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Coverage for diffusion2d.py: 62%
                                                                                                                    *****
   85 statements 53 run 32 missing 0 excluded
1 """
 2 Solving the two-dimensional diffusion equation
 4 Example acquired from https://scipython.com/book/chapter-7-matplotlib/examples/the-two-dimensional-diffusion-equation/
 5
 6
 7
   import numpy as np
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 9
10
11 class SolveDiffusion2D:
       def __init__(self):
12
13
14
            Constructor of class SolveDiffusion2D
15
16
            # plate size, mm
17
            self.w = None
            self.h = None
18
19
            # intervals in x-, y- directions, mm
20
21
            self.dx = None
22
            self.dy = None
23
            # Number of discrete mesh points in X and Y directions
24
25
26
            self.ny = None
27
            # Thermal diffusivity of steel, mm^2/s
28
29
            self.D = None
30
31
            # Initial cold temperature of square domain
32
            self.T_cold = None
33
34
            # Initial hot temperature of circular disc at the center
            self.T_hot = None
35
36
37
            # Timestep
38
            self.dt = None
39
40
       def initialize domain(self, w=10., h=10., dx=0.1, dy=0.1):
41
            assert (type(w) is float)
42
            assert (type(h) is float)
43
            assert (type(dx) is float)
44
            assert (type(dy) is float)
45
46
            self.w = w
            self.h = h
47
48
            self.dx = dx
49
            self.dy = dy
50
            self.nx = int(w / dx)
51
            self.ny = int(h / dy)
52
53
        def initialize physical parameters(self, d=4., T cold=300., T hot=700.):
54
            assert (type(d) is float)
55
            assert (type(T_cold) is float)
56
            assert (type(T_hot) is float)
57
58
            assert (type(self.dx) is not None)
            assert (type(self.dy) is not None)
59
60
            assert (type(self.dx) is not None)
61
62
            self.D = d
            self.T_cold = T_cold
63
64
            self.T_hot = T_hot
65
            # Computing a stable time step
66
            dx2, dy2 = self.dx * self.dx, self.dy * self.dy
67
```

1 of 3

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68
             self.dt = dx2 * dy2 / (2 * self.D * (dx2 + dy2))
 69
 70
             print("dt = {}".format(self.dt))
 71
 72
         def set_initial_condition(self):
             u = self.T_cold * np.ones((self.nx, self.ny))
 73
 74
 75
             # Initial conditions - circle of radius r centred at (cx,cy) (mm)
 76
             r, cx, cy = 2, 5, 5
 77
             r2 = r ** 2
             for i in range(self.nx):
 78
 79
                 for j in range(self.ny):
                     p2 = (i * self.dx - cx) ** 2 + (j * self.dy - cy) ** 2
 80
                     if p2 < r2:
 81
 82
                         u[i, j] = self.T_hot
 83
 84
             return u.copy()
 85
 86
         def do timestep(self, u_nm1):
 87
             u = u_nm1.copy()
 88
 89
             dx2 = self.dx * self.dx
 90
             dy2 = self.dy * self.dy
 91
 92
             # Propagate with forward-difference in time, central-difference in space
             u[1:-1, 1:-1] = u_nm1[1:-1, 1:-1] + self.D * self.dt * (
 93
 94
                     (u_nm1[2:, 1:-1] - 2 * u_nm1[1:-1, 1:-1] + u_nm1[:-2, 1:-1]) / dx2
 95
                     + \ (u_nm1[1:-1,\ 2:] \ - \ 2 \ * \ u_nm1[1:-1,\ 1:-1] \ + \ u_nm1[1:-1,\ :-2]) \ / \ dy2)
 96
 97
             return u.copy()
 98
 99
         def create_figure(self, fig, u, n, fignum):
100
             fignum += 1
101
             ax = fig.add_subplot(220 + fignum)
102
             \verb|im = ax.imshow(u.copy(), cmap=plt.get_cmap('hot'), vmin=self.T_cold, vmax=self.T_hot)|\\
103
             ax.set axis off()
104
             ax.set_title('{:.1f} ms'.format(n * self.dt * 1000))
105
106
             return fignum, im
107
108
    def output_figure(fig, im):
109
110
         fig.subplots_adjust(right=0.85)
111
         cbar_ax = fig.add_axes([0.9, 0.15, 0.03, 0.7])
112
         cbar_ax.set_xlabel('$T$ / K', labelpad=20)
113
         fig.colorbar(im, cax=cbar_ax)
114
         plt.show()
115
116
117 def main():
118
         DiffusionSolver = SolveDiffusion2D()
119
120
         DiffusionSolver.initialize_domain()
121
122
         DiffusionSolver.initialize_physical_parameters()
123
124
         u0 = DiffusionSolver.set initial condition()
125
         # Number of timesteps
126
127
         nsteps = 101
128
129
         # Output 4 figures at these timesteps
130
         n_{output} = [0, 10, 50, 100]
131
132
         fig_counter = 0
133
         fig = plt.figure()
134
135
         im = None
136
137
         # Time loop
138
         for n in range(nsteps):
139
             u = DiffusionSolver.do_timestep(u0)
```

2 of 3 1/24/23, 14:06

```
140
141
            # Create figure
142
            if n in n_output:
143
                fig_counter, im = DiffusionSolver.create_figure(fig, u, n, fig_counter)
144
145
            u\theta = u.copy()
146
147
        # Plot output figures
148
        output_figure(fig, im)
149
150
151 if __name__ == "__main__":
152
        main()
```

« index coverage.py v5.5, created at 2023-01-24 14:04 +0100

3 of 3 1/24/23, 14:06