

Practice Problem #5

Newton's Laws of Motion

Question: The position of a $2.75 \cdot 10^5$ N training helicopter under test is given by:

$$\vec{r} = \left(0.020 \frac{m}{s^3}\right)t^3\hat{i} + \left(2.2 \frac{m}{s}\right)t\hat{j} - \left(0.060 \frac{m}{s^2}\right)t^2\hat{k}$$

Find the net force on the helicopter at $t = 5.0$ s.

Solution: Apply the vector form of Newton's 2nd Law:

$$\sum \vec{F} = m\vec{a} \tag{1}$$

Where \vec{a} is the second-order derivative of \vec{r} with respect to time:

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{a} &= \frac{d^2\vec{r}}{dt^2} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{d}{dt} \left(\left(0.020 \frac{m}{s^3}\right)t^3\hat{i} + \left(2.2 \frac{m}{s}\right)t\hat{j} - \left(0.060 \frac{m}{s^2}\right)t^2\hat{k} \right) \right) \\ &= \frac{d}{dt} \left(3\left(0.020 \frac{m}{s^3}\right)t^2\hat{i} + \left(2.2 \frac{m}{s}\right)\hat{j} - 2\left(0.060 \frac{m}{s^2}\right)t\hat{k} \right) \\ &= 6\left(0.020 \frac{m}{s^3}\right)t\hat{i} - 2\left(0.060 \frac{m}{s^2}\right)\hat{k} \\ &= \left(0.120 \frac{m}{s^3}\right)t\hat{i} - \left(0.120 \frac{m}{s^2}\right)\hat{k} \end{aligned}$$

At $t = 5.0$ s:

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{a} &= \left(0.120 \frac{m}{s^3}\right)(5.0 \text{ s})\hat{i} - \left(0.120 \frac{m}{s^2}\right)\hat{k} \\ &= \left(0.60 \frac{m}{s^2}\right)\hat{i} - \left(0.12 \frac{m}{s^2}\right)\hat{k} \end{aligned}$$

This acceleration can be plugged into (1) to obtain the net force:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sum \vec{F} &= \frac{W}{g} \vec{a} \\
 &= \frac{(2.75 \cdot 10^5 \text{ N})}{(9.80 \frac{m}{s^2})} \left((0.60 \frac{m}{s^2}) \hat{i} - (0.12 \frac{m}{s^2}) \hat{k} \right) \\
 &\approx \boxed{(1.7 \cdot 10^4 \text{ N}) \hat{i} - (3.4 \cdot 10^3 \text{ N}) \hat{k}}
 \end{aligned}$$