0, 6, 9, 4, 7, 8, 7, 2, 2, 4, 1, 2, 4, 5, 4, 5,
            3, 7, 8, 8, 5, 1, 5, 5, 2, 6, 0, 0, 8, 8, 9, 4, 7, 3, 2, 0, 7, 3,
            3, 3, 3, 8, 3, 5, 1, 5, 1, 2, 1, 1, 0, 5, 1, 4, 9, 8, 5, 3, 7, 9,
            3, 8, 9, 3, 9, 6, 4, 2, 1, 4, 3, 3])
```

Model Accuracy

```
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, classification_report
confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred)
```

print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred))

| → | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
|--------------|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
| 0 | 0.98 | 0.98 | 0.98 | 50 |
| 1 | 0.92 | 1.00 | 0.96 | 59 |
| 2 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 44 |
| 3 | 1.00 | 0.96 | 0.98 | 57 |
| 4 | 0.97 | 0.95 | 0.96 | 59 |
| 5 | 0.96 | 1.00 | 0.98 | 52 |
| 6 | 1.00 | 0.92 | 0.96 | 65 |
| 7 | 0.91 | 1.00 | 0.95 | 53 |
| 8 | 0.94 | 0.88 | 0.91 | 51 |
| 9 | 0.98 | 0.96 | 0.97 | 50 |
| accuracy | | | 0.96 | 540 |
| macro avg | 0.97 | 0.97 | 0.97 | 540 |
| weighted avg | 0.97 | 0.96 | 0.96 | 540 |