Routing and Switching Essentials (Version 6.00) - RSE 6.0 Chapter 3 Exam

Below is the feedback on items for which you did not receive full credit. Some interactive items may not display your response.

Subscore:	Domain Knowledge - Weighted Score	\vee

6 What is a purpose of the network command when configuring RIPv2 as the routing protocol?

Correct Response	Your Response
	It immediately advertises the specified network to neighbor routers with a classful mask.
*	It identifies the interfaces that belong to a specified network.
	It populates the routing table with the network entry.
	It specifies the remote network that can now be reached.
	network command is used to advertise the directly connected networks of a router. It enables RIP on nterfaces that belong to the specified network.
This ite	em references content from the following areas:
	Routing and Switching Essentials
	3.2.1 Configuring the RIP Protocol

15 Which two statements are true regarding classless routing protocols? (Choose two.)

Correct Your Response Response

✓ sends subnet mask information in routing updates				
✓ allows for use of both 192.168.1.0/30 and 192.168.1.16/28 subnets in the same topology				
reduces the amount of address space available in an organization				
is supported by RIP version 1				
sends complete routing table update to all neighbors				
This item references content from the following areas:				
Routing and Switching Essentials				
3.2.1 Configuring the RIP Protocol				

20 Which type of route will require a router to perform a recursive lookup?

Correct Response	Your Response
	a level 1 network route that is using a next hop IP address on a router that is using CEF
	a level 2 child route that is using an exit interface on a router that is not using CEF
	a parent route on a router that is using CEF
*	an ultimate route that is using a next hop IP address on a router that is not using CEF

When Cisco Express Forwarding (CEF) is not being used on a router, a recursive lookup must be performed when a route using a next-hop IP address is selected as the best pathway to forward data.

This item references content from the following areas:

Routing and Switching Essentials

3.3.3 The IPv4 Route Lookup Process