Problem Statement:predicting which model best suits the dataset

1.Data Collection

In [1]: import numpy as np import pandas as pd import seaborn as sns import matplotlib.pyplot as plt from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression from sklearn.linear_model import Ridge from sklearn.linear_model import Lasso traindf=pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\DELL\Downloads\Data_Train.csv") traindf

Out[1]:

	Airline	Date_of_Journey	Source	Destination	Route	Dep_Time	Arrival_Time	Duration
0	IndiGo	24/03/2019	Banglore	New Delhi	BLR ? DEL	22:20	01:10 22 Mar	2h 50m
1	Air I ndia	1/05/2019	Kolkata	Banglore	CCU ? IXR ? BBI ? BLR	05:50	13:15	7h 25m
2	Jet Airways	9/06/2019	Delhi	Cochin	DEL ? LKO ? BOM ? COK	09:25	04:25 10 Jun	19h
3	IndiGo	12/05/2019	Kolkata	Banglore	CCU ? NAG ? BLR	18:05	23:30	5h 25m
4	IndiGo	01/03/2019	Banglore	New Delhi	BLR ? NAG ? DEL	16:50	21:35	4h 45m
10678	Air Asia	9/04/2019	Kolkata	Banglore	CCU ? BLR	19:55	22:25	2h 30m
10679	Air India	27/04/2019	Kolkata	Banglore	CCU ? BLR	20:45	23:20	2h 35m
10680	Jet Airways	27/04/2019	Banglore	Delhi	BLR ? DEL	08:20	11:20	3h
10681	Vistara	01/03/2019	Banglore	New Delhi	BLR ? DEL	11:30	14:10	2h 40m
10682	Air India	9/05/2019	Delhi	Cochin	DEL ? GOI ? BOM ? COK	10:55	19:15	8h 20m

In [2]: testdf=pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\DELL\Downloads\Test_set.csv")
 testdf

Out[2]:

	Airline	Date_of_Journey	Source	Destination	Route	Dep_Time	Arrival_Time	Duration
0	Jet Airways	6/06/2019	Delhi	Cochin	DEL ? BOM ? COK	17:30	04:25 07 Jun	10h 55m
1	IndiGo	12/05/2019	Kolkata	Banglore	CCU ? MAA ? BLR	06:20	10:20	4h
2	Jet Airways	21/05/2019	De l hi	Cochin	DEL ? BOM ? COK	19:15	19:00 22 May	23h 45m
3	Multiple carriers	21/05/2019	Delhi	Cochin	DEL ? BOM ? COK	08:00	21:00	13h
4	Air Asia	24/06/2019	Banglore	Delhi	BLR ? DEL	23:55	02:45 25 Jun	2h 50m
2666	Air India	6/06/2019	Kolkata	Banglore	CCU ? DEL ? BLR	20:30	20:25 07 Jun	23h 55m
2667	IndiGo	27/03/2019	Kolkata	Banglore	CCU ? BLR	14:20	16:55	2h 35m
2668	Jet Airways	6/03/2019	Delhi	Cochin	DEL ? BOM ? COK	21:50	04:25 07 Mar	6h 35m
2669	Air India	6/03/2019	Delhi	Cochin	DEL ? BOM ? COK	04:00	19:15	15h 15m
2670	Multiple carriers	15/06/2019	Delhi	Cochin	DEL ? BOM ? COK	04:55	19:15	14h 20m

In [3]: traindf.head()

Out[3]:

	Airline	Date_of_Journey	Source	Destination	Route	Dep_Time	Arrival_Time	Duration	Tot
0	IndiGo	24/03/2019	Banglore	New Delhi	BLR ? DEL	22:20	01:10 22 Mar	2h 50m	
1	Air I ndia	1/05/2019	Kolkata	Banglore	CCU ? IXR ? BBI ? BLR	05:50	13:15	7h 25m	
2	Jet Airways	9/06/2019	Delhi	Cochin	DEL ? LKO ? BOM ? COK	09:25	04:25 10 Jun	19h	
3	IndiGo	12/05/2019	Kolkata	Banglore	CCU ? NAG ? BLR	18:05	23:30	5h 25m	
4	IndiGo	01/03/2019	Banglore	New Delhi	BLR ? NAG ? DEL	16:50	21:35	4h 45m	
4 0									•

In [4]: testdf.head()

Out[4]:

	Airline	Date_of_Journey	Source	Destination	Route	Dep_Time	Arrival_Time	Duration	Tot
0	Jet Airways	6/06/2019	De l hi	Cochin	DEL ? BOM ? COK	17:30	04:25 07 Jun	10h 55m	
1	IndiGo	12/05/2019	Kolkata	Banglore	CCU ? MAA ? BLR	06:20	10:20	4h	
2	Jet Airways	21/05/2019	Delhi	Cochin	DEL ? BOM ? COK	19:15	19:00 22 May	23h 45m	
3	Multiple carriers	21/05/2019	Delhi	Cochin	DEL ? BOM ? COK	08:00	21:00	13h	
4	Air Asia	24/06/2019	Banglore	De l hi	BLR ? DEL	23:55	02:45 25 Jun	2h 50m	
4									

In [5]: traindf.tail()

Out[5]:

	Airline	Date_of_Journey	Source	Destination	Route	Dep_Time	Arrival_Time	Duration
10678	Air Asia	9/04/2019	Kolkata	Banglore	CCU ? BLR	19:55	22:25	2h 30m
10679	Air India	27/04/2019	Kolkata	Banglore	CCU ? BLR	20:45	23:20	2h 35m
10680	Jet Airways	27/04/2019	Banglore	De l hi	BLR ? DEL	08:20	11:20	3h
10681	Vistara	01/03/2019	Banglore	New Delhi	BLR ? DEL	11:30	14:10	2h 40m
10682	Air India	9/05/2019	Delhi	Cochin	DEL ? GOI ? BOM ? COK	10:55	19:15	8h 20m
4								

In [6]: testdf.tail()

Out[6]:

	Airline	Date_of_Journey	Source	Destination	Route	Dep_Time	Arrival_Time	Duration	T
2666	Air India	6/06/2019	Kolkata	Banglore	CCU ? DEL ? BLR	20:30	20:25 07 Jun	23h 55m	
2667	IndiGo	27/03/2019	Kolkata	Banglore	CCU ? BLR	14:20	16:55	2h 35m	
2668	Jet Airways	6/03/2019	Delhi	Cochin	DEL ? BOM ? COK	21:50	04:25 07 Mar	6h 35m	
2669	Air India	6/03/2019	Delhi	Cochin	DEL ? BOM ? COK	04:00	19:15	15h 15m	
2670	Multiple carriers	15/06/2019	Delhi	Cochin	DEL ? BOM ? COK	04:55	19:15	14h 20m	
1									>

In [7]: traindf.describe()

Out[7]:

Price **count** 10683.000000 9087.064121 mean std 4611.359167 1759.000000 min 25% 5277.000000 50% 8372.000000 **75%** 12373.000000 max 79512.000000

In [8]: |testdf.describe()

Out[8]:

	Airline	Date_of_Journey	Source	Destination	Route	Dep_Time	Arrival_Time	Duration
count	2671	2671	2671	2671	2671	2671	2671	2671
unique	11	44	5	6	100	199	704	320
top	Jet Airways	9/05/2019	De l hi	Cochin	DEL ? BOM ? COK	10:00	19:00	2h 50m
freq	897	144	1145	1145	624	62	113	122
4								•

In [9]: traindf.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> RangeIndex: 10683 entries, 0 to 10682 Data columns (total 11 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Airline	10683 non-null	object
1	Date_of_Journey	10683 non-null	object
2	Source	10683 non-null	object
3	Destination	10683 non-null	object
4	Route	10682 non-null	object
5	Dep_Time	10683 non-null	object
6	Arrival_Time	10683 non-null	object
7	Duration	10683 non-null	object
8	Total_Stops	10682 non-null	object
9	Additional_Info	10683 non-null	object
10	Price	10683 non-null	int64

dtypes: int64(1), object(10) memory usage: 918.2+ KB

```
In [10]: testdf.info()
         <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
         RangeIndex: 2671 entries, 0 to 2670
         Data columns (total 10 columns):
              Column
                                Non-Null Count Dtype
          _ _ _
          0
              Airline
                                2671 non-null
                                                object
          1
              Date_of_Journey
                                2671 non-null
                                                object
          2
              Source
                                2671 non-null
                                                object
          3
              Destination
                                2671 non-null
                                                object
          4
              Route
                                2671 non-null
                                                object
          5
              Dep_Time
                                2671 non-null
                                                object
          6
              Arrival_Time
                                2671 non-null
                                                object
          7
              Duration
                                2671 non-null
                                                object
          8
              Total_Stops
                                2671 non-null
                                                object
          9
              Additional Info 2671 non-null
                                                object
         dtypes: object(10)
         memory usage: 208.8+ KB
In [11]: traindf.shape
Out[11]: (10683, 11)
In [12]: | testdf.shape
Out[12]: (2671, 10)
In [13]: |traindf.duplicated().sum()
Out[13]: 220
In [14]: | testdf.duplicated().sum()
Out[14]: 26
In [15]: traindf.isnull().sum()
Out[15]: Airline
                             0
         Date_of_Journey
                             0
                             0
         Source
         Destination
                             0
                             1
         Route
                             0
         Dep_Time
         Arrival_Time
                             0
         Duration
                             0
         Total_Stops
                             1
         Additional_Info
                             0
         Price
                             0
         dtype: int64
```

```
In [16]: testdf.isnull().sum()
Out[16]: Airline
                      0
       Date_of_Journey
                      0
       Source
                      0
       Destination
                      0
                      0
       Route
       Dep_Time
                      0
       Arrival_Time
                      0
       Duration
                      0
       Total_Stops
                      0
       Additional_Info
       dtype: int64
In [17]: traindf.columns
'Additional_Info', 'Price'],
            dtype='object')
In [18]: |testdf.columns
'Additional_Info'],
            dtype='object')
In [19]: |traindf.dropna(inplace=True)
In [20]: traindf.isnull().sum()
Out[20]: Airline
                      0
       Date_of_Journey
                      0
       Source
                      0
       Destination
                      0
       Route
                      0
       Dep_Time
                      0
       Arrival_Time
                      0
       Duration
                      0
       Total_Stops
                      0
       Additional_Info
                      0
       Price
                      0
       dtype: int64
```

```
In [21]: |traindf['Airline'].value_counts()
Out[21]: Airline
         Jet Airways
                                                3849
         IndiGo
                                                2053
         Air India
                                                1751
         Multiple carriers
                                                1196
         SpiceJet
                                                 818
         Vistara
                                                 479
         Air Asia
                                                 319
         GoAir
                                                 194
         Multiple carriers Premium economy
                                                 13
         Jet Airways Business
                                                  6
         Vistara Premium economy
                                                   3
         Trujet
                                                   1
         Name: count, dtype: int64
In [22]: traindf['Source'].value_counts()
Out[22]: Source
         Delhi
                      4536
         Kolkata
                      2871
                      2197
         Banglore
         Mumbai
                       697
         Chennai
                       381
         Name: count, dtype: int64
In [23]: traindf['Destination'].value_counts()
Out[23]: Destination
         Cochin
                       4536
         Banglore
                       2871
         Delhi
                       1265
         New Delhi
                        932
                        697
         Hyderabad
                        381
         Kolkata
         Name: count, dtype: int64
In [24]: traindf['Total_Stops'].value_counts()
Out[24]: Total_Stops
         1 stop
                      5625
                      3491
         non-stop
         2 stops
                      1520
         3 stops
                        45
         4 stops
                         1
         Name: count, dtype: int64
```

Out[25]:

	Airline	Date_of_Journey	Source	Destination	Route	Dep_Time	Arrival_Time	Duration
0	1	24/03/2019	Banglore	New Delhi	BLR ? DEL	22:20	01:10 22 Mar	2h 50m
1	2	1/05/2019	Kolkata	Banglore	CCU ? IXR ? BBI ? BLR	05:50	13:15	7h 25m
					DEL ? LKO			
2	0	9/06/2019	Delhi	Cochin	POM POM PCOK	09:25	04:25 10 Jun	19h
3	1	12/05/2019	Kolkata	Banglore	CCU ? NAG ? BLR	18:05	23:30	5h 25m
4	1	01/03/2019	Banglore	New Delhi	BLR ? NAG ? DEL	16:50	21:35	4h 45m
10678	6	9/04/2019	Kolkata	Banglore	CCU ? BLR	19:55	22:25	2h 30m
10679	2	27/04/2019	Kolkata	Banglore	CCU ? BLR	20:45	23:20	2h 35m
10680	0	27/04/2019	Banglore	Delhi	BLR ? DEL	08:20	11:20	3h
10681	5	01/03/2019	Banglore	New Delhi	BLR ? DEL	11:30	14:10	2h 40m
10682	2	9/05/2019	Delhi	Cochin	DEL ? GOI ? BOM ? COK	10:55	19:15	8h 20m

Out[26]:

	Airline	Date_of_Journey	Source	Destination	Route	Dep_Time	Arrival_Time	Duration
0	1	24/03/2019	2	New Delhi	BLR ? DEL	22:20	01:10 22 Mar	2h 50m
1	2	1/05/2019	1	Banglore	CCU ? IXR ? BBI ? BLR	05:50	13:15	7h 25m
2	0	9/06/2019	0	Cochin	DEL ? LKO ? BOM ? COK	09:25	04:25 10 Jun	19h
3	1	12/05/2019	1	Banglore	CCU ? NAG ? BLR	18:05	23:30	5h 25m
4	1	01/03/2019	2	New Delhi	BLR ? NAG ? DEL	16:50	21:35	4h 45m
10678	6	9/04/2019	1	Banglore	CCU ? BLR	19:55	22:25	2h 30m
10679	2	27/04/2019	1	Banglore	CCU ? BLR	20:45	23:20	2h 35m
10680	0	27/04/2019	2	Delhi	BLR ? DEL	08:20	11:20	3h
10681	5	01/03/2019	2	New Delhi	BLR ? DEL	11:30	14:10	2h 40m
10682	2	9/05/2019	0	Cochin	DEL ? GOI ? BOM ? COK	10:55	19:15	8h 20m

Out[27]:

	Airline	Date_of_Journey	Source	Destination	Route	Dep_Time	Arrival_Time	Duration	7
0	1	24/03/2019	2	3	BLR ? DEL	22:20	01:10 22 Mar	2h 50m	_
1	2	1/05/2019	1	1	CCU ? IXR ? BBI ? BLR	05:50	13:15	7h 25m	
2	0	9/06/2019	0	0	DEL ? LKO ? BOM ? COK	09:25	04:25 10 Jun	19h	
3	1	12/05/2019	1	1	CCU ? NAG ? BLR	18:05	23:30	5h 25m	
4	1	01/03/2019	2	3	BLR ? NAG ? DEL	16:50	21:35	4h 45m	
10678	6	9/04/2019	1	1	CCU ? BLR	19:55	22:25	2h 30m	
10679	2	27/04/2019	1	1	CCU ? BLR	20:45	23:20	2h 35m	
10680	0	27/04/2019	2	2	BLR ? DEL	08:20	11:20	3h	
10681	5	01/03/2019	2	3	BLR ? DEL	11:30	14:10	2h 40m	
10682	2	9/05/2019	0	0	DEL ? GOI ? BOM ? COK	10:55	19:15	8h 20m	

Out[28]:

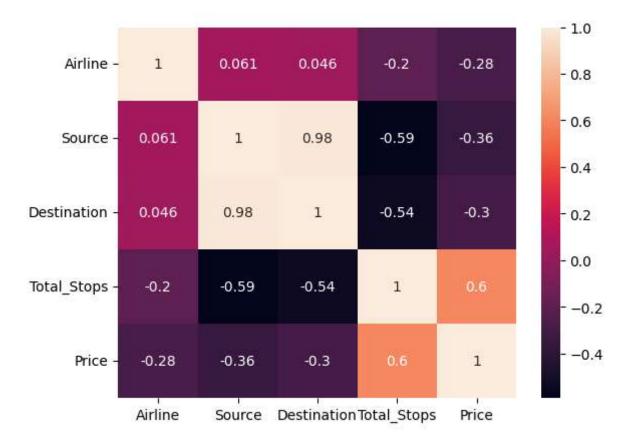
	Airline	Date_of_Journey	Source	Destination	Route	Dep_Time	Arrival_Time	Duration	7
0	1	24/03/2019	2	3	BLR ? DEL	22:20	01:10 22 Mar	2h 50m	
1	2	1/05/2019	1	1	CCU ? IXR ? BBI ? BLR	05:50	13:15	7h 25m	
2	0	9/06/2019	0	0	DEL ? LKO ? BOM ? COK	09:25	04:25 10 Jun	19h	
3	1	12/05/2019	1	1	CCU ? NAG ? BLR	18:05	23:30	5h 25m	
4	1	01/03/2019	2	3	BLR ? NAG ? DEL	16:50	21:35	4h 45m	
10678	6	9/04/2019	1	1	CCU ? BLR	19:55	22:25	2h 30m	
10679	2	27/04/2019	1	1	CCU ? BLR	20:45	23:20	2h 35m	
10680	0	27/04/2019	2	2	BLR ? DEL	08:20	11:20	3h	
10681	5	01/03/2019	2	3	BLR ? DEL	11:30	14:10	2h 40m	
10682	2	9/05/2019	0	0	DEL ? GOI ? BOM ? COK	10:55	19:15	8h 20m	

Out[29]:

	Airline	Date_of_Journey	Source	Destination	Route	Dep_Time	Arrival_Time	Duration	1
0	1	24/03/2019	2	3	BLR ? DEL	22:20	01:10 22 Mar	2h 50m	
1	2	1/05/2019	1	1	CCU ? IXR ? BBI ? BLR	05:50	13:15	7h 25m	
2	0	9/06/2019	0	0	DEL ? LKO ? BOM ? COK	09:25	04:25 10 Jun	19h	
3	1	12/05/2019	1	1	CCU ? NAG ? BLR	18:05	23:30	5h 25m	
4	1	01/03/2019	2	3	BLR ? NAG ? DEL	16:50	21:35	4h 45m	
10678	6	9/04/2019	1	1	CCU ? BLR	19:55	22:25	2h 30m	
10679	2	27/04/2019	1	1	CCU ? BLR	20:45	23:20	2h 35m	
10680	0	27/04/2019	2	2	BLR ? DEL	08:20	11:20	3h	
10681	5	01/03/2019	2	3	BLR ? DEL	11:30	14:10	2h 40m	
10682	2	9/05/2019	0	0	DEL ? GOI ? BOM ? COK	10:55	19:15	8h 20m	

```
In [30]: #EDA
fdf=traindf[['Airline','Source','Destination','Total_Stops','Price']]
sns.heatmap(fdf.corr(),annot=True)
```

Out[30]: <Axes: >



```
In [31]: x=fdf[['Airline','Source','Destination','Total_Stops']]
y=fdf['Price']
```

1.Linear Regression

```
In [32]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.3,random_state=1
```

```
In [33]: from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
    regr=LinearRegression()
    regr.fit(X_train,y_train)
    print(regr.intercept_)
    coeff_df=pd.DataFrame(regr.coef_,x.columns,columns=['coefficient'])
    coeff_df
```

7211.098088897471

Out[33]:

	coefficient
Airline	-418.483922
Source	-3275.073380
Destination	2505.480291
Total_Stops	3541.798053

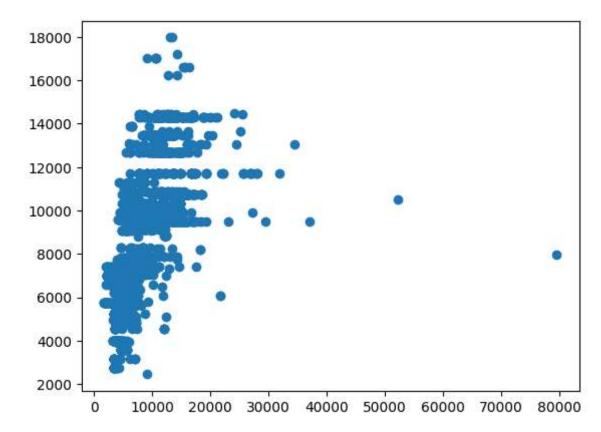
```
In [34]: score=regr.score(X_test,y_test)
    print(score)
```

0.41083048909283415

```
In [35]: predictions=regr.predict(X_test)
```

```
In [36]: plt.scatter(y_test,predictions)
```

Out[36]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x1e6ce13f250>



```
In [37]: x=np.array(fdf['Price']).reshape(-1,1)
y=np.array(fdf['Total_Stops']).reshape(-1,1)
fdf.dropna(inplace=True)
```

C:\Users\DELL\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_8956\521034954.py:3: SettingWithCo
pyWarning:

A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame

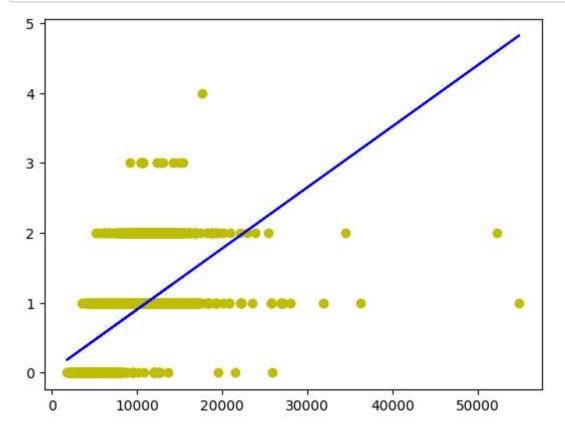
See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/s table/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy (https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy)

fdf.dropna(inplace=True)

```
In [38]: X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.3)
    regr.fit(X_train,y_train)
    regr.fit(X_train,y_train)
```

```
Out[38]: v LinearRegression LinearRegression()
```

```
In [39]: y_pred=regr.predict(X_test)
    plt.scatter(X_test,y_test,color='y')
    plt.plot(X_test,y_pred,color='b')
    plt.show()
```



```
In [54]: from sklearn.metrics import r2 score
         lr=LinearRegression()
         r2=r2_score(y_pred,y_test)
         print(r2)
         -2.951376774869263
         2.Logistic Regression
In [40]: | x=np.array(fdf['Price']).reshape(-1,1)
         y=np.array(fdf['Total_Stops']).reshape(-1,1)
         fdf.dropna(inplace=True)
         x train,x test,y train,y test=train test split(x,y,test size=0.3,random state=1
         from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
         lr=LogisticRegression(max_iter=10000)
         C:\Users\DELL\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_8956\497261869.py:3: SettingWithCo
         pyWarning:
         A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame
         See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/s
         table/user guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy (https://panda
         s.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-ver
         sus-a-copy)
           fdf.dropna(inplace=True)
In [41]: |lr.fit(x_train,y_train)
         C:\Users\DELL\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311\Lib\site-packages\sklea
         rn\utils\validation.py:1143: DataConversionWarning: A column-vector y was pas
         sed when a 1d array was expected. Please change the shape of y to (n_samples,
         ), for example using ravel().
           y = column_or_1d(y, warn=True)
Out[41]:
                   LogisticRegression
          LogisticRegression(max_iter=10000)
In [42]:
         score=lr.score(x_test,y_test)
         print(score)
         0.7160686427457098
```

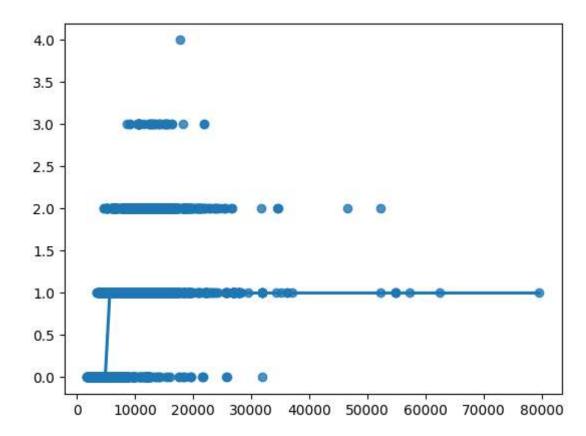
In []: |#conclusion:this model has 70% of accuracy.

In [43]: sns.regplot(x=x,y=y,data=fdf,logistic=True,ci=None)

C:\Users\DELL\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311\Lib\site-packages\stats
models\genmod\families\links.py:198: RuntimeWarning: overflow encountered in
exp

t = np.exp(-z)

Out[43]: <Axes: >



3.Decision Trees

In [44]: #Decision tree

from sklearn tree

from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
clf=DecisionTreeClassifier(random_state=0)
clf.fit(x_train,y_train)

Out[44]:

DecisionTreeClassifier
DecisionTreeClassifier(random_state=0)

In [45]: score=clf.score(x_test,y_test)
print(score)

0.9369734789391576

```
In [ ]: #conclusion:This model has 90% of accuracy.
```

4.Random Forest

Out[49]: 0.523605715699528

```
In [46]: #Random forest classifier
         from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
         rfc=RandomForestClassifier()
         rfc.fit(X_train,y_train)
         C:\Users\DELL\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_8956\1232785509.py:4: DataConversi
         onWarning: A column-vector y was passed when a 1d array was expected. Please
         change the shape of y to (n_samples,), for example using ravel().
           rfc.fit(X_train,y_train)
Out[46]:
          ▼ RandomForestClassifier
          RandomForestClassifier()
In [47]:
         params={ 'max_depth':[2,3,5,10,20],
         'min_samples_leaf':[5,10,20,50,100,200],
         'n_estimators':[10,25,30,50,100,200]}
In [48]: from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
         grid search=GridSearchCV(estimator=rfc,param grid=params,cv=2,scoring="accuracy
         grid_search.fit(X_train,y_train)
         ceor y was passed when a ra array was expected, rrease change the shap
         y to (n_samples,), for example using ravel().
           estimator.fit(X_train, y_train, **fit_params)
         C:\Users\DELL\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311\Lib\site-packages\skl
         earn\model_selection\_validation.py:686: DataConversionWarning: A column-ve
         ctor y was passed when a 1d array was expected. Please change the shape of
         y to (n_samples,), for example using ravel().
           estimator.fit(X_train, y_train, **fit_params)
         C:\Users\DELL\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311\Lib\site-packages\skl
         earn\model_selection\_validation.py:686: DataConversionWarning: A column-ve
         ctor y was passed when a 1d array was expected. Please change the shape of
         y to (n samples,), for example using ravel().
           estimator.fit(X_train, y_train, **fit_params)
         C:\Users\DELL\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311\Lib\site-packages\skl
         earn\model_selection\_validation.py:686: DataConversionWarning: A column-ve
         ctor y was passed when a 1d array was expected. Please change the shape of
         y to (n_samples,), for example using ravel().
           estimator.fit(X_train, y_train, **fit_params)
         C:\Users\DELL\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311\Lib\site-packages\skl
         earn\model selection\ validation nv·686. DataConversionWarning. Δ column-ve
In [49]: |grid_search.best_score_
```

```
In [50]:
            rf_best=grid_search.best_estimator_
            rf_best
Out[50]:
                                                RandomForestClassifier
             In [51]: from sklearn.tree import plot_tree
            plt.figure(figsize=(80,40))
            plot_tree(rf_best.estimators_[4],class_names=['0','1','2','3','4'],filled=True)
                                                            x[0] \le 9199.5
                                                             gini = 0.601
                                                     samples = 4722
value = [2511, 3853, 1074, 39, 0]
                                                              class = 1
                                                                                      x[0] <= 9658.0
                                  x[0] \le 8619.5
                                   gini = 0.608
                                                                                       gini = 0.592
                           samples = 2559
value = [1390, 2042, 611, 21, 0]
                                                                                samples = 2163
value = [1121, 1811, 463, 18, 0]
                                    class = 1
                                                                                         class = 1
                     gini = 0.605
                                                gini = 0.596
                                                                                                     gini = 0.596
              samples = 2447
value = [1296, 1988, 586, 19, 0]
                                           samples = 112
value = [94, 54, 25, 2, 0]
                                                                     samples = 117 value = [51, 113, 12, 2, 0]
                                                                                             samples = 2046
value = [1070, 1698, 451, 16, 0]
                                                 class = 0
            score=rfc.score(x_test,y_test)
In [52]:
            print(score)
            0.4527301092043682
```

In []: |#conclusion:This model has 40% accuracy.

Conclusion

For the above Dataset we use different Types of Models, For that each and every model we get different Types of Accuracies. Based on that accuracies we can conclude which model is best fit for my our Dataset.

Decision Trees model will best suits the dataset.Beacuse among all it has highest accuracy rate 90%.

In []:		