

IPv4 Address Classes

Class A	1 – 127	Leading bit pattern	0	0000000.00000000.00000000.000000000000
Class B	128 – 191	Leading bit pattern	10	10000000.000000000.00000000.0000000000
Class C	192 – 223	Leading bit pattern	110	11000000.000000000.00000000.0000000000
Class D	224 – 239	(Reserved for multica	ast)	
Class E	240 – 255	(Reserved for experin	mental,	used for research)

Speciality Address Ranges

Loopback -Only the single 127.0.0.1 address is used, addresses 127.0.0.0 to 127.255.255.255 are reserved. Any address within this block will loop

back to the local host.

Link-Local Addresses -IPv4 addresses in the address block 169.254.0.0 to 169.254.255.255

(169.254.0.0/16) are designated as link-local addresses.

TEST-NET Addresses -The address block 192.0.2.0 to 192.0.2.255 (192.0.2.0/24) is set aside

for teaching and learning purposes.

Experimental Addresses -The addresses in the block 240.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.254 are listed as

reserved for future use (RFC 3330).

Private Address Space

Class A 10.0.0.0 to 10.255.255.255

Class B 172.16.0.0 to 172.31.255.255

Class C 192.168.0.0 to 192.168.255.255

Default Subnet Masks

Class A 255.0.0.0

Class B 255.255.0.0

Class C 255.255.255.0

> Produced by: Robb Jones Robert.Jones@fcps.org Frederick County Career & Technology Center Cisco Networking Academy Frederick County Public Schools Frederick, Maryland, USA

Special Thanks to Melvin Baker and Jim Dorsch for taking the time to check this workbook for errors, and to everyone who has sent in suggestions to improve the series.

Binary To Decimal Conversion

128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1	Answers	Scratch Area
1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	146	128 64 16 32
0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1		
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		146 4 2 1
1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1		119
1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0		
0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1		
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		
0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1		
0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0		
1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0		
0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1		
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1		
						0001	1011		
						1010)1010		
						0110)1111		
						1111	1000		
						0010	00000		
						0101	0101		
						0011	1110		
						0000	00011		
						1110	1101		
							0000		

Decimal To Binary Conversion Use all 8 bits for each problem

128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1 =	255	Scratch Area
/	/	/	0	/	/	/	0	238	238 34 -128 -32
0	0	/	0	0	0	/	0	34	$\begin{array}{c c} -128 & -32 \\ \hline 110 & 2 \\ -64 & -2 \\ \hline 46 & 0 \end{array}$
								123	$\frac{67}{46} \frac{-2}{0}$
								50	$\frac{-32}{14}$
								255	-8 -6 -4 2 -2 -0
									$\frac{-4}{2}$
								200	<u>-2</u>
								10	O
								138	
								1	
								13	
								250	
								107	
								224	
								114	
								192	
								172	
								100	
								119	
								57	
								98	
								179	
								2	

Address Class Identification

Address	Class
10.250.1.1	_A
150.10.15.0	_ <i>B</i>
192.14.2.0	
148.17.9.1	
193.42.1.1	
126.8.156.0	
220.200.23.1	
230.230.45.58	
177.100.18.4	
119.18.45.0	
249.240.80.78	
199.155.77.56	
117.89.56.45	
215.45.45.0	
199.200.15.0	
95.0.21.90	
33.0.0.0	
158.98.80.0	
219.21.56.0	

Network & Host Identification

Circle the network portion
of these addresses:

Circle the host portion of these addresses:

Network Addresses

Using the IP address and subnet mask shown write out the network address:

188.10.18.2	188 . 10 . 0 . 0
255.255.0.0	
10.10.48.80 255.255.255.0	10 . 10 . 48 . 0
192.149.24.191 255.255.255.0	
150.203.23.19 255.255.0.0	
10.10.10.10 255.0.0.0	
186.13.23.110 255.255.255.0	
223.69.230.250 255.255.0.0	
200.120.135.15 255.255.255.0	
27.125.200.151 255.0.0.0	
199.20.150.35 255.255.255.0	
191.55.165.135 255.255.255.0	
28.212.250.254 255.255.0.0	

Host Addresses

Using the IP address and subnet mask shown write out the host address:

188.10.18.2	0.0.18.2
255.255.0.0	
10.10.48.80 255.255.255.0	0.0.0.80
222.49.49.11 255.255.255.0	
128.23.230.19 255.255.0.0	
10.10.10.10 255.0.0.0	
200.113.123.11 255.255.255.0	
223.169.23.20 255.255.0.0	
203.20.35.215 255.255.255.0	
117.15.2.51 255.0.0.0	
199.120.15.135 255.255.255.0	
191.55.165.135 255.255.255.0	
48.21.25.54 255.255.0.0	

Default Subnet Masks

Write the correct default subnet mask for each of the following addresses:

177.100.18.4	255 . 255 . O . O
119.18.45.0	255.0.0.0
191.249.234.191	
223.23.223.109	
10.10.250.1	
126.123.23.1	
223.69.230.250	
192.12.35.105	
77.251.200.51	
189.210.50.1	
88.45.65.35	
128.212.250.254	
193.100.77.83	
125.125.250.1	
1.1.10.50	
220.90.130.45	
134.125.34.9	
95.250.91.99	

ANDING With

Default subnet masks

Every IP address must be accompanied by a subnet mask. By now you should be able to look at an IP address and tell what class it is. Unfortunately your computer doesn't think that way. For your computer to determine the network and subnet portion of an IP address it must "AND" the IP address with the subnet mask.

Default Subnet Masks:

Class A 255.0.0.0 Class B 255.255.0.0 Class C 255.255.255.0

ANDING Equations:

1 AND 1 = 1

1 AND 0 = 0

0 AND 1 = 0

0 AND 0 = 0

Sample:

What you see...

IP Address: 192 . 100 . 10 . 33

What you can figure out in your head...

Address Class: C

Network Portion: <u>192.100.10</u>.33 Host Portion: 192.100.10.<u>33</u>

In order for you computer to get the same information it must AND the IP address with the subnet mask in binary.

Motucarle

	Network	nost	
IP Address:	11000000.01100100.0000	1010.0010001 (192.100.10.3	3)
Default Subnet Mask:	11111111.01111111.1111	1111.00000000 (255.255.255.0)
AND:	11000000.01100100.0000	1 0 1 0 . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 (192 . 100 . 10 . 0))

Haat

ANDING with the default subnet mask allows your computer to figure out the network portion of the address.

ANDING With

Custom subnet masks

When you take a single network such as 192.100.10.0 and divide it into five smaller networks (192.100.10.16, 192.100.10.32, 192.100.10.48, 192.100.10.64, 192.100.10.80) the outside world still sees the network as 192.100.10.0, but the internal computers and routers see five smaller subnetworks. Each independent of the other. This can only be accomplished by using a custom subnet mask. A custom subnet mask borrows bits from the host portion of the address to create a subnetwork address between the network and host portions of an IP address. In this example each range has 14 usable addresses in it. The computer must still AND the IP address against the custom subnet mask to see what the network portion is and which subnetwork it belongs to.

IP Address: 192 . 100 . 10 . 0 Custom Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.240

Address Ranges: 192.10.10.0 to 192.100.10.15

192.100.10.16 to 192.100.10.31

192.100.10.32 to 192.100.10.47 (Range in the sample below)

192.100.10.48 to 192.100.10.63 192.100.10.64 to 192.100.10.79 192.100.10.80 to 192.100.10.95 192.100.10.96 to 192.100.10.111 192.100.10.112 to 192.100.10.127 192.100.10.128 to 192.100.10.143 192.100.10.144 to 192.100.10.159 192.100.10.160 to 192.100.10.175 192.100.10.176 to 192.100.10.191 192.100.10.192 to 192.100.10.207 192.100.10.208 to 192.100.10.223

192.100.10.224 to 192.100.10.239 192.100.10.240 to 192.100.10.255

The ANDING process of the four borrowed bits shows which range of IP addresses this particular address will fall into.

In the next set of problems you will determine the necessary information to determine the correct subnet mask for a variety of IP addresses.

custom subnet mask.

How to determine the number of subnets and the number of hosts per subnet

The formula that can provide this basic information:

Number of subnets = 2^s

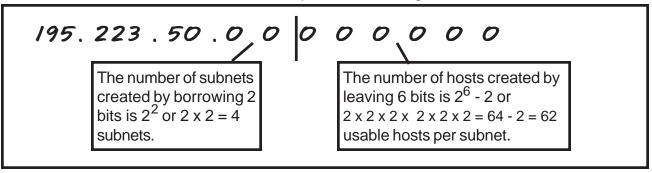
Number of usable hosts per subnet = $2^h - 2$

This formula calculates the number of hosts or subnets based on the number of binary bits used. For example if you borrow three bits from the host portion of the address use the *number of subnets* formula to determine the total number of subnets gained by borrowing the three bits. This would be 2^3 or $2 \times 2 \times 2 = 8$ subnets

To determine the number of hosts per subnet you would take the number of binary bits used in the host portion and apply this to the *number of hosts per subnet* formula If five bits are in the host portion of the address this would be 2^5 or $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 = 32$ hosts.

When dealing with the *number of hosts per subnet* you have to subtract two addresses from the range. The first address in every range is the subnet number. The last address in every range is the broadcast address. These two addresses cannot be assigned to any device in the network which is why you have to subtract two addresses to find the number of usable addresses in each range.

For example, if two bits are borrowed for the network portion of the address you can easily determine the number of subnets and hosts per subnets using the formula.



Custom Subnet Problems

Problem 1

Number of needed subnets 14
Number of needed usable hosts 14
Network Address 192.10.10.0

Show your work for **Problem 1** in the space below.

Add the binary value numbers to the left of the line to create the custom subnet mask. $\begin{array}{r}
128 \\
64 \\
32 \\
+16 \\
\hline
240
\end{array}$

Observe the total number of hosts.

Subtract 2 for the number of usable hosts.

Problem 2

Number of needed subnets 1000

Number of needed usable hosts 60

Network Address 165.100.0.0

Address class _____B____

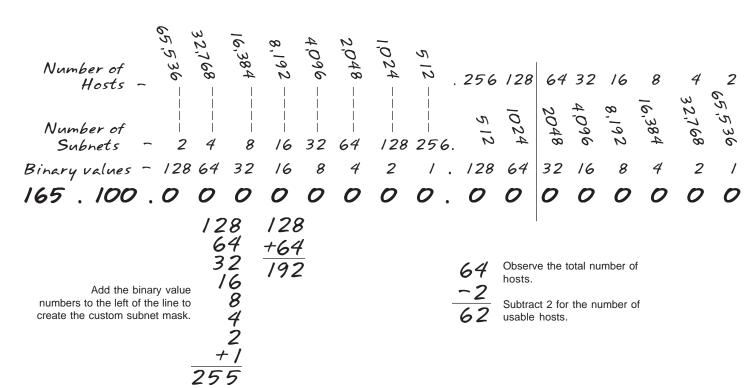
Default subnet mask _____255 . 255 . 0 . 0

Custom subnet mask _____255 . 255 . 255 . 192

Total number of host addresses _____64

Number of usable addresses _____62

Show your work for **Problem 2** in the space below.



Problem 3

Network Address 148.75.0.0 /26

/26 indicates the total number of bits used for the network and subnetwork portion of the address. All bits remaining belong to the host portion of the address.

Default subnet mask _____255 . 255 . 0 . 0

Custom subnet mask _____255 . 255 . 255 . 192

Total number of host addresses _____64

Number of usable addresses _____62

Show your work for **Problem 3** in the space below.

Number of Hosts -
$$\frac{8}{8}$$
 $\frac{4}{8}$ $\frac{7}{8}$ $\frac{7}{8$

Problem 4

Number of needed subnets 6
Number of needed usable hosts 30
Network Address 195.85.8.0

Address class	
Default subnet mask	
Custom subnet mask	
Total number of subnets	
Total number of host addresses	
Number of usable addresses	
Number of bits borrowed	

Show your work for <u>Problem 5</u> in the space below.

Problem 5

Number of needed subnets 6
Number of needed usable hosts 30
Network Address 210.100.56.0

Address class	
Default subnet mask	
Custom subnet mask	
Total number of subnets	
Total number of host addresses	
Number of usable addresses	
Number of bits borrowed	

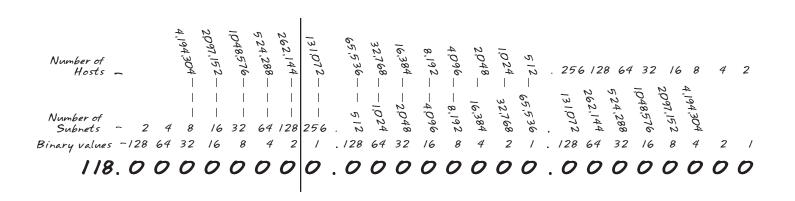
Show your work for <u>Problem 4</u> in the space below.

Problem 6

Number of needed subnets 126
Number of needed usable hosts 131,070
Network Address 118.0.0.0

Address class	
Default subnet mask	
Custom subnet mask	
Total number of subnets	
Total number of host addresses	
Number of usable addresses	
Number of bits borrowed	

Show your work for **Problem 6** in the space below.



Problem 7

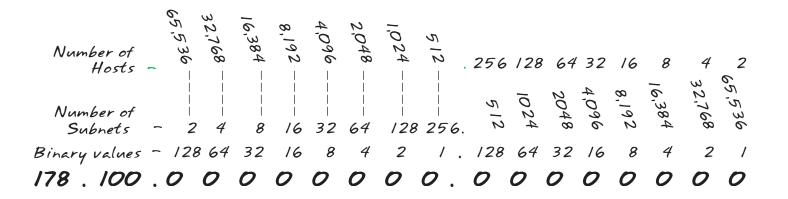
Number of needed subnets 2000

Number of needed usable hosts 15

Network Address 178.100.0.0

Address class	
Default subnet mask	
Custom subnet mask	
Total number of subnets	
Total number of host addresses	
Number of usable addresses	
Number of bits borrowed	

Show your work for **Problem 7** in the space below.



Problem 8

Number of needed subnets 3
Number of needed usable hosts 45
Network Address 200.175.14.0

Address class	
Default subnet mask	
Custom subnet mask	
Total number of subnets	
Total number of host addresses	
Number of usable addresses	
Number of bits borrowed	

Show your work for **Problem 8** in the space below.

Problem 9

Number of needed subnets **60**Number of needed usable hosts **1,000**Network Address **128.77.0.0**

Address class	
Default subnet mask	
Custom subnet mask	
Total number of subnets	
Total number of host addresses	
Number of usable addresses	
Number of bits borrowed	

Show your work for **Problem 9** in the space below.

Problem 10

Number of needed usable hosts 60
Network Address 198.100.10.0

Address class
Default subnet mask
Custom subnet mask
Total number of subnets
Total number of host addresses
Number of usable addresses
Number of bits borrowed

Show your work for **Problem 10** in the space below.

Problem 11

Number of needed subnets **250**Network Address **101.0.0.0**

Address class	
Default subnet mask	
Custom subnet mask	
Total number of subnets	
Total number of host addresses	
Number of usable addresses	
Number of bits borrowed	

Show your work for **Problem 11** in the space below.

Problem 12

Number of needed subnets 5
Network Address 218.35.50.0

Address class
Default subnet mask
Custom subnet mask
Total number of subnets
Total number of host addresses
Number of usable addresses
Number of bits borrowed

Show your work for **Problem 12** in the space below.

Problem 13

Number of needed usable hosts 25
Network Address 218.35.50.0

Address class
Default subnet mask
Custom subnet mask
Total number of subnets
Total number of host addresses
Number of usable addresses
Number of bits borrowed

Show your work for **Problem 13** in the space below.

Problem 14

Number of needed subnets 10
Network Address 172.59.0.0

Address class	
Default subnet mask	
Custom subnet mask	
Total number of subnets	
Total number of host addresses	
Number of usable addresses	
Number of bits borrowed	

Show your work for **Problem 14** in the space below.

Problem 15

Number of needed usable hosts 50

Network Address 172.59.0.0

Address class
Default subnet mask
Custom subnet mask
Total number of subnets
Total number of host addresses
Number of usable addresses
Number of bits borrowed

Show your work for <u>Problem 15</u> in the space below.

Problem 16

Number of needed usable hosts 29

Network Address 23.0.0.0

Address class
Default subnet mask
Custom subnet mask
Total number of subnets
Total number of host addresses
Number of usable addresses
Number of bits borrowed

Show your work for **Problem 16** in the space below.

Subnetting

Problem 1

Number of needed subnets 14
Number of needed usable hosts 14
Network Address 192.10.10.0

Address class
Default subnet mask255 . 255 . 255 . 0
Custom subnet mask255 . 255 . 255 . 240
Total number of subnets
Total number of host addresses
Number of usable addresses
Number of bits borrowed4
What is the 4th subnet range?192.10.10.48
What is the subnet number for the 8th subnet?
What is the subnet broadcast address for the 13th subnet?
What are the assignable addresses for the 9th subnet? 192.10.10.129 to 192.10.10.142

Show your work for Problem 1 in the space below.

The binary value of the last bit borrowed is the range. In this problem the range is 16.

The first address in each subnet range is the subnet number.

The last address in each subnet range is the subnet broadcast address.

Subnetting

Problem 2

Number of needed subnets 1000

Number of needed usable hosts 60

Network Address 165.100.0.0

Address class _____B____ Default subnet mask _____255 . 255 . 0 . 0 Custom subnet mask _____255 . 255 . 255 . 192 Total number of host addresses _____64 Number of usable addresses _____62 What is the 15th subnet range? 165.100.3.128 to 165.100.3.191 What is the subnet number for the 6th subnet? ____165 . 100 . 1 . 64 What is the subnet broadcast address for What are the assignable addresses for the 9th subnet? 165.100.2.1 to 165.100.0.62

Subnetting

Problem 3

Number of needed subnets 2
Network Address 195.223.50.0

Hint: It is possible to borrow one bit to create two subnets.

Address class	
Default subnet mask	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Custom subnet mask	·
Total number of subnets	·
Total number of host addresses	·
Number of usable addresses	·
Number of bits borrowed	l
What is the 2nd subnet range?	
What is the subnet number for the 2nd subnet?	
What is the subnet broadcast address for the 1st subnet?	

Show your work for **Problem 3** in the space below.

Number of
Number of
Subnets - 2 4 8 16 32 64 128 256
128 64 32 16 8 4 2 1 - Binary values

195. 223.50.0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Subnetting

Problem 4

Number of needed subnets **750**Network Address **190.35.0.0**

Address class	
Default subnet mask	
Custom subnet mask	
Total number of subnets	
Total number of host addresses	
Number of usable addresses	
Number of bits borrowed	
What is the 15th	
subnet range?	
What is the subnet number for the 13th subnet?	
What is the subnet broadcast address for the 10th subnet?	
What are the assignable addresses for the 6th	

Show your work for **Problem 4** in the space below.

Problem 5

Number of needed usable hosts 6
Network Address 126.0.0.0

Address class	3
Default subnet mask	ζ
Custom subnet mask	.
Total number of subnets	3
Total number of host addresses	3
Number of usable addresses	;
Number of bits borrowed	I
What is the 2nd subnet range?	
What is the subnet number for the 5th subnet?	
What is the subnet broadcast address for the 7th subnet?	
What are the assignable addresses for the 10th	

Show your work for **Problem 5** in the space below.

Problem 6

Number of needed subnets 10
Network Address 192.70.10.0

Addres	ss class
Default subn	et mask
Custom subn	et mask
Total number of	subnets
Total number of host ad	ldresses
Number of usable ad	ldresses
Number of bits b	orrowed
What is the 9th subnet range? _	
What is the subnet number for the 4th subnet?	
What is the subnet broadcast address for the 12th subnet?	
What are the assignable addresses for the 10th subnet?	

Show your work for **Problem 6** in the space below.

Problem 7

Network Address 10.0.0.0 /16

Address cla	ass
Default subnet ma	ask
Custom subnet ma	ask
Total number of subn	ets
Total number of host address	ses
Number of usable address	ses
Number of bits borrow	/ed
What is the 11th subnet range?	
What is the subnet number for the 6th subnet?	
What is the subnet broadcast address for the 2nd subnet?	
What are the assignable addresses for the 9th subnet?	

Show your work for **Problem 7** in the space below.

Problem 8

Number of needed subnets 5
Network Address 172.50.0.0

Address clas	S
Default subnet mas	k
Custom subnet mas	K
Total number of subnet	S
Total number of host addresse	S
Number of usable addresse	S
Number of bits borrowe	d
What is the 4th subnet range?	
What is the subnet number for the 5th subnet?	·
What is the subnet broadcast address for the 6th subnet?	
What are the assignable addresses for the 3rd subnet?	

Show your work for **Problem 8** in the space below.

Problem 9

Number of needed usable hosts 28
Network Address 172.50.0.0

Addre	ess class
Default sub	net mask
Custom sub	net mask
Total number of	f subnets
Total number of host a	ddresses
Number of usable a	ddresses
Number of bits I	borrowed
What is the 2nd subnet range?	
What is the subnet number	
for the 10th subnet?	
What is the subnet broadcast address for	
What are the assignable addresses for the 6th	
subnet?	

Show your work for Problem 9 in the space below.

Problem 10

Number of needed subnets **45**Network Address **220.100.100.0**

Show your work for **Problem 10** in the space below.

Problem 11

Number of needed usable hosts **8,000**Network Address **135.70.0.0**

Address class	S
Default subnet mask	
Custom subnet mask	ζ
Total number of subnets	8
Total number of host addresses	3
Number of usable addresses	S
Number of bits borrowed	I
What is the 6th subnet range?	
What is the subnet number for the 7th subnet?	
What is the subnet broadcast address for the 3rd subnet?	
What are the assignable addresses for the 5th subnet?	

Show your work for **Problem 11** in the space below.

Problem 12

Number of needed usable hosts 45 Network Address 198.125.50.0

Addie	ess class
Default sub	net mask
Custom sub	net mask
Total number o	f subnets
Total number of host a	ddresses
Number of usable a	ddresses
Number of bits	borrowed
What is the 2nd subnet range?	
What is the subnet number for the 2nd subnet?	
What is the subnet broadcast address for the 4th subnet?	
What are the assignable addresses for the 3rd subnet?	

Show your work for **Problem 12** in the space below.

Problem 13

Network Address 165.200.0.0 /26

Addre	ess class
Default sub	net mask
Custom sub	net mask
Total number of	f subnets
rotal Hambol o	
Total number of host a	ddresses
Number of usable a	ddresses
Number of bits	porrowed
What is the 10th	
subhet range?	
What is the subnet number for the 11th subnet?	
for the Trui Subfict:	
What is the subnet	
broadcast address for the 1023rd subnet?	
What are the assignable addresses for the 1022nd subnet?	

Show your work for **Problem 13** in the space below.

Problem 14

Number of needed usable hosts 16
Network Address 200.10.10.0

Address	s class
Default subne	t mask
Custom subne	t mask
Total number of s	subnets
Total number of host add	lresses
Number of usable add	lresses
Number of bits bo	rrowed
What is the 7th subnet range?	
What is the subnet number for the 5th subnet? _	
What is the subnet broadcast address for the 4th subnet?	
What are the assignable addresses for the 6th subnet?	

Show your work for **Problem 14** in the space below.

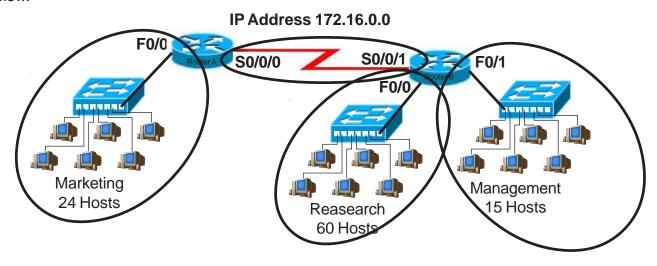
Problem 15

Network Address 93.0.0.0 \19

Address cl	ass
Default subnet m	ask
Custom subnet ma	ask
Total number of subr	ets
Total number of host addres	ses
Number of usable addres	ses
Number of bits borrow	ved
What is the 15th subnet range?	
What is the subnet number for the 9th subnet?	
What is the subnet broadcast address for the 7th subnet?	
What are the assignable addresses for the 12th	

Show your work for **Problem 15** in the space below.

Based on the information in the graphic shown, design a network addressing scheme that will supply the <u>minimum number of subnets</u>, and allow enough extra subnets and hosts for 100% growth in both areas. Circle each subnet on the graphic and answer the questions below.



Total number of subnets needed = 8

Number of host addresses in the largest subnet group ____60

Number of addresses needed for 100% growth in the largest subnet (Round up to the next whole number) + 60

Total number of address needed for the largest subnet = 120

Start with the first subnet and arrange your sub-networks from the largest group to the smallest.

 IP address range for Research
 172.16.0.0 to 172.31.255

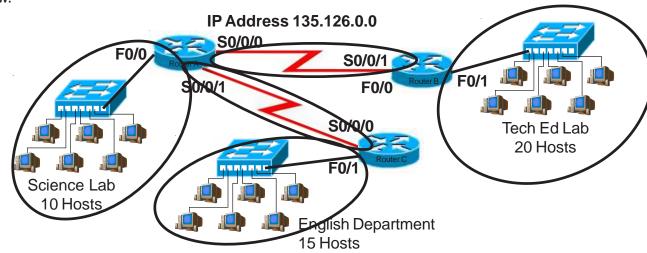
 IP address range for Marketing
 172.16.32.0 to 172.63.255

 IP address range for Management
 172.16.64.0 to 172.95.255

IP address range for Router A to Router B serial connection /72.16.96.0 to 172.127.255

	Number of Hosts Number of Subnets Binary values 172.16	- 2 - /28 6	4 8	16 32 64	1 128 256	5 7 7 4	4 32 16 8	2 65,536 7 0 4 32,768 2 0
4 × <u>1.0</u> 4	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (8)	1 0 1 1 1		172.16 172.16 172.16 172.16 172.16 172.16 172.16	.32.0 .64.0 .96.0 .128.0 .160.0	to to to to to	172.16.31 172.16.63 172.16.12 172.16.15 172.16.19 172.16.22 172.16.25	.255 .255 7.255 9.255 1.255 23.255
60 × <u>1.0</u> 60								

Based on the information in the graphic shown, design a network addressing scheme that will supply the **minimum number of hosts per subnet**, and allow enough extra subnets and hosts for 30% growth in all areas. Circle each subnet on the graphic and answer the questions below.



Custom subnet mask 255.255.254

Minimum number of subnets needed ____5__

Extra subnets required for 30% growth + 2 (Round up to the next whole number)

Total number of subnets needed = /

Number of addresses needed for 30% growth in the largest subnet (Round up to the next whole number)

Total number of address needed for the largest subnet = 26

Start with the first subnet and arrange your sub-networks from the largest group to the smallest.

IP address range for English <u>/35./26.0.32 to /35./26.0.63</u>

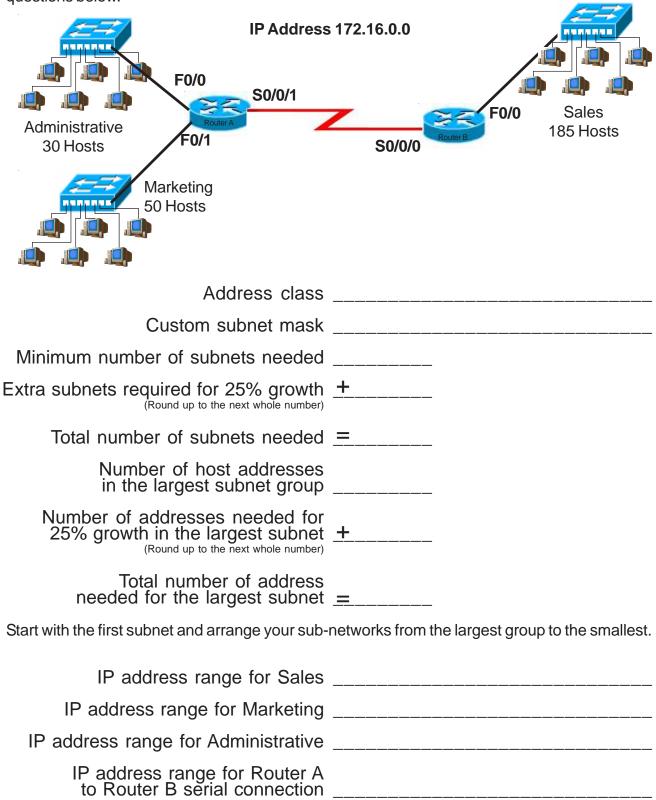
IP address range for Science 135.126.0.64 to 135.126.0.95

IP address range for Router A to Router B serial connection /35./26.0.96 to /35./26.0.127

IP address range for Router A to Router B serial connection /35./26.0./28 to /35./26.0./59

Number of 32,768 4 Hosts - 128 64 32	8,192	5 256 128 6 5 204 8 7 256. 204 8 7 256. 7 1 . 128 64 32 0 . 0 0	65,536 32,768 16,384 16,384 4,096	
5 x.3 1.5 (Round up to 2) 20 x.3 6	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (12) (13) (16)		135.126.0.0 to 135.126.0.32 to 135.126.0.64 to 135.126.0.128 to 135.126.0.160 to 135.126.0.192 to 135.126.1.0 to 135.126.1.32 to 135.126.1.64 to 135.126.1.128 to 135.126.1.128 to 135.126.1.120 to 135.126.1.120 to 135.126.1.120 to 135.126.1.120 to 135.126.1.120 to 135.126.1.120 to	135.126.0.31 135.126.0.63 135.126.0.95 135.126.0.15 135.126.0.19 135.126.0.22 135.126.1.31 135.126.1.31 135.126.1.31 135.126.1.12 135.126.1.15 135.126.1.15 135.126.1.22

Based on the information in the graphic shown, design a classfull network addressing scheme that will supply the **minimum number of hosts per subnet**, and allow enough extra subnets and hosts for 25% growth in all areas. Circle each subnet on the graphic and answer the questions below.



Show your work for <u>Problem 3</u> in the space below.

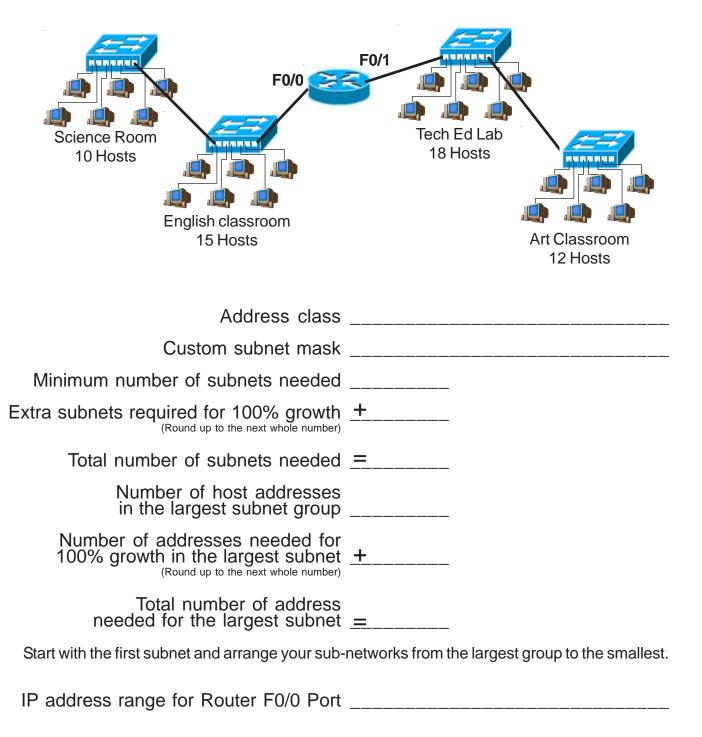
Based on the information in the graphic shown, design a network addressing scheme that will supply the <u>minimum number of subnets</u>, and allow enough extra subnets and hosts for 70% growth in all areas. Circle each subnet on the graphic and answer the questions below.

IP Address 135.126.0.0 S0/0/0 F0/0 S0/0/1 S0/0/1 F0/0 S0/0/0 F0/0 F0/1 **Dallas New York** 150 Hosts 325 Hosts Washington D.C. 220 Hosts Address class ______ Custom subnet mask _____ Minimum number of subnets needed _____ Extra subnets required for 70% growth (Round up to the next whole number) Total number of subnets needed = Number of host addresses in the largest subnet group Number of addresses needed for 70% growth in the largest subnet (Round up to the next whole number) Total number of address needed for the largest subnet = Start with the first subnet and arrange your sub-networks from the largest group to the smallest. IP address range for New York IP address range for Washington D. C. IP address range for Dallas IP address range for Router A to Router B serial connection IP address range for Router A to Router C serial connection

Show your work for <u>Problem 4</u> in the space below.

Based on the information in the graphic shown, design a network addressing scheme that will supply the <u>minimum number of hosts per subnet</u>, and allow enough extra subnets and hosts for 100% growth in all areas. Circle each subnet on the graphic and answer the questions below.

IP Address 210.15.10.0



IP address range for Router F0/1 Port

Show your work for <u>Problem 5</u> in the space below.

Based on the information in the graphic shown, design a network addressing scheme that will supply the <u>minimum number of subnets</u>, and allow enough extra subnets and hosts for 20% growth in all areas. Circle each subnet on the graphic and answer the questions below.

S0/0/0	dress 10.0.0.0
F0/0 S0/0/1 S0/0/0	S0/0/1 Technology Building 320 Hosts
Art & Drama	Administration 35 Hosts
Address cl	ass
	ask
Minimum number of subnets need	
Extra subnets required for 20% gro	wth +
Total number of subnets need	ded <u>=</u>
Start with the first subnet and arrange your	sub-networks from the largest group to the smallest.
IP address range for Technological	ogy
IP address range for Scien	nce
	ma
	tion
IP address range for Route to Router B serial connect	er A tion
IP address range for Route to Router C serial connect	er A tion
IP address range for Route to Router C serial connect	r B tion

Show your work for <u>Problem 6</u> in the space below.

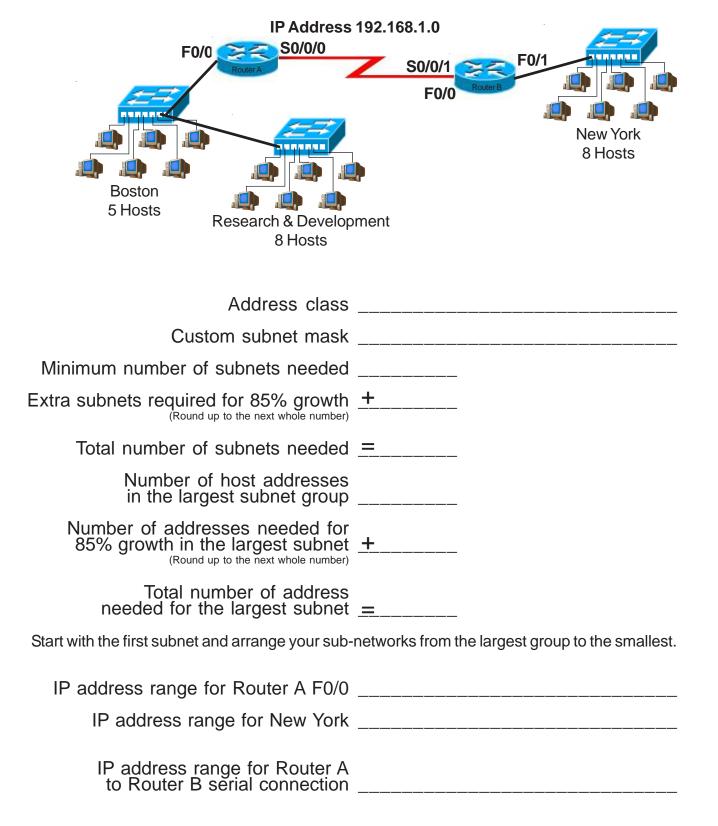
Based on the information in the graphic shown, design a network addressing scheme that will supply the **minimum number of hosts per subnet**, and allow enough extra subnets and hosts for 125% growth in all areas. Circle each subnet on the graphic and answer the questions below.

F0/0 S0/0	Address 177.135.0.0 /0	\$0/0/0 F0/1	F0/0
Administration Marketing 33 Hosts 75 Hosts	Sales 255 Hosts	Research 135 Hosts	Deployment 63 Hosts
Address	s class		
Custom subne	et mask		
Minimum number of subnets i	needed	_	
Extra subnets required for 125% (Round up to the next wh	growth +	_	
Total number of subnets i	needed <u>=</u>	_	
Number of host add in the largest subne		_	
Number of addresses need 125% growth in the largest (Round up to the next who	subnet +	_	
Total number of a needed for the largest		_	
Start with the first subnet and arrange	your sub-networks from	the largest group to	the smallest.
IP address range for Router A Po	ort F0/0		
IP address range for Re	search		
IP address range for Deple	oyment		
IP address range for Router B serial con	outer A nection		

Show your work for <u>Problem 7</u> in the space below.

Practical Subnetting 8

Based on the information in the graphic shown, design a network addressing scheme that will supply the <u>minimum number subnets</u>, and allow enough extra subnets and hosts for 85% growth in all areas. Circle each subnet on the graphic and answer the questions below.



Show your work for <u>Problem 8</u> in the space below.

Practical Subnetting 9

Based on the information in the graphic shown, design a network addressing scheme that will supply the minimum number of hosts per subnet, and allow enough extra subnets and hosts for 15% growth in all areas. Circle each subnet on the graphic and answer the questions below.

S0/0/1	\$148.55.0.0 \$0/0/1 F0/0 \$0/0/0 Dallas
F0/0	1500 Hosts S0/0/1
Ft. Worth 2300 Hosts Address class	
Minimum number of subnets needed	
Extra subnets required for 15% growth (Round up to the next whole number)	+
Total number of subnets needed	<u>=</u>
Number of host addresses in the largest subnet group	
Number of addresses needed for 15% growth in the largest subnet (Round up to the next whole number)	+
Total number of address needed for the largest subnet	<u>=</u>
Start with the first subnet and arrange your sub-	networks from the largest group to the smallest.
IP address range for Ft. Worth	
IP address range for Dallas	
IP address range for Router A to Router B serial connection	
IP address range for Router A to Router C serial connection	
IP address range for Router C to Router D serial connection	

Show your work for <u>Problem 9</u> in the space below.

Practical Subnetting 10

Based on the information in the graphic shown, design a network addressing scheme that will supply the <u>minimum number of subnets</u>, and allow enough extra subnets and hosts for 110% growth in all areas. Circle each subnet on the graphic and answer the questions below.

IP Address	172.16.0.0
Sales 115 Hosts	Marketing 56 Hosts
F0/0 Router A S0/0/0	F0/0 S0/0/1
Management 25 Hosts	Research 35 Hosts
Address class	
Custom subnet mask	
Minimum number of subnets needed	
Extra subnets required for 110% growth (Round up to the next whole number)	<u>+</u>
Total number of subnets needed	=
Number of host addresses in the largest subnet group	
Number of addresses needed for 110% growth in the largest subnet (Round up to the next whole number)	<u>+</u>
Total number of address needed for the largest subnet	<u>=</u>
Start with the first subnet and arrange your sub-	networks from the largest group to the smallest.
IP address range for Sales/Managemnt	
IP address range for Marketing	
IP address range for Research	
IP address range for Router A to Router B serial connection	

Show your work for <u>Problem 10</u> in the space below.

Valid and Non-Valid IP Addresses

Using the material in this workbook identify which of the addresses below are correct and usable. If they are not usable addresses explain why.

IP Address: 0.230.190.192 Subnet Mask: 255.0.0.0 Reference Page Inside Front Cover	The network ID cannot be 0.
IP Address: 192.10.10.1 Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0 Reference Pages 28-29	OK
IP Address: 245.150.190.10 Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0 Reference Page Inside Front Cover	
IP Address: 135.70.191.255 Subnet Mask: 255.255.254.0 Reference Pages 48-49	
IP Address: 127.100.100.10 Subnet Mask: 255.0.0.0 Reference Pages Inside Front Cover	
IP Address: 93.0.128.1 Subnet Mask: 255.255.224.0 Reference Pages 56-57	
IP Address: 200.10.10.128 Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.224 Reference Pages 54-55	
IP Address: 165.100.255.189 Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.192 Reference Pages 30-31	
IP Address: 190.35.0.10 Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.192 Reference Pages 34-35	
IP Address: 218.35.50.195 Subnet Mask: 255.255.0.0 Reference Page Inside Front Cover	
IP Address: 200.10.10.175 /22 Reference Pages 54-55 and/or Inside Front Cover	
IP Address: 135.70.255.255 Subnet Mask: 255.255.224.0 Reference Pages 48-49	

Reference Charts and Support Materials

Class A Addresses
VLSM Chart 8-15 Bits (2nd octet)

/8 255.0.0.0 16,777,216 Hosts	/9 255.128.0.0 8,366.608 Hoels	/10 265.102.0.0 4.104,304 Hosto	/11 265.224.0.0 2.007,192 Hoele	/12 265.240.0.0 1,848,876 Hoda	/13 265.248.0.0 524.260 Hoele	/14 265-252-0.0 262,144 Hosts	/15 255.254.0.0 131,072 Hoete
				0-15	0-7 8-15	0-3 4-7 8-11	i i
			0-31	16-31	16-23	12-16 16-19 20-29	- 11
		0-63		10-31	24-31	24-27 28-31 32-35	ii.
				32-47	92-99 40-47	30-59 40-43	
			32-63	48.63	48-55	46-47 48-51 52-55	-ii
	0-127			49-03	56-63	56-59 60-63 64-67	Ш
				84-79	64-71 72-79	68-71 72-75	
			64-95	83.05	80-87	76-79 80-83 84-87	- 11
		64-127		83-95	88-95	88-91 92-95	ı
			96-127	96-111	96-103	98.99 103-103 104-107	3.0
				112-127	112-119	108-111 112-115 118-119	- 11
0 - 265					120-127	123-123 124-127 128-131	- 11
		128-191	128-159	128-143	128-135	128-131 132-135 138-130	-11
					136-143	140-143 144-147 148-151	- 11
				144-150	152-159	152-155 155-159	- 11
				103-175	16-187	163-163 164-167 168-171	- ii
			160-191		168-175	172-175 176-179	13
	128-255			178-191	184-191	183-183 184-187 188-191	-11
	120-200			192-207	192-199	192-195 193-199	13
			192-223		200-207	203-203 204-207 208-211	81
				208-223	216-223	212-215 216-219	99
		192-255		224-239	224-291	220-228 224-227 228-231	93
			224-255		232-239	232-235 235-239 240-243	- 11
					240-247	266-267	93

Class B Addresses
VLSM Chart 16-23 Bits (3rd octet)

/16	/17	/18	/19	/20	/21	/22	/23
255.255.0.0 65,530 Houts	255.255.128.0 32,765 Hosts	255-255-192-0 10,354 Hosts	255.255.224.0 5,192 Hosts	255.255.240.0 4,090 Hoets	255.255.248.0 2,045 Hosts	255.255.252.0 1,024 Hosts	255.255.254.0 512 Hosts
				0-15	0-7	27	-
			0.81	0-15	8-15	8-11	13
			0-81	10-21	16-23	16-19 20-23	
		0-63			24-31	24-27	- 11
		9-03		32,47	32-39	92-36 36-39	
			32-63	52-41	40-47	40-43 44-47 48-51	- 11
			32-63	45-63	48-55	48-51 52-55	53
				45-03	56-63	50-59 60-63	
	0-127			04-79	04-71	69-87	
				04-79	72-79	72.75	127
			64-95		80-87	80-83 84-87	i ii
				80-05	88-95	88-91 90.95	- 11
		64-127			96-108	90-99	H
				98-111	104-111	104-107	9.0
			96-127		112-119	112-115	
				112-127	120-127	120-123	
0 - 265			128-150	128-143	128-135	124-127 128-131 180-186	
					156-143	190-190	
				144-199	166-191	144-147	- 11
					152-159	148-151 150-155 150-150	
		128-191			16-167	160-163	- 11
			100-101	190-175	168.175	164-167	8.8
					176-163	172-175 176-179	- 13
				176-191	184-191	180-183	ш
	128-255	_			192-199	188-191 192-195	- 11
				192-207	200-207	196-199 200-203	2.2
			192-228		208-215	204-207 208-211	- 88
				208-229	210 210	212-215 216-219	33
		192-255			216-223	220-223 224-227	
		180-200		224-239	224-231	228-231 232-235	- 13
			224-255		212-210	200-210 200-243	- 11
				249-255	240-247	244-247 248-251	12
					248-255	252-255	22

Class C Addresses
VLSM Chart 24-30 Bits (4th octet)

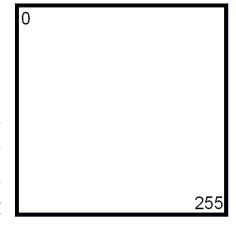
/24 255.255.255.0 256 Hods	/25 255.255.255.128 128 Hosts	/26 255 255 255 192 64 Hoefs	727 255.255.255.224 32 Hosts	728 255.255.255.240 16 Hosts	/29 255.255.255.248 8 Hoels	& Hinds
					0.7	
			0.01	0-15	8-15	8-11 12-15
			0.01		16-23	16.19
				16-31	24-31	24-27 28-31
		0-83			32-39	32-35 36-39
				32-47	40-47	40-43 44-47
			32-93		48-55	48-51 52-55
				48-63	50-03	56-59 60-63
	0-127				64-71	64-67 66-71
				64-79	72.79	72-75 76-79
			04-95	_	80-87	80-83
				80-95	89-05	84-67 88-91
		64-127				92-95 96-99
				96-111	98-103	100-103 104-107
			96,127		104-111	108-107 108-111 112-115
			10-ta	112-127	112-119	110-119
				112-127	120-127	120-128 124-127
0 - 255					126-135	124-127 126-131 130-136
				128-143	196-143	150-139 140-143
			128-159		144-151	146.147
				144-159	152-159	152-155 150-159
		128-191		160-175	16-167	160-163
			163-191		168-175	184-187 198-171
				_	176-183	172-175 176-179
				176-191		180-183
	128-255				184-191	188-191
	122.222			190-207	192-199	190-195
			192-228	190-307	200-207	200-203
			1942-445		206-215	204-207 208-211 212-216
				208-223	216-223	216-219
		192-255			224-231	220-225 224-227 228-231
				224-259	282-299	232-236
			224-255		240-247	296-239 280-243 244-247
l		1	1	240-255		244-247 248-251
					248-255	250-256

Visualizing Subnets Using The Box Method

The box method is the simplest way to visualize the breakdown of subnets and addresses into smaller sizes.

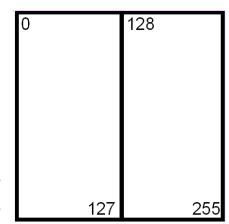
Start with a square. The whole square is a single subnet comprised of 256 addresses.

/24 255.255.255.0 256 Hosts 1 Subnet



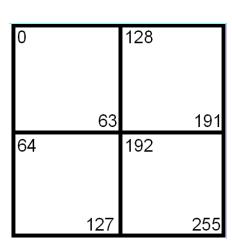
Split the box in half and you get two subnets with 128 addresses,

/25 255.255.255.128 128 Hosts 2 Subnets



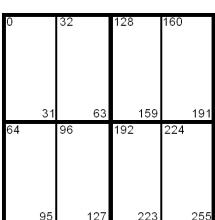
Divide the box into quarters and you get four subnets with 64 addresses,

/26 255.255.255.192 64 Hosts 4 Subnets



Split each individual square and you get eight subnets with 32 addresses,

/27 64 255.255.255.224 32 Hosts 8 Subnets



Split the boxes in half again and you get sixteen subnets with sixteen addresses,

/28 255.255.255.240 16 Hosts 16 Subnets

0		32		128		160	
	15		47		143		175
16		48		144		176	
	31		63		159		191
64		96		192		224	
	79		111		207		239
80		112		208		240	
	95		127		223		255

The next split gives you thirty two subnets with eight addresses,

/29 255.255.255.248 8 Hosts 32 Subnets

0	8		32	40	128	136	160	168
7		15	39	47	135	143		175
16	24		48	56	144	152	176	184
23		31	55	63	151	159	183	191
64	72		96	104	192	200	224	232
71		79	103	111	199	207	321	239
80	88		112	120	208	216	240	248
87		95	119	127	215	223	247	255

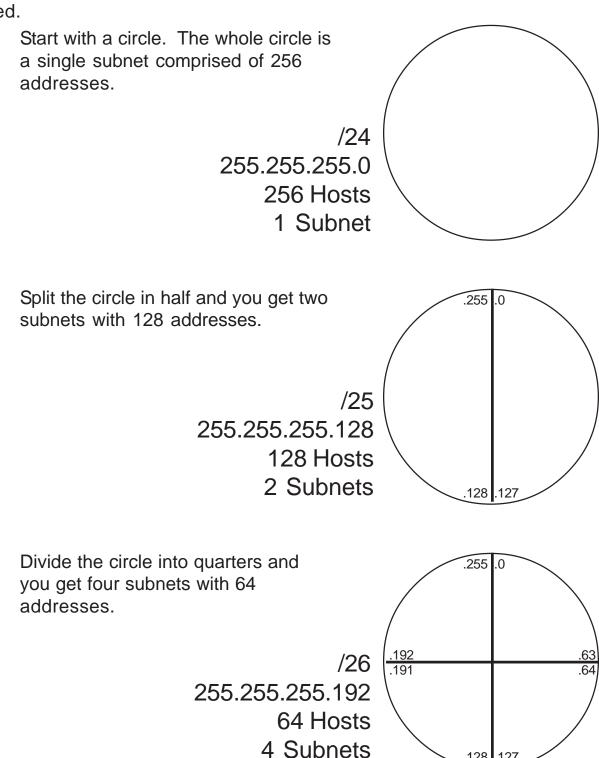
The last split gives sixty four subnets with four addresses each,

/30 255.255.255.252 4 Hosts 64 Subnets

0		8		32	40	128	136	160	168
	3		11	35	43	131	139	163	171
4		12		36	44	132	140	164	172
	7		15	39	47	135	143	167	175
16		24		48	56	144	152	176	184
	19		27	51	59	147	155	179	187
20		28		52	60	148	156	180	188
	23		31	55	63	151	159	183	191
64		72		96	104	192	200	224	232
	67		75	99	107	195	203	227	235
68		76		100	108	196	204	228	236
	71		79	103	111	199	207	321	239
80		88		112	120	208	216	240	248
	83		91	115	123	211	219	243	251
84		92		116	124	212	220	244	252
	87		95	119	127	215	223	247	255

Visualizing Subnets Using The Circle Method

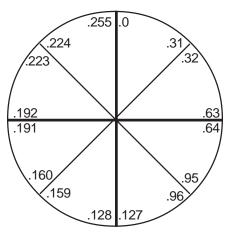
The circle method is another method used to visualize the breakdown of subnets and addresses into smaller sizes. By shading or coloring in the different sections of the circle you can easily break up your subnets without overlapping your addresses. You adjust each subnet to the correct size needed.



128 .127

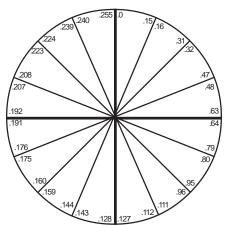
Split each quarter and you get eight subnets with 32 addresses.

/27 255.255.255.224 32 Hosts 8 Subnets



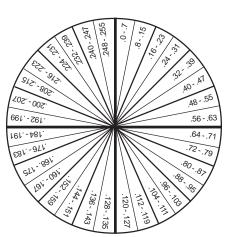
Split the boxes in half again and you get sixteen subnets with sixteen addresses.

/28 255.255.255.240 16 Hosts 16 Subnets



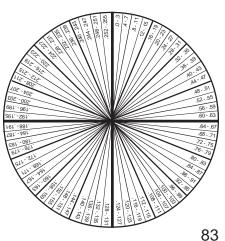
The next split gives you thirty two subnets with eight addresses.

/29 255.255.258 8 Hosts 32 Subnets



The last split gives sixty four subnets with four addresses each.

/30 255.255.255.252 4 Hosts 64 Subnets



Class A Addresses

VLSM Chart 8-15 Bits (2nd octet)

/8 255.0.0.0 16,777,216 Hosts	/9 255.128.0.0 8,388.608 Hosts	/10 255.192.0.0 4,194,304 Hosts	/11 255.224.0.0 2,097,152 Hosts	/12 255.240.0.0 1,048,576 Hosts	/13 255.248.0.0 524,288 Hosts	/14 255.252.0.0 262,144 Hosts	/15 255.254.0.0 131,072 Hosts
					0-7	0-3 4-7	0-1 2-3 4-5 6-7
				0-15	8-15	8-11 12-15	8 - 9 10 - 11 12 - 13
			0-31	16-31	16-23	16-19 20-23	14 - 15 16 - 17 18 - 19 20 - 21 22 - 23
				10-31	24-31	24-27 28-31	24 - 25 26 - 27 28 - 29
		0-63			32-39	32-35	30 - 31 32 - 33 34 - 35 36 - 37
				32-47	40-47	36-39 40-43	36 - 37 38 - 39 40 - 41 42 - 43
			32-63		-	44-47 48-51	44 - 45 46 - 47 48 - 49 50 - 51
				48-63	48-55	52-55 56-59	52 - 53 54 - 55 56 - 57
	0-127				56-63	60-63	58 - 59 60 - 61 62 - 63
	0 121			64.70	64-71	64-67 68-71	64 - 65 66 - 67 68 - 69 70 - 71
				64-79	72-79	72-75 76-79	72 - 73 74 - 75 76 - 77
			64-95		80-87	80-83	78 - 79 80 - 81 82 - 83
				80-95	88-95	84-87 88-91	84 - 85 86 - 87 88 - 89 90 - 91
		64-127				92-95 96-99	92 - 93 94 - 95 96 - 97 98 - 99
				96-111	96-103	100-103 104-107	100 - 101 102 - 103 104 - 105
			96-127		104-111	108-111	106 - 107 108 - 109 110 - 111
			00 127	112-127	112-119	112-115 116-119	112 - 113 114 - 115 116 - 117 118 - 119
				112-127	120-127	120-123 124-127	120 - 121 122 - 123 124 - 125
0 - 255		128-191			128-135	128-131	126 - 127 128 - 129 130 - 131 132 - 133
			128-159	128-143	136-143	132-135 136-139	134 - 135 136 - 137 138 - 139
						140-143 144-147	140 - 141 142 - 143 144 - 145 146 - 147
				144-159	144-151	148-151 152-155	148 - 149 150 - 151 152 - 153
					152-159	156-159	154 - 155 156 - 157 158 - 159
				160-175	160-167	160-163 164-167	160 - 161 162 - 163 164 - 165 166 - 167
			160-191	100 170	168-175	168-171 172-175	168 - 169 170 - 171 172 - 173 174 - 175
					176-183	176-179 180-183	176 - 177 178 - 179 180 - 181
				176-191	184-191	184-187	182 - 183 184 - 185 186 - 187 188 - 189
	128-255				192-199	188-191 192-195	190 - 191 192 - 193 194 - 195
				192-207		196-199 200-203	196 - 197 198 - 199 200 - 201 202 - 203
			192-223		200-207	204-207	202 - 203 204 - 205 206 - 207 208 - 209
				208-223	208-215	208-211 212-215	210 - 211 212 - 213 214 - 215
		400.055			216-223	216-219 220-223	216 - 217 218 - 219 220 - 221 222 - 223
		192-255			224-231	224-227 228-231	224 - 225 226 - 227 228 - 229
			224-255	224-239	232-239	232-235	230 - 231 232 - 233 234 - 235 236 - 237
					240-247	236-239 240-243	236 - 237 238 - 239 240 - 241 242 - 243
				240-255		244-247 248-251	244 - 245 246 - 247 248 - 249 250 - 251
					248-255	252-255	250 - 251 252 - 253 254 - 255

Class B Addresses

VLSM Chart 16-23 Bits (3rd octet)

255.25.100 255.25.128.0 255.25.128.0 255.25.24.0 255.25.24.0 255.25.24.0 255.25.24.0 255.25.24.0 255.25.24.0 255.25.24.0 255.25.24.0 255.25.24.0 255.25.24.0 255.25.25.24.0 255.25.25.25.0 255.25.0 255.25.0 255.25.25.0 2	/16	/17	/18	/19	/20	/21	/22	/23
0-15								
0-15		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		0-3	
0-31 16-31 12-15 13-3 16-23 16-19 18-3 24-27 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-27 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-31 24-32 24-231 24-32 24-231 24-32 24-231 24-32 24-231 24-32 24-231 24-32 24-231 24-32 24-231 24-32 24-231 24-32 24-231 24-32 24-231 24-32 24-231 24-32 24-231 24-32 24-231 24-32 24-231 24-32 24-231 24-32 24-231 24-32 24-231 24-32 24-231 24-32 24-231 24-32 24-323 24-32 24-323 24-32 24-323 24-32 24-323 24-32 24-323 24-32 24-323 24-32 24-323 24-32 24-323 24-32 24-32 24-32 24-32 24-32					0-15	0-7		6 - 7 8 - 9
0-63 16-31 16-23 16-19 16-19 16-20						8-15		12 - 13
0-63 16-31				0-31		16-23		16 - 17 18 - 19
0-63 32-47 28-31 28-31 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3					16-31			24 - 25
0-127 0-128 0-128 0-128 0-128 112-127 112-128 112-129 112-			0.63			24-31		28 - 29 30 - 31
0-127 100-103 0-128 112-127 112-119 111-115 112-127 112-119 111-115 112-127 112-127 112-127 112-127 112-128-131 138-131 138-131			0-63			32-39		32 - 33 34 - 35
0-127 10-117 10-111 1					32-47			38 - 39 40 - 41
0-127 48-63 48-55 52-55 56-69				32-63		40-47		44 - 45 46 - 47
0-127 64-95 64-79 64-79 64-79 64-71 64-64-71 68-71 72-79 72-75 76-79 76-79 88-95 88-95 88-91 96-111 96-1127 96-1127 112-127 112-127 112-127 112-127 112-127 112-127 112-129 128-131 128-143 128-143 128-143 128-143 128-159 144-159 144-151 144-151 144-151 144-151 144-151 144-151 144-151 144-151 144-151 144-151 144-151 144-151 144-151 148-151 160-167 168-175 168-175 168-175 176-191 192-223 192-223 192-223 208-223 208-223 224-231 224-239 224-231 224-239 224-231 224-239 224-231 224-239 224-231 224-239 224-231 224-239 224-231 224-239 222-2336 232-234 232-236 232-2				JZ 03		48-55		50 - 51
0-127 64-95 64-95 64-96 64-79 64-71 64-67 68-71 72-79 72-79 72-75 72					48-63	50.00		56 - 57
64-95 64-79 64-79 64-79 64-79 72-79 72-75 76-79 70-79 70-10 70		0-127				56-63	60-63	60 - 61 62 - 63
64-127 64-95 64-95 80-95 80-87 80-87 88-95 88-95 96-103 96-103 96-103 100-103 100-103 100-103 112-127 112-127 112-119 112-115 116-119 128-143 128-143 128-143 128-143 128-143 128-143 128-159 144-159 144-159 144-159 160-191 112-127 110-191 110		0 127				64-71		66 - 67 68 - 69
64-95 80-95 80-97 80-87 80-83 80-83 80-83 80-87 100-103 96-101 100-103 100-103 100-103 100-103 100-103 100-101 100-111 100-111 110-119 1112-117 110-119 1112-117 110-119 112-120 112-120 112-120 112-120 112-120 112-120 112-120 112-120 112-120 112-120 112-12					64-79	72.70		70 - 71 72 - 73 74 - 75
128-159 128-151 160-191 160-191 128-255 192-223 192-223 192-223 192-223 192-225 192-227 192-				64-95		72-79		76 - 77 78 - 79
128-159 128-159 160-175 160-175 160-191 128-255 128-				0.00		80-87		82 - 83 84 - 85
128-159 128-191 128-255 128					80-95	99.05		90 - 91
96-127 96-127 96-127 10-255 112-127 112-127 112-127 112-127 112-127 112-127 112-127 112-127 112-127 112-127 112-127 112-127 120-127 120-123 128-135 128-135 128-135 128-135 128-135 136-143 136-139 136-133 136-139 136-133 136-139 136-133 136-139 136-133 136-139			64-127			00-95		92 - 93 94 - 95
96-127 104-111			-			96-103		98 - 99 100 - 101 102 - 103
128-159 128-159 128-159 128-143 128-143 128-143 128-143 128-143 128-159 128-144-159 144-159 160-175 160-175 160-175 160-175 160-175 160-175 168-175 176-191 176-191 188-191 192-223 192-223 192-223 208-223 208-223 224-239 224-231 228-231 238-239					96-111	104-111	104-107	104 - 105 106 - 107
128-159 128-159 128-159 128-143 128-143 128-143 128-144 128-159 128-159 128-159 128-159 128-159 128-159 128-159 128-159 128-159 128-159 128-159 128-159 128-159 128-159 128-159 128-159 128-159 144-159 144-151 148-151 148-151 152-159 156-159 156-159 156-159 156-159 156-159 168-171 160-167 168-175 168-176 168-177 176-181 176-191 176-191 188-191 192-207 200-207 200-207 200-203 208-211 212-215 212-215 212-215 212-215 228-231 228-231 228-231 228-231 228-235 238-235 238-235 238-235 238-235 238-235 238-235 238-235 238-235 238-235 238-235 238-235 238-235 238-236 238-239 232-239 232-235 238-235 238-236				96-127		104-111		108 - 109 110 - 111 112 - 113
128-159 128-143 128-135 128-135 128-135 128-135 132-135 144-147 144-147 144-147 144-159 152-159 160-167 160-167 160-167 160-167 160-167 160-167 160-167 160-167 160-167 160-167 160-167 160-167 160-167 160-167 160-167 160-167 160-167 160					440.407	112-119		116 - 117
128-159 128-143 128-143 128-143 128-135 128-135 132-135 132-135 132-135 132-135 132-135 132-135 132-135 132-135 132-135 132-135 132-135 132-135 132-135 132-135 132-135 132-135 132-135 140-143 140-143 140-143 140-143 144-151 148-151 152-159 156-159 156-159 156-159 156-159 156-159 156-159 156-159 156-159 168-171 168-175 168-171 168-175 172					112-127	120-127	120-123	120 - 121 122 - 123
128-159 128-143 136-143 136-143 136-139 140-143 140-143 140-143 140-143 140-143 140-143 140-143 140-145 144-151 144-151 144-151 144-151 152-159 152-159 152-159 156-159 166-160 160-160 160-160 160-160 160-160 160-160 160-160 160	0 - 255					120 127		124 - 125 126 - 127 128 - 129
128-159 128-159 128-159 144-150 144-151 144-151 144-151 144-151 148-151 152-155 168-171 160-167 168-171 172-175 172				128-159	100 140	128-135		132 - 133
128-159 128-159 144-159 144-151 144-147 144-147 144-147 144-147 144-147 144-155 152-155 152-155 156-159 156-159 156-159 156-159 156-159 160-167 160-167 160-167 168-171 172-175 172					120-143	136-143		136 - 137 138 - 139
128-191 128-191 160-191 160-175 160-167 160-167 160-167 160-167 160-167 168-171 168-171 176-191 176-191 176-191 192-223 192-223 192-223 192-223 192-223 192-223 192-223 224-231 224-239 128-231 128-255 152-155 152-155 152-155 152-155 152-155 152-155 152-155 152-155 152-155 152-155 150-153 150-153 160-167 160-167 160-167 160-167 160-167 160-163 160-167 164-167 164-167 164-167 164-167 164-167 176-183 180								142 - 143 144 - 145
128-191 152-159 152-155 156-159 160-163 160-163 160-167 160-167 160-167 160-167 160-167 168-177 168-177 172-175 172-175 173-176 176-191 176-191 176-191 184-191 184-191 184-191 184-191 184-191 192-207 192-207 200-207 200-203 202					144-159	144-151		148 - 149 150 - 151
128-191 160-175 160-167 160-163 160-163 160-163 160-163 160-161 160-167 160-163 160-163 160-167 160-167 160-167 160-167 160-167 160-163 160-167 160-163 160-167 160-163 160-167 160-167 160-163 160-163 160-163 160-163 160-167 160-167 160-163 160-167 160-163 160-163 160-163 160-167 160-163 160-167 160-163 160-167 160-163 160-163 160-163 160-163 160-163 160-167 160-167 160-163 160-163 160-163 160-167 160-163 160-163 160-167 160-163 160-163 160-163 160-163 160-163 160-167 160-163 160-167 160-163 160-163 160-163 160-163 160-163 160-163 160-163 160-163 160-163 160-163 160-163 160-163 160-163 160-163 160-163 160-167 160-163 160-163 160-163 160-163 160-163 160-167 160-163 160-167 160-163 160-163 160-163 160-163 160-163 160-167 160-163 160-167 160-163 176-179 177-175 172-175 184-185 188-191 188-191 188-191 188-191 188-191 188-191 188-191 192-199 192-199 192-195 192-199 192-195 192-195 192-199 192-195 192-199 192-195 192-199 192-199 192-199 192-199 192-199 192-199 192-199 192-199 192-199 192-199 192-199 192-199 192-199 192-199 192-199 192-199 192						152-159		154 - 155
160-191			128-191			100 107		158 - 159 160 - 161 162 - 163
160-191					160-175	160-167	164-167	164 - 165 166 - 167
176-191 176-183 176-179 178-179 178-177 188-189 180-181 182-183 180-181 182-183 180-181 1815 188-191 188-189 190-191 188-191 190-191 190-199 190-190 1				160-191	100-173	168-175		170 - 171 172 - 173
128-255 192-207 192-207 192-207 192-207 192-207 192-207 192-207 192-207 192-207 192-207 192-207 192-207 200-207 200-203 200-203 200-203 200-207 200-203 200-203 200-207 200-203 200-203 200-207 200-203 200-201 200-207 200-203 200-203 200-207 200-203 200-201 200-207 200-203 200-203 200-203 200-203 200-203 200-201 200-207 200-203 200						470 400		176 - 177
192-255 192-207 192-199 192-199 192-199 192-199 192-199 196-199 196-199 196-199 198-199 200-207 200-203 200-203 200-203 200-203 200-203 200-207 200-207 200-207 200-203 200-203 200-201 200-207 200-203 200-203 200-201 200-201 200-203 200-201 200-203 200					176-191	176-183	i e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	
192-255 192-207 192-199 192-195 196-199 196-199 196-197 196-199 196-197 200-207 200-203 200-203 202-203 202-203 204-207 204-207 208-211 208-215 212-215 222-223 220-223						184-191		186 - 187 188 - 189
192-207		128-255				102 100		192 - 193 194 - 195
192-223 192-223 200-207 204-207 204-207 206-207 208-211 208-211 208-215 212-215 212-215 214-216 216-223 216-223 216-223 220-223					192-207	192-199		198 - 199
192-223 208-215 208-215 208-215 208-215 212-215 212-215 212-213 216-219 216-219 216-219 220-223 220-223 220-223 220-223 220-221 224-231 224-231 224-231 228-231 230-233 230-233 230-233 230-237 231-235 231-235 231-235 231-235 231-237 231-23						200-207		202 - 203 204 - 205
208-223 212-215 214-215 214-215 214-215 214-215 214-215 216-227 216-223 220-223 220-221 220-223 220-221 220-223 220-221 224-231 224-227 224-225 228-231 228-239 232-235 232-233 230-231 230-23				192-223		208-215		208 - 209 210 - 211
192-255 224-231 224-231 224-231 228-231 228-231 228-231 232-235 232-235 232-235 236-239 236-239 236-239 236-239 236-239					208-223	200-213		212 - 213 214 - 215 216 - 217
192-255 224-231 224-231 224-231 228-231 230-235 231-235 231-235 232-235 231-235 236-239 236-239 236-239 236-239 236-239						216-223		220 - 221
224-239 228-231 230-231 232-239 232-235 232-233 232-239 236-239 236-237 236-239 236-237 236-239 236-237			192-255			224-231		224 - 225 226 - 227
232-239 236-237 236-237 236-237 238-239 236-239 238-237 238-239					224-239			232 - 233
1 204 205				001.55-		232-239		234 - 235
224-255 240-247 240-243 240-243 242-243				224-255		240-247	240-243	240 - 241 242 - 243
240-255 244-247 246-247 246-247 246-249					240-255	210 231	i e	246 - 247 248 - 249
248-255 248-255 248-255 252-255 252-253 254-255						248-255		250 - 251

Class C Addresses

VLSM Chart 24-30 Bits (4th octet)

/24 255.255.255.0 256 Hosts	/25 255.255.255.128 128 Hosts	/26 255.255.255.192 64 Hosts	/27 255.255.255.224 32 Hosts	/28 255.255.255.240 16 Hosts	/29 255.255.255.248 8 Hosts	/30 255.255.255.252 4 Hosts
					0-7	0-3 4-7
				0-15	8-15	8-11 12-15
			0-31		16-23	16-19 20-23
		0.00		16-31	24-31	24-27 28-31
		0-63		32-47	32-39	32-35 36-39
			32-63	32-41	40-47	40-43 44-47
			02 00	48-63	48-55	48-51 52-55
	0-127			40 03	56-63	56-59 60-63
				64-79	64-71	64-67 68-71
			64-95	01.10	72-79	72-75 76-79
				80-95	80-87	80-83 84-87
		64-127			88-95	88-91 92-95
			96-127	96-111	96-103	96-99 100-103
					104-111	104-107 108-111
				112-127	112-119	112-115 116-119
0 - 255					120-127	120-123 124-127
		128-191	128-159	128-143	128-135	128-131 132-135
					136-143	136-139 140-143 144-147
				144-159	144-151	148-151
					152-159	152-155 156-159
				160-175	160-167	160-163 164-167
			160-191		168-175	168-171 172-175 176-179
				176-191	176-183	180-183 184-187
	128-255				184-191	188-191
				192-207	192-199	192-195 196-199
			192-223		200-207	200-203 204-207
				208-223	208-215	208-211 212-215
		192-255			216-223	216-219 220-223
				224-239	224-231	224-227 228-231
			224-255		232-239	232-235 236-239
				240-255	240-247	240-243 244-247
					248-255	248-251 252-255

Class A Addressing Guide							
	# of Bits	Subnet	Total # of	Total # of	Usable # of		
CIDR	Borrowed	Mask	Subnets	Hosts	Hosts		
/8	0	255.0.0.0	1	16,777,216	16,777,214		
/9	1	255.128.0.0	2	8,388,608	8,388,606		
/10	2	255.192.0.0	4	4,194,304	4,194,302		
/11	3	255.224.0.0	8	2,097,152	2,097,150		
/12	4	255.240.0.0	16	1,048,576	1,048,574		
/13	5	255.248.0.0	32	524,288	524,286		
/14	6	255.252.0.0	64	262,144	262,142		
/15	7	255.254.0.0	128	131,072	131,070		
/16	8	255.255.0.0	256	65,536	65,534		
/17	9	255.255.128.0	512	32,768	32,766		
/18	10	255.255.192.0	1,024	16,384	16,382		
/19	11	255.255.224.0	2,048	8,192	8,190		
/20	12	255.255.240.0	4,096	4,096	4,094		
/21	13	255.255.248.0	8,192	2,048	2,046		
/22	14	255.255.252.0	16,384	1,024	1,022		
/23	15	255.255.254.0	32,768	512	510		
/24	16	255.255.255.0	65,536	256	254		
/25	17	255.255.255.128	131,072	128	126		
/26	18	255.255.255.192	262,144	64	62		
/27	19	255.255.255.224	524,288	32	30		
/28	20	255.255.255.240	1,048,576	16	14		
/29	21	255.255.255.248	2,097,152	8	6		
/30	22	255.255.255.252	4,194,304	4	2		

Class B Addressing Guide							
	# of Bits	Subnet	Total # of	Total # of	Usable # of		
CIDR	Borrowed	Mask	Subnets	Hosts	Hosts		
/16	0	255.255.0.0	1	65,536	65,534		
/17	1	255.255.128.0	2	32,768	32,766		
/18	2	255.255.192.0	4	16,384	16,382		
/19	3	255.255.224.0	8	8,192	8,190		
/20	4	255.255.240.0	16	4,096	4,094		
/21	5	255.255.248.0	32	2,048	2,046		
/22	6	255.255.252.0	64	1,024	1,022		
/23	7	255.255.254.0	128	512	510		
/24	8	255.255.255.0	256	256	254		
/25	9	255.255.255.128	512	128	126		
/26	10	255.255.255.192	1,024	64	62		
/27	11	255.255.255.224	2,048	32	30		
/28	12	255.255.255.240	4,096	16	14		
/29	13	255.255.255.248	8,192	8	6		
/30	14	255.255.255.252	16,384	4	2		

Class C Addressing Guide							
	# of Bits	Subnet	Total # of	Total # of	Usable # of		
CIDR	Borrowed	Mask	Subnets	Hosts	Hosts		
/24	0	255.255.255.0	1	256	254		
/25	1	255.255.255.128	2	128	126		
/26	2	255.255.255.192	4	64	62		
/27	3	255.255.255.224	8	32	30		
/28	4	255.255.255.240	16	16	14		
/29	5	255.255.255.248	32	8	6		
/30	6	255.255.255.252	64	4	2		