writing functions

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in class excerise

```
get_mass_from_length_theropoda <- function(length){
  mass <- 0.73 * length ^ 3.63
   return(mass)
}

get_mass_from_length_theropoda(16)

## [1] 17150.56</pre>
```

Use and modify function excerise

```
get_mass_from_length_theropoda <- function(length = 16){
  mass <- 16 * length ^ 3.63
  return(mass)
}

get_mass_from_length <- function(length){
  mass <- a * length ^ b
  return(mass)
}

get_mass_from_length <- function(a, b, length){
  mass <- a * length ^ b
  return(mass)
}

get_mass_from_length (214.44, 1.46, 26)</pre>
```

[1] 24955.54

writing funcitons excerise

```
#convert_pounds_to_grams <- function(pounds = 1) {
    #grams = 453.6 * pounds
    #return(grams)

# }

#convert_pounds_to_grams() # object naming

# {
    #grams = 453.6 * pounds
    #return(grams)

#} #setting fuction up

# function(x) # function variable</pre>
```

```
convert_pounds_to_grams <- function(grams, pounds) {
   pounds <- 3.75
   grams = 453.6 * pounds
   return(grams)
}
convert_pounds_to_grams(453.6, 3.75)</pre>
```

[1] 1701

why do we use functions in programming?

- we already use functions a lot. Basically everything we run in R is a function. -We already use functions a lot. Basically everything we run in R is a function. -Reduce the amount of code we write -No need to repeat code, so less chance of repeating errors or introducing new errors by miss-typing code.
- Helps with reproducibility: no need to repeat code allows others (and future self) to run code in a straightfoward way, with accuracy -Makes it easier to write modeular code that you can reuse for other projects
- Makes it easier to run and remember it.
- It allows to organize analysis by putting code intended to run something together in the same function.

Excerise 4

```
convert_kg_to_pounds <- function(kg = 0.45){
  pounds = 2.205 * kg
  return(pounds)
}
convert_kg_to_pounds()

## [1] 0.99225

convert_kg_to_pounds(50)

## [1] 110.25

get_mass_from_length(a = 10.95, b = 2.64, length = 12) %>%
  convert_kg_to_pounds()
```

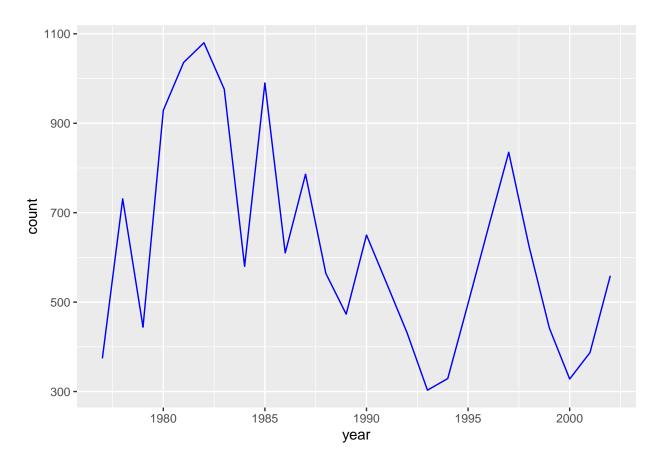
```
## [1] 17055.37
length_in_pounds <- function(length, a, b){</pre>
  get_mass_from_length(a = a, b = b, length = length) %>%
  convert_kg_to_pounds()
}
length_in_pounds(33, 5.6, 6.7)
## [1] 184348673945
excerise 5
surveys <- read.csv(file = "../data-raw/surveys (1).csv")</pre>
species <- read.csv(file = "../data-raw/species.csv" )</pre>
plots <- read.csv(file = "../data-raw/plots.csv")</pre>
intersect(colnames(surveys), colnames(species))
## [1] "species_id"
a = inner_join(surveys, species, by = "species_id")
head(a)
     record_id month day year plot_id species_id sex hindfoot_length weight
##
## 1
             1
                   7 16 1977
                                               NL
## 2
             2
                   7 16 1977
                                               NL
                                                                    33
                                                                           NA
                                     3
                                                    Μ
## 3
             3
                   7 16 1977
                                     2
                                               DM
                                                    F
                                                                    37
                                                                           NA
                   7 16 1977
## 4
             4
                                     7
                                               DM
                                                                    36
                                                                           NA
                                                    Μ
## 5
             5
                   7 16 1977
                                     3
                                               DM
                                                                    35
                                                                           NA
                                                    М
                   7 16 1977
                                               PF
## 6
             6
                                     1
                                                    М
                                                                    14
                                                                           NA
##
           genus species
## 1
       Neotoma albigula Rodent
       Neotoma albigula Rodent
## 2
## 3
       Dipodomys merriami Rodent
## 4
       Dipodomys merriami Rodent
## 5
       Dipodomys merriami Rodent
## 6 Perognathus
                  flavus Rodent
my_function <- function(a, genus_name = "Dipodomys", species_name = "merriami") {</pre>
  a %>%
  group_by(year) %>%
  filter(genus == genus_name | species == species_name) %>%
  summarize(count = n()) -> output
  return(output)
my_function(a = a)
## # A tibble: 26 x 2
```

##

year count

```
<int> <int>
##
##
       1977
              374
    1
       1978
              731
##
      1979
              444
##
##
       1980
              929
      1981
            1036
##
##
     1982 1080
              976
      1983
##
##
       1984
              580
##
    9
       1985
              990
## 10 1986
              610
## # ... with 16 more rows
```

```
my_function(a =a, "Dipodomys", "merriami ") %>%
  ggplot(mapping = aes(x = year, y = count)) +
  geom_line(color = "blue")
```



```
my_function(a = a, "Chaetodipus", "penicillatus") %>%
   ggplot(mapping = aes(x = year, y = count)) +
   geom_point(size = 1, color = "blue") +
   geom_line(size = 2, color = "blue") +
   labs(x = "year", y = "Number of Individuals")
```

Warning: Using 'size' aesthetic for lines was deprecated in ggplot2 3.4.0.
i Please use 'linewidth' instead.

