# Assignment 2

## **Table of Contents**

eview questions		
R3.2	1	
R3.6		
R3.11 – Hand trace algorithm	2	
R3.12	3	

# Review questions

#### R3.2

The only difference between code 1 and 2 is the use of "if" and "elif" (else if).

Code 1: use the "if" statement two times in a row. Both of these "if" statements will execute no matter if the first one is true or not.

Code 2: Uses an "if" statement first and an "elif" statement second. The "elif" statement will not execute if the if statement is true. So it will only execute if the first "if" statement is false.

This is the difference between the two codes.

#### R3.6

Input: x

Output: y (absolute value of x)

if  $x \ge 0$ 

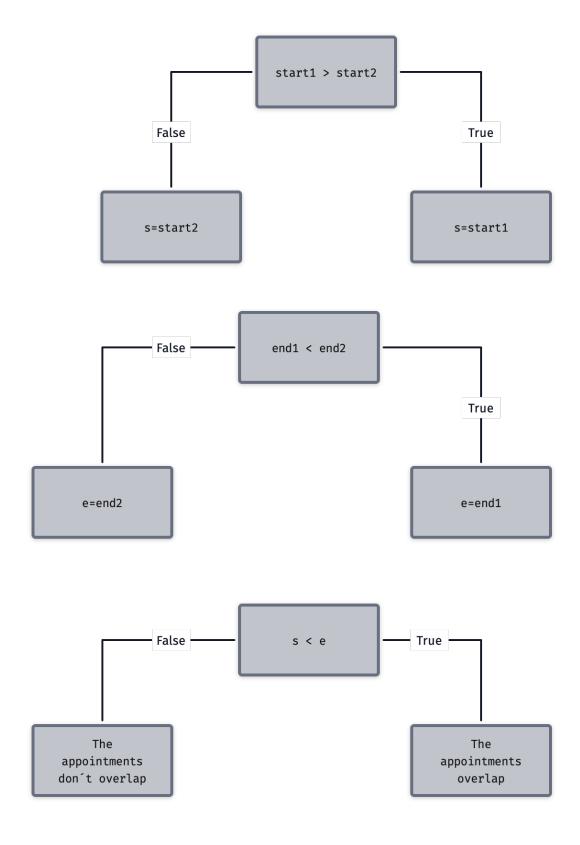
$$y = x$$

else

$$y = x * (-1)$$

## R3.11 – Hand trace algorithm

1/2.11	Halla trace algorithm		
•	Start1= 10	$First\ condition = start1 > start2 = 10 > 11 = FALSE$	
•	End1 = 12	$\Rightarrow s = start2 = 11$	
•	Start2 = 11		
•	End2=13	Second condition. $end1 < end2 \Rightarrow 12 < 13 = TRUE$ .	
		$\Rightarrow e = end1 = 12$	
		Conclusion: $s < e = 11 < 12 = TRUE$	
		⇒ Appointments overlap	
•	Start1= 10	$First\ condition = start1 > start2 = FALSE$	
•	End1 = 11	$\Rightarrow s = start2 = 12$	
	Start2 = 12		
•	End2=13	Second condition = $end1 < end2 = 11 < 13 = TRUE$	
	LIIGZ-15	$\Rightarrow e = end1 = 11$	
		Conclusion: $s < e = 12 < 11 = FALSE$ $\Rightarrow$ Appointsments dont overlap	



#### R3.15

To solve this assignment, we will run a couple of scenarios and check if the code works.

Test result
Code results in "Appointments overlap". Which is correct.
Code results in "Appointments do not overlap". Which is correct. Code works.
Code results in "Appointments do not overlap".  Which is correct. Code works.
SyntaxError.  Code does not work.
The code won't work. This will probably not be a problem because these appointments probably are not scheduled that late.  S will obviously be larger than e, the system does not integrate that the clock system resets.

#### R.4.4

### These loops print:

- a) Each number from 1 up to and including 9: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9
- b) Each number from 1 up and including 9 in an interval of two: 1, 3, 5, 7, 9
- c) Each number from 10 up and including 2 in an interval of -1: 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2
- d) The range function naturally start at 0, so this prints: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9
- e) If the modulus (%) to 2 == 0, the number is even, therefor this will print: 2, 4, 6, 8