# Power BI Dashboard Report for Retail Analytics

**Objective:** This report summarizes the steps, analyses, and insights provided in the Power BI dashboard created for a retail dataset. The dashboard addresses key business questions through dynamic and interactive visualizations.

### 1. Top Categories by Total Price

**Objective:** Identify and visually represent the top 10 product categories by total sales.

### **Steps:**

- Created a Calculated measure for total sales:
- Total Sales = SUM(Order\_Items[price])
- Used a Stacked Column Chart to display the top 10 product categories by total sales.
- Added Product\_category\_name\_english to the axis and Total Sales as values.

**Insight:** Displays the highest-performing product categories by sales.





## 2. Delayed Orders Analysis

**Objective:** Determine the number of delayed orders in each category.

#### **Steps:**

- Created a Delayed Status column
- Delayed Status =
- IF(ISBLANK(Updated orders datase[order delivered customer date]), "NA",
- IF(Updated\_orders\_datase[order\_estimated\_delivery\_date] >
  Updated\_orders\_datase[order\_delivered\_customer\_date], "Delayed", "IN TAT"))
- Created measures:
- Delayed Orders =
- CALCULATE( COUNT(Updated\_orders\_datase[order\_id]), Updated\_orders\_datase[Delayed Status] = "Delayed")
- On-Time Orders = CALCULATE(COUNT(Updated\_orders\_datase[order\_id]),
  Updated\_orders\_datase[Delayed Status] = "IN TAT")
- Used a Table with Product\_category\_name\_english title and the count of delayed orders as values.

**Insight:** Identifies the product categories with the most delivery delays.

d Orders On-Ti	me Orders
789	490
789	490
	. 00

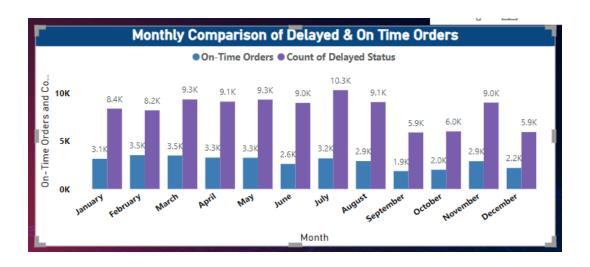
### 3. Monthly Comparison of Delayed and On-Time Orders

**Objective:** Create a dynamic visual that compares the number of delayed orders to on-time orders for each month.

#### **Steps:**

- Created measures:
- On-Time Orders =
   CALCULATE(COUNT(Updated\_orders\_datase[order\_id]), Updated\_orders\_datase[Delayed Status] = "IN TAT")
- Used a clustered column chart with order\_purchase\_timestamp and set to the month on the X-axis, and Delayed Orders and On-Time Orders on the Y-axis

**Insight:** Provides a comparative analysis of monthly delivery performance.



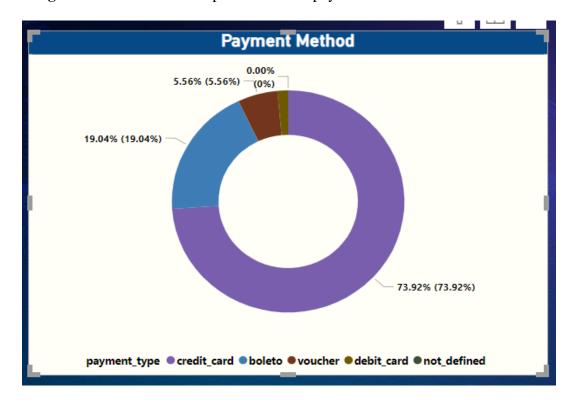
## 4. Payment Method Analysis

**Objective:** Analyze the most frequently used payment methods.

### **Steps:**

- Used the Payment\_type field from Order\_payments\_dataset.
- Created a Dount chart showing the count of each payment method.

**Insight:** Visualizes customer preferences for payment methods.



## **5. Product Rating Analysis**

**Objective:** Identify the top 10 highest-rated and bottom 10 lowest-rated products.

#### **Steps:**

- Used two Clustered Bar Charts, one for the top 10 and another for the bottom 10 products by average rating.
- Use Review\_score from Order\_reviews\_dataset and put at the X-Axis and Product-category\_name\_english at Y-Axis.

**Insight:** Highlights customer satisfaction levels.





# 6. State-wise Sales Analysis

**Objective:** Identify states with high and low sales.

**Steps:** 

- Used a map visual with Customer\_state at the Location, Customer City at Legend and Latitude and longitude at their place Total Sales.
- Add the tooltip at the Map with to show the state and city wise sales.

**Insight:** Provides a geographical breakdown of sales performance.



### 7. Seasonal Sales Patterns

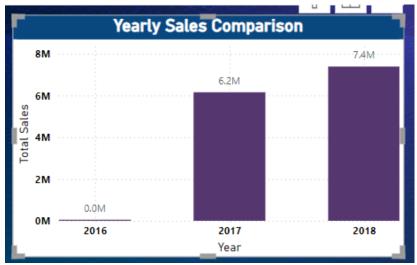
**Objective:** Analyze seasonal sales trends quarterly.

#### **Steps:**

- Crate two Cluster Colum Chars
- Used order\_purchase\_timestamp as Quarter on the axis and Total Sales as values.
- Another Used order\_purchase\_timestamp as Yearly on the axis and Total Sales as values.

**Insight:** Displays sales trends by season.





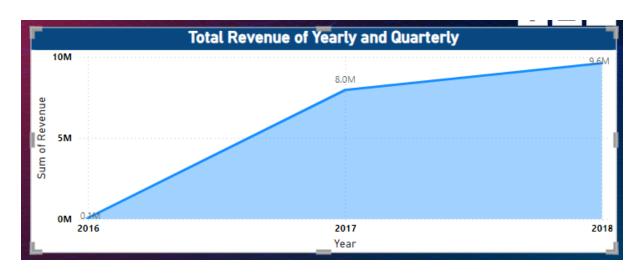
# 8. Revenue Analysis

**Objective:** Determine total revenue and analyze yearly trends.

## **Steps:**

- Created a measure:
- Total Revenue = SUM(Order\_Items\_dataset[Price]) + SUM(Order\_Items\_dataset[Freight\_value])
- Used a line chart to display revenue trends by year.

**Insight:** Reveals yearly revenue growth patterns.



### **Additional Features**

- **Dropdown Slicers for Product Category and State:** To allow dynamic filtering of visuals by product\_category\_name and customer\_state.
- Cards for Total Sales and Total Orders: To highlight key metrics at a glance.
- Navigation with Shapes for Page Links: Shapes are added as clickable elements that direct users to different pages for detailed views and analysis, enhancing the interactivity of the report.

### **Conclusion**

This Power BI dashboard provides a comprehensive and interactive approach to analyzing key business metrics for the retail dataset. The inclusion of slicers